ROYAL EDITION

The Times

No. 45,536

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THE TIMES, Wednesday, June 11, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ACKE.—On June 6, 1930, at Mirafiores, Grange-road, Bushey, Herts, to GLADYS, wife of S. A. ACKE—a son.

BAYNES.—On June 7, 1930, to DOROTHY MURIEL BAYNES (née Henty), wife of Maudslay Baynes, of Pelkirt, Chalfont St. Giles—a son.

BEAURAIN.—On June 9, 1930, at The White Cottage, Purley, to LILA, wife of A. J. FRED. BEAURAIN —a son.

BLEST.—On June 7, 1930, at Wensley House, Wensleydale-road, Hampton, to WINNIE, wife of T. BLEST—a son.

BONNAR.—On June 8, 1930, at 23, The Vale, S.W.3, to JOSEPHINE, wife of JOHN CALDERWOOD BONNAR—a daughter.

CADBURY.—On June 7, 1930, at Greenhill, Selly Oak, Birmingham, to JEANNETTE, wife of NORMAN CADBURY—a daughter.

DOUBLEDAY.—On May 27, 1930, at 146, Durham-road, West Wimbledon, S.W.20, to IVY MURIEL, wife of JOHN FREDERICK DOUBLEDAY—a son.

EAST.—On June 8, 1930, in London, to MURIEL, wife of C. F. TERENCE EAST, M.D., F.R.C.P.—a daughter (stillborn).

HATTON.—On June 4, 1930, to ALAN HERBERT and MILICENT WHITLEY HATTON, the gift of a daughter at Fir Tree Cottage, Stretton, Warrington.

HUTCHISON.—On June 8, 1930, at 5, Park House, Twickenham Park, to DOROTHEA (née Bluett) and WILLIAM KENNETH HUTCHISON—a daughter.

KEMP.—On June 6, 1930, at Fairlawns, Warwick Bench, Guildford, to WINIFRED (née Allen), wife of K. E. B. KEMP—a daughter.

LOWE.—On June 9, 1930, at Church Hill, Haslemere, Surrey, to JOAN, wife of W. H. LOWE—a daughter.

MALCOLM.—On May 25, 1930, in Cairo, to MARY, wife of A. W. MALCOLM, Welsh Guards—a son.

OLDHAM.—On June 10, 1930, at "The Cedars," Iver, Bucks, to AUDREY, wife of EUSTACE A. S. OLDHAM —twin daughters.

PIKE.—On June 9, 1930, at Brockham Court, near Betchworth, to JOAN (née Carlill), wife of GERALD PIKE—a daughter.

SALISBURY.—On June 9, 1930, at Haldon Downs-way, Sanderstead, to NEX, wife of ROBIN SALISBURY—a daughter, sister to Jeremy.

SNEYD.—On June 8, 1930, to GERTRUDE, wife of E. C. SNEYD—a daughter (stillborn).

SYMONS.—On Whit Sunday, 1930, at a nursing home, to MARJORIE, wife of BARTLE SYMONS, Edenlea, The Crescent, Truro, Cornwall—a daughter.

WILLETT.—On June 10, 1930, to MARGERY, wife of J. C. H. WILLETT, at 62, Harrow-road, Carshalton Beeches, Surrey—a daughter.

WILLEY.—On June 7, 1930, at Waverley, Great Shelford, Cambridgeshire, to Mr. and Mrs. BASIL WILLEY —a son.

MARRIAGES

ARCHER : FINLAY.—On June 5, 1930, at the Royal Chapel of All Saints, Windsor (by Special Licence), by the Rev. C. O. Swan, of Eton College, assisted by the Rev. F. J. Hose, KENNETH, only son of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. ARCHER, of Bishopsgate, Old Windsor, to STEPHANIE, younger daughter of the late Mr. MAURICE FINLAY and Mrs. FINLAY, formerly of Colombo.

BARTON : FARRELL.—On June 7, 1930, at St. John's Church, Stockwell, RONALD CECIL NICHOLSON, second son of the Rev. and Mrs. C. E. BARTON, to MARY CAREY, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE FARRELL.

BORET : WEAVER-ADAMS.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Laurence Church, Upton, Slough, by the Rt. Reverend the Lord Bishop of Buckingham, assisted by the Rev. Canon A. G. P. Baines, HERBERT CARRUTHERS BORET, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Boret, to KATHLEEN, second daughter of Dr. and Mrs. E. WEAVER-ADAMS.

CARPENDALE : RAGSDALE.—On June 4, 1930, by special licence, at the Parish Church, Paignton, by the Vicar, the Rev. W. Fyvie Mayo, assisted by the Rev. COLONEL J. R. CARPENDALE, late 8th Bengal Cavalry, son of the late Colonel Carpendale, Royal Engineers, to DORIS ELIZABETH MAY RAGSDALE, only daughter of Mrs. R. C. Young, "Luxor," Sands-road, Paignton, Devon.

DOUGLAS : WILLS.—On June 10, 1930, at St. Mary's Church, Leigh Woods, near Bristol, by the Bishop of Bath and Wells, assisted by the Bishop of Jesmond, Canon Swain (Peterborough) and Canon Yates, Vicar of the Parish, JAMES BROOM, second son of Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM DOUGLAS, of Netherwood, St. Andrews, Fifeshire, to ELSIE GERTRUDE MELVILLE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. MELVILLE WILLS, of Beacon Hill, Leigh Woods, near Bristol, and Killilan, Ross-shire.

GIBSON : NORTH.—On June 7, 1930, at Godalming Parish Church, by the Rev. W. H. Maxwell Rennie, assisted by Canon G. S. Richards, LESLIE BERTRAM, youngest son of G. F. GIBSON and of the late Mrs. Gibson, of Compton, Surrey, to SYLVIA AILEEN, elder daughter of HAROLD G. and Mrs. NORTH, of Wherwell, Godalming.

KEMSLEY : THORNTON.—On June 7, 1930, at Pettercairn Parish Church, by the Rev. Charles L. Hunter, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Scott, Lauriston-kirk, COLIN NORMAN, elder son of NORMAN BOLTON KEMSLEY, of Sannox, Woodford Green, Essex, to ALICE HELEN, only daughter of the late WILLIAM THORNTON, Esquire, of Thornton House, and of Mrs. Thornton, Castle, Laurencekirk. At home, The Shrubbery, Woodford Green, Essex, and to be named henceforth Mr. and Mrs. Thornton-Kemsley.

KICK : GOODYEAR.—On June 7, 1930, at Elmroad Baptist Church, Beckenham, EDWIN REX HASSELL, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Kick, "Meddowes," Farnborough, Kent, to MARY WILLIS GOODYEAR, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. GOODYEAR, Albemarle-road, Beckenham.

LLEWELLYN : McKENNA.—On June 3, 1930, at St. Edelburga's Church, Bishopsgate, LLEWELLYN HOWARD EDWARD LLEWELLYN (TONEY), eldest son of Captain and Mrs. Llewellyn, Hackwood, Basingstoke, to JOYCE LOUISE MCKENNA, youngest daughter of Mr. Roland Philipson, of 62, Green-street, W.1.

MACAFEE : LOWRY.—On June 4, 1930, at Newtownbreda Presbyterian Church, by Rev. D. Fraser-Campbell, M.A., assisted by Rev. J. B. Woodburn, M.A., B.D., and Rev. J. Lyle Donaghy, B.A., CHARLES HORNER GRAHAM MACAFEE, M.B., F.R.C.S., Eng., and L.I., only son of the late Rev. Andrew Macafee, B.A., Omagh, and Mrs. Reade, M.B.E., J.P., 44, Mountcharles, Belfast, to MARGARET CYRMBLE, only daughter of PROFESSOR C. G. Lowry, M.D., F.R.C.S., and Mrs. Lowry, 12, University-square, Belfast.

NEWTON : WHEATLEY.—On June 7, 1930, at St. George's, Hanover-square, W., by the Rev. Gordon Ponsonby, M.A., V.D., Rector of St. Mary-le-Bow, assisted by the Rev. ARTHUR NEWTON, B.L., of 12, Hyde Park-gardens, W., to Mrs. FLORENCE E. H. WHEATLEY, of Clifton House, Palace-road, Streatham, S.W.2.

SCHOFIELD : MATSON.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Benedict's Church, Ealing, PAYMASTER LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER GEOFFREY ALWYN JOSEPH SCHOFIELD, Royal Navy, elder son of the late Ernest Schofield and Mrs. Schofield, to EDITH HELEN, only daughter of the late EDWARD MATSON and Mrs. Holthouse.

STEPHENSON-PEACH : THOMPSON.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Stephen's Church, London, W.2 (quietly), ROBERT LOUIS S. STEPHENSON-PEACH, only surviving son of the late Mr. W. J. Stephenson-Peach, of Malvern, and Mrs. Stephenson-Peach, of 82, St. Mary's-mansions, W.2, to HELEN SCOTT, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. A. G. THOMPSON, of Bournemouth.

YOUNGER : McCLURE.—On Saturday, June 7, 1930, at St. Mary's Cathedral, Edinburgh, by the Right Rev. the Bishop of Edinburgh, assisted by the Rev. Canon Mott, EDWARD GEORGE, elder son of VISCOUNT and SPECIOUSTEES YOUNGER of LECKIE, to EVELYN MARGARET, eldest daughter of SHERIFF and Mrs. MCCLURE, 16, Heriot-row, Edinburgh.

DEATHS

ANDERSON.—On June 9, 1930, passed peacefully away at The Litten, Greenford, after nearly five years' illness, EDWARD ANDERSON, formerly Managing Director of The "X" Chair Patents Co., Ltd., Hayes, Middlesex, aged 59 years. Service and interment at the City of Westminster Cemetery, Hanwell, on Friday (Thursday), at 2 p.m.

ARNOLD.—On June 9, 1930, very suddenly, of heart failure, at 19, Gloucester-walk, Kensington, W.8, SIR THOMAS WALKER ARNOLD, C.I.E., M.B.A., aged 66. No flowers.

BARLY.—On June 9, 1930, at Melkeham, ELLEN BARLY, daughter of the late JOSEPH and ANN BAILY, of Calne and Chippenham, aged 90.

BARKER.—On June 7, 1930, after very brief illness, JANE MUIR, beloved wife of JOHN BARKER, Little Heys, Bournbrook. Service at Egremont Presbyterian Church to-day (Wednesday), at 2 p.m.

BARKER.—On June 10, 1930, at May Lodge, Scarborough, REGINALD HAWKSWORTH BARKER, aged 81 years. Funeral on Friday, June 13. Service at Holy Trinity Church at 12 o'clock noon.

BEAN.—On June 8, 1930, at Bath, WILLIAM BEAN, beloved husband of Mary Bean, of 31, Dean-street, Bath, and son of the late A. W. Bean, of Danson Park, Welling, Kent, in his 71st year. Funeral arrangements later.

BENSON.—On June 7, 1930, at 16, Chester-terrace, Regent's Park, EMMELINE JANE BENSON, daughter of the late William and Jane Benson, of Allerwash, Northumberland, interment at Putney Vale Cemetery, to-morrow (Thursday), at 12.30, leaving Chester-terrace at 11.55 a.m.

BLATHWAYT.—On June 8, 1930, at Sutton Bridge, RENEE A. L. BLATHWAYT, widow of Rev. H. J. Blathwayt, sometime Vicar of Exton and Rector of Eastwell, Leicestershire.

BONTEN.—On June 8, 1930, at 2, Colebrne-court, S.W.5, after many years of suffering patiently borne, AUGUSTA, widow of F. W. BONTEN and daughter of the late Sir August Manns, in her 72nd year.

BUDDEN.—On June 8, 1930, EDWARD R. BUDDEN, son of the late Edward Budden, of Acton, aged 71.

DEATHS (continued)

BURNETT.—On June 7, 1930, in a nursing home, passed away peacefully, DIANTHA BELLE BURNETT, dearly beloved wife of Arthur Burnett.

CAMPBELL.—On Sunday, June 8, 1930, HARRY CAMPBELL, C.B.E., of 37, Fitzjames-avenue, W., and 20, Hare-lane, E.C.

CAMPBELL.—On June 8, 1930, at 7, Arcade House, Temple Fortune, N.W., WILLIAM BETTS CAMPBELL, youngest son of the late Tomlin Campbell, of Masemure, Jamaica, and grandson of the late William Betts, of Frenze Hall, Diss, Norfolk, aged 51.

CHEERS.—On June 7, 1930, at Singapore, ERNEST CHEERS, Asst. Supt., Straits Settlements Police, beloved son of R. S. Cheers, Clapham Park, aged 40.

CREED.—On June 7, 1930, suddenly, at The Deans, Crondall, Hants, EMILIA WILHELMINA CREED. Funeral Crondall, 2.30 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

CROFTS.—On June 7, 1930, suddenly, at Kincraig, Church Stretton, LUBA, the dearly loved wife of JOHN HENRY CROFTS, late Headmaster, Whitchurch Grammar School.

de CIECHANOWIECKI.—On June 1, 1930, at Budapest, GEORGE DE CIECHANOWIECKI, First Secretary, Polish Diplomatic Service, of No. 6, Pienkna, Warsaw.

DURY.—On June 8, 1930, at Stonecroft, Skipton, ELIZABETH, the widow of JOHN BOURCHIER DURY, aged 74 years. Interment at Embsay Church to-day (Wednesday), at 11.30 a.m.

FABEL.—On June 8, 1930, at 25, Thornton-hill, Wimbledon, Mrs. CATHERINE FABEL, widow, aged 71.

FARMER.—On June 8, 1930, at 131, Merton Hall-road, Wimbledon, after a brief illness, GRACE VIOLET FARMER.

FORTH.—On June 9, 1930, at Mandrake House, East Bank-road, Sheffield, FRANCIS JOSEPH FORTH, formerly of Doncaster, aged 69 years. Interment at Doncaster Cemetery, 3.15 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

HANSON.—On June 9, 1930, after a long illness cheerfully borne, ERNEST THEODORE, beloved husband of EDITH G. HANSON, formerly of Cowichan, Vancouver Island, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hanson, of Tunbridge Wells, aged 64. Funeral, Clewer Cemetery, near Windsor, Friday, June 13, at 3 o'clock. (B.C. papers, please copy.) Address, 37, South-side, Clapham Common.

HASSALL.—On June 9, 1930, at Eaton Lodge, 44, Warwick-place, Leamington Spa, MARY CONSTANCE, widow of JAMES WRIGHT HASSALL, aged 85 years. No mourning, by her special request. Funeral service Old Milverton Church to-morrow (Thursday), at 11 a.m.

HATFIELD.—On June 9, 1930, at Antofagasta, Chile, THOMAS STEWART, overseas staff of Anglo-South American Bank, the beloved son of THOMAS H. and MARY S. HATFIELD, of Upper Walthamstow, in his 28th year.

HENSON.—On June 9, 1930, at Chislehurst, SAMUEL HENSON, late of the Savoy and Regent-street, Mineralogist, aged 82. Funeral arrangements later.

JOHNSTONE.—On June 10, 1930, suddenly, HARRIOTT BROWN, of Wemyss, Eton-avenue, N.W., and of Branksome Court, Bournemouth, youngest daughter of the late J. B. JOHNSTONE, Funeral Kensal Green Cemetery on Friday, June 13, at 12 noon.

LAURENCE.—On June 10, 1930, at Pats Cottage, East Farleigh, FANNY, wife of the late FREDERIC LAURENCE, J.P., aged 82. Funeral East Farleigh Church, Friday, June 13, at 12.30 p.m.

LEITH OF FYVIE.—On June 9, 1930, at Hartwell House, Aylesbury, MARY LOUISA, BARONESS LEITH OF FYVIE, wife of the late Baron Leith of Fyvie, and daughter of the late Derick Algernon January, of St. Louis, U.S.A., passed peacefully away in her 83rd year. Short service at Golders Green Crematorium at 3.30 p.m. on Friday, June 13. Funeral from Fyvie Castle to Fyvie Parish Church on Saturday, June 14, at 11.30 a.m. Flowers to be sent to Fyvie Castle.

LUCAS.—On June 7, 1930, at Sheringham, JEAN CHRISTIAN, widow of the Rev. R. G. LUCAS, Rector of Mulbarton, Norfolk, in her 82nd year.

MARMERY.—On June 2, 1930, after a very short illness, FLORENCE LOUISA, wife of SYDNEY MARMERY, Newbarn, Sussex.

NEEDHAM.—On June 9, 1930, SYDNEY JOHN NEEDHAM, M.C., late Queen's Westminster Rifles and Royal West Kent Regiment, 1914-1926, of 17, Clarence-road, Windsor, and "Crombie" Lodge, Sidcup. Funeral at Sidcup Cemetery, to-morrow (Thursday), at 12 noon.

NORTHCOTE.—On June 8, 1930, at Matlock, Derbyshire, MONKHAM STAFFORD NORTHCOTE, late of Hong-kong, aged 69.

PATERSON.—On June 7, 1930, at Ard Rhu, Onich, Inverness-shire, IAN PATERSON, Major, R.A.M.C. (retired), of Ard Rhu and 10, Glencairn-crescent, Edinburgh.

PETER.—On June 2, 1930, at Edenbridge, JAMES WILLIAM PETER, late of Valparaiso, aged 85. (South American papers, please copy.)

PFLEIDERER.—On June 6, 1930, passed away peacefully at Southbank, New Malden, ANNA, widow of PAUL PFLEIDERER, in her 80th year. Cremation took place at Woking, June 7.

PITE.—On June 8, 1930, at Earlywood, Frinton-on-Sea, ANNIE MARY, daughter of the late ALFRED R. PITE, aged 65. Service at Christ Church, Hampstead Heath, to-morrow (Thursday), 1 p.m. Interment at Norwood Cemetery.

ROOME.—On June 8, 1930, at Retford Hospital, the result of an accident, HENRY DELCOMBE ROOME, Barrister-at-Law, the dearly beloved husband of Lilla Roome and eldest son of Dr. Henry A. Roome.

RUDIGER.—On June 7, 1930, at Park Cottage, Teston, Maidstone, HELEN VON RUDIGER, daughter of the late Rev. Richard Clifford.

SAMUEL.—In ever-loving memory of GERALD GEORGE SAMUEL, Lieut., Royal West Kent Regiment, second son of the late Viscount Bearsted, killed at Messines, June 7, 1917.

WINMILL.—In ever proud and loving memory of CAPTAIN THOMAS GEORGE PEYTON WINMILL, "D" Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, who fell in action in France on June 11, 1918, aged 20 years.

BUCHANAN.—In loving, constant remembrance of my beloved husband, JOSEPH A. W. BUCHANAN, June 11, 1929.

BUCHANAN.—JOSEPH ANDREW WILLIAM BUCHANAN, C.B.E. (late Comptroller of Accounts, H.M. Office of Works), June 11, 1929.

So he passed over, and all the trumpets sounded for him on the other side.

FRY.—In fondest remembrance of my Mother, ELLEN FRY, who died at Hadley Hurst, Barnet, June 11, 1920,

"May Peace, who dries all tears, watch ever near thee.
And Love through all the years shine on thy days."

GIBSON.—On June 11, 1925, at Lancaster, THOMAS GIBSON, of Thorneycroft, Lancaster, Solicitor.

In loving memory.

HARTOG.—In loving memory of our BOB, June 11, 1929.

HAYWARD.—In affectionate memory of BEN HAYWARD, who died June 11, 1929.

LEE.—In ever-loving memory of HENRY LEE, F.R.C.S. Entered into rest June 11, 1898.

"Thine eyes shall see the King in His beauty."

MULES.—In memory of JANE LEE, the dearly loved wife of SIR CHARLES MULES, who passed away on June 9, 1929.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BARDER.—To the dear memory of a very beloved son and brother, SAM, on this his birthday. Missing Sept. 30, 1916.

RAPHAEL.—JOHN EDWARD, Lieut., 18th Bn. K.R.R.C. and A.D.C., 41st Division, died on June 11, 1917, from wounds received at the Battle of Messines Ridge, aged 25.

SAMUEL.—In ever-loving memory of GERALD GEORGE SAMUEL, Lieut., Royal West Kent Regiment, second son of the late Viscount Bearsted, killed at Messines, June 7, 1917.

WINMILL.—In ever proud and loving memory of CAPTAIN THOMAS GEORGE PEYTON WINMILL, "D" Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, who fell in action in France on June 11, 1918, aged 20 years.

PERSONAL

LAURA.—J. H. is enquiring; arrived London on Sat

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

MRS. G. W. LAMBERT and SONS return THANKS to all friends for their kind expressions of SYMPATHY.

THE OLD RUGBEIAN TRIENNIAL DINNER will be held at the Edward VII. Rooms, HOTEL VICTORIA, London, on TUESDAY, 8th July, at 7.30 for 8 p.m. Chairman, His Grace the Lord Archbishop of York. Old Rugbeians wishing to attend should apply for tickets, price 16s., exclusive of wine, to O. S. Ashcroft, 58, Elm Park-gardens, Chelsea, S.W.10 (Tele., Flaxman 0930), and state their year of entry into the School.

THE ULSTER ASSOCIATION (in London) is entertaining the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, Earl Craigavon, and members of his Cabinet at a BANQUET on FRIDAY, June 27th, at the Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C.2, at which the Chair will be taken by the Rt. Hon. Viscount Hailsham. Ladies and gentlemen desiring to be present, who are not members of the Association, are invited to communicate at once with the Hon. Secretary, Mr. H. A. McCann, Revenue House, 7-8, Poultry, E.C.2.

THE BRITISH UNION for the ABOLITION of VIVISECTION 32, Charing Cross, S.W.1.—PUBLIC MEETING, CENTRAL HALL, WESTMINSTER, S.W., TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), at 7.30 p.m. Chairman: Dr. Walter R. Hadwen, J.P., M.D., M.R.C.S., &c. Speakers: Frances, Countess of Warwick, Mr. Peter Freeman, M.P., Mr. Roy Horniman, LL.-Com. The Hon. J. M. Kenworthy, M.P., Mr. Alasdair A. MacGregor, Dr. Horatio Matthews, M.D., M.B., C.H.B., &c. ADMISSION FREE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the LONDON and PROVINCIAL ANTI-VIVISECTION SOCIETY, of 76, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1, will be held on WEDNESDAY, June 18th, at the Rubens Rooms, Hotel Rubens, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1, at 3 p.m. Speakers: Geoffrey B. Gush, Esq. Speakers: Peter Freeman, Esq., M.P., Dr. R. P. Allinson, and Mrs. Dacre Fox. Admission free by ticket, obtainable from Society.

ARDINGLY and JUBILEE, SUSSEX.—DIAMOND JUBILEE, SATURDAY, June 14th.—For details trains and cheap tickets apply The Headmaster.

ST. CATHARINE'S SOCIETY.—The ANNUAL MEETING and DINNER will be held at the College on FRIDAY, June 27th. Tickets (7s. 6d.) should be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, St. Catharine's College, Cambridge, before June 20th.

THE LINKS, EASTBOURNE.—A REUNION of Old Girls will be held at the School, June 20th-23rd. All old pupils and past mistresses will be cordially invited.—Particulars from the Secretary, O.L.G.A., Miss Ruth Jones, The Priory, Tottenham, N.17.

THE BULB-HOOTER is sufficient for London traffic; fog-signals should be prohibited.—J. W. P.

"PROSPEROUS and HAPPY TIMES AHEAD for all who come to British Columbia."—Forecast of ex-Army Officer in British Columbia.—For reliable information write Dept. C., Agent-General for British Columbia, 1-3, Regent-street, W.1. Museum 2774.

COMBAT CANCER.—Any donation to the BRITISH EMPIRE CANCER CAMPAIGN (President, H.R.H. the Duke of York, K.G.) will help the work of endeavouring to discover the causes of Cancer and its cure.—Please remit contributions to Sir Richard Garton, G.B.E., Honorary Secretary, 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park-corner, London, S.W.1.

NATIONAL ADOPTION SOCIETY (Registered 1917). Only addresses of Gentlemen, in Middlesex (Harrow), and West of England Branch, 8, Bennett-street, Bath.

CAP D'ANTIBES.—English lady takes PAYING GUESTS in her charmingly situated villa near sea. Excellent cooking. Moderate guineas a week. No extras or taxes.—Villa Lou Paradou, Cap d'Antibes.

"I Would suggest that your Association do all they can to attract RETIRED OFFICIALS like myself to come to South Africa to spend the autumn of their lives in healthful occupation—any idea of farming or making money."—From a retired Major of the Indian Army to the 1820 Memorial Settlers Association (London Office:—199, Piccadilly, W.1).

WILL you please HELP very POOR PARISH? Urgent need old clothes, linen, especially boots.—Canon Douglas, 5, Commercial-road, Peckham, S.E.15.

PAINTINGS by PERCY WYNDHAM LEWIS, 9ft. by 7ft. and 6ft. by 4ft., for Sale, unframed; inspection by appointment.—R. Wyndham, 77, Bedford-gardens, W.8.

THE CHILDREN'S COUNTRY HOLIDAYS FUND earnestly APPEALS for DONATIONS. £1 enables a poor delicate London child to enjoy a fortnight's holiday in the country during the summer. Please send what you can to Earl of Arran (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. In 1929 32,000 children were sent away.

CHARMING CRAYON PORTRAITS, drawn from life fully at home, exhibitor, medallist; posthumous and family portraits copied.—Miss Lane Bell, 4, Jewel-street, E.C.1.

SEAFORD.—Charming XVIIth-CENTURY HOUSE; six bed, bath, three reception. Freehold £1,600 or near offer.—Write Box 8.1900. The Times, E.C.4.

COOKING taught in FIVE days; Huron method basic principles. 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.—Miss Turner, 15, Princes Gate, S.W.7. Kens. 2626.

EXPERT MASSEUR; highly recommended West End specialist, attends patients at their own home. Write Box 9015, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DEAFENED and others interested are cordially invited to a lip-reading demonstration at the KINZIE INSTITUTE, 24, Park Crescent, Portland-place, W.1, TO-MORROW (Thursday), at 5 p.m.

MONT BLANC.—Lady and Gentleman proposing easy walking tour round Mont Blanc; latter half July; desire one or two COMPANIONS.—Write Box K.511. The Times, E.C.4.

LONG Crushed-Strawberry EVENING GOWN, beautifully beaded; wear once; accept £gns. Lovely Jade Crêpe, exquisite stone approval; recently renovated; 10gns. or near offer.—Write Box K.520, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, June 15th; luxurious bed-sitting rooms, bath; service, restaurant; telephone; 3½ gns. weekly.—Apply Hall Porter, 20, Hallam-street, Portland-place.

SELBORNE.—Charming HOUSE to be LET August-Sept.; four beds, two sitting, bath; gas, telephone; lovely garden, secluded grounds. 6 guineas.—Mrs. Hales, Stream Cottage.

INVALID or TWO GUESTS RECEIVED married couple's charming private house; beauty spot 3½ miles TUNBRIDGE WELLS; chef-trained cook; garden; car; £gns. inclusive.—Write Box 9001, The Times, E.C.4.

COODEN.—Ideal CHILDREN'S HOTEL receiving July 31-mid-September; 9th year. Grounds to beach; tennis; playrooms; nurses' needs studied.—Particulars 33, Glanbury-road, Barons Court, London. Fulham 1740.

PIANO WANTED, first-class make essential.—Write Box 9002, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

CHILDREN'S SEASIDE HOLIDAY or PERMANENT HOME. MINEHEAD; highly recommended by eminent physicians; care of delicate or backward children; babies taken (where parents abroad) with or without mother.—Write Box 4198, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

LADY living abroad will SELL beautiful best quality real CHINCHILLA TIE, 45in. by 8in.; £170 or offer; no dealers.—Write Box 0938, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

MAGNIFICENT dyed brown ERMINE COAT for DISPOSAL by lady going abroad; exceptionally fine quality fur with deep collar and innumerable skins, admirably matched; valued Mendelssohn's; recently appraised at £300; offered for £150.—Phone Park 9936, or write Box A.1279. The Times, E.C.4.

REGENT'S PARK District.—Exceptional ACCOMMODATION (Bed Room and Sitting Room) offered business or professional woman, beautifully furnished flat (sole guest); telephone; large garage.—Write Box N.1121. The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEMEN prominently associated with the Empire and enthusiastic for advancement of numerous valuable Colonial industries, desire co-operate actively in operations; executive appointments available; interview.—Write Box 0899, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

SUNNINGDALE.—FREEHOLD. Station ½ mile; detached position off main road; 1¼ Acre; tennis lawn, flower and kitchen gardens; two floors; three sitting; seven bed rooms, two bath, excellent offices; garage, rooms over. £4,000. No agents.—Powell, Little-bridge, Sunningdale. Phone, Ascot 331.

ARE YOU TOO STOUT?—Wonderful method of reduction; no drugs, massage, dieting, or appliance. Hours, 10-5.—Mrs. Square, 87, Victoria-street, London. Victoria 4048.

DENSHURST, KENT.—HOUSE to be LET, FURNISHED, August, September; two reception, five bed rooms, including two servants; electric light, heating and cooker; cook and house-parlourmaid in charge; well drained; 7½ gns. per week and monthly wages; plate and linen extra; no dogs.—Miss Dorothy Leaze, Longford, Penshurst, Kent.

VERY CHOICE WINES.—Please write for free illustrated Booklet and price lists to HEDGES and BUTLER Ltd., 153, Regent-street, London, W.1.

ANTIQUE SILVER of all periods wanted for present American demand; also OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE, BEST PRICES PAID.—HENRY J. LEWELL & SON, 256, Hyde Park-corner, London, S.W.1.

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"I Would suggest that your Association do all they can to attract RETIRED OFFICIALS like myself to come to South Africa to spend the autumn of their lives in healthful occupation—any idea of farming or making money."—From a retired Major of the Indian Army to the 1820 Memorial Settlers Association (London Office:—199, Piccadilly, W.1).

WILL you please HELP very POOR PARISH? Urgent need old clothes, linen, especially boots.—Canon Douglas, 5, Commercial-road, Peckham, S.E.15.

PAINTINGS by PERCY WYNDHAM LEWIS, 9ft. by 7ft. and 6ft. by 4ft., for Sale, unframed; inspection by appointment.—R. Wyndham, 77, Bedford-gardens, W.8.

THE CHILDREN'S COUNTRY HOLIDAYS FUND earnestly APPEALS for DONATIONS. £1 enables a poor delicate London child to enjoy a fortnight's holiday in the country during the summer. Please send what you can to Earl of Arran (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. In 1929 32,000 children were sent away.

CHARMING CRAYON PORTRAITS, drawn from life fully at home, exhibitor, medallist; posthumous and family portraits copied.—Miss Lane Bell, 4, Jewel-street, E.C.1.

SEAFORD.—Charming XVIIth-CENTURY HOUSE; six bed, bath, three reception. Freehold £1,600 or near offer.—Write Box 8.1900. The Times, E.C.4.

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EXPERT MASSEUR; highly recommended West End specialist, attends patients at their own home. Write Box 9015, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DEAFENED and others interested are cordially invited to a lip-reading demonstration at the KINZIE INSTITUTE, 24, Park Crescent, Portland-place, W.1, TO-MORROW (Thursday), at 5 p.m.

MONT BLANC.—Lady and Gentleman proposing easy walking tour round Mont Blanc; latter half July; desire one or two COMPANIONS.—Write Box K.511. The Times, E.C.4.

LONG Crushed-Strawberry EVENING GOWN, beautifully beaded; wear once; accept £gns. Lovely Jade Crêpe, exquisite stone approval; recently renovated; 10gns. or near offer.—Write Box K.520, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, June 15th; luxurious bed-sitting rooms, bath; service, restaurant; telephone; 3½ gns. weekly.—Apply Hall Porter, 20, Hallam-street, Portland-place.

SELBORNE.—Charming HOUSE to be LET August-Sept.; four beds, two sitting, bath; gas, telephone; lovely garden, secluded grounds. 6 guineas.—Mrs. Hales, Stream Cottage.

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DENSHURST, KENT.—HOUSE to be LET, FURNISHED, August, September; two reception, five bed rooms, including two servants; electric light, heating and cooker; cook and house-parlourmaid in

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BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
*Malwa	11,000	Britten	June 13	June 19
Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 18	June 20
†Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Ranpura	16,000	Turing	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Ranchi	16,600	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	19,700	Ohlson	Aug. 29	Sept. 5
Mores	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

†Cathay	15,000	Niven	June 13	June 19
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
*Ballarat	13,000	Cotching	July 11	July 17
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
‡†Moldavia	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
‡†Mongolia	16,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26

‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Bhutan (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,848	—	July 4	—
Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	July 18	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 20
Kashmir	9,000	Mallalue	June 26	—
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Bedford	July 24	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*†TREVIEVE	5,344	—	June 14	June 21
*†BURDWAN	6,000	July 2	July 5	July 12
*MASULA	7,381	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2
*MUNDRA	7,275	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 23

* Cargo Steamer. † Calls Port Sudan.
¶ Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
‡MANTOLA	9,068	—	—	June 14
‡MASHOBRA	8,324	—	June 21	June 28
‡MANDALA	8,248	June 25	July 5	July 12
‡MANELA	8,303	July 9	July 19	July 26

‡ Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
†MATIANA	9,067	—	—	—	June 14
†MALDA	8,000	June 14	June 25	July 4	July 10
†MODASA	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager: F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Passenger Office (A. D. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française P. & O., 61, Bld. des Capucines, Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, F. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Brokers:—
P. & O. Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line), Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	LONDON
*REMUERA	11,500	June 13
		SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 4
TUAPAHU	9,000	Aug. 1
RUAHINE	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 9, Bishopsgate, E.C.2 (Tels., Avenue 5220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. J. Jamieson, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Plymouth	Liverpool
¶BENDIGO	13,000	July 25	July 27	—
¶†BALLARAT	13,000	July 11	—	—
¶BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2	—
¶BARRABOOL	13,000	—	—	Sept. 20

¶ Carrying His Majesty's mails and calling at Aden.
† Calls Marseilles 17th July; not calling Malta.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

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Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORAMA	20,000	June 21	June 27	June 29
OTRANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd.: Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
aCity of Venice	8,308	June 19	Bombay and Karachi
City of York	7,844	July 3	Calcutta
aCity of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay and Karachi
bCity of Hong Kong	9,678	July 19	Calcutta

(a) Calls Marseilles. (b) Calls Port Sudan.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Karachi	5,573	July 18	C. Town, Algoa Bay,
Trafford Hall	5,321	Aug. 16	E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO CHINA AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO MARSEILLES AND EGYPT.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-5, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele., Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 8340
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9222

ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE,
HULL to OSLO
(Via Christiansand).
SUMMER SERVICE.
R.M.S. CALYPSO (7,500 tons displacement), LARGEST REGULAR PASSENGER STEAMER IN ANGLO-NORWEGIAN TRADE.
EVERY SATURDAY FROM 21st JUNE, at 2 p.m.
10.10 a.m. train from King's Cross connects.
RETURNING FROM OSLO TUESDAY NIGHT.
For further particulars apply ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE, Limited, Hull, or any Booking Agents.

BIBBY LINE.
THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing. Liverpool	Sailing. Marseilles.
Leicestershire	12,000	June 13	June 21
Shropshire	13,000	June 27	July 5
Oxfordshire	12,500	July 11	July 19
Staffordshire	13,000	July 25	Aug. 2

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 25, Chapel-street, Liverpool. 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8086, 8087.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.
OZEAN LINE.

HAVANA	From Southampton.
VERA CRUZ	RIO PANUCO
TAMPICO	RIO BRAVO ... July 13th
GALVESTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

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COOK'S
Expert Travel Service. Lowest Fares.
No Booking Fees. Free Service of overseas branches.
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THOS. COOK & SON, LTD., & WAGONS-LITS CO.,
BERKELEY-ST., LONDON, W.1, and 900 OFFICES.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

BERENGARIA - - JUNE 14
*CARINTHIA .. June 14 | *LANCASTRIA .. June 17
† Via Havre, not Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

‡FRANCONIA - - JUNE 14
*LACONIA .. June 21 | †SCYTHIA .. June 28
† Via Galway and Boston.
‡ Calls Boston.
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

ASCANIA - - - JUNE 14
ALAUNIA .. June 21 | *AUSONIA .. June 28
* Calls Cobh.

LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

‡ATHENIA - - JUNE 14
ANTONIA .. June 20 | ‡LETITIA .. June 28
‡ From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton To BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 33 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg
Olympic .. Wed., June 11 | Majestic .. Wed. June 18
*Calgaric .. Sat., June 14 | Homeric .. Wed., June 25
† Calls at Havre the previous day—omitting Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.
(2) Baltic .. Sat., June 14 | (2) Britannic Sat., June 28
Cedric .. Sat., June 21 | Adriatic .. Sat., July 5
† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

TO NEW YORK.
First sailing of the World's largest cabin Liner and Britain's largest Motor Vessel.

M.V. "BRITANNIC," 27,000 TONS,
FROM LIVERPOOL,
via Belfast and Glasgow,
SATURDAY, JUNE 28th,
carrying Cabin, Tourist, Third Cabin, and Third Class Passengers.
RATES.

Cabin	from £33 15 0
Tourist Third Cabin	23 0 0
Third Class	19 5 0

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Laurentic	Fri., June 13	Albertic	Fri., July 4
Doric	Fri., June 27	Laurentic	Fri., July 11

SOUTHAMPTON—HALIFAX, N.S.—NEW YORK.

Calgaric	Sat., June 14

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Corinthic (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., June 20

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(6) Belgenland .. .. June 14
(4) Pennland .. .. June 21

TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(4) Pennland .. .. Sat., June 21
(4) Westernland .. .. Sat., July 5
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY	
*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons	June 21 | July 19
*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons	July 5 | Aug. 2
TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY	
*Minnekahda, 17,281 tons	June 14 | July 12

* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES
from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER" BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	June 14	June 22
"ILE DE FRANCE" (e)	June 17	June 23
"PORTUGAL"	June 21	June 27
"ROCHAMBEAU" (c)	June 21	July 1

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(e) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin service.

Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) monthly.
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.
S.S. "FLANDRE" .. .. .. June 16
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. .. July 14
The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*CASTALIA	.. July 11	†OLYMPIA	.. Sept. 12
*CIRCASSIA	.. Aug. 29	‡†BRITANNIA	.. Sept. 24

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. ‡ Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
† 1st Class and 3rd Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognised by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW to NEW YORK.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
CALEDONIA .. June 14 | CAMERONIA .. June 28
CALEDONIA .. July 12 | TRANSYLVANIA .. July 26
ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

N.Y.K. LINE.
(JAPAN MAIL)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to LONDON, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KATORI MARU	10,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
ATSUTA MARU	8,000	June 20	June 28	June 30
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	July 4	July 10	July 12

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.
PORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA.
Through bookings from Europe.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 0844-9.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

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Cruises to Atlantic Isles, Spain, and Balearic Isles From 20 Guineas.
JULY AND AUGUST.
Cruises to Northern Capitals. Norwegian Fjords. North Cape From £20.
DEAN & DAWSON, LTD.,
81, PICCADILLY, W.1,
and 50 Branches.

NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA"
(oil burners).
SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE,
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SHIPPING (continued)

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by
THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, Portugal, and *Madeira.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,484	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—
DESNA	11,483	—	Aug. 2
*ALMANZORA	15,551	Aug. 15	—

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, Via PERU,
BERMUDA, France, PANAMA
HAVANA, Spain. CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,357	Aug. 14
ORCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA, ORDUNA, July 3.

"ATLANTIS" LIDO
Lido days on deck . . . sunshine, sea bathing, siesta. And all the while . . . new surroundings, new interests, new adventure. That's the special joy of an "Atlantis" cruise . . . two holidays in one.

SPECIAL CRUISE BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"
to
OSLO, COPENHAGEN, LENINGRAD (for MOSCOW), STOCKHOLM, KIEL CANAL, &c.
from IMMINGHAM, Aug. 15.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

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LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg.)

MONTCLARE	June 13
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (Quebec only)	June 14
METAGAMA	June 19
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (to Quebec only)	June 21

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.)	June 13
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (to Quebec only)	June 14
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B.)	June 20
MONTCALM (B.)	June 28

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
D. OF RICHMOND June 14 | MELITA .. June 21

JAPAN AND CHINA.
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver.)

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 26
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	June 14
EMPRESS OF ASIA	July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
NIAGARA .. .. June 25 | AORANGI .. July 23
When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.

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For interesting illustrated booklets describing glorious Tours in Canada from 19 days to 7 weeks.
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4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
Canute-road, Southampton;
18, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

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Famous Cuisine.	One class only. £20 10s.
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America .. June 19	President Harding June 27
LEVIATHAN .. June 19	George Washington July 2

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Esperance Bay	14,176 tons from Southampton June 25
Jervis Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton July 23
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Fares from £38 to £52.

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HEALTH & PLEASURE CRUISES
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"ARANDORA STAR,"
"Britain's Dream Ship."
To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC and ATLANTIC ISLANDS, &c.
June 18th, 14 days. Sept. 19th, 24 days.
Oct. 14th, 24 days. Nov. 8th, 18 days.
To NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, &c.
July 5th, 13 days, July 19th, 20 days.
Aug. 9th, 14 days. Aug. 23rd, 23 days.
Glorious decks, delightful ball room, restful sun deck away from games. Swimming pool. Louis XIV. restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service accommodating all passengers at one sitting.
No other liner afloat has such spacious and tastefully fitted state rooms throughout. Luxurious public rooms with a comfort obtainable only on the "ARANDORA STAR."
Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street ('Phone, Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, STRAITS, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt. Special Summer Return Rates:—Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next sailings:—

SARPEDON	21 June | ANCHISES .. 3 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July | HECTOR .. 13 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug. | ANCHISES .. 27 Sept.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or Principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(1) S.S. NESTOR	From Liverpool	5th JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC	" Liverpool	23rd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	" Liverpool	13th SEPT.

(1) First Class only.
For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

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SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
†DUNBAR CASTLE	June 12	—
†EDINBURGH CASTLE	—	June 13
‡BRAEMAR CASTLE	June 19	—
*SAXON	—	June 20

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
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SOUTH AMERICA.
FROM BORDEAUX.

RIO, SANTOS	s.s. "Massilia" (15,147 tons) July 24
MONTEVIDEO	s.s. "Lutetia" (14,454 tons) Aug. 21
BUENOS AIRES	s.s. "Massilia" (15,147 tons) Sept. 18

Cie. de Nav. SUD-ATLANTIQUE and Chargeurs Reunis, U.K. Agents, Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., 62, Pall Mall, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 0736.

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To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.
Sails Liverpool. Sails Marseilles

"CHINDWIN"	— | 14th June
"KEMMENDINE"	20th June | 28th June

Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 9, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; P. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

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Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.
Next Sailings from Dover:—

S.S. "STUYVESANT"	June 21
S.S. "VENEZUELA"	July 5
S.S. VAN HEUTSZ	July 19

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.
S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" .. June 21
S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU" .. .. July 12
S.S. "NICKERIE" .. .. .. Aug. 2
For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to:—
Phs. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 18-19, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. ('Phone: Regent 4529.)
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SHIPPING (continued)

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by
BLUE STAR LINE
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to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"ANDALUCIA STAR"	From London and Boulogne	12 JUNE
"AVILA STAR"		10 JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"		24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"		14 AUG.

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Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £60.
For South American and Eastern Sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street ('Phone, Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 16, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Principal Tourist Agents.

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SHORT SOUTHERN ROUTE TO SOUTH AMERICA
Via GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE (Nice), BARCELONA.
Splendid liners all over 18,000 tons.

"CONTE VERDE" (Lloyd Sabaudo Line).	From Genoa and Villefranche	21st June
	From Barcelona	22nd June
"DUILIO" (N.G.I. Line).	From Genoa and Villefranche	10th July
	From Barcelona	11th July

Subsequent sailings, July 19th and 31st, Aug. 9.
Calling at RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AIRES.

RIO in 12 DAYS, BUENOS AIRES in 15 DAYS,
FROM LONDON.
English-speaking officers, stewards and stewardesses. English library (free), entertainments, sports, &c. Fine Anglo-Continental cuisine.
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From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

D'ARTAGNAN	June 13 and June 27	ANGERS	
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.			
LEC

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

MONTAGUE HOUSE,

W. 44, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.—Most comfortable; under personal supervision; constant hot water; good food, well cooked. From 3gns. Bed, breakfast, and bath, 7s. 6d.—Proprietress, Mrs. M. Jones. Park 2327.

A SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Luxuriously FURNISHED ROOM, ground floor; running water, electric fire, griller; 35s. Delightful house; every convenience. Telephone. Flax. 6900.—30, Harcourt-terrace, Redcliffe-square. 30 omnibus to The Grove, Boltons.

THE QUEENS.

W. 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned, supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily.

W. 229, GLOUCESTER-TERRACE, W.2.—Comfortably FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS; hot and cold running water, gas fires, electric light, divan beds. Bed, bath and breakfast 5s. 6d.

W. 57, Earl's Court-square, S.W. INGLEWOOD.—Comfortable Residential, from £2 5s.; bed, breakfast, 5s.; gas fires; personal supervision; central. Kens. 7624.

BACHELOR ROOMS from 35s., including breakfast, baths, lifts, and attendance; near Gloucester-road Tube.—38, Queen's-gate-terrace, S.W.7.

BACHELOR SELF-CONTAINED SUITE with bath and vacant end June; bed room now and July; constant hot water, attendance, breakfast.—Sloane 6785.

BACHELORS' SITTING and BED ROOMS communicating, own bath room; moderate terms, including excellent service, valeting and cooking; meals as required in own rooms.—Apply 387, Finchley-road, Hampstead.

BAKER-STREET. — Well-appointed BED-SITTING ROOMS for business or professional people; constant hot water.—24, Upper Gloucester-place. Padd. 6334.

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available FLATS, and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SUITE, private house; two bed rooms, reception, kitchen, bath; top floor; 3½ guineas.—3, Nottingham-place, Baker-street, W.1.

MARBLE ARCH.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS, fitted running water and gas fires; singles from 21gns., doubles from 4gns.; meals by arrangement; tuition on most up-to-date lines.—53, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd. 5782.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished DRAWING ROOM and BED ROOM adjoining in exclusive residential quarter; own 'phone; meals served in own rooms as required.—Phone Kensington 5745.

VICTORIA.

BED-SITTING ROOMS three minutes Station; breakfast and attendance, every convenience; moderate.—61, Warwick-street, Belgrave-road, S.W.1. Victoria 6215.

BED-SITTING ROOMS and BATH, S.W.3.—Suite for ladies only; up-to-date; gas fires; from 25s. 6d. 22, Careville-grove, S.W.7. 'Phone, Kensington 1358.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, 5s. 6d. daily, 33s. weekly; constant hot water.—86, Redcliffe-gardens (close Earl's Court Station). Kens. 8798.

HYDE PARK.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, well Furnished and decorated; constant hot water, gas fires in all rooms; quiet house; good service; single from 30s., with breakfast.—12, Cambridge-terrace, W.2. Padd. 5268.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires; inclusive breakfast, bath, light, attendance; recently decorated throughout.—At 64, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flaxman 9425.

BROMLEY, KENT. "RAVENSCROFT." 16th CENTURY GUEST HOUSE, 2min. station, 20min. London; tennis, billiards; extensive grounds. 'Phone Ravensbourne 0040 (Bromley). Illustrated tariff.

CHARMING CAMPDEN HILL.—Excellent Furnished Rooms (double and single), with breakfast and bath, from 35s. per week.—10, Observatory-gardens, W.8.

CHARMING BED-SITTING ROOMS to be LET (or might possibly be shared) two minutes Hyde Park. Meals if required.—Padd. 3382.

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CLEVELAND COURT,

NO EXTRAS.

16, 17, LEINSTER-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2. Beautifully equipped high-class residential. Every comfort. RUNNING WATER. Gas fires all bed rooms. From 3gns. per week. Bed, breakfast, and bath 7s. 6d. Delightful restaurant and lounge. Museum 3941.

HARRINGTON HALL

11, HARRINGTON-GARDENS, S.W. KENSINGTON. 3-4gns.; 42-44, Harrington-gardens, from 2½gns. See also Hotel Column on Page Four.

15, OXFORD-TERRACE, W.2.

HYDE PARK, close Marble Arch.—BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly furnished and decorated, constant hot water in bed rooms, breakfast, light, baths; 2gns.; double, first floor, 4½; evening meal optional. Padd. 2683.

HYDE PARK CHAMBERS.—Very light, airy, furnished rooms, decorated; single BED-SITTING ROOMS 29 by 19; running hot and cold; electric fire.—Apply Secretary, 19, Inverness-terrace, W.2. Park 5298.

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HYDE PARK, W.2.

38, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE.

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IDEAL BED-SITTING ROOMS, near Marble Arch; running hot water; portable reading lamps; breakfast, valeting. Padd. 4223.—16, Southwick-street, W.2.

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KENSINGTON, FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS newly decorated; excellent service; constant hot water; meals as desired.—Telephone Western 5688.

KENSINGTON, 44, West Cromwell-road, S.W.5.—BED-RESIDENCE from 2½gns.; bed and breakfast from 25s.; reduction sharing; no extras.—Proprietress, Western 1661.

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APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUBS, Ltd.

Offices, 11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. Western 6427.

UNFURNISHED VACANCIES, 24th June or Earlier. Rents weekly include light and baths.

GROUP 1. (See page 5 in 1930 Booklet.)

11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	..	NONE
5, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	..	45/-
7, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	..	35/-, 45/-
10, Ashburn-gardens, S.W.7	..	NONE
(Two houses)		
47, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	..	NONE
(Two houses)		
49, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	..	NONE
17, Hornton-street, W.8	..	17/-
(Two houses)		
15, Vicarage-gate, W.8	..	NONE
(Two houses)		
71, Linden-gardens, W.2	..	23/-, 25/-, 30/-
122, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	..	NONE
(Two houses)		
45, Inverness-terrace, W.2	..	Two at 25/-
(Four houses)		
22, Craven-hill, W.2	..	21/-, 31/-, 32/-
5-11, Hartington-place	..	30/-, 35/-
TUNBRIDGE WELLS, The Summit		NONE
CLIFTON, BRISTOL (Two houses)		NONE
28, Pembroke-road		NONE
CLIFTON, Richmond Park-road		23/-
BOURNEMOUTH, 34, Poole-road		15/-, 20/-
BEDFORD (Two houses)		
46-48, Clapham-road		10/-, 21/-, 27/-
LIVERPOOL, NEW CLUB, opening June.		

GROUP 2 (see page 5 in 1930 Booklet)

7, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	..	42/-
32, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	..	35/- (suite)
116, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	..	
(Two houses)		
127, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	..	22/-
50, Inverness-terrace, W.2	..	22/-

GROUP 3 (see page 5 in 1930 Booklet)

41, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5		
(Two houses)		NONE
78, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	..	NONE
307, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	..	NONE
30, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5		
(Two houses)		30/-
29, Collingham-gardens, S.W.5	..	NONE
26, Holland-park, W.11	..	25/-
27, Holland-park, W.11	..	NONE
30, Holland-park, W.11	..	18/-
66, Holland-park, W.11	..	22/-, 35/-
85, Holland-park, W.11	..	20/-, 27/-
7, Leinster-square, W.2	..	18/-, 25/-
6, Inverness-terrace, W.2	..	NONE
28, Palace-court, W.2	..	20/-
Hampstead, 2, Woodchurch-road	..	18/-, 23/-
Cliftonville, 4, Beresford-gardens	..	25/-

FOR FURNISHED VACANCIES APPLY DIRECT.

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUB, 122, Westbourne-terrace, W.2.—UNEXPECTED UNFURNISHED VACANCY, 15/-; Vacant shortly. Allested June 14th. Apply direct.

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BICKLEY, KENT.

TEN MILES FROM LONDON.

A Charming Residence standing in 10 acres of wooded gardens. Tennis, croquet, billiards; West Kent Golf Club five minutes' walk.

Central heating, gas fires in all bed rooms.

Close to Bickley and Chislehurst Stations.

Cuisine a special feature.

Terms from 3½ guineas.—Write for Illustrated Tariff. Ravensbourne 0369.

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THE OLD CEDARS, PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL. IDEAL FOR BUSINESS MEN.

One minute station and buses; frequent electric train service, 20 minutes City; 2½ acres old-world gardens, tennis courts; garages; near golf course.

HOT and COLD WATER and GAS FIRES in BED ROOMS. From 3gns. full board-residence.—Write or 'phone Manageress,

Sydenham 1861.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS in beautifully appointed house, best part Hampstead; rent 19s. and £1 per week, including electric light, gas fires; meals and service may be obtained by arrangement with housekeeper.—Apply 105, Broadhurst-gardens.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS to be LET in well appointed house; excellent service; constant hot water; meals as desired.—Telephone Western 5753.

VICTORIA.—Pleasing BED-SITTING ROOMS; divans, gas fires, rings, geyser baths, 'phone; breakfast if desired.—33, St. George's-square, S.W.1.

W.1. NEW CAVENDISH-STREET.—Attractive BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET to gentleman; 21gns. per week.—Phone Welbeck 4753.

W.C.1. Comfortable Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast optional; 5s. daily, 27s. 6d. weekly.—54, Torrington-square, near British Museum. (Museum 6000.)

W.2. LINDEN-GARDENS, W.2, near Park, Tube, 2 Metro.; highly recommended; richly furnished; hot and cold water; catering as desired. Park 2785.

63, NEW CAVENDISH-STREET.

Well FURNISHED RED-SITTING ROOMS; really good food, restaurant or own rooms. Welbeck 4251.

168, SUTHERLAND-AVENUE.

MAIDA VALE, W.9.—Room and breakfast or partial board; young society, tennis, bridge, dancing. Abercorn 2457.

A FREE LIST of FAMILIES RECEIVING GUESTS. London, seaside, country. ALSO of HOMES for ELDERLY PEOPLE and INVALIDS.—Apply Secretary, Association, 3, All Souls'-place, W.1 (opposite Langham Hotel).

A LERT AGENCY (117, Regent-street) ARRANGES ACCOMMODATION free; flats, service suites, guest houses, private families; we recommend inspected addresses; oversea visitors, foreign students, call, write.

ACCOMMODATION.—ALL requiring ACCOMMODATION of any kind, LONDON, COUNTRY, or SEASIDE, should apply for Harvey and Harvey's

FREE LIST.

489a, Oxford-street, W.1. (Mayfair 2156.)

PERSONAL RECOMMENDATIONS and arrangements made FREE OF CHARGE to all requiring ACCOMMODATION; LONDON, COUNTRY, SEASIDE.—Call, write, or 'phone Universal Accommodation Bureau, Abbey House, Westminster. (Vic. 7763.)

WANTED

ITALIAN GENTLEMAN wishes to STAY with FAMILY Bromley or near district; also Couple require bed-sitting room South Kensington.—Universal Accommodation Bureau, Abbey House, Westminster.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

CHILTERN HILLS.

A Country Residential of charm and distinction, surrounded by 20 acres of delightful grounds with own farm producing tennis, croquet; from 2½ to 4 gns.; Prestwood Park, Gt. Missenden. 'Phone 189.—Mrs. Layman.

A Delightfully situated House for PAYING GUEST; facing South; sea, sunshine, gardens, tennis, bathing; every comfort, comfort, attention.—Naval Surgeon, 9, Grosvenor-crescent, St. Leonards, Sussex.

ACCOMMODATION.—Board Residence for few guests in charming country house, Surrey; garden; garage.—Write Box 09339, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

BEACHILL.—37, CATHERINE'S, Dorset-road.—5 Minute sea, golf; really excellent cuisine; highly recommended; moderate inclusive terms. Telephone 1299.

BOURNEMOUTH.—LAMMERMOOR.—Best position EAST CLIFF; three acres of delightful gardens; own tennis lawn and croquet lawn; garage. Famous for cuisine.

BOURNEMOUTH, WEST CLIFF GARDENS.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL.

Full South, facing sea, central for everything; garage; no extras; 4 gns. Tel. 3 gns. Brochure.

BOURNEMOUTH, EDENCOURT, SUFFOLK-ROAD, near Square, Garden, Sea, W. Station; bathing accommodation beach; from 3gns.—'Phone 3895, Stacey.

BOURNEMOUTH.—OAKLANDS. West Cliff; terms very moderate; close sea, gardens; gas fires bed rooms; separate tables, excellent cuisine.—Cox, Proprietress.

BOURNEMOUTH and SWANAGE.—Visitors before deciding where to stay should read the HOTEL and BOARD-RESIDENCE COLUMNS of "THE TIMES." For publication information concerning these advertisements write "The Times" Representative at Smith's Library, The Square, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH.—LARGE BED ROOM available with board for six weeks from middle July; charming house. Write Box 3787, Smith's, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH W.—Well-appointed private apartments (board optional); beautiful surroundings; three mins. Alum Chine. Overcliff Drive.—Rose, Grosvenor-rd.

BOGNOR REGIS.—Merryvale, Wessex-avenue, minute sea.—PAYING GUESTS; separate tables; hot and cold water in bed rooms.—Mr. and Mrs. Winzar White.

CAMBERLEY.

NOW OPEN as a FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, "HARCOURT HOUSE, FRIMLEY-ROAD; beautifully situated, 2½ acres grounds; every convenience, moderate; garages. Resident Proprietress.

COOKHAM DEAN, BERKS.—"Inwood," near river.—Lady has vacancy for a few GUESTS in her charming house, week-end or permanent; garden; garage; terms moderate.—'Phone, 153, Marlow.

CORNWALL.—WITCHES DOWN, DAVIDSTOW, LAUNCESTON. Ideal centre facing moors, coast five miles; riding, shooting, trout fishing; electric light.

DOVEDALE, DERBYSHIRE.—Board-residence, Farmhouse, near River Dove; own dairy and produce; bath.—Mrs. Peach, Birdscarve, Ashbourne.

EASTBOURNE.—Ideal position; GAS FIRES BED ROOMS in well-appointed house near schools, sea, golf, Beachy Head.—"Fernleigh," Meads. 'Phone 2675.

FOLKESTONE.—THE LINCOLN, near Leas, has beautiful gardens, sunny lounges, verandah, up-to-date appointments. "French" beds; recommended for general comfort, cuisine; acme cleanliness. Illustrated tariff.

GORLESTON-ON-SEA for bracing air and golden sands. Excellent cuisine. Moderate tariff.—Apply Proprietress, "The Guest House," Avondale-road.

GUESTS RECEIVED private house, Kent coast; large shady garden by sea; own tennis, golf, bridge; car; good bathing.—Write Box 8.1668, The Times, E.C.4.

GUESTS received large farm; modern conveniences; electric, wireless, 'phone; garage; tennis; excellent table; 2½ gns.—Abbotts Farm, Saffron Walden.

HOVE.—Superior FURNISHED SUITES, facing sea and lawns; splendid drawing room; first floor vacant; three large windows; refined, comfort; excellent cuisine; third floor vacant from July.—Proprietor, 7, Brunswick-terrace, Hove.

LANCING, near Worthing.—ROAD-RESIDENCE; charming house; garden; tennis; near Station, sea, Downs, garage; from 2½gns.—Stead, Culver House.

MIDHURST.—THE GATE HOUSE is most comfortable; quiet position; beautiful garden; electric light; excellent cuisine; golf, tennis. 'Phone 58.

SEAVIEW, I. of W.—GUEST HOUSE; charming house; delightful grounds, overlooking park and sea; tennis; telephone, wireless; own cows.—Morris, Fairy Hill, Seaview, I. of W.

SUNNY WORTHING.—Lady can take a few PAYING GUESTS in her comfortable house, two minutes sea, shops, buses; good cooking; late dinner.—Write Box K.432, The Times, E.C.4.

SURREY.—LEIGH PLACE, COBHAM; 'Phone 20.—Charming RESIDENCE amidst lovely surroundings; spacious rooms, excellent cuisine; lawns, hard court, croquet; garden produce; garages and stables.

SUSSEX.—FARMHOUSE BOARD-RESIDENCE; indoor sanitation; company's water; lovely country; near 'bus route to Tunbridge Wells.—Churchsettle Farm, Wadhurst.

THE SUNTRAP, SUSSEX COAST.—VACANCIES for SUMMER. Every form of amusement catered for, covered tennis courts, dancing, billiards, bridge, boating, fishing, golf (one mile distant); excellent cuisine; on pension from 3½ guineas weekly.—Apply Manager, The New City, near Bognor.

TORQUAY. THE SANDRINGHAM

Central. Restful. Select. Separate tables. Billiards. Terms from 3½gns. weekly. Tele., 2379.

WANTED

FURNISHED SEASIDE APARTMENTS REQUIRED from July 1st to August 29th; two reception, three double bed rooms or equivalent; electric light, company's water; garage preferable; quiet place and sandy beach essential, bracing locality, preferably within three hours' train London.—Write Box J.94, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG GERMAN LADY wishes to be RECEIVED in really good private English family as SOLE GUEST; Isle of Wight preferred.—Write Box 09359, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

CONTINENTAL

BRITTANY, ST. SERVAN SUR MER, Ker-Mélanie.—Pension Famille; garden; good cooking; 5 minutes from shore and tennis. From 200frs. weekly.

COSMOPOLITAN FAMILY, highest references, in luxurious residential Pension near Paris, all comfort, receives Young Girls or Ladies of good family as Paying Guests. Conversation and lessons in French. Agreeable family life.—Madame de Ducla-de Gayon, 197, Rue de Foutenay, Vincennes, Paris.

FRANCE, TOURAINE.—La Rolanderie, Bourré (L. et Ch.). Phone 6. Beautiful view, centre famous castles; fishing; tennis; reputed cooking, comfort. 35 to 45frs.

MALAGA.—NEW ENGLISH PENSION; commodious detached villa in exclusive residential quarter; English food, shady garden; near sea-beach; garage.—Manager, Villa Marta, Prado del Limonar 8, Spain.

ST. CAST, BRETAGNE.—Mme. de Lalande receives GUESTS at "Villa Beauregard," near beach. English references.

SAINT CAST, Brittany, LA TOURELLE.—Splendid view over sea. Garden. Tennis. Running water bath room. Moderate terms.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

3 *lines* 7*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY of LONDON. ROBERT BLAIR FELLOWSHIPS in APPLIED SCIENCE and TECHNOLOGY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the award of TWO ROBERT BLAIR FELLOWSHIPS in APPLIED SCIENCE and TECHNOLOGY, each of the value of £450, tenable for one year. The fellowships are for advance study or research in applied science and technology, and will be tenable in the Dominions, the United States, or other foreign countries.

Candidates must be British subjects and at least 21 years of age.

Further particulars and application forms (T31/300 may be obtained from the Education Officer (T.3), The County Hall, S.E.1 (stamped addressed envelope necessary), to whom the form must be returned by 18th June, 1930.

MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

EAST HAM MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, SHREWSBURY-ROAD, E.7.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of SECRETARY.

Previous experience in Hospital administration and the Revised Uniform System of Accounts essential. Candidates must have good organising ability and will be responsible for the raising of Funds. The new Hospital, containing 100 beds, was opened on the 1st January, 1929, and has adopted the Almoner system.

Applications, stating age, experience, and salary required, together with copies of three recent testimonials, to be in the hands of the Chairman not later than 10 a.m. on Monday, 16th June.

NOBLE A. PAPWORTH, J.P., Chairman.

THE GOVERNMENT of BENGAL invite APPLICATIONS for the POST of PROFESSOR of MECHANICAL ENGINEERING in the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, Bengal. Candidates should be not less than 30 nor more than 40 years of age. They must hold a good Honours degree in Mechanical Engineering or in Mechanical Science and possess sound practical and teaching experience. Preference will be given to candidates who are Members or Associate Members of a recognized Institution of Mechanical Engineers.

Salary Rs.700 a month, or as Common in India, with annual increments of Rs.50 a month to Rs.900. In addition overseas pay of £225 a month will be granted to an officer of non-Asiatic domicile (sterling equivalent per annum at current rate of exchange Rs.700 to £25 = £300 plus £25, £1,100). Appointment on agreement for five years in first instance, with possibility of extension. Free first-class passage to India. Provident fund. Free unfurnished quarters, subject to payment of municipal taxes. Strict medical examination.

Selected candidate will be required to join the appointment by the 3rd of November, 1930.

Further particulars and forms of application may be obtained upon request by postcard to the Secretary to the High Commissioner for India, General Department, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2. Last date for receipt of applications 5th July, 1930.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.
(DURHAM COLLEGES.)
LECTURESHIP IN GEOGRAPHY.

The Council of the Durham Colleges invites APPLICATIONS for an ASSISTANT LECTURESHIP in GEOGRAPHY. The duties of the post will commence in October, 1930. The post will, under the present conditions of the School, be a part-time one, and the stipend will be at the rate of £200 per annum. Opportunities for research will be afforded. If the candidate appointed elects to join the Federated Superannuation Scheme a deduction of 5 per cent. will be made from his salary for that purpose.

Applications, accompanied by testimonials, should reach the undersigned, from whom further particulars of the post may be obtained, at the University Offices, North Bailey, Durham, on or before June 20th.

J. J. CRAIG, M.A., Secretary to the Council.

UNIVERSITY SETTLEMENT, LIVERPOOL.—APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of ASSISTANT WARDEN.

The duties shall involve the Wardenship of a large boys' club which is to be developed along Educational lines.

Experience in Educational and Boys' Work desirable. University man and age 24-28 preferred. Salary £300 per annum.

Applications, giving particulars of age and qualifications, with copies of recent testimonials, should be sent not later than Friday, 20th inst., to Warden, University Settlement, Nile-street, Liverpool, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

UNIVERSITY of LONDON.—The Senate invite APPLICATIONS for the UNIVERSITY READERSHIP in HISTORY, tenable at Bedford College. Salary £500 a year.—Applications (12 copies) must be received not later than first post on 26th June, 1930, by the Academic Registrar, University of London, S.W.7, from whom further particulars may be obtained.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT

3 *lines* 4*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*); *Employment Agencies and Schools*, 4 *lines* 10*s.* (*minimum*)

A Big-minded Salesman with executive experience and ideals is wanted for a permanent job which will help British industry; a real live Salesman already ready to earn over £1,000 a year, own a car, and prove that he is already a success and only lacks opportunity which we will give him.—Telephone Sales Manager, Gerrard 9258 for appointment.

ACCOUNTANT, Chartered or Incorporated, required for Milan factory. Knowledge of Italian essential. Young man able to take complete control of accounts, prepare balance-sheets, and keep costing records. Good experience, references, salary desired, and when available. —Write Box 8.1890, The Times, E.C.4.

AGENTS required (part time), London, West of England, South Wales; good commission.—Write Box 7934, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

A Permanent Sales position exists in the outer suburbs for an ambitious and energetic man of good address and personality. Applicants can be assured of the closest co-operation and assistance on appointment; must be resident in Greater London area; age 25-40; interviews by appointment only. Apply in first instance by letter only, giving particulars of last five years' activities, to Personnel Manager, Hoover, Ltd., 1, Hanover-street, W.1.

CONTINENTAL Travel Conductors required; know Italy, Germany, &c.—Write Box 09356, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

COURAGE, Character, Vision, Mental and Physical Energy.—These are essentials. If you possess them, are over 21 years of age, and feel you have something to can be not only remunerative, but extremely interesting, and if you are prepared to cooperate wholeheartedly with me, you are invited to apply, stating usual details as briefly as possible.—Write Box 0940, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

FIRM of Contractors erecting overhead electric lines have vacancy for Probationer Engineer.—Write full details, salary required, &c., to Box A.1289, The Times, E.C.4.

KEEN, first-rate man with sound commercial and company-work experience, as Accountant (qualified or not) and Secretary of large public manufacturing company. Preferably aged 35 to 40 and used to close co-operation with works costs accountants. Knowledge of German advantageous.—Write, stating fullest particulars and salary required, to Box 09340, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY or Gentleman with social connexions to develop Poker and Bridge in exclusive club, W.2.—'Phone Park 6684.

LONDON Bank has Vacancy in position of responsibility for employee having adequate experience in supervision of securities, new issues, coupons, &c.; experience in similar capacity essential.—Candidates are invited to write, giving full qualifications, with full particulars regarding past experience, age, salary required, to "S. H.," care of Street's, 6, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3.

PROGRESSIVE firm wishes to increase selling force; young Public School men preferred.—Box M. D., care of Henry Squire and Co., Stafford House, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2.

REPRESENTATIVES wanted in all parts of the U.K. by manufacturers of crepe papers and serviettes.—Write Box N.1160, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED September, Boys Preparatory School, Assistant Master, Classics to schoolship standard and good games. The essentials.—Write Box K.465, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARY.—Services of a gentleman required as General Organising Secretary of the Professional Photographers' Association of Great Britain; whole-time appointment; knowledge of photography an advantage, but not essential.—For particulars apply by letter only to Secretary, 2, Newcastle-street, Strand, W.C.2.

SENIOR Junior Tool Draughtsmen, with knowledge of all types of Jigs, Tools, and gauges used in production of high-grade telegraph instruments (similar to typewriters and calculating machines). Permanency for right men with possibility of permanency for right men.—Write, stating age, experience, and salary required, to Creed and Co., Ltd., Telegraph Engineers, East Croydon.

TEACHER (male), qualified to prepare candidates for Civil Service Professional Preliminary examinations required by Dublin school. Subjects: English, Irish, Latin, mathematics, history, and geography. Knowledge of French an advantage. State age, experience, salary.—Write Box A.1286, The Times, E.C.4.

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WANTED, as London Representative, smart, well-educated, energetic Gentleman, for high-class stock manufacturers. This is a most excellent opportunity for the right man. Preference will be given to one who has training and experience in the rolling-stock world.—Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary required, to "Managing Director," Box K.491, The Times, E.C.4.

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ARE you seeking an appointment abroad—Africa, India, Brazil, &c.? Accountants, engineers, clerks, mining, railway men, and others should send for particulars of assistance rendered, terms, and details of past successes.—Percy Coutts and Co., Ltd. (Dept. 1), 325, High Holborn, London, W.C.1. Business estd. 1908.

EQUIP yourself for a higher post by studying at home and in spare time. Practical business training in Accountancy, Secretaryship, Law, Costing, Salesmanship, &c. Matric., B.Com., Professional and Prelim. Exams.—Write for "Guide to Careers" (124 pp.), free, Metropolitan College, Dept. G., 7/6, St. Albans.

MOTOR Engineering.—Practical workshop training in every branch to suit individual requirements. Courses from one month. Day or evening tuition. Fees by instalments.—Write or call for full particulars, Engineering Dept., The British School of Motoring, Ltd., 5, Coventry-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1.

TWO Public School and Varsity men on the threshold of a career, also those returned from abroad or retired from Services.—Write for details of "The New Salesmanship," the career of the future, Business Careers Association, Ltd., 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

WIRELESS Services.—The Premier College in the British Isles (established 34 years) gives a sound training to all students, with assured positions on qualification. Fees payable by easy instalments if desired.—Apply for Prospectus, Secretary, Dept. "A," The London Telegraph Training College, Ltd., Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5.

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SECRETARY-SHORTHAND-TYPIST; age 22-30 secondary education; exceptional experience and able to act on own initiative; Croydon district.—Write, stating age, experience, and salary required, to Box K.492, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY Clerks, Typists, &c., prepare for a more remunerative post through Pitman's College.—Write for free booklet mentioning "Day," "Evening," or "Postal" Course, 198, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

ARTICLED PUPILS

ANALYTICAL and consulting chemist desires youth as Pupil; Public School boy preferred; good opening; premium.—J.N.78, Deacon's, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.

AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3 (Day and Residential). Founded specially to train boys of good education for the automobile industry; the curriculum combines an essentially practical modern works experience with training in administration; appointments for qualified students. Candidates will be accepted for probationary term.—Syllabus from Principal.

QUALIFIED beauty specialist will train two girls (gentlefolk); personal attention; salary when proficient.—Write Box 9041, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

SHOWROOM.—Highly successful Court Dressmaker offers Intended—training to tall, cultured girl (17-19 years) who is eager to learn the selling side of a lucrative business; height 5ft. 8in., hips 38in.—Write details Box 4541, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

3 *lines* 3*s.* (*minimum*); *Employment Agencies and Schools*, 4 *lines* 10*s.* (*minimum*)

ACCOUNTANT, 31, over 16 years' experience, seeks high executive post; at present secretary group of companies; specialist in costing and modern law and accountancy; highest references.—Write Box 09334, The Times, E.C.4. Certificate.—Write Box N.1155, The Times, E.C.4.

ANY Post, anywhere, now.—Ex-soldier-administrator, useful at law, accounting, typing, French, and scribbling; travelled; good appearance, manners, and mixer; Service and social references; R.C.; 48.—Write Box N.1156, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPORT Sales Manager (37), wide knowledge markets, export procedure, travelled, linguist, managerial, accountancy experience, desires post any capacity home or abroad.—Write Box 0955, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

GENTLEMAN recently returned from abroad, where representing world-wide organization, desires position; go anywhere; young, single; experienced salesman, organizer; real records; excellent references.—Write Box A.1282, The Times, E.C.4.

NOTTINGHAM Lender (24), at present in Shanghai, desires position England; six years' business experience, banking, &c., two and a half years commercial accountant (certificated); can type, writes shorthand moderately; daily and mixed farm experience; personality, initiative, and integrity undoubted; excellent testimonials; capable filling executive, selling, and accountancy positions, but situation of any kind would be considered, even exchange amount of salary not a prime consideration.—Further particulars on application to Mr. Blechynden, care of Yorkshire Bank, 38, Bubbling Well-road, Shanghai.

OXFORD Undergraduate seeks any remunerative employment for summer vacation; good references; coaching preferred; excellent classics and games.—Write Box 09354, The Times, E.C.4.

PUBLIC School man, fluent German, Spanish, extensive sales experience, own car, requires post.—Write Box 09342, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

SOLICITOR, young, of good family and with considerable experience and accomplishments, desires responsible executive appointment or position as Manager or Secretary to large business concern.—Write Box K.401, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, by Educated Lady, situation as Receptionist to Doctor or Dentist; speaks French fluently; is able to speak German, Hindustani, slight French; also very good needlewoman.—Box 836, Hobbins's Library, 214, Earl's Court-road.

YOUNG Lady as Apprentice in hairdressing and beauty culture; salary required during apprenticeship.—Write Box N.1156, The Times, E.C.4

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48-52, Queensborough-terrace, Hyde Park.
Close to Park, Tube Rly., Buses to all parts.
Perfect quiet. Garage. Night Porter.
Telephones 8887 and 8140 Park.

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At disposal of Guests when desired.
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250 rooms with hot and cold running water, telephone, &c. Restaurant open to the public, renowned for its high-class cuisine combined with a moderate tariff.
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HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER.
GAS FIRES ALL BED ROOMS. PASSENGER LIFT. Noted for healthy position, quiet, cleanliness, excellent food and attendance. Terms from 3gns. per week, including four meals, bath, light and attendance. From 12s. 6d. daily. NO EXTRAS.

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DE VERE-GARDENS, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.
Between Kensington Palace and Albert Hall.
Telephone: Kensington 0858.
The most luxurious and exclusive of the smaller hotels. Superbly situated a few yards from the Park, with rooms, cuisine, and service of supreme excellence. Famous among discriminating people for more than 40 years.
The management beg to inform patrons that the redecorations are now completed. Each bed room is fitted with hot and cold running water and electric radiator. The hotel is equipped with a large number of bath rooms, central heating, telephones, and lift.
Inclusive terms arranged from 4½gns.
Weekly or daily terms.
Tariff on application.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
in a fine situation facing due South and overlooking Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens.
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Not only very accessible, but also most convenient for all places of interest and amusements. Hot and cold running water in 140 bed rooms: numerous private bath rooms. Night porters, fire escape stairs. Renowned for good catering, service and attention. Bed and breakfast from 9s. a day.
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Telegrams, Kitchening, London.

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UPPER WOBURN-PLACE, LONDON, W.C.1.
(Accommodation for 240 Guests.)
Most convenient for any part of London.
Beautiful Public Rooms. Passenger Lift.
Central Heating. Hot and Cold Running Water in all bed rooms.
Terms: Room and breakfast, 8/6.
Full board (minimum 4 days).
13s. per day; £4 7s. 6d. per week.

KENSINGTON PALACE-MANSIONS, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.8.
A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
With many Private Suites suitable for Families.
For particulars and prices apply to the Manager.
'Phone: Kensington 3875 (10 lines). Address as above.

DURRANT'S HOTEL,
MANCHESTER-SQUARE, W.1.
High-class Family Hotel, with self-contained Suites. Quiet situation, three minutes from Selfridge's. All bed rooms fitted with Hot and Cold Water, Electric Fires and Exchange Telephone. Central Heating. Lifts.
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Standing well back from the road in two acres of well-wooded grounds; 2 minutes' omnibus; hot and cold water in all bed rooms; central heating; 4min. from Swiss Cottage and 5min. from Belsize Park Tube Station (Charing Cross 20 minutes). Tennis court; large garage; ball room; French chef and night porter. Telephone Hampstead 8813, 8314, and 1255.

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SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.7.
Newly decorated throughout; large centrally heated reception rooms and ball room, lift, numerous bath rooms, 100 bed rooms, fitted hot running water, gas fires and box-spring mattresses; excellent cuisine; minute Gloucester-road Station to all parts; from 3gns., double 5½gns.; 11s. 6d. daily. ALSO LUXURIOUS SUITES.
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Highly recommended by resident guests.
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Sporting News

RACING

HURST PARK MEETING

JOHN DORY WINS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The Hurst Park Whitsuntide Meeting was concluded yesterday in dull weather which was in very direct contrast to the beautiful summer weather of the day before. There was naturally a much smaller attendance of visitors than on the opening afternoon. The going was hard for Hurst Park, where, as a rule, the going is exceptionally good.

The most important event decided during the afternoon was the Piccadilly Plate, for which there were eight starters. Top weight was carried by Ennis Bridge, who was ridden by Ray. This colt, by Soldennis, has never quite lived up to the reputation which he earned when he was so narrowly beaten rather more than a year ago at Newbury by Trigo, who afterwards won the Derby and the St. Leger. He ran well yesterday, but not well enough, for the best that he could do was to finish fourth. He may have been unlucky not to have been third, for he did not get too clear a run in the Straight. It may also be that he did not like the hard ground, for he obviously swerved when Ray was asking him for a final effort. Larking also ran as if he either were not in love with racing or could not act on the hard going, for, although he finished third, he did not run out his race too generously. John Dory, on the other hand, ran extremely well and, after always being well placed, challenged Simeon's Charm close home and won by a length, with Larking another length away third. John Dory, who looked very fit and well, would surely be an ideal horse for India. He is trained by F. Darling, whose stable is at last probably running into form. A very nice-looking two-year-old from his stables belonging to Mr. Dewar, named Glenalmond, by Captain Cuttle, to whom he bears a close resemblance, out of an Oaks winner, Love in Idleness, had run well in the first race, the Toy Plate, in which he was just beaten out of a place behind the Ready Response colt, who won by a length from Silver Leaf, with Icarus another length away third. I was convinced that either Glenalmond or the Mystic Star gelding was fourth, but the Judge placed the Rule Nisi colt in that place. The Ready Response colt was first away, and made all the running, but he was stopping at the finish, and it is to be doubted whether he is improving. The time will most probably come when Glenalmond will beat him and give him weight.

A number of very moderate horses took part in the Riverside Selling Plate, run over a mile and seven furlongs. Some time before the race Compound Fracture was favourite, but before the start the best backed of the runners was certainly Irish Lord, who started at 5 to 2 against. First thoughts proved to be best, for Compound Fracture won, while Irish Lord was not placed, although half-way up the Straight he appeared to be going much better on the rails than any of the other runners. Then so soon as his small jockey asked him for a final effort he stopped very quickly and was not even placed, the minor positions being occupied by Festum and Island, both of whom fought out a good finish with the winner, whose owner, Mr. Stobart, had made the long journey from Durham to see his horse run, and win. The second selling plate on the afternoon's programme produced a fine finish, and afterwards an objection. Chips, who had run well at Salisbury, was made favourite, and he was going nicely until a furlong from the finish, when he was badly hampered for room by Blue Lightning and the Binfield filly, each a well-backed second favourite. After that, he had no chance and was not placed. So soon as he had to drop out the Binfield filly and Blue Lightning were challenged by the Lady Colin colt, who, however, failed to get up and was beaten by a head by Blue Lightning, with the Binfield filly a short head away third. The Lady Colin colt appeared to stumble a few yards from the winning-post, and it may be that he was interfered with by the winner. In any case his rider, R. Jones, lodged an objection to the winner for crossing and boring, which the Stewards overruled. I was watching the race from a stand which enables one to see very nearly straight down the course, and, although the winner certainly interfered with Chips, I did not think that he ever touched or crossed the second, although he certainly went very near to him.

Budaiya once more ran a disappointing race when she failed in the Vyner Plate. Her failure this time was much more complete than it had been when she was beaten at Newmarket and at Kempton Park, for she never appeared likely to win. Half-way up the Straight it seemed probable that the winner would be Don Pat or Filament, for both were going well and, with the stopping Manto, were a long way in front of the others. At that moment Cleveland was some lengths behind them, but when Ray asked him for an effort it was quickly forthcoming, and Lady Butt's colt rapidly overhauled the leaders and went on to win by a length from Filament, who, apparently, has no heart for a finish, with Don Pat another length and a half behind. Cleveland, who will be remembered last year as the Myra Blake colt, when he was very unlucky, had been a most pronounced favourite for the Stewards' Plate at Kempton Park this year when he was not placed, although from the stands it had appeared to me that he had finished third. He again began slowly yesterday, but was running on at the finish. He stayed the seven furlongs over which yesterday's race was run very well and will, no doubt, win again. Odds were laid on Cluny to win the last race of the day, the Thames Plate, but he failed to beat Ferrule, a colt by Farman, who had not been placed in a race before.

A very important meeting will be begun at Manchester this afternoon and will not be concluded until Saturday afternoon. Rain fell in Manchester yesterday and the going is certain to be good, quite possibly on the soft side.

MANCHESTER PROSPECTS

2.0.—STAMFORD HANDICAP (5f.).—High Peak is not without a chance on his Thirsk and Lingfield running, but he may fail to give the weight to Irish Talk, who ran well at Haydock Park, and should have been improved by that race. He has a few pounds here in hand of Nursewood on that form. Lucius ran well against some useful platers at Doncaster, and the form here generally is not much better than plating form. Elver might run well, while Pretty Shot must have a nice chance on her Epsom form with Dame Swynford and Abbess. I like best the chance of IRISH TALK.

2.30.—WEDNESDAY SELLING HANDICAP (6f.).—Rose of Spain ran fairly well at Kempton Park in the race won by Sonometer, and on that form has a chance. Hit the Deck is another that might run well, but the winner may be TWOFOLD, whose owner always likes to win here, and who, on the best of his form, is nicely handicapped.

3.0.—ROYAL STANDARD STAKES (1m.).—There will, as usual, be only a small field here. Racedale is, I believe, expected to run well, but he has a lot of weight to give away to such as Malakoff, another four-year-old, and also to such three-year-olds as Polveraja and Sea Rover. I do not find it easy to make a selection, but as there was sound support for MALAKOFF in a similar event at Chester, when he ran quite well after being left, and as the three-year-olds here may not be so good as those he then had to meet, I shall give him another chance, and make him my selection. He will, so it is understood, be ridden by FOX.

3.30.—CLUB SELLING PLATE (5f.).—MONKEY won like a good plater at Gatwick and seems to have a good chance here. He will be ridden by G. Richards. If he has made as much improvement since Gatwick as he appeared to have done between Kempton Park and Gatwick he is certain to win.

4.0.—KING COAL HANDICAP (2m.).—Patrick has a good chance at the weights and everyone would be pleased to see him win, but he is a most disappointing horse and in any case does not seem quite so well handicapped as Ethelwulf, who won this race last year. Apparently Blissful, who is well in, does not run. My choice at the weights is ETHELWULF.

4.30.—WHITSUNTIDE FOAL STAKES (5f.).—On known form the probable winner seems to me to be POT-POURRI, who has run twice, winning at Newmarket and then running very well when second to Lindos Ojos at Kempton. The latter will not be started, giving way to Meg Merrilees, who has not yet been seen on a racecourse. The market will no doubt show whether or not she is fancied. If she is it would not be wise to ignore the suggestion, for her trainer has a line through Lindos Ojos and others to the best of the two-year-old form.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

We shall be represented in five of the six events at Manchester to-day. The Stamford Handicap Plate is a most open race. IRISH TALK and Lucius are both useful in this class of race, and in selecting the former I hope to have found the winner.

The Wednesday Selling Plate may go to ROSE OF SPAIN, who is about up to this class of race.

The Royal Standard Stakes will not be a difficult race to win. RACEDALE will be having his first race of the season, but he is now at his best and nothing in the Freemason Lodge string has done better lately. He may win.

In the King Coal Plate Potocki, our only representative, will give a good account of himself.

The Whitsuntide Foal Stakes may go to SKYDOON.

YARMOUTH

The Borough Selling Plate.—BOIE.
The Yare Selling Plate.—BALLOON.
The Norfolk and Suffolk Handicap.—GREAT SCOT.
The Great Yarmouth Plate.—HOT HASTE.
The Hastings Maiden Handicap.—CLOACINE.
The Nelson Plate.—POOK'S HILL.

HURST PARK RESULTS

2.0 (2.2).—The TOY PLATE of 500 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

READY RESPONSE COLT, by Stratford (Mr. R. Davis). 9st. 5lb. ..... J. Dobbs 1
SILVER LEAF, ch f, by Stedfast—Demurrage (Mrs. C. Rich). 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Dick 2
ICARUS, ch c, by Golden Sun—Sharp Flight (Mr. H. Johnstone). 9st. 3lb. ..... G. Barber 3

Rule Nisi c, by Chivalrous (Lady Aylesford), 8st. 12lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Shipbourne (Mr. W. M. Cazalet), 8st. 12lb. ..S. Wragg 0
St. Clements (Mr. R. F. Watson), 8st. 12lb. ..R. Jones 0
Glenalmond (Mr. J. A. Dewar), 8st. 12lb. ..F. Fox 0
Et Vella (Sir R. Brooke), 8st. 9lb. ..H. Wragg 0
Mystic Star g, by Prince Galahad (Mr. W. Clark). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Beasley 0
Golden Dew (Mr. H. Smyth), 8st. 9lb. ..H. Smyth 0

(Winner trained by B. Davis, at Frant, Sussex).

STARTING PRICES.—13 to 8 on Ready Response colt. 6 to 1 each agst Mystic Star gelding and Glenalmond. 100 to 8 Icarus, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 3s.; places, 2s. 6d., 10s., 3s. 6d. Total win pool, 10,281 units; total place pool, 16,056 units.

Won by a length; half a length separated second and third. Rule Nisi colt was fourth and Shipbourne last.

2.30 (2.31).—The RIVERSIDE SELLING PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 200 sovs. One mile, seven furlongs, and 65 yards.

COMPOUND FRACTURE, b g, by Periosteum—Double Event (Mr. H. Stobart). 4 yrs. 8st. 7lb. ..... D. Morris 1
FESTUM, ch h, by Prince Galahad—Marcareme (Mrs. T. Walton). 5 yrs. 8st. 3lb. ..... S. Wragg 2
ISLAND, b m, by Sir Berkeley—Sea-girt (Mrs. N. Brownlee). 5 yrs. 7st. 11lb. (car. 7st. 2lb.) ..... J. Dines 3

Irish Lord (Mr. S. Wootton), 5 yrs, 8st. 10lb. S. Magee 0
Tiber (Mr. T. Walton), aged, 9st. ..... E. Forsyth 0
Craigweil (Mr. W. Hutchinson), 4 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Dandy Dennis (Mr. T. Walton), 5 yrs, 8st. 9lb. ..... L. Butchers 0
Prince's Covert (Major A. H. Pryce), 5 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... H. Packham 0
Classic Lady (Mr. H. Curtis), aged, 7st. 6lb. (car. 7st. 8lb.) ..... W. Wells 0
Knock Away (Mr. A. E. Ansell), 3 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Barber 0

(Winner trained by R. W. Colling, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 2 agst Irish Lord, 11 to 4 Compound Fracture, 9 to 2 Island, 11 to 2 Festum, 100 to 8 Tiber, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 10s. 6d.; places, 3s., 2s. 9d., 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 5,208 units; total place pool, 9,706 units.

Won by half a length; three-quarters of a length separated second and third. Tiber was fourth and Craigweil last.

The winner was bought in for 150 guineas.

3.0 (3.1).—The PICCADILLY PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 600 sovs.; second to receive 75 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

JOHN DORY, b c, by Duncan Gray—Acantha (Mr. F. Darling). 4 yrs. 8st. 5lb. ..... F. Fox 1
SIMEON'S CHARM, b g, by Zria's Charm—Lady Simeon (Mr. C. R. Taylor). 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Lowrey 2
LARKING, br c, by Hainault—Laragh (Mr. E. Esmond). 4 yrs. 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Jelliss 3
Ennis Bridge (Major A. Bonsor), 4 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Corduroy (Mr. S. Wootton), 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..F. Field 0
Go Easy (Mrs. H. M. Hollins), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... J. Sirett 0
Booklet (Mr. F. Cobb), aged, 7st. 8lb. ..... J. Dines 0
Chase me Charlie (Sir H. FitzHerbert), aged, 7st. 2lb. ..... T. Barber 0

(Winner trained by F. Darling, at Beckhampton)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Simeon's Charm, 100 to 30 John Dory, 5 to 1 each Larking and Ennis Bridge, 7 to 1 each Corduroy and Go Easy, 100 to 8 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 8s. 9d.; places, 3s. 3d., 4s. 6d. Total win pool, 10,165 units; total place pool, 12,492 units.

Won by a length; the same distance separated second and third. Ennis Bridge was fourth and Booklet last.

3.30 (3.32).—The RICHMOND SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

BLUE LIGHTNING, b f, by Blue Ensign—Highland Daisy (Mr. A. G. Whiteman), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Packham 1
LADY COLIN COLT, by Arch-Gift (Mr. S. McGregor). 9st. ..... R. Jones 2
BINFIELD FILLY, by Pottavs (Mr. A. R. Heath). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Wragg 3
Vanessa f, by Bucks Hussar (Mrs. D. P. Dick). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Hollick 0
Macon II. (Mrs. A. M. Page), 8st. 11lb. .. J. Dobie 0
Tres Bonne f, by Trespasser (Mr. H. Persse). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Beasley 0
Mixed Melody (Mrs. V. Smyth), 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Ray 0
Chips (Mr. V. T. Thompson), 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Ray 0

(Winner trained by H. Smyth, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Chips, 11 to 4 each Blue Lightning and Binfield filly, 9 to 2 Lady Colin colt, 5 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 15s.; places, 3s. 9d., 3s. 9d., 2s. Total win pool, 10,891 units; total place pool, 15,269 units.

Won by a head; a short head separated second and third. Chips was fourth and Vanessa colt last. An objection to Blue Lightning for crossing and boring was overruled.

The winner was bought in for 210 guineas.

4.0 (4.2).—The VYNER PLATE (welter handicap) of 400 sovs. Seven furlongs.

CLEVELAND, b c, by Soldennis—Myra Blake (Lady Butt), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... C. Ray 1
FILAMENT, br or ro f, by Phalaris—Barrulet (Lord Durham), 4 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... B. Carslake 2
DON PAT, ch h, by Lemond—Panza (Mr. C. R. Bower), 6 yrs, 9st. ..... F. Fox 3

Budaiya (Mr. S. Tattersall), 4 yrs, 9st. 3lb. R. Jones 0
Darian (Mr. H. G. Blagrave), 5 yrs, 8st. 6lb. J. Collins 0
Manto (Mr. W. Hutchinson), 6 yrs, 7st. 6lb. B. Rook 0
Murphy (Mr. F. W. Wilmot), 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. J. Dines 0

(Winner trained by De Mestre, at Winchester)

STARTING PRICES.—13 to 8 agst Cleveland, 5 to 2 Budaiya, 7 to 2 Filament, 6 to 1 Don Pat, 100 to 8 each agst the other colts.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 7s. 6d.; places, 4s., 5s. 3d. Total win pool, 10,407 units; total place pool, 7,386 units.

Won by a length; one length and a half separated second and third. Murphy was fourth and Darian last.

4.30 (4.31).—The THAMES PLATE of 200 sovs.; three-year-olds. One mile.

FERRULE, b c, by Farman—Nimule (Captain A. E. Wilson). 8st. 12lb. ..... B. Carslake 1
CLUNY, b c, by Ellangowan—Swastika (Lord Rosebery). 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Wragg 2
LENOX, gr c, by Lemonora—Lady in Grey (Mr. J. Ryan). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Beasley 3
Sonanette (Mrs. K. G. Anderson). 8st. 9lb. ..... E. Forsyth 0

(Winner trained by Whitaker, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 on Cluny, 5 to 2 agst Ferrule, 10 to 1 Lenox, 20 to 1 agst Sonanette.

TOTALISATOR PRICE.—Win dividend, 8s. Total win pool, 11,197 units.

Won by a short head; two lengths separated second and third.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

HURST PARK

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNING)

2.0.—Ready Response colt. WIN 2s. 3d., PLACE 2s. 3d.; Silver Leaf, PLACE 40s.; Icarus, PLACE 21s.

2.30.—Compound Fracture, WIN 10s. 6d., PLACE 2s. 3d.; Festum, PLACE, 2s. 3d.; Island, PLACE 2s. 3d.

3.0.—John Dory, WIN 10s. 3d., PLACE 2s. 6d.; Simeon's Charm, PLACE 2s. 3d.; Larking, PLACE 3s.

3.30.—Blue Lightning, WIN 7s. 9d., PLACE 2s. 9d.; Lady Colin colt, PLACE 3s.; Binfield filly, PLACE 3s. 6d.

4.0.—Cleveland, WIN 6s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Filament, PLACE —. 9d.

4.30.—Ferrule, WIN 4s. 9d.

African Double.—3.0, John Dory, and 4.0, Cleveland, £4 17s. to £1.

WOLVERHAMPTON

1.45.—Achsirn, WIN 53s. 3d., PLACE 17s. 3d.; Grand Minister, PLACE 9s. 6d.; Good Story, PLACE 7s.

2.15.—Pretty Missie gelding, WIN 70s. 6d., PLACE 28s.; Roslina filly, PLACE 8s. 6d.; Melithea filly, PLACE 28s.

2.45.—Devonie, WIN 6s. 6d., PLACE 17s. 9d.; Dionysith, PLACE 7s. 3d.; Golden Urn, PLACE 17s. 9d.

3.15.—Rock Forrard, WIN 23s. 6d., PLACE 5s.; Musical Prince, PLACE 7s. 9d.; Exeter, PLACE 2s. 3d.

3.45.—Ocean Wide, WIN 9s., PLACE 3s.; Fidelio, PLACE 14s. 9d.; Lucelle, PLACE 10s. 6d.

4.15.—Sans Espoir, WIN 90s., PLACE 5s. 6d.; Allagash, PLACE 6s. 9d.; Earn Hill, PLACE 23s. 6d.

REDCAR

1.30.—Fullolite, WIN 8s., PLACE 2s. 6d.; Apposite, PLACE 9s. 6d.; Miss Chaucer fifly unplaced.

2.0.—Ferndrentare, WIN 154s.-3d., PLACE 10s. 6d.; Canvasser unbacked.

2.30.—Botany Bay, WIN 2s. 3d.

3.0.—Biddlestone, WIN 50s. 3d., PLACE unbacked; Tuverey, PLACE 3s. 9d.

3.30.—Fast Stick, WIN 21s., PLACE 8s. 3d.; Soft Drink, PLACE 8s. 3d.; Elegant Lad, PLACE 8s. 3d.

4.0.—Pickle, WIN 8s. 6d., PLACE 2s. 6d.; Good Mint, PLACE 2s. 6d.

MANCHESTER PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

2.0.—The STAMFORD HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs.; for three-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
TAD (Mr. W. R. Smith) ..... Peacock	8	11
aHIGH PEAK (Mrs. D. Crossman) ..... Pope	8	10
NOREEN (Sir A. Bailey) ..... R. Day	8	10
GOLDEN GLOW (Mr. M. Albrecht) ..... Swinburn	8	9
MILLENIUM (Mr. S. Vlasto) ..... In Ireland	8	8
aFAITHFUL TAG (Mr. P. Kelly) ..... In Ireland	8	7
SOLVENT (Mr. R. Gresson) ..... Rimell	8	5
Miss COLIN (Mrs. R. C. Fairfax) ..... Morris	8	4
aNEGLIGENCE (Mr. W. J. Peck) ..... Bazley	8	2
DAMORY COURT (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	8	1
MARY MAC (Mr. F. Schlesinger) ..... H. Smyth	8	0
aTETRA BORU (Mr. H. F. Clayton) ..... Elsey	7	13
TRENCHERMAN (Mr. A. Falcon) ..... William Griggs	7	12
TULLIBARDINE (Mr. A. H. Stokley) ..... J. Rhodes	7	12
aWILD WARK (Sir H. Samman) ..... Bazley	7	12
OSCULATOR (9lb. ex.) (Mr. A. E. Berry) ..... M. Hartigan	7	12
MERRY LASSIE (Sir A. Bailey) ..... R. Day	7	12
THEMISTOCLES (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	7	11
COLLINGWOOD (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	7	10
aNURSEWOOD (Sir Richardson) ..... G. Sadler	7	10
PRINCESS FOOTE (Mr. T. Davidson) ..... R. Day	7	10
aPRETTY SHOT (Mr. J. B. Joel) ..... C. Peck	7	10
aROYAL BLOOM (Mr. M. Vasey) ..... M. Vasey	7	10
SOUTH YARA (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	7	10
LADY ALL ALONE (5lb. ex.) (Mrs. D. Harris) ..... Nugent	7	10
aIRISH TALK (Mr. R. L. Kirkwood) ..... Hugh Pawney	7	9
MUSK MALLOW (Mrs. L. M. Pape) ..... Farushazron	7	9
aAPRICORN (Lord Grimthorpe) ..... Bazley	7	8
SINCERA (Mr. W. L. Irving) ..... Golightly	7	8
DIONYSIE (Mr. A. Falcon) ..... J. Rimell	7	7
GUILCAGE (Mr. E. Walker) ..... J. Beary	7	7
aLUCIUS (Mr. G. K. de Gooreynd) ..... J. Cannon	7	7
TUDOR LADY (Mr. H. Pulltzer) ..... S. Darling	7	7
EXTOL (Mrs. C. E. Moore) ..... Coldrick	7	6
BARGEE (Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Green) ..... F. Hartigan	7	5
FUSTANELLA (Mr. P. Rall) ..... A. Sadler	7	5
ALBIN (Lord Wavertree) ..... Ferguson	7	4
KNOTWEED (Sir W. Cooke) ..... Read	7	4
BOULDERETA (Mr. H. E. Caldwell) ..... M. Vasey	7	2
aHIGH BRAMBLES (Miss E. A. Whipp) ..... G. Mosser	7	2
aGOLD SLIPPER (Mr. T. Davidson) ..... G. Armstrong	6	10

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

HIGH PEAK, R. Jones; TETRA BORU, J. Caldwell; FAITHFUL TAG, —; COLLINGWOOD, —; NURSEWOOD, —; NEGLIGENCE, —; PRETTY SHOT, F. Fox; ROYAL BLOOM, Braithwaite; WILD WARK, —; IRISH TALK, T. Weston; LUCIUS, H. Simpson; APRICORN, —; ELVER, HIGH BRAMBLES, —; GOLD SLIPPER, G. Richards rides either Collingwood or Nursewood, and A. Richardson either High Brambles or Gold Slipper.

2.30.—The WEDNESDAY SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Six furlongs.

	Yrs	st	lb
DARNLEY (Sir F. Bushby) ..... F. Armstrong	5	9	0
aHOLIKOKI (Mr. A. H. Wyke) ..... Read	5	8	7
aGAMESOME (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scoble	4	8	6
OPEX PROSPECT (Mr. S. McGregor) ..... Bullock	4	8	5
aHIT THE DECK (Mr. A. D. McAlpine) ..... Barthropp	4	8	4
BENEDICTUS (Mrs. E. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	5	8	3
aSILVER CASTOR (Mr. M. Vasey) ..... M. Vasey	4	8	2
BRAYGOOLA (Mr. A. G. Whiteman) ..... H. Smyth	6	8	0
WARNING (Mr. L. Oppenheim) ..... Barthropp	4	7	11
aBARKHAM SQUARE (Mr. A. W. Greenwood) ..... Renton	a	7	10
aROSE OF SPAIN (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogz	3	7	9
aMISSIONARY (Mr. F. Wright) ..... Templeman	4	7	9
aTWOFOLD (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Hugh Pawney	4	7	8
KISS CURL (Mrs. E. Clayton) ..... J. Cannon	3	7	8
aB.H.P. (Mr. P. Higgins) ..... McGuigan	4	7	4
aSWEETASS (Mr. A. R. Galtrey) ..... M. Hartigan	4	7	4
aFIRE QUEEN (Mr. J. Gorman) ..... Yapp	6	7	1
DAWFOOL (Mr. J. T. C. Burn) ..... G. Armstrong	3	6	8
ROYAL RUBY (Mr. J. Hamer) ..... Carr	3	6	6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

HOLIKOKI, R. Jones; GAMESOME, F. Sharpe; HIT THE DECK or WARNING, T. Weston; SILVER CASTOR, J. Simpson; BARKHAM SQUARE, —; ROSE OF SPAIN, G. Richards; MISSIONARY, F. Fox; TWOFOLD, J. Caldwell; B.H.P., E. Crossley; FIRE QUEEN, A. Harris; ROYAL RUBY, —.

3.0.—The ROYAL STANDARD STAKES of 1 sov. only, if struck out by the second Tuesday in October, 1929 (for colts), or the last Tuesday in March, 1928 (for yearlings); 1 sovs. if struck out by the last Tuesday in March, 1929, 20 sovs. only if struck out by the first Tuesday in January, 1930, or 30 sovs. for first and second entry added; second to receive 400 sovs. and third 200 sovs. the breeder of the winner 125 sovs., of the second 50 sovs., and of the third 25 sovs. out of the stakes. One mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
RATTLIN THE REEFER (4lb.) (Lord Woolavington) ..... Gilpin	4	10	0
GUY MANNERING (Lord Woolavington) ..... Gilpin	4	10	0
MR. JINKS (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	4	10	0
EMPIRE BUILDER (Lady H. McCalmont) ..... Persse	4	9	10
aCHAGADOUR (Count McCormack) ..... R. Dawson	4	8	12
PLOT (Lord Astor) ..... R. Dawson	4	8	11
aRACEDALE (Dowager Lady Nunburnholme) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	4	8	7
QUEEN OF THE NORE (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	3	8	6
WRIT (Lord Astor) ..... Lawson	3	8	2
VOYEURTH (Mr. F. Maber) ..... Persse	3	8	2
aMALAKOFF (12lb.) (Mr. R. Walker) ..... Bullock	4	7	9
PARENTHESIS (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	3	7	5
FONTEBELLE (Mr. J. B. Joel) ..... J. Fox	3	7	5
ELIRANK (4lb.) (Mr. E. Esmond) ..... J. Jarvis	3	7	5
TEFNUT (Sir J. Rutherford) ..... R. Day	3	7	2
DIAMOND HILL (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	3	7	2
SKY QUARK (12lb.) (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogz	3	7	1
aSEA ROVER (4lb.) (Mr. A. R. Cox) ..... Lawson	3	7	1
BRANTWOOD (4lb.) (Mr. S. Tattersall) Lawson	3	6	12
LADY OF THE DANUBE (12lb.) (Mr. H. E. Steel) ..... Walls	3	6	11
aPOLVERAJA (8lb.) (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	3	6	11

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CRAIGADOUR, M. Beary; RACEDALE, J. Childs; MALAKOFF, F. Fox; SEA ROVER, G. Richards; POLVERAJA, K. Robertson.

3.30.—The CLUB SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
ARCHEROT (Mr. J. Cooper) ..... Douglas-Pennant	8	11
LITTLE BEAU (Mr. Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	8	11
IRISH MINT c, by Manna (Sir W. Cooke) ..... Read	8	7
BEGGARMAN (Captain C. F. Elsey) ..... Elsey	8	7
PRINCE EVAN (Sir D. Broughton) ..... Farquharson	8	4
SWEETASS (Mr. A. R. Brown) ..... D. Taylor	8	4
CHARIOT (Mr. W. J. Peck) ..... Bazley	8	4
aTOLONS (Mr. W. J. Peck) ..... Bazley	8	4
LADOON (Mr. V. Smyth) ..... V. Smyth	8	4
CLYTIE (Mr. M. Markham) ..... Barling	8	4
ALL SCOTCH (Lieutenant-Commander R. Leake) ..... Burns	8	4
CHIVALRESQUE (Mrs. S. Whitburn) ..... Cottrill	8	4
GRAND LIGHT (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogz	8	4
BOSS (Mr. A. Kane) ..... Mr. D. Taylor	8	4
GLADLY (Mr. C. E. D. Langley) ..... J. Cannon	8	4
aMISS JACKIE (Mr. A. D. McAlpine) ..... Barthropp	8	4
LOUVASTRA (Sir C. Neumann) ..... R. J. Colling	8	4
LEVANTINE (Mr. J. Gilmartin) ..... Mr. L. Whitfield	8	4
aBALMY BREEZE (Mr. M. Vasey) ..... M. Vasey	8	4
BAITING AIRWAY (Lieutenant-Colonel Wingfield) ..... Pope	8	4
WICKET (Mr. W. Yapp) ..... Yapp	8	4

Each to be sold for £100, except Archerot and Little Bear.

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SABRE LEG, J. Taylor; THEATRE ROYAL, G. Richards; MISS JACKIE, —; BALMY BREEZE, J. Simpson. T. Weston will ride either Sabretashe or Miss Jackie.

4.0.—The KING COAL HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
THE MOHAWK (Lieutenant-Colonel J. Hutchinson)	6	9	0
ROSE-KNOT (7lb. ex.) (Mr. V. P. Miss) V. Smyth	4	8	10
BLISSFUL (Lord Astor) ..... Lawson	4	8	6
aPATRICK (His Majesty) ..... W. Jarvis	4	8	1
aPOTOCKI (Colonel T. C. Dunlop) ..Easterby	5	8	1
aBALLYMURPHY (Mr. J. G. Thompson) T. Webb	6	7	12
GLOUCESTER HUSSAR (Lord Lonsdale) ..... J. Armstrong	5	7	12
aETHELWULF (Mr. J. E. Anderton) ..... Boyd	5	7	8
aHEART OF GOLD (Mr. H. F. Clayton) ..... Elsey	3	6	7
GLENLOSSIE (Mr. R. Lumsden) ..... Hamilton	5	6	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

PATRICK, J. Simpson; POTOCKI, W. Nevett; BALLYMURPHY, A. Richardson; ETHELWULF, T. Weston; HEART OF GOLD, —.

4.30.—The WHITSUNTIDE FOAL STAKES of 1 sov. only, or 6 sovs. if left in after the second Tuesday in October, 1929 (for colts), or the last Tuesday in March, 1929 (for fillies), or 10 sovs. if struck out by the last Tuesday in March, 1929, 20 sovs. only if struck out by the first Tuesday in January, 1930, or 30 sovs. for first and second entry added; second to receive 400 sovs. and third 200 sovs. the breeder of the winner 125 sovs., of the second 50 sovs., and of the third 25 sovs. out of the stakes. One mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
RATTLIN THE REEFER (4lb.) (Lord Woolavington) ..... Gilpin	4	10	0
GUY MANNERING (Lord Woolavington) Gilpin	4	10	0
MR. JINKS (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	4	10	0
EMPIRE BUILDER (Lady H. McCalmont) Persse	4	9	10
aCHAGADOUR (Count McCormack) ..... R. Dawson	4	8	12
PLOT (Lord Astor) ..... R. Dawson	4	8	11
aRACEDALE (Dowager Lady Nunburnholme) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	4	8	7
QUEEN OF THE NORE (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	3	8	6
WRIT (Lord Astor) ..... Lawson	3	8	2
VOYEURTH (Mr. F. Maber) ..... Persse	3	8	2
aMALAKOFF (12lb.) (Mr. R. Walker) ..... Bullock	4	7	9
PARENTHESIS (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	3	7	5
FONTEBELLE (Mr. J. B. Joel) ..... J. Fox	3	7	5
ELIRANK (4lb.) (Mr. E. Esmond) ..... J. Jarvis	3	7	5
TEFNUT (Sir J. Rutherford) ..... R. Day	3	7	2
DIAMOND HILL (Major McCalmont) ..... Persse	3	7	2
SKY QUARK (12lb.) (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogz	3	7	1
aSEA ROVER (4lb.) (Mr. A. R. Cox) ..... Lawson	3	7	1
BRANTWOOD (4lb.) (Mr. S. Tattersall) Lawson	3	6	12
LADY OF THE DANUBE (12lb.) (Mr. H. E. Steel) ..... Walls	3	6	11
aPOLVERAJA (8lb.) (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	3	6	11

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CRAIGADOUR, M. Beary; RACEDALE, J. Childs; MALAKOFF, F. Fox; SEA ROVER, G. Richards; POLVERAJA, K. Robertson.

3.30.—The CLUB SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
ARCHEROT (Mr. J. Cooper) ..... Douglas-Pennant	8	11
LITTLE BEAU (Mr. Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	8	11
IRISH MINT c, by Manna (Sir W. Cooke) ..... Read	8	7
BEGGARMAN (Captain C. F. Elsey) ..... Elsey	8	7
PRINCE EVAN (Sir D. Broughton) ..... Farquharson	8	4
SWEETASS (Mr.

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

CRICKET

REMARKABLE MATCH AT LORD'S

TWO DOUBLE CENTURIES

The match between Middlesex and Sussex at Lord's was left drawn yesterday, the result of a very fine game being the gain of 5 points to Sussex for a lead on the first innings. The match will be memorable for several reasons.

The first was the stand of 107 runs for the Middlesex last wicket in the first innings, of which H. J. Enthoven made 102 and Price 3. Wensley and Cornford, set to make 14 runs for the last wicket to give Sussex the lead on the first innings, put on 40 runs. Yesterday Enthoven made a second hundred and saved the match for his side. Then, after a bad start to the Sussex second innings, K. S. Duleepsinhji, who had made 102 in the first innings, made a second hundred and was not out 102 when Sussex appealed against the light.

When this appeal was made Sussex needed 72 runs to win and had 38 minutes in which to make them. Eight Sussex wickets were down and K. S. Duleepsinhji and Cook were both well set and scoring at a fine pace. K. S. Duleepsinhji, indeed, made his last 21 runs in eight minutes and Cook hit four 4's in the last 20 minutes of play. The light was poor all day and was perhaps worse at the moment that play was stopped than it had been at other times. N. Haig had made a sporting declaration, and some surprise was felt that Sussex did not try to take the possible, and at this time not dangerous, chance of winning the match.

This is the second time that two batsmen have scored two separate centuries in the same match this year. In the match between Gloucestershire and Essex at Bristol, O'Connor scored 138 and 120 not out, and B. H. Lyon 115 and 101 not out.

Hendren and G. T. S. Stevens were soon out in the morning, and for the time being there was nothing for Enthoven and G. C. Newman to do but play most doggedly for safety. Middlesex were then only 82 runs on with four wickets down. Tate and Wensley bowled really well to begin with, but after a time they were worn down. Newman was out when the match was very nearly safe, caught at the wicket off a ball which broke sharply from leg and at which he had to play. G. O. Allen came in, and after making a single was out in the most curious way. He tried to hit a long-hop round to square leg, and hit the ball up in the air straight over his head. Cornford came round the wicket to make a catch, and, as Allen was too tall for him, he hustled Allen out of his ground. Shortly afterwards it was seen that the wicket was broken. Allen came half the way up the pitch towards the Pavilion and then ran back again. After some deliberation it was decided that he was bowled, the top spin having carried the ball on with sufficient pace on it to break the wicket. Enthoven made his 100 with a two to leg off his glove. After that R. W. V. Robins gave a pretty exhibition of forcing cricket, his off-driving being beautifully clean and well timed.

Sussex began badly, Bowley being caught at third slip off the first ball bowled by Allen. A. H. H. Gilligan was caught at short slip when he had made 17, and, remembering the way that Tate was able to make the ball get up at either end, there seemed a chance of a win for Middlesex after all. Cook, however, after nearly running himself out, to make his first run, batted extremely well, and K. S. Duleepsinhji not only seemed to have plenty of time to make every stroke, but also scored faster than he had done in the first innings. When he had made 45 he should have been out to a rather easy catch at mid-off, but Allen missed it. His score remained for a time at 81, but then he made eight and nine off the next two overs, and reached his hundred off the second ball of the third.

Score:—

MIDDLESEX

First Innings		Second Innings	
N. Haig, b. Tate	17	c. Parks (J.), b. Wensley	21
G. T. S. Stevens, l.-b.-w., b. Tate	18	b. Tate	1
Hearne, c. Cornford, b. Cook	29	not out	12
Hendren, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Tate	49	b. Wensley	14
G. O. Allen, c. Parks (J.), b. Tate	11	b. Bowley	1
H. J. Enthoven, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Bowley	123	c. Duleepsinhji, b. Langridge	115
R. W. V. Robins, l.-b.-w., b. Tate	2	not out	51
G. C. Newman, l.-b.-w., b. Wensley	17	c. Cornford, b. Langridge	24
Canning, c. Cornford, b. Wensley	8		
Price not out	3		
Byes, 5; l.-b., 4; w., 1; n.-b., 1	11	Byes, 2; l.-b., 10; w. 2	24
Total	327	Total (7 wkts.)*	284

* Innings declared closed.

SUSSEX

First Innings		Second Innings	
A. H. Gilligan, c. Canning, b. Stevens	37	c. Hendren, b. Allen	4
Bowley, c. Stevens, b. Allen	23	c. Robins, b. Allen	0
K. S. Duleepsinhji, st. Price, b. Lee	116	not out	102
Cook, l.-b.-w., b. Stevens	0	not out	62
Langridge (James), l.-b.-w., b. Allen	18		
Parks (J.) run out	6		
Tate, b. Robins	18		
Parks (H.), b. Stevens	47		
Wensley not out	59		
Hollingdale, l.-b.-w., b. Hearne	5		
Cornford, b. Allen	3		
Byes, 8; l.-b., 12; w., 1; n.-b., 1	22	Byes, 14; l.-b., 4	18
Total	354	Total (2 wkts.)	186

BOWLING ANALYSIS

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	44	15	92	6	Cook	16	2	40	1
Wensley	29	5	72	2	Langridge	7	1	32	0
Parks (J.)	6	3	28	0	Bowley	5.4	0	28	1
Hollingdale	9	3	25	0					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	26	5	60	2	Cook	7	1	14	0
Wensley	25	5	69	2	Hollingdale	12	3	27	0
Bowley	8	0	35	0	Langridge	21	4	55	2

SUSSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allen	28.5	3	80	3	Stevens	21	2	72	3
Haig	22	3	52	0	Lee	5	1	16	1
Robins	23	2	83	1	Hearne	6	0	19	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allen	14	2	41	2	Lee	3	1	5	0
Haig	15	3	31	0	Stevens	7	0	28	0
Robins	4	1	9	0	Enthoven	4	1	9	0

UMPIRES.—Parry and Nash

DERBYSHIRE TAKE FIVE POINTS

Warwickshire made a splendid struggle at Derby yesterday, but failed by 29 to equal the home county's score, and Derbyshire took five points for their first-innings lead. When heavy rain brought the match to a close at 5 o'clock Derbyshire were 46 in front with all 10 wickets in hand.

Requiring 34 runs to save the follow on with six wickets to fall, R. E. S. Wyatt (100) and Kilner (25) batted so steadily when play was continued that they took the score to 380 before Wyatt was caught in the long field by Alderman. For his 145 Wyatt was batting altogether for six hours and a quarter, having 10 4's and as many as 79 singles among his scoring strokes. Kilner reached his 50 in an hour and 50 minutes, and his 79 took him three hours and a quarter. Having disposed of these batsmen, Derbyshire quickly secured the remaining wickets, the last five batsmen being dismissed for 49 runs.

Score:—

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Storer, c. Mayer, b. Paine	102		
Lee, b. Mayer	6		
Bowden, l.-b.-w., b. Mayer	0		
G. R. Jackson, c. and b. Mayer	0		
Townsend, c. Sanders, b. Smart	117		
Worthington, c. Wyatt, b. Smart	83		
Hutchinson, not out	52		
Alderman, b. Sanders	3		
Slater, not out	59		
Byes, 14; l.-b., 4	18		
Total (7 wkts.)	448		

* Innings declared closed.

Elliott and Mitchell did not go in.

Second Innings.—Storer, not out, 2; Lee, not out, 11. Byes, 4.—Total (no wkt.), 17.

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

Smith, b. Worthington	5
Croom, b. Worthington	110
Bates, b. Worthington	4
R. E. S. Wyatt, c. Alderman, b. Townsend	145
The Rev. F. R. Parsons, b. Worthington	5
Kilner, b. Mitchell	77
Santall, c. Alderman, b. Townsend	17
Smart, b. Mitchell	5
Paine, run out	0
Sanders, b. Worthington	1
Mayer, not out	18
Byes, 15; l.-b., 14; w., 1; n.-b., 1	32
Total	419

BOWLING ANALYSIS

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	37	12	91	4	Paine	41	13	95	1
Sanders	31	15	51	1	Croom	3	0	20	0
Wyatt	24	1	88	0	Smart	19	2	43	2
Santall	10	1	42	0					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	7	0	5	0	Sanders	1.3	0	8	0

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Slater	26	7	66	0	Mitchell	52	15	79	2
Worthington	32.4	6	77	5	Lee	10	1	28	0
Townsend	51	14	109	2	Alderman	1	0	4	0

UMPIRES.—Phillips and Dolphin

DRAWN MATCH AT TRENT BRIDGE

RAIN PREVENTS A KEEN FINISH

There might have been a very exciting finish to the match between Nottinghamshire and Surrey at Trent Bridge yesterday, but the rain came down at 5.20 when Nottinghamshire needed 15 runs to save the innings defeat with three wickets in hand, and although it stopped soon enough to allow play at 6.15, there was no time for Surrey to force a win.

After a morning of heavy but broken showers the weather cleared up, and at 1.10 Gunn and Whysall went on with their first-wicket partnership. There was no sun, and with the rain reducing the wicket to complete docility the Surrey bowlers could not have had very much hope of meeting with any early success. In M. J. C. Allom's first over Gunn twice turned rising balls on his body round to leg for 4's. If Brooks had suddenly been inspired he might possibly have moved across and made a very great catch off the first stroke Gunn made, but no fieldsman was anywhere near the second. Gover was inclined to bowl short, a fatal mistake on a pitch which was doing everything to retard the pace of the ball, and Whysall hooked him beautifully to the boundary without putting any effort into his stroke. Rain fell during the luncheon interval, but it stopped before 2 o'clock, and the game was resumed at the usual time.

Gover continued to bowl short, and Gunn hit him off his right foot past extra cover-point to the boundary, but when Peach came on he quickly got a wicket, Whysall being caught at forward short-leg off a ball that he played at a little too soon and got a little too high up the bat. Although Gunn made one of his own strokes to score a boundary off Peach to square-leg, the great majority of the 49 runs he and Lilley put on together were singles, thanks to the length Peach, Gregory, and P. G. H. Fender kept and the intelligent placing of the field. Gunn, however, is not a batsman to allow either the bowling or the field to dictate to him for long, and when Allom came on for Peach at 147 he hit an astonishing 4, that was nearly a 6, over mid-off's head off a good-length ball. He was, however, out to the next ball. It could have been driven on the full-pitch past extra cover-point, but Gunn, without moving his feet, waved a negligent cross-bat at it and was bowled. With two wickets down for 152 runs, Nottinghamshire looked safe enough, but Allom took another two quick wickets, A. W. Carr being bowled at 162, and Payton six runs later being caught at first slip off a ball which swung quickly enough across from his leg-stump to force him to play at it. Lilley went on to make 45 quiet but valuable runs before he was caught at square-leg. The wicket was by this time helping the ball to kick, and Allom and Gover gave Walker and A. Staples some very awkward overs before the tea interval came with the score at 196 for five wickets.

At 203 Gover took two wickets in two balls, A. Staples being caught deep at long-leg, playing a defiant stroke at a rising ball, and Barratt getting the next on his glove and deflecting it to Allom at second slip. Larwood, helped by a hook for 6 off Gover, made 13 runs quickly, and a shower at 5.20 helped to keep the crowd in an intolerable state of suspense. There were only 15 minutes left for play when cricket was possible again, but Larwood and Walker made the game safe for their side.

Score:—

SURREY.—First Innings

Hobbs, b. Larwood	5		
Sandham, b. Barratt	152		
Ducat, b. Staples (A.)	218		
Shepherd, b. Larwood	7		
Barling, c. Lilley, b. Barratt	1		
P. G. H. Fender, b. Staples (A.)	63		
Gregory, b. Larwood	4		
Peach, b. Larwood	16		
M. J. C. Allom, b. Barratt	5		
Brooks, b. Larwood	17		
Gover, not out	1		
Byes, 7; l.-b., 3; w., 1; n.-b., 1	12		
Total	501		

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Gunn (G.), b. Allom	9	b. Allom	81
Whysall, c. Shepherd, b. Gover	15	c. Fender, b. Peach	44
Walker, c. Gregory, b. Allom	2	not out	23
A. W. Carr, c. Fender, b. Gover	21	b. Allom	0
Payton, c. Brooks, c. Gover	100	c. Shepherd, b. Allom	1
Staples (A.), l.-b.-w., b. Gregory	14	c. Peach, b. Gover	5
Lilley, c. Hobbs, b. Fender	35	c. Gregory, b. Allom	45
Barratt, c. Gregory, b. Fender	15	c. Allom, b. Gover	0
Larwood, b. Fender	4	not out	23
Staples (S. J.), c. and b. Fender	0		
Voce, not out	27		
Byes, 8; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 2	13	Byes, 3; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 3	9
Total	264	Total (7 wkts.)	236

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SURREY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	30	5	102	5	Staples (A.)	23	1	95	2
Barratt	32.4	6	124	3	Staples (S. J.)	4	0	24	0
Voce	18	1	47	0	(S. J.)	29	4	111	0

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	22	7	56	2	Peach	10	1	27	0
Gover	20	3	73	3	Fender	13	5	53	4
Gregory	17	3	42	1					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	23	8	56	4	Fender	17	4	55	0
Gover	19	2	53	2	Gregory	15	4	30	0
Shepherd	3	1	7	0	Peach	11	2	26	1

UMPIRES.—Buswell and Young

GLOUCESTERSHIRE WIN EASILY

Gloucestershire beat Somerset at Taunton yesterday by eight wickets.

When Gloucestershire, with a total of 385 for six wickets, continued their innings in the morning they were 13 runs in front, and Barnett, who was not out 56, continued his free hitting. He and Neale added 67 altogether in 50 minutes for the seventh wicket, Barnett, who hit a 6 and twelve 4's, being caught at the wicket, and the innings quickly ended.

Somerset were 69 runs behind, and two wickets fell before lunch for 28. The game went so badly for them that half the side were out for 65. Some hitting by Wellard sent up the 100, but the innings closed for 144, Gloucestershire lost Dacre with 22 scored, but Hammond and Sinfield hit away brightly until Hammond, in attempting to make the winning stroke, was caught on the boundary.

Score:—

SOMERSET

First Innings		Second Innings	
E. F. Longrigg, c. Lyon, b. Barnett	1	b. Barnett	5
Young, b. Hammond	33	run out	33
A. Isaac, c. Dacre, b. Barnett	18	c. Barnett, b. Sinfield	9
M. D. Lyon, c. Barnett, b. Goddard	210	c. Hammond, b. Goddard	1
J. C. White, b. Neale	12	c. Hammond, b. Sinfield	6
C. D. Case, l.-b.-w., b. Sinfield	6	b. Goddard	4
Lee (F. S.), c. Stephens, b. Goddard	40	c. Stephens, b. Goddard	10
Lee (J. W.), not out	13	c. Stephens, b. Hammond	0
Wellard, b. Hammond	17	c. Smith, b. Parker	20
Hunt, b. Hammond	4	l.-b.-w., b. Parker	41
Andrews, b. Hammond	0	not out	4
Byes, 7; l.-b., 1; n.-b., 1	9	Byes, 9; l.-b., 2	11
Total	372	Total	144

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Dipper, b. Wellard	4		
Sinfield, l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	107	not out	25
B. H. Lyon, c. and b. Wellard	100	not out	4
Hammond, c. and b. Andrews	22	c. Young, b. White	33
Dacre, l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	31	b. Andrews	12
Smith, c. and b. Young	30		
Barnett, c. Lyon, b. Wellard	84		
Neale, c. Longrigg, b. Wellard	17		
Stephens, b. Wellard	0		
Parker, b. Hunt	2		
Goddard, not out	6		
Byes, 21; l.-b., 4; w., 1; n.-b., 2	28	Byes, 1; l.-b., 4	5
Total	441	Total (2 wkts.)	79

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SOMERSET.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	17	7	45	1	Hammond	17.4	2	50	4
Barnett	10	1	32	0	Goddard	39	13	142	2
Parker	13	2	52	0	Neale	11	1	42	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	29	7	40	2	Hammond	12	5	27	1
Barnett	4	1	5	1	Parker	7.4	1	22	2
Goddard	20	7	39	3					

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	53.5	14	124	5	Lee (J. W.)	26	10	58	0
Andrews	24	4	85	1	Hunt	24	6	63	3
White	55	27	68	0	Young	9	3	15	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	8	2	24	0	Lee (J. W.)	4	0	18	0
Hunt	2	1	4	0	White	2.2	0	9	1
Andrews	4	0	19	1					

UMPIRES.—Burrows and Reeves.

THE COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP

	P.	W.	L.	Won 1st inns.	Lost on 1st inns.	No result	Pts.
Points Awarded	—	8	0	5	3	4	—
Lancashire	9	5	0	1	2	1	55
Nottinghamshire	9	5	1	2	1	0	53
Kent	9	3	2	2	0	0	48
Surrey	10	1	0	4	4	1	44
Warwickshire	8	2	0	4	2	0	42
Derbyshire	7	3	2	1	0	1	33
Yorkshire	6	3	1	1	1	0	32
Glamorgan	8	1	2	4	1	0	31
Sussex	7	2	2	1	2	0	30
Gloucestershire	7	2	1	0	4	0	28
Worcestershire	9	1	4	2	2	0	24
Leicestershire	7	1	3	3	0	0	23
Northamptonshire	9	2	5	0	1	1	23
Middlesex	8	2	2	1	1	2	22
Essex	9	1	6	2	3	0	21
Hampshire	7	1	3	0	3	0	17
Somerset	7	0	5	2	0	0	10

'A TAME FINISH AT LEEDS

YORKSHIRE TAKE FIVE POINTS

Lancashire managed to save the follow-on at Headingley yesterday, by making 305, and when rain stopped play Yorkshire had scored 11 for the loss of Sutcliffe's wicket.

Two other events had occurred during the night to threaten an abrupt ending of the match. One was the death of Sir F. C. Toone, for 28 years secretary of the Yorkshire County Cricket Club, but in this case there was the natural desire not to disappoint any farther what remained of the Whitsun holiday crowd. As a mark of respect, however, the players appeared wearing black armlets. The other event was a fall of rain and the continuance of dull, threatening weather. This delayed the start of play for a quarter of an hour, but as it happened, the very absence of all sunshine spared Lancashire the additional anxieties of facing Rhodes and Robinson on a sticky pitch. Some idea of the way in which Rhodes's bowling was treated on an easy pitch can be gained from the analysis. Although he took only one wicket he sent down 44 overs, 32 of which were maidens, at the trifling cost of 19 runs.

Lancashire still required 66 runs to avert all the risks attending a follow-on when Hopwood and Sibbles went in to bat at 11.45.

The score then stood at 202 for six wickets. Sibbles soon was out, bowled by Bowes, but Duckworth helped Hopwood to reduce the 66 to 16 before patience gave way to the more elemental desire to have a knock instead of a poke at the ball. The whole Lancashire innings could be described—in paraphrase of the famous definition of modern warfare—as hours of boredom punctuated by moments of reckless hitting at the wrong ball. Duckworth lifted a ball from Leyland, who had just relieved very ineffective Dennis, straight to Barber at mid-off, and when, two balls later, R. Tyldesley blindly slogged a catch to Sutcliffe in the deep field, only one more wicket remained. McDonald, however, proved to be the right man for this particular emergency, and, thanks to his cheerful refusal to block half volleys and to treat long hops and every other form of loose ball with the utmost respect, the danger point quickly was passed. Incidentally this last and almost light-hearted stand enabled Hopwood to reach his century, his sixth for the county, but his first in this match of matches. In the circumstances perhaps it is hard to do full justice to the effort, an effort that undoubtedly saved Lancashire from an almost ignominious situation. There were no more than three 4's in it, but there also were plenty of good clean strokes as well as an infinity of patience.

Yorkshire's second innings, started at 3.57, appeared to have ended at 4 o'clock, having produced six runs, when the players trooped back into the pavilion. A few in the small crowd jeered, however, and the umpires remained, and back the players came—altogether an inexplicable incident. They appeared satisfied when, a few minutes later, Sutcliffe, who had been trying hard to entertain, was caught in the slips off Macdonald's bowling. As rain was falling at the time of the second general retirement no one expressed any annoyance.

Score:—

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

Holmes, c. Duckworth, b. Sibbles	9		
Sutcliffe, c. Duckworth, b. McDonald	49		
Oldroyd, c. Taylor, b. McDonald	49		
Leyland, not out	211		
A. W. Barber, l.-b.-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	17		
Mitchell, McDonald, b. Tyldesley (R.)	6		
Robinson, c. Tyldesley (E.), b. Hopwood	41		
Wood, b. Hopwood	13		
Dennis, b. Hopwood	9		
Rhodes, b. McDonald	33		
Bowes, not out	6		
Byes, 7; l.-b., 5	12		
Total (9 wkts.)	417		

* Innings declared closed

SECOND INNINGS.—Holmes, not out, 4; Sutcliffe, c. McDonald, b. Sibbles, 7. Total (1 wkt.), 11.

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Hallows, b. Robinson	33		
Watson, c. Barber, b. Leyland	36		
Tyldesley (E.), c. Barber, b. Robinson	0		
Iddon, st. Dolphin, b. Rhodes	20		
Hopwood, not out	107		
Taylor, c. Holmes, b. Robinson	21		
P. T. Eckersley, b. Leyland	19		
Sibbles, c. Bowes, b. Duckworth	4		
Barber, b. Leyland	13		
Tyldesley (R.), c. Sutcliffe, b. Leyland	0		
McDonald, c. Bowes, b. Dennis	34		
Byes, 5; l.-b., 4; n.-b., 9	18		
Total	305		

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	37	6	109	3	Hopwood	30	4	64	3
Sibbles	37	4	106	1	Watson	6	1	22	0
Tyldesley (R.)	32	6	93	2	Iddon	3	2	11	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	2	0	9	0	Sibbles	1.2	0	2	1

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	55	15	128	3	Rhodes	44	32	19	1
Bowes	32.2	10	59	2	Leyland	19	5	49	4
Dennis	19	5	34	0					

UMPIRES.—Oates and Morton.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAVE THE MATCH

By batting until nearly half-past 4 at Leyton yesterday, Worcestershire avoided defeat, Essex not having sufficient time in which to score the 154 runs required for victory.

Beginning the day 20 runs behind with all their wickets in hand, Worcestershire took 4 hours and 40 minutes over their innings, which realized 200. Two wickets had fallen for 59, but Gibbons stayed an hour and three-quarters for 43 runs, and the best stand, by him and V. Fox, realized 50 runs. Quaife batted soundly for an hour and a half while the score rose from 147 to 200. Smith was the most successful bowler again, and by taking six wickets for 59 runs he made his record in the match 12 for 145.

Essex required 154 runs for victory with an hour and three-quarters at the most remaining for play. The early dismissal of Cutmore and Bray left 75 minutes in which to obtain 127 runs, but it never seemed possible to get them, and the match was abandoned as a draw at a quarter past 6.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Wright, c. Smith, b. Russell	38	c. Hipkin, b. Nichols	15
Fox (J.), b. Daer	43	c. and b. Smith	23
Nichol, b. Daer	102	b. Smith	19
Gibbons, b. Daer	0	c. Cutmore, b. Smith	43
Fox (V.), b. Smith	60	c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	20
C. F. Walters, b. Smith	14	c. and b. Smith	17
R. W. Quaife, c. Nichols, b. Smith	7	b. Smith	30
Santall (J.), b. Smith	2	b. Nichols	9
Root, not out	36	b. Smith	7
Brooks, l.-b.-w., b. Smith	7	c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	0
Jackson, c. Bray, b. Smith	2	not out	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 13; w., 2; n.-b., 2	21	Byes, 13; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 2	17
Total	332	Total	200

ESSEX

First Innings		Second Innings	
Cutmore, c. and b. Brooke	180	c. Gibbons, b. Root	6
Pope, c. Nichol, b. Root	8		
T. N. Pearce, c. Quaife, b. Root	5	not out	31
Russell, l.-b.-w., b. Jackson	34	not out	41
Nicholls, c. Walters, b. Santall	108		
C. Bray, b. Brooke	0	c. Quaife, b. Jackson	9
Sheffield, b. Jackson	12		
Hipkin, l.-b.-w., b. Santall	4		
A. G. Daer, b. Brooke	11		
Smith (F.), not out	1		
Lywood, l.-b.-w., b. Brooke	0		
Byes, 14; l.-b., 6; n.-b., 1	21	Leg-byes, 7; w., 1	8
Total	379	Total (2 wkts.)	95

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	19	7	51	0	Lywood	10	0	39	0
Daer	29	7	80	3	Hipkin	20	8	32	0
Smith	27.2	4	86	6	Russell	13	6	23	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Lywood	3	0	6	0	Nichols	21.2	4	39	4
Daer	18	5	41	0	Russell	18	8	24	0
Smith	30	5	59	6	Hipkin	16	9	14	0

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	37	7	111	2	Brooke	24.3	1	127	4
Jackson	24	3	65	2	Santall	9	2	29	2
Wright	14	1	28	0					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	17	4	42	0	Wright	7	0	19	0
Jackson	9	1	26	1					

UMPIRES.—Street and Stone

RESULTS IN BRIEF

TEDDINGTON, 203 (M. Amon 114); READING UNIVERSITY, 130.

BRASENOSE COLLEGE, 250 for 6, dec. (C. H. Thirmeley 104 not out); THE LEVALIDS, 253 for 8 (C. L. Tabor 78, C. E. Kerr 47).

CROYDON, 250 for 9, dec. (W. A. Goodall 64, D. A. Lancaster 96 not out); THE WANDERERS, 177 for 4 (A. S. Scole 75, C. H. Smith 45).

BILLING GRANGE MASTERS, 152 (the Rev. E. F. Waddy 56); CRYPTICS, 168 for 3 (W. A. Syme 53 not out).

WIMBLEDON, 170; BUTTERFLIES, 135.

THE OWLS, 114 (R. S. Chandler 49); FLEET, 238 (H. Post 68, C. Matthews 54).

LEAMINGTON, 150 (C. R. Jennay 50, Herman 6 for 34) and 253 (J. G. Pugh 102, Patterson 6 for 53); THE GOOGLIES, 132 (E. Mordant 52, Kent 7 for 54) and 215 (P. L. Durlacher 54, H. Patterson 70 not out, Kent 4 for 56).

STAFF COLLEGE, CAMBERLEY, 197 (Captain M. C. Dempsey 76); SANDHURST WANDERERS, 159 (Captain C. R. Robertson 7 for 63).

INNER CIVIL SERVICE, 192 for eight declared (H. Flewett 69 not out); CIVIL SERVICE CRUSADERS, 207 for five (W. L. T. Webb 102).

COLDSTREAMS, 161 (P. D. Radcliffe 42, P. Acland 43); OWLS, 107 (Major T. H. Scott 41).

AUSTRALIANS WIN AT FENNER'S

CAMBRIDGE BATTING IMPROVES

The Australians beat Cambridge at Fenner's yesterday by an innings and 134 runs, but a delay of half an hour for rain before luncheon and a wet ball kept them out in the field until half-past 3.

On the first two days of the match the Australians had played in conditions more to their liking than they had yet met during their tour; warm sunshine and a pitch, prepared by Dan Hayward and his accomplice, as firm and true as the heart of a batsman could wish for. Yesterday the weather broke, and, with Cambridge already in a hopeless position and a drizzling rain falling all day the cricket was anything but cheerful.

From the point of view of those who have to choose the University team, however, it was instructive, for, after E. T. Killick had left and the innings appeared to be as good as over, R. H. C. Human and F. R. Brown made a most gallant stand. Brown has already been given his Blue, but Human, who came from Repton with a big reputation so far not maintained, at least established serious claims for further consideration.

When play was continued in the morning Cambridge, with three wickets down, still required to make 317 runs to save an innings defeat, and after Killick and J. T. Morgan had added 11 runs in a quarter of an hour the rain was too severe to be tolerated. It was still raining in another half-hour, but buckets of sawdust and an intention to finish the game at all costs saw the players out again. Morgan played the ball well in the middle of the bat, but at 64 he was caught at the wicket off S. McCabe, who soon afterwards bowled T. W. T. Baines. Killick batted like the class player he undoubtedly is, but with the total at 99, first, H. R. W. Butterworth was bowled by McCabe and then Killick did not quite jump out far enough to a ball from D. Bradman, and had the ball not hit the wicket would have been stumped by yards.

Human took an uncomfortably long time to settle down to score his first run, but, once he had gained some confidence, he batted with the air of one who is accustomed to score runs with ease off the best of bowling. Brown, also, though in a rather less accomplished manner, took the runs that were offered him, and brightened up the day by sweeping a ball which pitched on the off stump, for 6 over square leg's head. W. M. Woodfull tried all the changes of bowling which he had at his command, but these two had taken the score to 184 before Human was caught at mid-off. Brown stayed in a little longer to play the highest innings, and W. H. Webster gave some trouble until Wall, who in both innings had bowled definitely fast, knocked a st

LAWN TENNIS

THE LONSDALE LIBRARY

LAWN TENNIS. Its Principles and Practice. By A. WALLIS MYERS. With over 70 illustrations. The Lonsdale Library. (Seeley, Service and Co. 12s. 6d. net.)

"The Lonsdale Library" of Sports, Games, and Pastimes is a series designed on lines long familiar in "The Badminton Library" to furnish—to quote the publishers' note—"the most up-to-date and exhaustive information from the pens of the greatest authorities on each subject." The subject of this, the fifth, volume is lawn tennis; the pen is that of Mr. Wallis Myers, who joins to his qualifications as player, critic, propagandist, and enthusiast what is not necessarily associated with them—experience in writing books. There is full scope for that experience when a subject with so many aspects as lawn tennis has to be treated exhaustively in 200 pages, and the sense of proportion with which Mr. Myers has met competing claims for his space calls for special recognition.

Among matters discussed at length are the history of the game; its universal appeal and the part played by women; the evolution of its strokes and tactics; the technique of addressing the ball; match play training and "psychology"; the implements used; courts and court-making; and the methods to which famous players owe their success. Mr. Myers has been comprehensive, also, in his selection of illustrations. The growth of the popularity of the game is illustrated in consecutive photographs—one of a match at Wimbledon in 1883, the next of a match in these days; in the first there is only a sprinkling of spectators—one of them a lady brandishing a parasol behind the server. Its acceptance abroad is indicated in a series of photographs of courts the world over—Buenos Aires contributing a most elaborate structure. Plans of covered courts and their accessories are included. But the majority of the illustrations serve the double purpose of being photographs of experts and at the same time object-lessons in the making of strokes. One of Mr. Tilden making a forehand drive is an answer to the question that all those who have seen him play must have repeatedly put to themselves: How can that hit so hard without loss of control? The power and the place where it will operate are as recognizable as in a steam hammer in action; the position of the outflung left arm accounts for the maintenance of balance. The camera has confirmed the general impression that Señorita de Alvarez is inimitable, for the grace in her movements has escaped it. Other photographs bring out the acrobatic agility of M. Borotra.

How much more than agility of body goes to the making of a champion will be gathered from a tribute to M. Borotra. It comes from M. Lacoste:—

> Right at the beginning of the match he noticed that I could not pass him with the aid of my backhand stroke. Instead of consciously attacking my backhand stroke, he seemed to be allowing me to hit it down the line. He saw the wisdom of rarely playing in the left corner of the court, contenting himself with winning his service up to four games all. But then on four rapid returns placed out of my backhand, followed by my volleys, he won my service game and the set with the following game.

This is very good "psychology." But in the same chapter Mr. Myers says either too little or too much when, to emphasize the need for concentration, he cites Mlle. Lenglen and her defeat in New York in 1921—contrasting her to her disadvantage with the winner, Mrs. Mallory. Lenglen retired after losing one set, and he attributes her withdrawal to her not being "crowd proof," and to that only. But to turn to Lyttel's *Lawn Tennis Almanack* of 1922, of which Mr. Myers is editor, is to read: "At the beginning of the second set the French girl retired on the ground of illness." Before that, when she won her first Championship by beating Mrs. Chambers, Mlle. Lenglen had given her proofs as a match player. Fit and well, she would have had a lot in hand against Mrs. Mallory, though that lady admittedly played better in America than in England. Mlle. Lenglen's record being what it is, it should have been made clear in a book such as this that she "retired on the ground of illness."

KENT CHAMPIONSHIPS

Dr. J. C. Gregory and H. G. N. Lee reached the third round of the Singles in the Kent Championships at Beckenham yesterday. Gregory, with a bye in the first round, beat Sir C. A. Thomas by 6—1, 6—3, and Lee played two matches, in the second of which he lost the first set to L. G. Owen. E. D. Andrews made his first tournament appearance of the year and came through two rounds without difficulty, but C. H. Kingsley, who reached the same stage, had a narrow escape in the first round, when J. D. Morris ran him to 6—2, 5—7, 9—6. Miss J. Sandison took three sets to beat Miss D. Gordon. Mrs. L. G. Owen, Mrs. J. B. Pittman, Miss H. M. Brooke, and Miss R. R. Clarke all reached the last eight, but Miss Clarke had to fight hard in the second set against Miss O. L. Webb before she won by 6—2, 10—8.

The results were:—

SINGLES (KENT CHAMPIONSHIP).—FIRST ROUND.—H. G. N. Lee (Dulwich) beat G. G. Curtis (Mercaz) (6—3, 6—0); L. G. Collins beat L. E. Eeman (6—1, 6—2); E. D. Andrews beat W. A. R. Collins (6—0, 6—2); H. W. Austin beat Stubbs (Catford) (6—0, 6—2); H. H. Poysden beat C. H. Price (6—1, 6—3); C. H. Kingsley beat J. D. Morris (8—2, 5—7, 9—6). SECOND ROUND.—Lee beat L. G. Owen (5—7, 6—1, 6—0); Andrews beat E. Crawshay (6—4, 6—4); Kingsley beat Commander P. F. Glover, R.N. (6—2, 6—4); Dr. J. C. Gregory beat Sir C. A. Thomas (6—1, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES (KENT CHAMPIONSHIP).—FIRST ROUND.—Mrs. A. D. Stokes beat Lady D. Peyrdh-Bouverie (6—3, 6—2); Miss K. le Mesurier beat Mrs. J. S. Colegate (6—4, 6—2); Miss D. Gordon beat Mrs. D. A. Aleton (6—1, 6—0). SECOND ROUND.—Miss B. Feltham beat Miss G. N. Thompson (2—6, 6—2, retired); Mrs. L. G. Owen beat Mrs. H. S. Uber (6—4, 6—1); Miss J. Sandison beat Miss Gordon (2—6, 6—1, 6—2); Miss H. M. Brooke beat Miss F. G. Brasier (6—1, 9—7); Miss R. R. Clarke beat Miss O. L. Webb (6—2, 10—8); Mrs. J. B. Pittman beat Mrs. M. B. Rocstitt (6—2, 6—4).

DOUBLES.—FIRST ROUND.—H. W. Austin and J. S. Gist beat J. E. Rodocanachi and G. A. M. Hyde (6—3, 6—4, 6—2).

PRIORY TOURNAMENT

D. M. Greig and J. L. Chamberlain reached the final of the Singles in the Priory Tournament at Birmingham yesterday, when the results were:—

SINGLES.—THIRD ROUND.—L. J. Hill beat O. Wright (6—2, 6—2); R. Morton beat C. E. Evans (6—4, 6—1); E. W. Standring beat F. C. Mobberley (6—1, 6—3). FOURTH ROUND.—Hill beat Morton (6—2, 6—0); L. L. Chamberlain beat J. S. Slater (6—3, 4—6, 6—2); E. H. S. Barnes beat I. E. Jenkins (6—2, 6—4); D. M. Greig beat Standring (6—4, 7—5). SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Greig beat Hill (5—7, 6—0, 6—3); Chamberlain beat Barnes (6—1, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—SECOND ROUND.—Miss F. James beat Miss J. Curtis (6—1, 6—2); Mrs. Hazel beat Miss P. Padmore (6—2, 6—3); Miss M. K. Phayre beat Miss C. Morton (6—2, 6—3). THIRD ROUND.—Miss N. Trentham beat Miss L. Johnstone (7—5, 6—3); Miss M. E. Dix beat Miss James (3—6, 6—2, 6—3); Mrs. G. McHugham beat Mrs. Hazel (6—2, 6—2); Miss M. Heeley beat Miss Phayre (6—3, 3—6, 6—2). SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. McHugham beat Miss Heeley (6—3, 9—7).

ESSEX CHAMPIONSHIPS

The Essex Championships were continued at Westcliff-on-Sea yesterday, when the results were:—

SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—W. Mansel-Smith beat R. L. Dunning (6—1, 8—6); E. Bruce Hay beat D. B. Milne (6—0, 6—4); H. J. Whitney beat R. Knight (6—1, 6—2); E. Clark beat R. G. Emanuel 2—6, 6—3, 6—4). SECOND ROUND.—Captain D. O. White beat M. L. Plaxman (6—1, 6—2); J. C. Warbors beat A. J. Fairclough (6—1, 6—2); J. R. McLachlan beat J. V. Gibbins (6—4, 6—4); R. M. Clark beat M. C. Roth (6—0, 6—4). THIRD ROUND.—R. V. Foster beat H. B. Moss (5—0, retired); McLachlan beat G. S. Best (6—2, 6—2); D. Leahong beat M. W. Whitmore (6—1, 6—2); F. M. Inwood w.o., E. S. Moss scratched; R. M. Clark beat K. A. Ambler (6—1, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—Miss E. Winkler beat Miss H. Cemane (6—1, 6—2). SECOND ROUND.—Miss Cox beat Miss C. J. Wells (6—2, 6—2);

(Continued in next column)

Lends enchantment to the dew

Schweppe
The Original
SODA WATER

POLO

THE RANELAGH OPEN CUP

In the first round of the Open Cup tournament at Ranelagh yesterday the Australian Goulburn team beat the Knaves by eight goals to six after a very fine game.

To beat by a margin of two goals a team who would have had to give them, under handicap, a start of four goals, and who, moreover, were all in great form, was an excellent performance, and shows what a really fine side the Australians are. Geoffrey Ashton, their No. 2, was especially brilliant, and three of the four goals that he hit were particularly fine. After a rather shaky start their combination was, as usual, splendid, and their riding off very good indeed. The Knaves were greatly strengthened by the substitution of Captain C. H. Tremayne for Count de la Maza at No. 3. Major Harrison was in good form at back, and the two forwards also played very well. The ground was in excellent order, and the game was an extremely fast one.

Goulburn were mostly attacking in the first period, which ended without score. A fine shot by their No. 2 gave the Australians the first goal in the next period, but after this their defence was twice pierced, Aidan Roark and Captain Tremayne each scoring. The third period opened with a goal by G. G. Ashton, hit with a great shot from a very difficult angle, and, after P. S. K. Ashton had also found the goal, Major Harrison equalized the scores at three all. The fourth period produced four goals, Major Harrison and A. Roark, with a free hit, scoring for the Knaves, and G. G. Ashton, at very long range, and P. S. K. Ashton, with a good cross shot, for Goulburn. The Australians had two successes in the fifth period, one goal being hit by P. S. K. Ashton and the other by G. G. Ashton, who scored after hitting the post with a beautiful shot. A good run by J. H. Ashton in the sixth period ended in his hitting a goal, while A. Roark hit the final goal of the match in the last period.

The teams were:—

GOULBURN.—P. S. K. Ashton, No. 1; G. G. Ashton, No. 2; J. H. Ashton, No. 3; and R. R. Ashton, back.

KNAVES.—Captain R. George, No. 1; A. Roark, No. 2; Captain C. H. Tremayne, No. 3; and Major J. F. Harrison, back.

An earlier match, played on the Barnes ground, between a Ranelagh team and a Wanderers team ended in a draw of four goals all.

The teams were:—

RANELAGH.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. G. M. Pleydell-Bouverie, No. 1; L. Nelson, No. 2; A. M. Peña, No. 3; J. G. Morrison, back.

WANDERERS.—G. Madlener, No. 1; Captain W. S. McCreery, No. 2; Captain C. T. I. Roark, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Colonel L. H. Hardy, back.

ROEHAMPTON

Two more ties in the first round of the Young Cup tournament were played at Roehampton yesterday. The Gatecrashers (received 1½) beat Roehampton "A" by 8½ goals to four; and the Dolphins (received 1½) beat Coverwood by 8½ goals to three.

The teams were:—

GATECRASHERS.—Captain E. O. Crosfield, No. 1; Sir Peter Farquhar, No. 2; Captain A. B. P. L. Vincent, No. 3; and the Hon. Henry Mond, back.

ROEHAMPTON "A."—E. R. Mayer, No. 1; W. F. Bovill, No. 2; Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Reynolds, No. 3; and Sir Ernest Hotrick, back.

DOLPHINS.—G. A. Neumann, No. 1; the Maharaja of Jaipur, No. 2; Captain G. V. Scott-Douglas, No. 3; and R. Treeck, back.

COVERWOOD.—L. R. S. Holway, No. 1; Commander F. J. Alexander, No. 2; Major A. L. Tate, No. 3; and M. D. Blair, back.

HURLINGHAM

In a match played on the second ground at Hurlingham yesterday the Life Guards "B" team beat Mr. J. B. Young's Grasshoppers' team by six goals to four. The winners owed their success to Captain A. H. Ferguson, who was very prominent throughout the game and hit four goals.

The teams were:—

LIFE GUARDS "B."—F. F. B. St. George, No. 1; T. A. Fairbairn, No. 2; Captain A. H. Ferguson No. 3; and A. H. Head, back.

GRASSHOPPERS.—H. Nelson, No. 1; Lord Digby, No. 2; J. B. Young, No. 3; and A. S. Rawle, back.

TEMPLETON

Playing at Templeton yesterday in the first round of the Young Cup tournament, the Life Guards "A" team (received 7½) beat Roehampton "B" by 10½ goals to seven.

The teams were:—

ROEHAMPTON "B."—P. Miller, No. 1; Sir Archibald Sinclair, No. 2; Captain C. T. I. Roark, No. 3; and Major R. L. Benson, back.

LIFE GUARDS "A."—Sir Gerard Fuller, No. 1; G. W. Pennington, No. 2; T. A. A. Watt, No. 3; and F. E. B. Wignall, back.

CROQUET

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS

The championships meeting was continued at the Roehampton Club yesterday, when the results were:—

GENTLEMEN'S CHAMPIONSHIP

FIRST ROUND.—W. H. P. Craig beat A. W. Pickard (−10+5+18); F. E. Green beat J. Dickson (−5+4+3); Major C. Foster beat A. Pare beat "J. Esse" (−16+17+18); H. T. P. Simpson beat E. T. Hardman (−14+7+14); C. S. W. Reeve beat R. Leetham Jones (−19+3+26); Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Du Pre beat E. W. Billing (+11+9); C. F. Colman beat Major S. F. Wright-Warren (+2+26).

SECOND ROUND.—Ben C. Apps (holder) beat Colonel C. E. Wilson (+22+15); W. Longman beat Craig (+23+20); Trevor Williams beat Green (+9+9); Colman beat Colonel Du Pre (+24+26).

LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP

FIRST ROUND (concluded).—Mrs. F. H. White beat Mrs. W. L. George (+13−7+13); Mrs. T. H. F. Clarkson beat Mrs. H. Franc (+12+20); Mrs. B. C. Apps beat Mrs. H. M. Weir (+20+16); Miss D. D. Steel (holder) beat Mrs. C. F. Colman (+26+26); Miss R. M. Quill beat Mrs. A. Snow (+9+19); Mrs. R. C. Longworth beat Miss R. Weightman (−22+20+9); Mrs. E. F. Turner beat Mrs. C. D. Miller (+5−10+10). SECOND ROUND.—Mrs. C. J. Reston beat Mrs. C. Waydelin (+26+16); Miss Steel beat Miss G. Skene (+24+26); Mrs. L. E. G. Nickinson beat Miss D. E. Oliver (+19+17); Miss J. Retallack beat Mrs. B. Wiggins (−8+12+12).

Miss B. Yorke beat Miss D. H. Crichton (8—6, 6—2); Miss B. C. Brown beat Miss C. R. Carter (6—1, 6—2); Miss D. Sloane Stanley beat Mrs. W. G. Everett (6—3, 6—4). THIRD ROUND.—Miss J. Marshall beat Miss L. Wilkinson (6—3, 6—3).

NORTHERN QUALIFYING COMPETITIONS

The Northern qualifying competitions for the Championships at Wimbledon will be begun at Chapel Allerton on Monday at 2 o'clock. The draw for the Singles, Women's Singles, and Women's Doubles is given below:—

SINGLES.—A. J. Smith v. F. J. W. White, W. F. Attwell v. R. Garnett, M. H. B. Eddowes v. R. Pickersgill, C. W. Banks v. E. B. King, E. T. Hollins v. J. D. Burrows, J. D. F. Fisher v. C. L. France, T. B. Northcote v. O. Wright, L. P. Antrobus v. R. S. Burrows.

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—Mrs. L. P. Antrobus a bye, Miss M. G. Hargreaves v. Mrs. W. E. Attewell, Miss E. D. Brooks v. Miss B. I. F. Drew, Miss F. James a bye.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—Miss D. E. Anderson and Miss W. M. C. Bower a bye, Miss E. D. Brooks and Miss M. G. Hargreaves v. Mrs. R. C. Middleton and Miss I. S. Howitt, Mrs. L. P. Antrobus and Miss F. James, Miss B. I. E. Drew and Miss E. Goldsworth, byes.

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS

ENTRIES FROM ABROAD

The preliminary list of foreign competitors—from 24 countries—for the 1930 Championships at Wimbledon is:—

AUSTRALIA.—J. B. Crawford, H. O. Hopman, E. F. Moon, J. Willard. Crawford will partner Miss Ryan in the Mixed Doubles and Moon will partner Mrs Robertson.

AUSTRIA.—Count L. Salm, F. W. Matejka, H. W. Artetes, Mrs. T. Wolf.

ARGENTINA.—G. E. Williams, L. M. Williams.

BELGIUM.—L. de Borman, Mlle. Sigart.

CANADA.—W. A. H. Duff, D. H. Hazell.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA.—J. Kozelich, R. Menzel, M. Malecek.

DENMARK.—Mrs. Dam, Miss Stockel.

FRANCE.—H. Cochet, J. Borotra, J. Brugnon, C. Boussus, P. Landry, A. J. Gerbault, R. Rodel, E. du Plaix, P. B. de Rieon, J. Grandguillot, G. Glasser, R. de Buzelet, Mme. Mathieu, Mlle. Barbier, Mme. Henrotin, Mlle. V. Gallay, Mlle. J. Gallay, Mme. Charponel.

GERMANY.—D. Prenn, F. Kuhlmann, Dr. H. Kleinschroth, Frl. C. Aussem, Frl. Krahwinkel, Frl. Peitz, W. T. Tilden will partner Frl. Aussem in the Mixed Doubles.

GREECE.—J. Vlasto, Miss R. Vlasto.

HOLLAND.—H. Timmer, J. van der Heide, Miss K. Bouman, Miss M. R. Couquerque. Miss M. Canters. Timmer and Tilden are paired in the Doubles.

HUNGARY.—B. de Kehrling.

INDIA.—Madan Mohan, J. Charanjiva, Dr. A. A. Fyzee, H. C. Dhanda, Dr. A. H. Fyzee, Miss J. Sandison, Mrs. E. C. Simon.

IRELAND.—G. Lyttelton Rogers, F. Crosbie, H. B. Furcell.

ITALY.—Baron H. L. de Morpurgo, P. Gaslini.

JAMAICA.—D. Leahong, B. M. Clark.

JAPAN.—T. Harada, Y. Ohta, T. Abe, H. Satoh, R. Miki.

MALAYA.—H. N. W. Oliver, M. Errington.

MONACO.—V. Landau.

NEW ZEALAND.—C. E. Malfroy.

SOUTH AFRICA.—P. D. B. Spence, G. R. Sherwell, B. O. Porter.

SPAIN.—Senorita E. de Alvarez.

SWITZERLAND.—M. Ferrier, Mlle. Payot.

U.S.A.—J. Doeg, G. M. Lott, J. Van Ryn, W. Allison, B. Bell, G. Mangin, E. H. McCaulift, Mrs. Moody, Miss H. Jacobs, Miss E. Cross, Miss S. Palfrey, Miss M. Palfrey, Miss M. Greef, Miss V. Vice, Miss Ryan.

COUNTY CLUB COMPETITIONS

MIDDLESEX

DIVISION II.—SECOND ROUND.—Highgate beat Primrose (8—1); Marlborough (Ealing) beat Campden (9—0).

WOMEN.—DIVISION I.—SECOND ROUND.—Chiswick Park beat Northwick (5—0); Cumberland beat Ealing; Gilpey beat Chelsea (5—1).

DIVISION II.—SECOND ROUND.—Campden beat Highgate (5—2); Heathfield Park beat Fortis Green (5—1); Marlborough beat Bounds Green (5—1); West Kensington beat Trevesian (9—0).

DIVISION III.—SECOND ROUND.—Brentham beat Edmonton (5—4); Lyons beat Cleveland (5—1); New Edgware beat Roundwood (5—2); Winchmore Hill beat Edgware Park (7—1); Woodberry beat Star Athletic (4—2).

KENT

MIXED SENIOR (Western Section).—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Beckenham beat Kent (6—0); Sundridge Park beat Sydenham (5—2).

JUNIOR.—SECTION II.—SECOND ROUND.—Albemarle II. beat Upper Sydenham; Bromley C.C. beat Bromley Town (5—2); Cyphers beat Forest Hill (6—0); Sundridge Park III. beat Beckenham III. (5—2).

SURREY

WOMEN.—SENIOR.—SECOND ROUND.—Dulwich beat New Malden (4—2).

GOLF

THE SCOTTISH LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP

A start was made at Turnberry yesterday with the Scottish Ladies' Championship, for which an entry of 80 players had been received. The weather was dull when play was begun, but the heavy rain of the previous day had left the course, particularly the putting greens, in perfect condition. The match of outstanding interest yesterday was that between Miss Doris Park, runner-up for the title last year, and Miss Hilda Cameron, who has twice been in the final, both of whom were in Miss Molly Gourlay's team, which beat the Americans at Sunningdale on May Day. Miss Park eventually won on the last green. Mrs. J. B. Watson, the holder, did not have an easy passage against Miss C. M. Park, and taking 41 strokes to go out, the champion was only all square. Mrs. Watson, however, won three holes in a row from the 14th, and though losing the 14th, she retained her remaining two holes advantage to win on the last green.

The results were:—

FIRST ROUND

Miss M. L. Brown (Sandyhills) beat Mrs. Barbour (Unattached) at the 20th hole.
Mrs. Mungo Park (Royal Musselburgh) w.o., Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd (North Berwick) scratched.
Miss M. A. C. Milligan (Turnberry) beat Miss H. Skene (St. Rule) by one hole.
Mrs. Walker Neilson (St. Nicholas) beat Miss M. Mellis (Aberdeen) by one hole.
Miss M. M. Robertson Durham (Gullane) beat Miss R. Neilson (St. Nicholas) by 4 and 2.
Miss L. Barclay (Kingston Beach, Tasmania) w.o., Mrs. R. H. Wallace Williamson (Murrayfield) scratched.
Mrs. J. B. Watson (Murrayfield) (holder) beat Miss C. M. Park (Royal Musselburgh) by two holes.
Miss S. A. Walker (Dunbar) beat Miss G. Hay (Barwon Heads, Victoria) by 3 and 2.
Miss Jean McKnight (Turnberry) beat Miss Betty Fenton (Turnberry) at the 19th hole.
Miss Marjorie H. Carruthers (Milngavie) w.o., Miss M. C. Skinner (Royal Musselburgh) scratched.
Mrs. W. A. Whitelaw (Nairn) beat Miss M. A. Hair (Moray) by one hole.
Miss J. Mitchell (St. Nicholas) beat Mrs. R. W. Marshall (Turnberry) by 4 and 3.
Miss Nan Baird (St. Nicholas) w.o., Mrs. R. Garrett (Machrihanish) scratched.
Miss Winnie Hunter (Turnberry) beat Miss Amy MacRobert (Paisley) by 1 hole.
Mrs. D. Jones (Kilmacolm) beat Mrs. A. D. Hay (Douglas Park) by 4 and 3.
Mrs. A. M. Holm (Elie and Earlsferry) beat Mrs. H. Percy (Gullane) at the 20th hole.

SECOND ROUND

Mrs. G. Barclay (Kingston Beach, Tasmania) beat Miss Helen M. Forrest (Bishopbriggs) by 2 and 1.
Miss W. Morrison (Douglas Park) beat Miss Elsie Hodge (Stirling) by 4 and 2.
Mrs. Mary E. Pearcy (Kilmacolm) beat Miss Winifred Strain (Turnberry) by 3 and 2.
Mrs. G. Coates (St. Nicholas) beat Miss Helen Weir (Kilspindie) by 2 and 1.
Miss M. Haldane (Gullane) beat Miss Mary A. Robertson (St. Nicholas) by 2 holes.
Miss Purvis-Russell-Montgomerie (St. Rule) beat Miss F. J. M. Menzies (Douglas Park) by 1 hole.
Mrs. T. W. L. Brown (Douglas Park) beat Mrs. J. McFadzean (Troon) by 2 and 1.
Miss Helen Nimmo (St. Rule) beat Miss Buchanan (Troon) by 5 and 4.
Mrs. L. Martin (Baberton) walked over; Miss M. Maitland (Elie and Earlsferry) scratched.
Miss Doris Park (Longniddry) beat Miss Hilda C. Cameron (Moray) by 3 and 2.
Mrs. A. A. Barry (St. Rule) beat Miss K. W. Aitken (Royal Musselburgh) at the 19th hole.
Miss K. S. Macdonald (Moray) walked over; Miss E. Tate (Elie and Earlsferry) scratched.
Mrs. W. Mellis (Aberdeen) beat Miss Nancy Greig (Douglas Park) by 3 and 1.
Mrs. F. H. White (Kingsknowe) walked over; Mrs. Melrose Morrison (Comrie) scratched.
Miss Margot Cox (Moray) beat Mrs. T. L. Burnside (Ranfurly Castle) by 3 and 2.
Mrs. Jean C. Hird (Unattached) beat Mrs. Scoular Buchanan (Moray) by 1 hole.
Miss M. I. Lamb (Nairn) beat Miss Glover (Elie and Earlsferry) at the 19th hole.
Miss Vyvian Lamb (Douglas Park) beat Mrs. H. Dunsmuir (Troon) by 6 and 5.
Mrs. W. Greenless (Troon) beat Miss Margaret Austin (Turnberry) by 6 and 4.
Miss Jean McCulloch (West Kilbride) beat Miss Maud Robertson (Machrihanish) by 6 and 5.
Mrs. J. Aitchison (St. Nicholas) beat Mrs. R. H. Rwan (Greenock) by 6 and 4.
Miss Macleod (Royal Melbourne, Victoria) beat Mrs. W. P. Scott (Carnoustie) by 5 and 4.
Miss Helen Johnston (Milngavie) beat Mrs. C. E. Baynes (Troon) by 3 and 2.
Miss E. Robertson-Durham (Gullane) walked over; Miss E. C. Morrice (Douglas Park) scratched.
Miss Brown beat Mrs. Park by 2 and 1.
Mrs. Neilson beat Miss Milligan by 8 and 7.
Miss M. M. Robertson-Durham beat Miss L. Barclay by 3 and 2.
Mrs. J. R. Watson beat Miss S. A. Walker by 4 and 3.
Miss Carruthers beat Miss McKnight by 1 hole.
Miss Mitchell beat Mrs. Whitelaw by 2 and 1.
Miss Baird beat Miss Hunter by 1 hole.
Mrs. A. M. Holm beat Mrs. D. Jones by 7 and 6.

SINGLES TOURNAMENT AT SANDWICH

H. J. Mappin (7) beat G. D. Hannay (scratch) in the final of the Singles tournament of the Royal St. George's Club at Sandwich yesterday. Mapping, in the fourth and fifth rounds had to play three extra holes each time before winning, and yesterday, when the semi-final and final stages were decided, he won only on the last green in each instance. The final produced good and exciting golf.

The results were:—

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

H. J. Mappin (7) beat C. Marzetti (scr.) by 1 hole.
G. D. Hannay (scr.) beat H. E. Taylor (scr.) by 4 and 3.

FINAL ROUND

Mappin beat Hannay by 1 hole.

NORTH FORELAND MEETING

The North Foreland tournament was concluded yesterday, when the results were:—

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

G. D. Elphick (North Foreland) (8) beat G. Monkland (Sunningdale) (10) by 1 hole.
M. E. White (Cliffe Heath) (8) beat R. Woolsey (Dartford) (13) at the 19th hole.

FINAL ROUND

White beat Elphick by 2 holes.

LONDON PRESS FOURSOMES

Sunday Pictorial, represented by G. M. Aitchison (8) and G. G. King (14), won the London Press Golfing Society's match-play Foursomes tournament for the Sir George Sutton Trophy at Coombe Hill yesterday, beating Central Press (G. L'Estrange (2) and W. Atkins (8)) in the 36-holes final by five and three, after being three up at the end of the first round.

WHITSUN MEETING AT HARLECH

The Royal St. David's Club's Whitsun Open meeting was continued at Harlech, yesterday, when there was a tie in each of the bogey competitions. F. Thompson (Stourbridge) and C. J. Hughes (Blackwell) tied at all square in the Visitors' competition, while J. L. Holmes (Handsworth), H. Pullin (Shrewsbury), E. Jones (Festiniog), and Commander Gregory (Royal St. David's) tied for the vice-captain's prize with a return of one down.

ABERDOVEY MEETING

J. B. Horner (Shrewsbury) won the stroke competition when the Aberdovey Club's Whitsun Open meeting was continued, his return being 76 − 3 = 73. In the women's Foursomes Mrs. Clay and Miss Winser (Aberdovey) won after a tie at six downs with Miss Wynne Edwards and Miss Kittermaster (Northamptonshire).

FOURSOMES AT WESTWARD HO!

The first round of the Victory Foursomes Tournament was decided at the Whitsun meeting of the Royal North Devon Club at Westward Ho! yesterday, when the results were:—

FIRST ROUND

S. Horsley (4) and K. Johnstone (10) beat the Hon. D. Scott (2) and Lieutenant-Colonel E. G. Jones (11) at the 20th hole.
A. B. Reece (6) and Lieutenant-Colonel Hardman (12) beat Major-General Paterson (18) and A. R. B. Milton (21) by 3 and 1.
P. P. C. Elwes (7) and Major J. Gundry (10) beat Lieutenant-Colonel Faris (8) and Brigadier-General Louis (10) by 2 and 1.
Group Captain J. Tull (9) and P. Furnivall (11) beat L. W. McIntyre (18) and F. Varwell (22) by 4 and 2.
Major D. L. Trenchmann (10) and Lieutenant-Colonel Phelps (16) beat Captain C. G. Sumner (8) and Lieutenant-Colonel D. Spencer Smith (11) by one hole.
M. B. Snell (10) and Lieutenant-Colonel N. Radford (11) beat D. McConaghey (13) and G. Everett (22) by 5 and 3.
Major S. Barker Bennett (10) and N. Wood Hill (11) beat L. C. Gouldsmith (12) and R. J. Maunsell (13) by one hole.
Brigadier-General G. D. Close (14) and Major C. J. Thackwell (16) beat G. Moorhead (13) and G. A. H. Searle (14) by 6 and 5.
J. E. C. Adams (8) and A. H. Bathgate (9) beat A. C. Barker Bennett (9) and K. G. Digby (12) by 5 and 4.
C. E. Bowderwell (12) and J. E. Spagnoletti (16) beat Colonel A. L. Molesworth and Lieutenant-Colonel R. Hope-Vere (13) by one hole.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. McCousghey (12) and A. V. Moore (13) beat Major C. P. Parker (8) and Major G. L. Paine (8) by two holes.

MEETING AT BRANCASTER

F. L. Gilliat and G. Hannaford (9) were three holes down with four to play against the Bishop of St. Albans and Colonel J. Harvey (8) in the final of the Royal West Norfolk Club's Wilson Cups tournament at Brancaster, but they won the next four holes, and secured the trophies by a winning margin of one hole. This match, together with a match between the club and a Brancaster Village team, which takes place annually, brought the Whitsun meeting to a close. Royal West Norfolk won the Foursomes by seven to five and the Singles by 16 to six.

CHERTSEY MEETING

J. N. Steuart (6) was successful in winning five prizes at the Chertsey Club's Whitsun meeting. The results were:—

MEDAL.—T. B. Ching, 87 − 14 = 73; W. W. Bett, 79 − 5 = 74; and K. Witherington, 86 − 12 = 74. BOGEY.—J. N. Steuart (6) and L. H. Pugh (9) tied, all square. Steuart winning the replay. BEST NINE HOLES.—Out. Steuart 1 up; home, Pugh 2 up. SAVORY CHALLENGE CUP (36 holes).—J. N. Steuart (6), 80 + 72 = 152; S. Crowley (12), 80 + 74 = 154. BEST SECOND ROUND.—Steuart, 72. SCRATCH PRIZE (36 holes).—J. N. Steuart, 80 + 75 = 144.

ROWING

THE MAY RACES

(FROM OUR ROWING CORRESPONDENT)

It is hardly fair, in this year of all others, when Oxford had no sooner finished with the Boat Race than Summer Eights were upon them, to compare the standards of college rowing at the universities, but if one does make the comparison it certainly flatters Cambridge by more than a two-length victory at Mortlake in April.

Of the first eight crews six are fast and two possibly, and one certainly, exceptionally fast. The remaining crews in the First Division are fair, with two definitely good crews among them, and the standard of rowing in the Second and Third Divisions appears to be based on much sounder foundations than is the case at Oxford. The appearance may be to some extent deceptive and due to the fact that at Cambridge these divisions are rowing in clinker-built boats, for it is so much easier to look good and feel good in a clinker-built boat than in a skin-built boat. All the superiority, however, is not a deceptive appearance, and that which is real may be due to the use of the heavier boats. At the risk of being thought deluvian I would suggest that it might accelerate the inevitable but long-awaited renascence of Oxford rowing were Oxford to adopt the same policy and allow the comparative novices to concentrate on rowing free from the excessive responsibilities of watermanship.

A WELL-BALANCED CREW

It seems fairly clear that Jesus will regain the headship once more. Mr. Fairbairn and the other coaches are to be congratulated on a crew as perfectly together as it is possible to imagine, and for once Mr. Fairbairn and the critics are in agreement as to this being a good crew. Often in the past some particular idiosyncracies have caused the critics to overlook the merits of the best crews, while Jesus crews, which have had no peculiarities and which had not learned Mr. Fairbairn's secret of pace, have deceived them by their uniformity. Jesus succeeded in lowering the practice record of the course on Saturday. They are reasonably quick in starting, and are exceptionally fast over the last part of the course. It is plain that by concentrating on getting their bladework together they have acquired pace out of all proportion to the effort expended. Incidentally, their body form is very fair too, even to orthodox eyes. The exactness with which the blades only are covered is rarely if ever seen in an orthodox crew. Carpmael, at stroke, has added a quicker catch than is usual with Jesus crews, and indeed they look as promising a crew for the Grand Challenge Cup as any college crew of recent years.

Pembroke are also a crew of great merit. They have adopted swivel rowlocks, and have been coached by Mr. Bubbet, of the London Rowing Club, and undoubtedly what success comes to them will be hailed as another proof of the superiority of new methods. In whatever method they have been coached, however, it is clear that they are, like Jesus, most beautifully together, and a particularly good crew of their type. It may be a difficult business to combine individuals from these two crews with others from Third and First Trinity, Trinity Hall and Lady Margaret in Trial Eights, but, judged as crews, they have most of the virtues at which orthodox coaches aim, and they have considerable advantage in the run of their boat.

It is in the less successful second crews of these colleges, whether they be fast or not, that the divergence from orthodoxy becomes obvious, and the faults peculiar to the method more pronounced. Stylish a crew as is Third Trinity, it is not so good an orthodox crew as Jesus and Pembroke are unorthodox crews. Brocklebank, at stroke, is as good as ever; Prideaux, at No. 7, hard working and more in his element than he was in the University crew; while Rickett at No. 6 has developed a length of which he has never previously shown signs. But after the three Blues there is, as is so often the case with this small club, a definite tail. Harrison, the Westminster freshman, at No. 5, is most promising, but obviously not yet at his strongest. He should, however, be heard of again in the future. The four bow men are all rowing in excellent style, but they are not perfectly together, the only method with which to get the better of inexperience. The impression given by Third Trinity is that it is as rich a nursery of good oarsmen as ever, but that even Brocklebank will be hard put to it to keep this crew away from Jesus. If he does it will be a personal triumph. Of Pembroke's capacity to bump them one is less sure, for they are a crew definitely good enough to stay head for many years, and they have not departed in the least from the fine style that got them there.

FAILURE IN ORTHODOXY

First Trinity are definitely a slower crew. Warriner, who has rowed with such distinction in so many of their crews, is now at No. 7 instead of No. 5, and he alone has not succumbed to the pump handle finish and up and down swing which only succeeds in bouncing the boat. This crew and Lady Margaret, who start sixth, are both ponderous, and orthodoxy here has fallen short of its ideals, so that both are likely to lose places. Lady Margaret have had bad luck in losing Bevan with mumps, and Symonds, who was their best man, is cutting his finish woefully short. It is obvious that he is tired. Selwyn, the fifth crew, who are being coached by Aldous, may easily gain a place. They retain the smoothness and the consequent run on the boat which they have managed to keep with fixed rowlocks, but they do not seem to have quite the pace of the 1928 crew, and it is noticeable that Reeve, the University No. 7, who is rowing in the same place in the Selwyn crew, is very much sharper with his beginning than any of the others.

Christ's, the seventh crew, are hard working and fast, and have evidently not forgotten what Letchworth taught them, but they are likely to be pressed by Trinity Hall, coached by Mr. Thompson and Mr. S. M. Bruce, lately Prime Minister of Australia. It is, however, the excellence of their second crew which definitely shows Trinity Hall rowing to be again on the up grade. The glories of the eighties must have been preceded by a really good second crew. The First Trinity second crew is much smoother and, it is reputed, faster than the first one. They have a nice rhythm and a very powerful and neat man at No. 5. The best crew at the bottom of the division is Caius, in which Michell, the old Blue, is rowing particularly well at No. 7. If one has underrated Jesus II. it is because their first crew makes them appear so slow by comparison

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Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

SYMPHONY CONCERT

Mr. Eugene Goossens will conduct the Wireless Symphony Orchestra in a concert consisting of Beethoven's Overture "Egmont"; and Symphony No. 3 in F, by Brahms. The concert, which is to be given from the National station at 9.40 p.m., will be preceded by a variety entertainment, to which Mr. Leslie Henson, Miss Irene Russell, and Miss Desirée Ellinger will contribute. At 8.35 p.m. Vitya Vronsky will give a pianoforte recital.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for today, June 11, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME.—1,148kc. (261.3m.), 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45** :—A Woman's Commentary, by Mrs. Oliver Strachey. **11-11.30 (261.3m. only)** :—Experimental Television. Transmission by the Baird Process (sound).

12 :—Gramophone Records. **1-2** :—Orchestra from Frascati's Restaurant. **2-2.30** :—Gramophone Records. **2.35-3.30** :—The Prince of Wales proposing the Toast of The C.P.R.; Mr. E. W. Beatty, who will reply, at the luncheon following the launch of the S.S. Empress of Britain; Introductory remarks by Lord Aberconway, relayed from John Brown and Co.'s Yard, Clydebank. **4** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.45** :—Organ Recital. **5.15** :—Children: Mr. Toad's Adventure, from The Wind in the Willows (Kenneth Grahame), with music to suit the occasion, played by Ernest Lush. **6** :—Ministry of Agriculture Fortnightly Bulletin. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Mozart's Pianoforte Duets, played by Ethel Bartlett and Rae Robertson. **7-7.20** :—Public School Boys and Canada: Experiences of a Recent Tour, by Mr. Kenneth Lindsay (under the auspices of the Oversea Settlement Department). **7.25** :—Digging up the Past, 1—by Mr. Leonard Woolley.

7.45 :—Irene Russell, at present appearing in The House that Jack Built. Desirée Ellinger, at present appearing in Silver Wings; Leslie Henson, at present appearing in A Warm Corner; Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Dance Orchestra; Zara, a Viennese Operetta; Book by Leonora Wodehouse and C. Denis Freeman; Lyrics by P. G. Wodehouse; Music by Tony Lowry and Douglas Brownesmith. **9** :—Weather; News; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (**1,554.4m. only**). **9.25** :—Topical Talk. **9.40** :—The Wireless Symphony Orchestra (Leader, S. Kneale Kelly), directed by Eugene Goossens. **11 (1,554.4m. only)** :—Orchestra, from the Café de Paris. **11.15-12 (1,554.4m. only)** :—Dance Music from he H otel Splendide.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME (842kc.) (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). **12** :—Organ Recital by Walter S. Vale, relayed from All Saints', Margaret-street; Phyllis Carey Foster (soprano). **1** :—Gramophone Records. **1.30-3** :—Midland Regional programme. **5.15** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Midland Regional programme. **8** :—German Language Talk, by Mr. Otto Siepmann. **8.30** :—News. **8.35** :—A Pianoforte Recital, by Vitya Vronsky. **9** :—The Gershom Parkington Quintet; Eveline Stevenson (soprano). **10.15** :—Weather; News. **10.30** :—Orchestra from the Café de Paris. **11.15-12** :—Dance Music from the Hotel Splendide.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME (626kc.) (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. **1.30-3** :—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; Mary Ogden (contralto); Winifred Flavell (violin). **5.15** :—Children: Fairy Gold, a Nature Story, by Jessie Bayliss-Elliott; Vocal Items by the Clef Trio; Songs by Harold Casey (baritone); the Week's Sport, by Maurice K. Foster. **6** :—London Regional programme. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—The Birmingham Military Band, conducted by W. A. Clarke; Lewis Knight (bass), Walter Heard (piccolo solo); R. Merriman (cornet obbligato). **8** :—London Regional programme. **8.30** :—News. **8.35** :—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell; Sidonie Wasserman (pianoforte). **9.45** :—The Midland Wireless Chorus, conducted by Joseph Lewis. **10.15** :—Weather; News. **10.35-11** :—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.15** :—See Glasgow. **2.35** :—See Glasgow. **4** :—See Glasgow. **5.15** :—See Glasgow. **6** :—Mr. George E. Greenhorn: Horticulture. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).
10.15-10.30 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **12** :—Organ Recital. **12.30-1** :—The Radio Quartet. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4** :—The Radio Quartet. **5** :—Dr. Craig (soprano). **5** :—E. H. Emery (pianoforte). **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News **9.25** :—National programme. **9.40-11** :—The Orchestra Constance Willis (contralto).

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4-11** :—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15** :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitan), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. **2-2.30** :—National programme. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25** :—National programme. **9.40-11** :—The National Orchestra of Wales: Mai Ramsay (mezzo-soprano).

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.
1.30 :—Time Signal, Weather, Stock Report and Gramophone Concert. **6** :—Gramophone Records. **6.15** :—Children. **7** :—Gramophone Records. **7.20** :—News. **7.30** :—Time and Irish Lesson. **7.45** :—German Language Lesson. **8** :—Concert—The Station Orchestra: Selection from Favourite Operas; J. O'Neill (tenor); Operatic Offerings—The Station Orchestra: Opera Selection; K. A. McCaffery (soprano); Songs from the Shows; Bay Jellett (violinist). **9.15** :—The Leinster School of Music in a Varied Programme. **9.45** :—Elizabeth Young and Company in a Sketch. **10.15** :—The Station Orchestra. **10.30** :—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).
EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.15** :—See Glasgow. **2.35** :—See Glasgow. **4** :—See Glasgow. **5.15** :—See Glasgow. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.15** :—For the Schools: Mr. Robert L. Mackie: The Men of Old—Figures from Scotland's Past—Thomas Telford, from Edinburgh. **2.35** :—Music. **2.45** :—Speeches at the Luncheon following the Launch of the S.S. Empress of Britain; Introductory Remarks by Lord Aberconway; the Toast of the C.P.R. proposed by the Prince of Wales; Reply by Mr. E. W. Beatty, relayed from John Brown and Company's Yard, Clydebank. **3.30** :—Orchestra. **4** :—The Octet from Glasgow; Netta Ledingham (mezzo-soprano); George Alexander (bass-baritone); Rowa Aberdeen. **5.15** :—Children. **5.55** :—Herring Fishing Bulletin. **5.57** :—Weather for Farmers. **6** :—Mr. Dudley V. Howells: Feeding Fruit Trees and Vegetable Crops. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **11-12.30** :—Heckmondwike Festival, relayed from the Upper Independent Chapel, Heckmondwike; the Rev. Matthew Stanley will preside: Addresses by Rev. J. S. Whale and Dr. W. K. Maltby, from Leeds. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4** :—The Municipal Orchestra, conducted by Frank Gomez: May Bartlett (violoncello), relayed from the Spa, Whitby, from Newcastle. **5** :—Gramophone Lecture. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **7.45** :—The Halle Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty and Alfred Barker: the Liverpool Philharmonic Chorus: Sir Hamilton Harty (pianoforte): Harold Williams (baritone), relayed from the Philharmonic Hall, Liverpool, from Leeds. **9** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25** :—National programme. **9.40** :—A Day in an Hour, by Harry O'Donevan, with Tom Case, Berenice Melford, Hydia Metcalf, Edith Tomas, James Bowler, Harold Cluff, W. E. Dickman, and H. R. Williams, solos by Beatrice Coleman and Halsby Blair. **10.40-11** :—Jack Hynes (banjo solos).

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Mid-week Sports Bulletin; News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15** :—See Cardiff. **2-2.30** :—National programme. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4** :—National programme. **5.15** :—See Cardiff. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**
10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **11-12.30** :—See Manchester. **2.45-3.30** :—National programme. **4** :—See Manchester. **5** :—See Manchester. **6** :—National programme. **7.45** :—See Manchester. **9** :—National programme. **9.15** :—News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS.

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—7 :—Trio Music and News. **9.30** :—Elementary French Lesson. **10** :—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. **10.5** :—Orchestral Selections. **10.45** :—Literary Programme. **11** :—News. **11.5** :—Concert of Choral Music, followed by Exhibition Notes.

BELGRADE (432m.; 2.5kw.—5.30 :—National Music. **7.30** :—Talk. **8** :—Beethoven Recital:—Sonata in D major, Op. 12, for Violin and Piano; Trio in B major for Violin Piano, and Cello. **9** :—Quartet Concert. **10** :—Time and News. **10.15** :—Relay of Foreign Stations.

BERLIN (Konigswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.—4 :—See Hamburg. **5.30** :—Talk. **6** :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **6.40** :—Talk. **7.5** :—Elementary Spanish Lesson. **7.30** :—Talk. **7.35** :—Weather for Farmers. **8-12.30 a.m. (Thursday)** :—Programme from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—7 :—Light Music. **7.25** :—Labour Market Report. **8** :—Berlin Art Week. **10.50**—V. Beethoven Programme, relayed from the Philharmonie—Quartet in C sharp minor, op. 131; Three Scottish Songs, with Pianoforte, Violin, and 'Cello accompaniment, op. 108; Two Songs (Gellert); Songs (Goethe):—(a) Mailied, (b) Marmotte, (c) Neue Liebe, neues Leben; Quartet in E minor, op. 59, No. 2, followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music.

BERNE (403m.), 1kw.—7.55 :—Time and Weather. **8** :—Talk. **8.30** :—Chamber Music. **9.20** :—Concert by the Italian Kursaal Orchestra. **10** (in the interval) :—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (279m.), 12.5kw.—7.20 :—Programme from Brno. **10** :—See Prague. **10.20** :—Programme Announcements.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.).—6.40 :—Talk. **7.5** :—Weather for Agriculturists. **7.7** :—Gramophone Concert. **8** :—Weather. **8.2** :—Topical Talk. **8.30** :—Balance—the Revue of the Month, by Max Ohnsin, music by Harry Ralton. **9.20** :—Popular Song Recital. **9.35** :—Robert Koppel Recital of Songs Ancient and New. **10.20** :—News. **10.45** :—Talk.

BRNO (342m.), 2.4kw.—7.10 :—News. **7.20** :—Introductory Talk to the following Transmission. **7.30** :—The Secret—Opera-comique in three acts (Smetana): relayed from the National Theatre, Brno. **10** :—See Prague. **10.20** :—News and Theatre Review.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—5 :—Dance Music. **6** :—Talk. **6.15** :—Grecian Drama and Grecian Landscape. **6.30** :—Concert of Trio Music—Japonerie (Dessart); Waltz, La Créole (Ronald); Selection from Veronique (Messager); La Vivandière (Dupont); Intermezzo from L'Arlésienne (Bizet); Hungarian Dance (Brahms). **7** :—Gramophone Records. **7.30** :—Le Journal parlé. **8.15** :—Gramophone Records. **8.20** :—Talk. **8.30** :—Concert by the Royal Harmonic Society. **10.15** :—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—6.40 :—Italian Language Lesson. **7.15** :—Shorthand Lesson. **7.55** :—Programme (to be announced). **10.10** :—Concert by a Tzigane Orchestra from the Café Bodo.

COPENHAGEN (281m., 6.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7.5kw.—8.50:—Weather and News. **7.15** :—Time Signal. **7.30** :—Concert from the Tivoli Concert Hall: Entry of the Guests into Wartburg, from Tannhäuser (Wagner); Concerto for Pianoforte in D major (Haydn); Aria from Il Trovatore and Othello (Verdi); Song of the Traveller from Carmen (Bizet); Cantabile (Cui); Tarantella (Popper). **8.30** :—Relay from the Axelborg Studio: Reading. **9** :—Concert from the Tivoli Concert Hall (continued). **10** :—News and Report of the Non-Political Danish Radio Clubs. **10.30** :—Concert from the Tivoli Concert Hall.

CRACOW (31.3m., 1kw.—7.10 :—Agricultural Report. **7.25** :—Wireless Journal. **7.40** :—Talk. **7.50**—Time Signal. **8** :—Bugle Call from St. Mary's Church. **8.15** :—Talk. **8.30** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **10.10** :—Talk and News. **11** :—Dance Music.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (246m.).—7 :—Time and Economic Notes. **7.5** :—See Stuttgart. **7.30** :—Programme from Leipzig. **9** :—See Stuttgart. **9.40** :—Microphone Report. **10.20** :—News, Sports Notes and Weather.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 3kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), FLENSBURG (216m.), HANOVER (345m.), KIEL (232.2m.).—4 :—Concert. **5.30** :—Talk. **5.55** :—Concert of Light Music. **6.25** :—Talks. **7.15** :—Exchange, Market Prices, and Weather. **7.25** :—Don Carlos, opera in four acts (Verdi), from the Municipal Opera House, Hanover. **10.45** :—Talks, News, Weather, Sports, and Miscellaneous Notices. **11.5** :—Concert.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 6.5kw.—After **5.40 p.m.** on **1,071m.—9.40 a.m.** :—Time and Daily Service. **11.40** :—Quintet Concert. **1.40** :—Children. **2.40** :—Talk. **3.40** :—Study Music for the Piano, with Introductory Talk. **4.40** :—Gramophone Records. **5.10** :—Orchestral Concert. **5.40** :—Time Signal. **6.10** :—Exchange Quotations. **6.25** :—Gramophone Records. **6.40** :—Talk. **7.10** :—Gramophone Records. **8** :—Time Signal. **8.1** :—Gramophone Records. **8.10** :—Talk and Song Selections. **8.25** :—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Hans Heiling (Marschner); Solo Selections, Lyric Suite (Grieg); Norwegian Rhapsody (Svendsen); Solo Selections, Entry March of the Boyards (Halvorsen); Overture, Light Cavalry (Suppé); Was Blumen träumen (Translateur). **10.40** :—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.5kw.—7.55 a.m. :—Concert. **10.10** :—Service for Hospitals. **10.40** :—Gramophone Records. **11.10** :—Harmonium Recital. **11.40** (in the Interval) :—Police Notes. **12.10** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **1.40** :—Concert. **2.25** :—Reading. **2.55** :—Concert. **3.40** :—Band Concert. **4.40** :—Children. **5.40** :—Gramophone Records. **6.25** :—Pianoforte Recital. **6.55** :—Wireless Talk. **7.25** :—Police Notes. **7.40** :—Programme of Choral and Orchestral Selections and Addresses. **9.40** (in the interval) :—News.

LAHTI (1,800m.), 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—6.15 :—Children. **7** :—'Cello Recital. **7.40** :—Talk. **8** :—Dance Music. **8.45** :—News in Finnish and Swedish. **9.15** :—Military Music from the Kappeli Restaurant. **9.45** :—Old Dance Music.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 13kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (455m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (244m.).—7 :—Economic Notes, Weather, and Sports Notes. **7.15** :—Book Review. **7.40** :—Talk. **8.10** :—A Relay from the Herdecke Warehouse. **9** :—Merry-go-Round—the Merry Wednesday Programme, followed by News, Sports Notes, and Concert from the Hotel zur Post, Elberfeld.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 1.5kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—6.20 :—Weather and Time. **6.25** :—Italian Language Lesson. **6.45** :—Labour Intelligence. **6.50**—Topical Talk. **7.5** :—Discussion. **7.30** :—Bob and Bert, Crime Play in nine scenes (Schmiedel-Liebermann-Roswiese). **9** :—An Anthology of Poetry from Villon to Klabund (Bardach). **9.45** :—Zither Recital. **10.15** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, Concert, and Dance Music.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA J7 (424m.), 2kw.—8 :—Chimes, Exchange, and Dance Music. **9.25** :—News. **11** :—Chimes, Time, Exchange, and Guitar Concert from the Hotel Nacional. **1 a.m. (Thursday)** :—Chimes, News, and Dance Music.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Variety Programme. **8** :—Announcements: Weather. **8.10** :—News. **8.20** :—Talk. **8.30** :—Time Signal. **8.32** :—Variety Programme. Talk in the interval.

MUNICH (533m., 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (560m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (270m.), NURNBERG (239m.).—6 :—Days in the Allotment—A Relay from Immenstadt. **7.30**—Concert by a Zither Quintet. **8.30** :—Kruz-Aktion 117—a Wireless Play (Auditor), followed by Gramophone Concert and Dance Records. In the interval at **10.20** :—News.

OSLO (493m., 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (346m.), HAMAR (587m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), PORSGRUND (453m.), RJUKAN (447m.).—7.15 :—Weather and News. **7.30** :—Talk. **8** :—Orchestral and Soloist Concert. **9** :—Dramatic Selection. **9.35** :—Weather and News. **9.55** :—Topical Talk. **10.10** :—Concert of Accordion Selections and Songs. **10.40** :—Gramophone Dance Records.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m., 12kw.—12.30 :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at **1**, Exchange Quotations and News, and at **1.30**, Exchange Quotations. **2** :—Exchange, Market Prices. **3.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **3.45** :—Quintet Concert. **4.55** :—News and Exchange Quotations. **6.30** :—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35** :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **7** :—Talk on Science. **7.30** :—Elementary German Lesson. **7.45** :—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. **8** :—Madame Pompadour—Operetta (Fall) from the Theatre Marigny. In the intervals at **8.30**, Sports Review and Talk, and at **9.15**, Press Review, News, and Time Signal.

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—7.30 :—News. **7.35** :—Song Recital. **8** :—The Tailor and the Shoemaker—Comedy with Music in Three Acts (Stolba). **9.30** :—June Revue. **10** :—Time, News and Sports Notes. **10.15** :—Announcements, Theatre Review and Programme Notes.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—8.15 :—Giornale parlato, Announcements and Sports Notes. **8.30** :—Report of the Institute of Agriculture. **9** :—Time Signal. **9.2** :—Symphony Concert—Part I., Old Time Music. Overture, Ali Baba (Cherubini): Overture, King Stephen (Beethoven); Modern Music—Concert romantique for Violin and Orchestra (d'Indy); Symphonic Poem, L'apprenti sorcier (Dukas); News after the Programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASK, 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,348m.), 30kw., BODEN (1,200m.), GOTEBORG (322m.), HORBY (257m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVALL (542m.—7.30 :—Legal Talk. **8** :—Concert—Selections from The Flying Dutchman (Wagner); Orchestral Suite (Debussy); Selections from Milenka (Jan Blocksz). **8.55** :—Agricultural Talk. **9.40** :—Concert of Old and Modern Dance Music.

STUTTGART (360m.), 1.5kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—7 :—Time Signal. **7.5** :—Talk. **7.30** :—Programme from Leipzig. **9** :—Pianoforte Improvisations. **9.40** :—Programme from Frankfurt. **10.10** :—News.

TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—7 :—Russian Songs. **7.15** :—News. **7.30** :—Transmission of Pictures. **7.40** :—Orchestral Selections. **8** :—Exchange Quotations, followed by Organ Recital. **9** :—Time Signal. **9.2** :—Orchestral Concert from the Café des Americains. **10.15** :—North African News. **10.30** :—Concert. **11** :—Transmission of Pictures.

TURIN—Call ITO (291m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Concert of Light Music. **8** :—Announcements, Weather. **8.10** :—News. **8.20** :—Variety Items. **8.30** :—Concert of Light Music. **11.30** :—News and Music.

VIENNA (516.3m., 15kw., and GRAZ (352.5m.), INNSBRUCK (384m.), KLAGENFURT (453.2m.), and LINZ (245.9m.).—6.15 :—Medical Talk. **6.45** :—Esperanto Propaganda for Austria. **7** :—Programme for Workers. **7.30** :—Talk. **7.55** :—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements for the following day. **8** :—Recital of Songs and Arias. **8.30** :—Karl Schönherr in a Programme from his own Works, followed by Orchestral Concert.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes, beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 10kw.—11.58 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m.), 3kw.—6 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (680m.), 1.5kw.—6.45 a.m.
LYONS—Radio Lyon) (265m.), 13kw.—10.30 a.m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (309m.), 25kw.—1 p.m. Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 50kw.—11.45 a.m. Relayed by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 11.30 p.m.-6 a.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 10kw.—11.30 a.m.
ZAGREB (397m.), 0.7kw.—12.30 p.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.63kw.—12.30 p.m.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty yesterday:—

LIEUT.-COMMRS.—A. J. CURISON, D.S.C., to Suffolk (June 4); T. L. ALKIN, to Codrington (June 11); J. E. P. BRYANS, to Curaçoa (June 16); F. H. ALDERSON, to Caledon (June 24); A. E. HORRELL, to Centurion (July 7); and J. N. K. KNIGHT, to Moth.

LIEUTS.—R. J. S. BUTLER, to Curaçoa (June 6); and R. A. B. RIWARDS, to Despatch (July 4).

PAYMR. LIEUT.-COMMR.—S. T. CRICHTON, to Folkestone (July 1); F. D. PEARCE, to Nelson (July 12); C. G. NEEVES, to Fiegard (July 28); W. D. STRANACK, to Hastings (Aug. 1); and G. H. BANKART, to Coventry (Aug. 11).

PAYMR. LIEUT.—E. C. CRISP, to Flora (June 16).

WT. ELECTNS.—W. K. SNELL, to Defiance; and A. W. E. CONNOR, to Valiant (June 9).

PROMOTIONS

ENGNR. CAPTS.—G. PREECE, to rank of Engnr. Rear-Admiral, seny. June 9; and E. E. BARTLETT, to rank of Engnr. Rear-Admiral (June 8), and placed on the Retired List (June 9).

CD. WRITER.—H. G. LUSCOMBE, to rank of Paymr. Lieut. (seny. June 7).

WT. WRITER.—E. J. CHAMBERS, to rank of Cd. Writer (seny. June 7).

RETIREMENT

ENGNR. REAR-ADMIRAL.—A. L. PICTON, placed on the Retired List (June 8).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

LIEUT.—H. ROW, to Vivid (June 7).

MR. C. F. I. BATT, entered as Probv. Engnr. Lieut. (seny. June 4).

R.A.F. APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments in the Royal Air Force are notified:—

GENERAL DUTIES BRANCH

SQUADRON LEADER.—L. F. FORBES, M.C., to No. 4 Flying Training School, Egypt (May 19).

FLIGHT LIEUTENANTS.—G. L. GANDY, to No. 70 Squadron, Iraq (April 30); R. M. FOSTER, D.F.C., to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (April 29); C. F. TOOGOOD, to No. 9 Squadron, Manston (May 2); W. A. TATTERSALL, to H.Q., Inland Area, Stanmore (June 1).

FLYING OFFICERS.—E. A. SWISS, to R.A.F. Base, Gosport (June 3); J. D. H. SLADE, to No. 462 Flight (June 3).

STORES BRANCH

FLIGHT LIEUTENANTS.—H. T. H. COPELAND, to Base Supply Depôt, Iraq (April 16); W. SR. J. LITTLEWOOD, to Central Supply Depôt, Iraq (April 27).

FLYING OFFICER.—C. THRIPP, to H.Q., R.A.F., Cranwell (June 2).

ACCOUNTANT BRANCH

WING COMMANDER.—P. J. WISEMAN, to Station Headquarters, Manston (June 2).

SQUADRON LEADER.—T. C. MILLER, M.C., to Aeroplane and Armament Experimental Establishment, Martlesham Heath (June 2).

MEDICAL BRANCH

FLIGHT LIEUTENANTS.—G. E. CHURCH, to Princess Mary's R.A.F. Hospital, Halton (June 20); J. HILL, to Princess Mary's R.A.F. Hospital, Halton (June 28).

THE FOCH MEMORIAL

Among the British officers who were present at the unveiling by the Prince of Wales of the memorial to Marshal Foch at Victoria were three who were attached to his staff during the period of his supreme command of the Allied Armies. They were Major-General C. Grant, who acted as Brigadier-General, General Staff, of the British Mission; Colonel J. A. F. Cuffe, holding the position of G.S.O.I.; and Colonel E. Dillon, the first liaison officer appointed to the marshal.

LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, JUNE 10

ADMIRALTY, JUNE 5

R.N.

Lieut.-Comdr. R. J. O. Otway-Ruthven to be Lieut.-Comdr. (June 3).

R.N.R.

Sub-Lieut. R. C. Freaker to be Lieut. (May 15); Sub-Lieut. V. F. Smith to be Lieut. (May 3).

JUNE 6

R.N.

Shipt.-Lieut. J. C. Coleman placed on Retd. List (June 6).

JUNE 7

R.N.

Eng. Rear Admiral W. R. Parnall placed on Retd. List at own request (June 7); Eng. Capt. A. L. Peston to be Eng. Rear Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet (June 7); Payr. Lieut. H. Guy placed on Retd. List (June 7).

WAR OFFICE, JUNE 10

REGULAR ARMY

Gen. Sir W. E. Peyton, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., retires on ret. pay (June 11).

Col. A. S. Cotton, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., A.M., on ceasing to be empld. is placed on h.p. (April 15).

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Col. B. H. Chetwynd-Stapylton, C.B.E., relinquishes the appt. of Offr. i/c. Inf. Record and Pay Office, Shrewsbury (June 10).

The follg. appts. are made:—Lt. G. H. N. Larden, R.A., to be Personal Asst. (G.S.O., 3rd Grade), to the Chief of the Impl. Gen. Staff, War Office (May 26); Lt. C. A. Southey, Essex R., to be A.D.C. to the Gen. Offr. Comdg.-in-Chief, Western Comd. (temp.) (May 7).

CAVALRY

THE BAYS.—Capt. W. R. Beddington remains seed. for serv. on the Staff (May 22).

3RD D.G.—Capt. B. R. Turner retires, receiving a gratuity (June 9).

7TH H.Sa.—Lt. R. F. G. Jayne is secd. for serv. under the Colonial Office (May 1); Lt. N. L. L. Palmer is restd. to the estabt. (June 8).

9TH L.—Capt. Hon. D. C. F. Erskine retires, receiving a gratuity (May 31).

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

The follg. are secd.:—Capt. W. J. Cooper whilst holding the appt. of Asst. Mil. Adviser, Ind. States Arty. (June 22, 1929); Capt. A. G. Donald whilst holding the appt. of Asst. Insptr., Ord. Insps. Secn., India (March 15); Lt. H. C. B. Hall for serv. with the Trg. Bn., Mil. Coll. of Science (May 15); Lt. E. B. Smith for serv. on the Staff (May 18); Lt. G. H. N. Larden for serv. on the Staff (May 26).

Lt. W. T. Delamain resigns his comsn. (June 11).

INFANTRY

R. FUS.—Capt. H. Lawson, from the h.p. list, to be Capt. (June 11), with precedence next below Capt. E. Chester-Master.

THE KING'S R.—Sec. Lt. J. Sheriff resigns his comsn. (June 10).

DEVON R.—Lt. F. Perch having attained the age fixed for compulsory retirement, retires on ret. pay (June 11).

LAN. FUS.—Lt. P. R. Williams is secd. for serv. as a Stn. Staff Offr., India (April 24).

R.W. FUS.—Lt.-Col. R. de B. Hardie is restd. to the estabt. (June 9).

R. LAN. R.—Capt. A. E. Thresh, M.C., retires, receiving a gratuity (June 11).

HAMPSHIRE R.—Lt. C. H. d'A. Smith is placed on the h.p. list on account of ill-health (May 27).

H.W.K.—Sec. Lt. G. A. W. Addison resigns his comsn. (June 11).

K.R.R.C.—Lt. H. J. A. Scott-Makdougall to be Capt. (May 15).

H.Z.—Capt. C. E. F. Hooker is secd. for serv. with the Iraq Levies (May 2).

CAMERONS.—Capt. D. Mackintosh, D.C.M., retires on ret. pay (June 8).

RIFLE BDE.—Capt. W. J. Carlile, M.C., M.M., is restd. to the estabs. (May 10).

ROYAL TANK CORPS

Capt. H. J. Burns retires on ret. pay (June 9).

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

Maj. (Qr.-Mr.) F. Morgan retires on ret. pay on attaining the age limit for retirement (June 8).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Lt.-Col. E. Bennett retires on ret. pay (June 10).

THE ARMY DENTAL CORPS

Capt. H. F. Byrne to be Maj. (June 10).

ROYAL ARMY CHAPLAINS' DEPARTMENT

The Rev. D. A. Jones, B.A., Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl., is granted a permanent comsn. in this rank (May 18).

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S IMPERIAL MILITARY NURSING SERVICE

Sister Miss K. A. Macready resigns her appt. (June 9).

MEMORANDUM.

Lt. (Qr.-Mr.) R. T. Douthet, h.p. list, late Midd'x R., retires on ret. pay on account of ill-health (June 11).

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

REGIMENTAL LIST

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

Maj. G. D. Tobey resigns his comsn. (June 11).

SUPPLEMENTARY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

The follg. to be 2nd Lts. (June 11).

CAVALRY

5TH INNIS. D.G.—Offr. Cadet E. N. Barran, from Cambridge Univ. Contgt., Sen. Div., O.T.C.

ROYAL ENGINEERS

H. W. R. Ogden, B. B. Smith (late Offr. Cadet, Nottingham Univ. Coll. Contgt., Sen. Div., O.T.C.).

INFANTRY

W. YORK R.—Offr. Cadet G. G. Storey, from Leeds Univ. Contgt., Sen. Div., O.T.C.

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

A. B. Belcher (late Cadet, Wantage Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.).

MILITIA

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Maj. J. R. R. Fries, M.C., retires on attaining the age limit (June 8), and is granted the rank of Lt.-Col.

TERRITORIAL ARMY

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Maj.-Gen. N. J. G. Cameron, C.B., C.M.G., relinquishes the appt. of Comdr., 49th (W. Riding) Div. (June 9).

ROYAL ARTILLERY

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Maj. J. R. R. Fries, M.C., retires on attaining the age limit (June 8), and is granted the rank of Lt.-Col.

TERRITORIAL ARMY

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Maj.-Gen. N. J. G. Cameron, C.B., C.M.G., relinquishes the appt. of Comdr., 49th (W. Riding) Div. (June 9).

ROYAL ARTILLERY

62ND (N. MIDLAND) FD. BDE.—W. R. Brackett (late Offr. Cadet, Reading Univ. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (June 11).

63RD (6TH LOND.) FD. BDE.—D. H. M. Stimson (late Cadet Sergt., Dulwich Coll. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (June 11).

73RD (NORTHUMBRIAN) FD. BDE.—Lt. A. Robinson to be Capt. (May 1).

75TH (HIGHLAND) FD. BDE.—G. D. Ross to be Sec. Lt. (June 11).

76TH (HIGHLAND) FD. BDE.—W. S. McCrum to be Sec. Lt

Conferences

PRESS AND EMPIRE TRADE

POTENTIALITIES OF ADVERTISING

MARKETS AVAILABLE

The Imperial Press Conference discussed the subject of advertising yesterday at a session held in Grosvenor House. Major Astor, M.P., presided.

LORD RIDDELL, chairman of the Newspaper Proprietors' Association and president of the Advertising Association, opened the discussion. He said that they were all agreed that advertising was an essential part of modern commercial machinery. His object was to direct attention to the necessity for more and better knowledge in this country of oversea and Colonial publications and to the necessity for more and better advertising of home-produced goods in oversea and Colonial publications. A better organization was required in the United Kingdom for educating manufacturers and merchants as to the oversea Press. Dominion newspapers might provide essential information about markets and goods. It was deplorable that we should be so ignorant in this country about oversea and Colonial newspapers. The oversea and Colonial Press was largely responsible for that, because they did not take proper steps to advertise their papers. The canvass by the oversea and Colonial Press for advertisements in this country was very poor and lacking in vitality.

It was of vital importance for manufacturers and merchants and for the Empire that overseas and Colonial papers should be better known, and it was essential that all parts of the Empire should have some knowledge of leading organs of public opinion in other parts. He said this not as a patriotic or philanthropic appeal, but as one business man to another. It would pay them, and, in addition, it would prove a valuable Empire link and stimulus to Empire trade. The increase in American trade was largely due to advertising; the Americans had carried their wares into foreign markets. The homogeneity of the Press was a step towards the homogeneity of the Empire. It was "up to" the Press, particularly the overseas and Colonial Press, to educate our manufacturers and merchants as to the necessity of advertising in the Dominions and Colonies.

THE "AMERICANIZING" PROCESS

They had a noble purpose in view. He had been examining the report of the Empire Marketing Board and he saw that they had spent, or agreed to spend, the vast sum of £3,000,000 in various schemes of research of a scientific character. He noted with satisfaction that they had spent a considerable sum in advertising in the home Press, but he regretted that, so far as he could see, there had been no expenditure in advertising home goods in the overseas and Colonial Press. There might be some explanation, but he confessed that it gave him a pang to look at overseas and colonial newspapers and see the preponderance of American advertising in them. He loved Americans, and when he went to America he thought that he had never been properly appreciated in his own country. (Laughter.)

Much as he loved Americans, he did not want to see American competitors "Americanizing" the world through the medium of advertising columns in what were really British newspapers. He appealed to members of the Conference to organize a great advertising campaign in this country to display the advantages of oversea newspapers for home goods. This was not a matter that ought to be left to the Government or to the Overseas Trade Department. It was a job for the attention of business men, and unless this work were undertaken they could not hope to take advantage of the vast markets that were available to them.

SIR ERNEST BENN said that, although the English had awakened to the value of advertising, they had only done a very little, and were far behind the Americans. We had not yet learnt the basic economic truth that the selling and distribution of commodities was even more important and certainly as great a difficulty as the making of them. The retailer must be taught to pull his weight and do his share as an advertiser. That was the next big job in the advertising field, and there was more money in it than in all the national advertising rolled up together. The retailer took one-third of the gross products of the whole of our industrial output, but he still expected the manufacturer to find his market for him. The big side of advertising did not tell the whole of the story. As representing the smaller papers, no one rejoiced more than he did in the success of the big papers, but that success was only the first step in a big development that would bring advertising into the very lives of the whole of the people themselves.

ORGANIZATION OF RETAILERS

Mr. A. MCNICOL (New Zealand) said that the people of New Zealand were anxious to purchase everything Britain could sell them. What was wanted in England was an organization of retailers to sell British goods to overseas visitors. He had been surprised to find so many foreign goods offered to him in shops in this country because they were cheaper than British goods. Overseas visitors did not come thousands of miles to this country to be offered foreign goods.

SIR WILLIAM CRAWFORD said that within the last six or seven years the expenditure on advertising in newspapers had risen from £50,000,000 a year to £150,000,000 a year, and the business was still in its infancy. If they were to create a new world of Empire trade they must study this new force of advertising with sympathy and understanding. Sympathy and understanding were all-important. The "Buy British Goods" campaign, for example, created bitterness and enmity in other countries and led them to restrict their imports. On the other hand, the publicity of the Empire Marketing Board in a gracious, slow, but effective manner persuaded the public that the Empire had a part in their everyday life. It helped the traveller along the road that might lead to economic unity within the Empire. The "Buy British Goods" campaign was harsh and, by undue insistence, created opposition. The Empire Marketing Board achieved its end without hurting anybody. The purpose of the Board was to make Empire buying a national habit. The new method of developing markets was by the modern force of advertising. Nothing was needed in London so much as a central bureau to give information as to the Press and the habits of the people throughout the Empire. Distances were so great that we knew little of the Empire, and if they went in for an educational campaign on different parts of the Empire, advertising would fall into their hands naturally.

Mr. G. MACGOWAN (British West Indies) supported the proposal for a central bureau in London and said that trade commissioners were not a substitute for advertising.

Mr. J. D. MCKENNA (Canada) spoke of the necessity for British manufacturers sending out young men to investigate marketing conditions in Canada. Until they had men on the spot to discuss the requirements of the people to whom they were going to sell goods no progress could be made.

EMPIRE MARKETING BOARD

LORD BURNHAM said that as a member of the Empire Marketing Board he would tell his Dominion friends quite plainly that he thought it had been rather a one-sided bargain. It seemed to him that they were entitled to a little reciprocity. It was not very easy for the Press of Canada to advocate the consumption in Canada of British goods that interfered with their own manufactures, but there was a great range of production in which there was no real competition. He asked that in return for the undoubted service rendered by the Empire Marketing Board and its large expenditure on publicity in regard to Empire goods, there should be on the part of the Dominion Governments definite reciprocity in the way of some expenditure to advertise British goods.

SIR ROBERT DONALD said that he did not think they could revive the question raised by Lord Burnham until the Imperial Economic Conference, because it was a political question. He admired the beautiful posters issued by the Empire Marketing Board, but he doubted whether they were effective in selling goods.

Mr. F. CARREL (Canada) suggested that there should be a clearing house for information regarding British goods and overseas markets.

Mr. E. SHEEDY (Australia) said that they were alarmed in Australia at the falling off in advertising from Great Britain and the increase in advertising from other countries. People in Australia liked to buy from Britain, but they liked to buy what they wanted and not what manufacturers said they must have.

SIR HARRY BRITTAIN said that it was curious how little had been written about the conference in the Press of this country. Until a lead was given by *The Times* some six months before the conference, very little notice was taken of it. When newspapers were talking about advertising it was not a bad thing to begin at home.

SIR STANLEY REED (India) said that at present the Empire Marketing Board was a truncated organization, and unless its work was carried to the next stage of creating a demand for British products in the Dominions our rivals would take advantage of the opportunities that were offered in that direction.

Miss KENNETHE HAIG (Canada) said that 90 per cent. of the buying to-day was done by women. If a central bureau was established, as had been suggested, it might deal with psychology as well as cold storage. The English gentleman who had told her that if one's goods were good they would sell themselves was wrong; they must advertise.

Mr. R. BARRETT (Hong-kong) agreed as to the study of psychology. We had not sufficiently studied the Chinese market; the English egg-cup would not fit the Chinese egg, and Chinamen, who were very superstitious, did not like white egg-cups. The big market of European China might make an enormous difference in the prosperity of this country if we could capture it.

Mr. F. KEB (Canada) said that he was director of a company in Canada that owned 50 aeroplanes, not one of which was British, because British manufacturers would not meet the specifications required.

SIR AUGUSTO BARTOLO (Malta) said that over 95 per cent. of the motor-cars in Malta were American, because British manufacturers did not study the needs of the population.

Mr. S. VEATS (Southern Rhodesia) said that the efforts of the Empire Marketing Board were greatly appreciated in Southern Rhodesia and a great deal had been done by the Board to popularize that country's tobacco.

The conference then adjourned, and later in the day members left for Liverpool, where a provincial tour will be begun.

LONDON HOUSE SCHEME

The delegates to the Conference were the guests of the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress at luncheon in the Mansion House yesterday.

The LORD MAYOR, in welcoming the delegates, said that the Press of the Empire was largely responsible for remedying the defect of distance from which the countries of the Empire suffered and for maintaining the kinship of the races. Almost everything that the man-in-the-street knew of the Empire overseas—its progress, its ways of life, and the opportunities it offered—was gleaned from the Press. A scheme had recently been inaugurated for providing residential accommodation for Dominion students in London at London House. There would also be received at London House a number of students from Great Britain, in order that British and Dominion students might have the great advantage to be derived from the friendships and associations afforded by college life. The need for such a hall of residence had been felt for many years, and it would be gratifying to him as Lord Mayor if the members of the Conference would remember this great scheme to which the City of London had set its hand and give it wide publicity in the Press of the Dominions and Colonies.

Mr. R. J. GILMOUR (New Zealand) said that the Lord Mayor's appeal on behalf of London House would be received with great sympathy in the Dominions. He had been thinking of what message members of the conference could take back to their own people. It would be idle to attempt to deceive their people with an assurance that all was well with England and the Empire, but it was surely reasonable to hope and believe that a way out of our troubles could be found, and the message that they could take back was that they believed in the capacity of the leaders of public opinion and the business men of England to find a solution of the problems that confronted the Empire.

Mr. KINGSTON RUSSELL (South Africa) proposed the health of the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress.

Peebles Town Council have decided not to allow Sunday play on their municipal golf course. A vote of the ratepayers had resulted in a proportion of 7 to 1 against such play.

MIDLAND BANK

LIMITED

ON

Travellers' Cheques at Hotels

A WORLD-WIDE currency is enjoyed by Midland Bank Travellers' Cheques, obtainable singly or in book form at any branch in denominations of £5, £10 or £20. They are freely encashable at banking offices at home and abroad and are accepted in payment of bills at 4500 leading hotels in Great Britain and Ireland and on the Continent.

Booklets naming the banks and hotels at which these facilities are available may be obtained from any branch

Affiliations: Belfast Banking Co. Ltd., Northern Ireland; The Clydesdale Bank Ltd. and North of Scotland Bank Ltd., Scotland; Midland Bank Executor and Trustee Co. Ltd.

BRITISH LEGION

PLACE OF WOMEN IN THE ORGANIZATION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, JUNE 10

The place of women in the organization provided the subject of a spirited, and at times hilarious, discussion at the concluding session of the annual conference of the British Legion here this morning.

At the invitation of the chairman (Colonel G. R. Crosfield) LADY EDWARD SPENCER CHURCHILL, chairman of the women's section, addressed the assembly. She said that the women's section had grown very rapidly, and there were now branches all over the country working in every way to further the interests of ex-Servicemen. She reminded the conference that over 100,000 women served in the War as trained nurses and V.A.Ds at home and abroad, that 400 died on active service and many were wounded. In addition, 300,000 worked on the land, over 500,000 were engaged in munitions, and another 500,000 on national work of various kinds. So it could be said that women did their best to "keep the home fires burning."

The conference had listened appreciatively and sympathetically to this recital, and the very next business seemed a bit ungracious. This was a resolution tabled by Calverley expressing the opinion that the time was inopportune to review the status and the whole question of the women's section, and that a census of branches should be taken on the benefits (or otherwise) derived by branches from the formation of branches of the women's section.

There was vigorous opposition to the resolution, which the chairman said contained two words which were an insult to women, and it was heavily defeated.

WOMEN'S SECTION BRANCHES

A further resolution calling upon the executive council to define the relationship between the Legion and the women's section, and urging that branches of the women's section should be under the jurisdiction of the Legion branches, was carried. The resolution provoked one delegate to remark, amid loud laughter, that the man's section had given birth to a female child, and he wanted to know who was going to control the baby.

The CHAIRMAN said that all on the national executive were agreed that the women's section should be under the control of the Legion. There were, however, certain men's branches which were not as good as the women's section, and to put women's sections, which were run thoroughly well, under men's branches which were badly run, would be very unfair to the women. The women's executive felt very strongly on this point, and the national executive also felt strongly, and where women's sections were not behaving as they should towards the men's branches the executive would deal with them.

The creation of a North Wales area, proposed by the Rhyl branch, was opposed by the Wales area delegate, who declared that on national and temperamental grounds he could not support the division of the Principality into two areas.

When the vote was taken, the chairman's decision declaring the resolution lost was challenged, and the North Wales delegates left the conference after a protest, whereupon a Northampton delegate, who said he represented the largest branch in the country, suggested the possibility of the chairman having made a mistake, and asked whether another ballot could not be taken. The CHAIRMAN, however, affirmed his decision, remarking that there was not the slightest shadow of doubt that the resolution was lost, and that this decision must be accepted as final.

A Yorkshire delegate who contested the point called for the suspension of standing orders, and was so persistent that the chairman threatened to suspend him. An appeal was made to the Standing Orders Committee, who later announced that they saw no reason to interfere with the ruling of the chairman.

WAR BOOK STIPULATION

The conference agreed, in the absence of the mover, to accept without discussion a resolution standing in the name of the Wood Green and Southgate branch deprecating the publication of war books where the author did not draw upon actual facts and personal experience, and expressing the view that the late War should in no circumstances be used as a medium for works of fiction.

A resolution tabled by Teignmouth protested against the action of the Liverpool Employment Committee in circularizing other committees and endeavouring to obtain the removal of the condition attached to State-aided unemployment schemes, that 75 per cent. of the men engaged must be ex-Service men.

CAPTAIN APPLEBY, chairman of the Legion's Employment Committee, in supporting the resolution, said the time had arrived when ex-Service men had got to say that, irrespective of whatever political party they belonged to, never should an old soldier have to go to the workhouse as in former years. The only way they could do that was by the creation of public opinion by branches in their own areas. The older leaders of the movement were passing, and he asked what was going to happen to the public grants to keep men who were economically disabled by the War, and whose War service was making it increasingly difficult for them to find jobs. He urged that they should give such an expression of their determination that the 75 per cent. condition should remain that no political party would dare stand against it. (Cheers.)

The resolution was carried with acclamation.

TRADE UNION "URGE" FOR THE GOVERNMENT

MR. CLYNES ON UNEMPLOYMENT

The congress of the National Union of General and Municipal Workers at Belfast yesterday passed a resolution stating:—"We would remind the Government that during the General Election we were pledged to the repeal of the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions Act, and that the organized workers are now becoming restive awaiting the fulfilment of that assurance. We would direct the attention of the Government to the long-deferred ratification of the Washington Hours Convention, factory legislation, and workmen's compensation." Mr. ARTHUR HAYDAY, M.P., said he felt sure they would find members of the Cabinet willing to deal with the matter referred to in the resolution when they got the urge. That urge which had been started by the congress they would carry on to the floor of the House and into the counsels of the party. They would have the backing of those organizations that brought the Labour Party into being.

A letter from the Home Secretary, Mr. J. R. Clynes, who is president of the union, was read at a public meeting in Belfast last night. Mr. Clynes wrote:—"If the great masses of workers now deprived against their will of an opportunity to earn their living were not sustained by State assistance and by their own past contributions, the cost to the country in disorder and insecurity would be great indeed. The Government has sanctioned schemes for work during the last 12 months of 10 times more value than the Tory Government approved in the last two years of its existence. A hundred million pounds are ready. Not a fifth of it has yet been put in operation. A variety of causes have stood in our way. Vested interests, the slow pace of local authorities, and adverse decisions in various towns have meant delay. The Prime Minister and his colleagues recognize the need for more complete cooperation with local bodies and the necessity for resolute action.

"The causes which have made unemployment figures mount so high are not due to the Labour Party, and confidence in our work has not been lost. What is lost is confidence in a capitalist system which must give way to the commonwealth in which cruel dismissals would be avoided. Meantime, this system throws thousands of men idle faster than we can find employment for them. It displaces women in large numbers, so that nearly half a million women are now included in the unemployed figures.

"There are a few who call for 'Socialism in our time,' but who are the most unreasoning individualists and alienate the public support which we must attract if our cause is to succeed. They delude themselves with the thought of being advanced men. They are in fact effective reactionaries and retard the work which they were elected to support. They reject the democratic practice of all working-class bodies, and they accept collective decisions only when they happen to approve them. We must not expect a submissive and uncomplaining body of followers, but the cause demands team work and loyalty to those who are required to lead the party."

BOOT TRADE RATIONALIZATION

At the biennial conference of the National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives, which opened at Bournemouth on Monday under the presidency of Mr. W. R. TOWNLEY (Northampton), the council, in their report, suggested that one way of meeting the unemployment caused by rationalization was to reduce hours of labour, and this view was generally endorsed, although no resolution was put. Mr. G. CHESTER (Kettering) said that, although rationalization in the boot industry had brought greater productivity, it had also brought greater unemployment. Mr. A. JEX complained that rationalization was dictated by the needs of the great multiple buyers, who reaped the profits. They must press as operatives for the equalization of the benefits from the scientific development of the industry. Mr. F. GOULD, M.P., said that only by mass political and industrial manoeuvre could they solve the problem created by their industry being rationalized.

In a report presented yesterday the Council stated it was undesirable that females should be employed among male operatives in certain departments in which male labour is now almost exclusively employed. This view was also incorporated in the proposed revision of the wages and conditions agreement with the manufacturers which the union have put forward. Mrs. BELL RICHARDS, Leicester, proposed that all departments in the trade should be open to women at the same wages and price per operation as men. An amendment instructing the council to strengthen the clause in the national agreement excluding women from certain departments was passed by a large majority.

COOPERATIVE M.P.S

MR. ALEXANDER'S REPLY TO CRITICS

Mr. A. V. ALEXANDER, First Lord of the Admiralty, replied at the Cooperative Congress at York yesterday to the attack on the Government in a speech at Monday's sitting by the outgoing president, Mr. H. J. May. Mr. Alexander said he confessed that there were directions in which they had not made the amount of legislative progress they desired, but if they wanted that legislative progress they needed a people's Government which was supported by the whole cooperative movement. Mere attacks on the Government would not enable cooperators to attain their aims. (Cheers, and a voice: "We must criticize.")

Replying to Mr. May's contention that cooperative members of Parliament had not put the consumers' case on the Coal Mines Bill, Mr. Alexander said:—"If you have a member in the Cabinet, the cooperative view is sometimes put in the Cabinet. (Cheers.) You cannot always carry your way, and it is not for me, under my oath, to reveal what takes place in the Cabinet, but I tell you that you have a far better chance of orientating in the direction of cooperative progress if you are inside than if you are outside." (Cheers.) He denied the truth of the ex-president's statement that the Industrial and Provident Societies Amendment Bill was "lamely withdrawn in the presence of an opposition stunt." Did they think a trade dispute bill, extension of workmen's compensation and the application of the 48 hours principle could be carried while there were efforts to drive wedges into the working class movement?

The conference approved a scheme for a national cooperative milk trade association. Mr. F. HAYWARD, the mover, said the united representation of cooperative societies selling milk was indispensable if the movement was to do anything toward ending the present chaos in the milk trade. They hoped to tackle cooperatively some of the problems confronting farmers.

Presenting the report of the Cooperative Party, Mr. A. BARNES, M.P., said that 29 further societies had joined the party, and the non-subscribing societies' membership majority over the subscribing societies had dropped to 377,000. Mr. BALDOCK (Gateshead) said the movement wanted its members of Parliament not to be carried away by the idea of Ministerial positions. Mr. BARNES, who is the chairman of the party, said that if the congress requested him to resign his position in the Government he would do so to-morrow.

HEAD TEACHERS

Speaking at the conference dinner of the National Association of Head Teachers at Scarborough on Monday, DR. GRAHAM, Director of Education for Leeds, said under the new educational developments teachers would have more responsibility than ever before. Personally he wanted those who had borne the burden of the day and done successful work to secure the appointments in the new senior schools, which ought not be staffed by young fellows from the universities who had still to learn the A B C of their jobs.

A resolution was carried at the conference yesterday on the motion of Miss GIBB (Liverpool) urging upon the Board of Education that no child within the meaning of the the Education Act should be permitted to be employed in any public entertainment. She agreed that some children benefited physically and received more regular food and supervision when on tour than in their homes, but the hours were too long. Mr. WENTWORTH (Birmingham) said that the nervous excitement and heated atmospheres were harmful. Mr. BIGGS (Clapham) said that the singling out of these children to deprive them of the means of livelihood must arise from a survival of the ancient spirit of hatred against theatres. He agreed that children should be safeguarded against overwork.

Resolutions were also passed that a statutory number of adults should be in charge of children at children's cinema performances, in addition to the usual staff; and that in Children's Courts presided over by stipendiaries there should be staff psychologists and trained social workers, assisted by advisory committees upon which head teachers should be represented.

EDUCATION AND INDUSTRY

The conference of teachers in technical institutions, sitting at Brighton yesterday, passed a resolution expressing the hope that the Air Ministry would adjust the conditions of service of civilian instructors so that they might approximate to those in technical institutions administered by the Board of Education. Mr. E. A. LEES said there was no justification for setting up rules for civilian instructors totally different from those for officer graduate lecturers. Mr. J. WICKHAM MURRAY, secretary of the association, said the Air Ministry had promised to consider the conditions of civilian instructors in the Air Force. The alternatives to the present system were placing civilian instructors on a better footing or having the work done by non-commissioned officers.

A resolution was passed congratulating the Yorkshire Council for Further Education on its work in affording contact between representatives of industry, of educational administration, and of teachers in technical institutions, which had done so much to harmonize the aims of industry and education. Regret was expressed that similar machinery had not yet been established in other industrial areas, having in view the loss of educational and industrial efficiency thereby caused.

The conference welcomed the introduction of national certificates and diplomas in general building technology.

GARMENT WORKERS' UNION

Discussing the wages movements and negotiations report and recent agreements with the Federated Employers in the clothing trade at the conference of the Tailor and Garment Workers' Union on Monday in London, Mr. A. CONLEY, general secretary, reported that certain employers were threatening to leave their associations because of the agreements on holiday payments. It was the policy of the union to support strong organizations of the employers, as it tended to increase the powers of collective bargaining. Employers had difficulties on their side just as the workers had. Mr. B. SULLIVAN, London secretary, said they ought to fight employers who were known to have left their federations owing to their disagreement with national negotiations. The report was accepted.

The menace of cheap female labour was emphasized by Mr. T. ELLISON (Leeds) at the conference yesterday. Male labour, he said, was being gradually forced out of the industry by females, especially among the cutters, pressers, and machinists. He moved that a definite policy for the male workers' immediate protection be laid down. Mr. I. LEVY (Leeds) said that he knew of one big multiple tailoring business which employed about 1,400 in its factories. There were only two men tailors employed, and they were kept for dinner jackets and dress coats. Girls of 14 years of age were going into that factory. The resolution was referred to the executive.

CERTIFICATION OF SICKNESS

Mr. H. PARSONS (London), in his presidential address at the biennial conference of the Independent Order of Oddfellows (Kingston Unity) yesterday at the Holborn Restaurant, said that during the last three decades the expectation of life among the clerical classes had increased by 15 years. As the increase was caused by keeping the sick and ailing members alive, it was perhaps a natural consequence that sickness should increase. Another likely cause of the abnormal amount of sickness was the somewhat lax way in which medical certificates had been given. They ought to press strongly for an inquiry into the methods of certification, for their experiences with the regional medical officers certainly strengthened the impression that an alteration was badly needed.

WHEAT PRICES

FARMERS' UNION AND MR. BALDWIN

PROPOSALS WELCOMED

The following statement was issued last night by the National Farmers' Union:—

The National Farmers' Union welcomes Mr. Baldwin's sympathetic speech on agricultural policy. His statement that "Agriculture is still our greatest industry" is timely. Mr. Baldwin got right to the root of the matter when he pointed out that "what farmers want is remunerative prices." His dictum that "the key to the situation lies in wheat" is in accordance with the finding of the non-party Agricultural Conference, by whom it was agreed that "the key to this problem was the profitableness of cereal growing, as the decline of cereal growing had caused a decline of arable acreage, and the resulting change in the system of farming had caused increased competition in other branches of the industry, with a consequent reduction of the financial returns in those branches."

The industry will be gratified with Mr. Baldwin's definite statement that, if returned to power, "one of the first things he would do would be to fix a guaranteed price for wheat of milling quality at a price sufficient to enable wheat to be produced remuneratively on ordinary wheat land." This would, of course, necessitate a yearly revision of the guaranteed price in accordance with the fluctuations of the main items of the cost of production. It is interesting to note that Mr. Baldwin deems it to be of the utmost importance to make this policy firm for a period of years, and to make it so firm that it will be almost impossible for any Government to interfere with it after he has placed his guarantee on the Statute-book. We assume, of course, that he has in mind something more binding on Parliament than the four years' notice which was to be given under Part I. of the Agriculture Act. We would suggest that it might be wise for Mr. Baldwin not to delay his declared intention of getting in touch with the agricultural industry until he assumes office, in order that the details of the scheme may be worked out.

OATS AND BARLEY

His statement with regard to oats, that there is no reason why the importation of bounty-fed and subsidized oats into this country should not be stopped, is gratifying in the extreme. We note that Mr. Baldwin proposes to deal with this problem either by prohibition of, or countervailing duty on, imports—remedies which have been suggested by the National Farmers' Union in the past. It is specially gratifying to hear from Mr. Baldwin that he is prepared to denounce any treaties which may impair his freedom of action with regard to this matter. We would respectfully suggest that he should at once set on foot an inquiry as to whether there are or are not any treaties which do in fact impose such limitations on his actions. The National Farmers' Union has never been convinced that such is the case, but we have always been met with the retort that we are not experts in the construction of international laws—a dictum to which we take no exception.

Barley growers throughout the country will be delighted to hear that Mr. Baldwin is prepared "to try a duty on imported malting barley." We take it that he is now satisfied that the administrative difficulties which his colleagues have stressed in the past can be overcome, and that he is prepared on assuming office to give this duty a trial run at once.

SURPLUS MILK

The tribute which Mr. Baldwin paid to the zeal with which the farmers' organization is interesting itself (and has been for some time past) in questions of marketing and collective action is gratifying, and all dairy farmers will read with interest what he has to say upon the question of surplus milk. For our part, we wish in this particular matter Mr. Baldwin were a Mussolini, for he tells us that, if he were, "he would put an embargo on the importation of milk products into this country."

His statement, however, that our home surplus ought to be better handled puzzles us. It has to be borne in mind that this surplus has to be produced and distributed under conditions prescribed by the Ministry of Health, and that no corresponding restrictions are enforced in respect to the milk imported from abroad, and, therefore, it is difficult to understand his statement that the home supply might be better handled, seeing that it has to compete with these products which, he says, if he were Mussolini, he would keep out of the country. A large proportion of the home milk surplus is manufactured into products by such firms as Cadbury's, Nestlé's, the United Dairies, Limited, and the industrial cooperative movement, undertakings which are not handicapped by reason of lack of financial resources, technical experience, or organizing ability. Mr. Baldwin is, indeed, paying a very high compliment to the farmers of this country (and we hope that the public will take notice of it) when he suggests that they might be capable of handling this surplus to better purposes than can the firms who are doing it to-day, and that he is prepared to find the money to enable them to do it.

Finally, we think Mr. Baldwin closes on the right note when he says that as to the past he "neither blames nor apologizes, but he offers his hand frankly to the industry; he will do all he can to help if the industry is willing to help him." The industry has never refused him assistance in the past, and will not do so in the future.

THE PORT OF LONDON

VISIT BY RIVER TO NEW WORKS AT TILBURY

In connexion with King Edward's Hospital Fund for London a visit by river will be paid to the new port at Tilbury on Friday, June 20. A steam launch will leave Westminster Pier at 9.30 a.m., and a representative of the Port of London Authority will accompany the party.

On arriving at Tilbury the party will be entertained by the Orient Steamship Company at luncheon on board the s.s. Orontes, and will be able to inspect the ship, which is one of the finest in the company's fleet. The hospitality officer of the Port of London Authority will give an account of the Authority's objects and work, and a tour will be made of the port, including the new passenger landing-stage and the Customs House.

Visitors will leave Tilbury on the return journey at 2.30, arriving at Westminster Pier about 5. The number will be limited, so as to allow ample space on board the steamer, and applications for tickets (price £1 1s.) should be made immediately to the secretary, King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, 7, Walbrook, E.C.4.

MANCHESTER UNITY OF ODDFELLOWS

EFFECT OF HEAVIER SICKNESS CLAIMS

At the conference of the Manchester Unity of Oddfellows at Plymouth yesterday figures were presented by the directors showing the effect upon the National Health Insurance funds of the heavier sickness claims and the loss of contribution income by unemployment. In the three years 1924-25-26 the reserves available for investment reached £1,072,838, while in the succeeding three years, 1927-28-29, the reserves dwindled to £6,050, of which £3,350 in 1929 was exclusively for Scottish lodges. The figures are regarded as disquieting as to the seriousness of their effect upon the next valuation of National Health Insurance.

Mr. R. ANNIS, Deputy Grand Master, said the main reason for the reduction was the fact that the approved societies only got an amount equal to one-seventh of the benefits paid from the State now, whereas they previously got two-ninths. He thought the time was rapidly approaching when the Government would be compelled to restore the two-ninths originally granted under the Act of Parliament or there would be serious trouble to National Health Insurance.

Mr. G. LINGSTROM (North London) said the actuary's report upon the sickness experience of National Health Insurance showed that they were coming very near to the danger point.

BORSTAL SEASIDE CAMPS

The Borstal Association, in appealing for support for their summer seaside camps, point out that Borstal boys are confined in institutions during at least two of the most active and developing years of their lives. During that time there is, of necessity, no change in their surroundings, occupations, and interests. It has been found that a week spent in a camp is an invaluable part of their training. The holiday inspires effort, for only those lads who have made progress take part in it; it breaks the monotony and brings boys and officers closely together. It teaches the boys how to enjoy a holiday decently, and shows the officers what the lads are like under comparatively normal conditions. The Government makes a substantial contribution towards these camps, but a considerable sum is needed, for which generous help is invited. Donations should be made payable to the Borstal Association (15, Buckingham-street, Strand, W.C.2).

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Letters to the Editor

PORTRAITS OF MR. GLADSTONE

MOODS OF THE SITTER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Lady Birkenhead's appeal with reference to the gift of Henry Weigall's portrait of Gladstone must interest iconographers not less than the philanthropists on whose sympathy she counts, for since I saw it publicly exhibited at the New Gallery in 1892—six years before the statesman's death—it seems entirely to have escaped notice.

But such is the case of many of Gladstone's portraits. Some of these are known to be in private hands; others which might be regarded as, primarily, stimulative objects of political devotion, in part historical and in part decorative, are set up in political clubs and similar institutions; the National Liberal Club has several such. But a number remain lost to public gaze and knowledge.

Mr. Gladstone declared in 1889 that he had already "sat" for his portrait not fewer than five-and-thirty times. That estimate probably did not include the sculpture—statues, statuettes, and busts, and medals, too, some of which had been modelled in readiness for marble or for bronze. By "sat" he would have meant not only special sittings given in artists' studios—or specially at Hawarden Castle or elsewhere; but it would also include what might be called pseudo-sittings, as it was his habit to allow artists to come and watch—to "catch"—him at his work when writing, or else while receiving visitors, he meanwhile entirely ignoring the usually perturbed artist, while concentrating his attention on his own work or on his interviewer. By virtue of this time-saving process certain portraits esteemed successes have been produced, such, for example, as the oil-painting by H. J. Thaddeus, who met Gladstone at Florence in 1888, and was allowed to pitch his easel and make his sketches while his subject was working at the Italian speech he was to deliver a few hours later to an address of welcome from the city. So, too, in 1891, Percy Bigland achieved his painting, which Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone are said to have declared to be the best likeness of the sitter up to that time, a judgment which few, I fear, of those who saw it in the New Gallery would endorse. And again, there are the brilliant studies made by Mr. J. McLure Hamilton in 1893, one of which is now in the Luxembourg. Besides these are the numerous less ambitious drawn portraits, by artists of established reputation, which in all, according to my knowledge, must amount to nearly three score.

Apart from child miniatures, one of the first portraits, if not actually the earliest—and it is said hitherto to be entirely unknown to the public—is the delicately tinted pencil drawing executed by F. J. Meyer in 1830—that is to say, when Gladstone was up at Oxford, a youth of 20, in the year when he first electrified the men at the Union by the power and the splendour of his rhetoric. (This portrait, reproduced on another page, I acquired many years ago in Oxford, where, I was told, it had remained in private hands ever since it was drawn. Meyer, it should be added, was an artist of ability who exhibited at the Royal Academy and elsewhere between 1826 and 1844.) Of all those who followed—Sir G. Hayter, W. Bradley, Joseph Severn, George Richmond, R.A. (one of the Grillion Club series), John Lucas, the artist favoured in Court circles, Philip Westcott—none can be considered to have risen to the height of the subject until G. F. Watts, R.A., painted his first portrait, now in the National Portrait Gallery, in 1858 (misstated in the catalogue and elsewhere 1865), to the admirable skill and fidelity of which Sir T. Wemyss Reid bore witness. These represent the calm, contemplative side of the man—the only facet of expression which all artists up to that time had aimed at showing—or, rather, the only mood which Gladstone, "many-faced" and protean as a chameleon, had revealed to them in the peace of the studio. Even Watts's second portrait—that of 1879—still set before us the strong, unruffled, stately Gladstone.

Even Sir John Millais's first portrait of him, also of 1879, showed him, as we were told, "thinking what a terrible sin would be committed if England were to go to war for the Turks." It is an extraordinarily fine work, nearly full length, pensive, sorrowful, and almost tender. This is the work which so enraptured Benjamin-Constant, the eminent French painter, that he sent an article on it to the *Magazine of Art* entitling it "The Finest Portrait of the time," which, he said, "can hold its own as a work of art by the side of the greatest masters . . . not even a Rembrandt can injure it by juxtaposition," and that "never has life been set on canvas with greater power." But more was soon to follow.

Writers had dwelt up to now on Gladstone's striking pallor, which Wemyss Reid called "ashen," and on which Lecky insisted at length; and several more had spoken of the flashing, stabbing gaze with which, when crossed, he would sometimes paralyse the man at whom he shot his piercing glance. Lecky in particular, it will be remembered, in his "Democracy and Liberty" goes so far as to dwell on the bird-of-prey eye—fierce, luminous, and restless, dilating as an eagle's and even displaying "dangerous symptoms of insanity." It was this eye and this glance that Millais once saw and recorded—rather hinting at it, perhaps, and yet startling enough—in his second canvas, that of 1884, as to which he confided to his wife, "I never did so fine a portrait." Lord Rosebery, the owner of it, rightly dubbed it "the Fighting Gladstone"; yet why the statesman-scholar should appear so superbly truculent when clad in his D.C.L. robe is hardly clear to the spectator.

Millais's third and last portrait of Gladstone (1889-90), this time with his grandson, does not reach to the level of the other two—the artist was not then at his best. Even a great painter may fall short, as, indeed, that admirable and brilliant portraitist Frank Holl, R.A., failed, in 1888, in the striking picture showing the Leader of the House standing at the table, the "old lion" roused within him, his eye flashing and his form erect; and yet the portrait missed fire. But Holl at the time was ill: he told me just before he left for Hawarden that he feared for the result, feeling that he would be painting "as if the whole world was looking on"—so that when he got to the Castle (where Mr. Gladstone was felling trees) he could not get a moment's sleep throughout the night, and was nervous and worn out before the day's sitting. This was the reason that the picture was spoken of as "the imperfect work of a dying man." And can we think much better of Sir W. B. Richmond's portrait of the following year?

It is the same flashing eye—blazing even yet, despite its four-and-eighty years—that Phil May saw and recorded for us in his drawing of Gladstone in the House, in 1893, turning to catch some unwelcome phrase or resented interruption—such as many may still remember to have seen. Never was there a more modest

(Continued at foot of next column)

genius than Phil May, yet he could not resist confiding to me that he felt that this drawing was one of the very best he had ever executed for truth to resemblance and expression and ease of effect. The popularity of this drawing, which I lend also for illustration here, has been remarkable: it has been borrowed for exhibition in various parts of the world.

I have, I fear, trespassed too far upon your space, and yet I have left much untouched—especially the sculptures of such masters as Woolner, Brock, Thornycroft, Onslow Ford, Pomeroy, John Rhind, and Albert Toft, as well as Adams-Acton, Bruce Joy, Mary Redmond, and the rest. But it has seemed to me that your recent surveys of the Gladstone Muniment Room have aroused afresh so wide and deep an interest in the great statesman, philosopher, and man of letters that a reminder as to the person of the man at the hands of our leading artists might be welcomed as appropriate, alike as to time and place.

Your obedient servant,
M. H. SPIELMANN.

*** The drawings by F. J. Meyer and Phil May are reproduced on p. 18.

RUSSIAN DEBTS

THE SOVIET "CLAIMS"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On Friday, the 6th inst., Mr. R. Taylor in the House of Commons, referring to Russia's non-recognition of debts, said "he would remind hon. members opposite that in this matter there was a Russian as well as a British case," and his remark was greeted by cheers. He alluded, no doubt, to Soviet claims—never precisely specified—for compensation for losses incurred during their civil wars, in which a few thousand British troops participated.

The Russians, in 1914, were at war before we entered it, and were very anxious that we should support them. We did so on an agreement that neither party should back out till the War was over. To the distress and indignation of many Russians who had fought, as our allies, the Bolshevists broke that pledge and exposed us to an additional year of war and to enormous losses of men and money by prematurely concluding peace with Germany.

Besides otherwise cooperating with the Russians, the people of this country lent them hundreds of millions, first for the construction of railways and other undertakings and then for the prosecution of the War. Having repudiated these loans and seized all the factories, gasworks, mines, and other establishments erected or developed by Englishmen with English capital, and wishing now to obtain further loans or extended credits, the Soviet Government tries to fog the issue of recognition of debts by setting up some vague, unspecified, and intangible counter-claims.

If such claims are to be put forward at all, we, on the facts of the case, can produce claims immensely larger than theirs, for the losses occasioned by the prolongation of the War were colossal. We should not even need to charge them anything for the enormous benefit we conferred on them by relieving them of the consequences of the treaty they signed at Brest-Litovsk. It is unusual to meet a specific claim for a specific debt by alluding to an unspecified, hypothetical, and unadmitted counter-claim. Still, one sees why the Soviet Government talks as it does. It wishes the British taxpayer to continue indefinitely to carry the load of debt we incurred on Russia's behalf, and it has considerable assurance of our squeezability, gullibility, and stupidity. Its aim is obvious, but what is less plain is the motive that can prompt a member of Parliament to play into its hands by professing to take its flimsy excuses seriously.

Yours truly,
AYLMER MAUDE.
Great Baddow, Chelmsford, June 9.

UNEMPLOYMENT POLICY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—When Professor Pigou, in your columns of June 6, urges us to refrain from condemning measures against unemployment out of hand on the flimsy ground that they are interfering with a "balance," does he not rather understate his case? Is not an equilibrium precisely what needs on occasion to be interfered with? There appears at least to be a very important sense in which even the most serious unemployment is compatible with perfect "balance." Suppose 100 men, digging the earth for food, have detailed 10 of their number to make spades. If one of the 10 suddenly discovers how to make all the spades, he and the 90 will still make an equilibrium, the superfluous nine disconsolately looking on. Surely the problem of industry is not to make it balance, but to make it do so with everybody in the game; the evil being not that there is not equilibrium but that both scales are not full.

This is not a question of words. These metaphors are preventing insight. The real problem is the shrinkage of the industrial world. The number of those who "carry on the world" between them is growing smaller. Our task is to preserve the amplitude of this circle—the harmony within it will take care of itself. It is surely not its nature to shrink. The natural move for the superfluous nine other workers is to fall back among the self-supporters again; so that instead of 90 men supporting themselves and 10, there shall be 99 supporting themselves and one. Within the circle of industry there is already a nisus towards harmony, which is the very reason why men fall superfluous. The unemployed are best understood as a number of people standing on the edge of a world which has learnt how to get on most "harmoniously" without them. To conceive the situation in this fashion is to present the problem in a possibly soluble form. Those people have two alternatives: either reopening the valves by which they automatically pass through once more into the ranks of those who support themselves and the other workers of the world, thus rejoining the circle; or else to call to the indefinite number of others similarly crowded out to come apart and join them in a distinct and separate game. If the whole industrial world could break up into separate systems, as a sun gives birth to planets, the pressure would relieve itself at once. At present we suffer from two evils: (*a*) There is but one system; and (*b*) within it there is a principle of shrinkage which at once narrows the number of players and heightens the game.

I am, &c.,
J. W. SCOTT.
University College, Cardiff.

TRAVEL IN SPAIN

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Having recently returned from a tour in Northern Spain, I wish to correct a view which, before I visited that country, I found widely held in England—namely, that to travel in Spain meant considerable discomfort in hotel accommodation, poor food, bad roads for motorists, and difficulty in sight-seeing. My experience is the contrary. I found absolutely no discomfort, the hotels being first class and the food far and away superior to any obtainable in France, Italy, or Belgium. The main roads are good, though some, as in most countries, are poor.

But as regards attention paid to tourists Spain is without a rival. There exists in London (173, Piccadilly) the head office in England of the Patronato Nacional del Turismo, with branch offices in most towns in Spain of any importance, whose sole object is to assist tourists wanting help or advice both by personal instruction and by means of beautifully illustrated pamphlets and maps gratuitously circulated. In each office is to be found a director, and always an interpreter, who speaks English or French, or both languages. These agents have frequently accompanied me to the cathedral in a town and introduced me to the Dean or Canons, or written me a letter of introduction, thus enabling me to photograph (which was the object of my tour) any objects of interest in the sacred building. In fact, on one occasion their agent accompanied and assisted me all day in my work. Spain is out to cater for and to encourage tourists to visit her sunny land, and for that purpose her Government, under whose aegis these agencies are run, spends no less a sum than 10,000,000 pesetas per annum. Has not old England many unrivalled objects of interest in her cities, towns, and countryside, and might it not be worth while for us to take a leaf out of the Spanish book and try, on similar lines, to cater for and encourage tourists to our shores? I would advise any who propose to visit Spain to call at the Patronato Nacional del Turismo, 173, Piccadilly, where I can assure them they will be as courteously treated as I was.

I am, &c.,
FREDERICK SUMNER.
St. Bartholomew's Vicarage, Bristol.

NATIONAL MARK BEEF

THE BIRMINGHAM BOYCOTT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I, on behalf of members of a society deeply interested in the prosperity of farmers, add a few words in support of the letter from the President of the Central Landowners' Association on the subject of National Mark beef in your issue of the 6th inst. and in reference to your leading article of the previous day?

As land agents in daily touch with farmers in all parts of the country, we know well the difficulties and disabilities under which producers of home-grown produce are now labouring in their endeavours to get adequate recompense for the skill and judgment which enable them to supply the public with the best-quality article; and undoubtedly one of the most satisfactory ways to ensure this most desirable result lies in the grading and National Mark schemes which are now being inaugurated and are gradually getting into working order. If, too, as seems probable, British farmers will have to depend more and more in the future on grass farming and the rearing and feeding of livestock for their economic existence, the grading and marking of beef must be of first-rate importance to the agricultural industry.

It may possibly be many years before grading of meat can permeate the country and reach the smaller towns which have no definite or municipal abattoirs; but surely it is deplorable that at this early juncture a boycott should be imposed in such an influential quarter as Birmingham, and I would epress the strong hope, in support of Sir George Courthope, that some solution of this troublesome difficulty may soon be arrived at which will obviate the set-back of a scheme which is bound to be for the good of the consuming public as a whole and of agriculture generally.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
E. H. M. LUCKOCK,
President of the Land Agents' Society.
Sidbrook, Taunton, June 7.

A NATIONAL SERVICE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You were kind enough to lend the support of your columns to the National Y.M.C.A. Campaign launched on May 15. Convinced of the necessity for the campaign, I ventured to issue an appeal for its support throughout the City of London. I am glad to be able to report that the campaign has made an encouraging start. A sum of £25,000 has already been given or promised towards the £100,000 urgently required. It will be seen, however, that there is still a long way to go.

The financial difficulty in which the Y.M.C.A. finds itself to-day is mainly the result of its having undertaken national responsibilities—such as "standing by" our soldiers for 11 years on the Rhine and still serving their needs to-day in Shanghai, India, and other garrisons abroad, as well as in the great Regular and Territorial camps at home. Since 1918 this special service to British sailors, soldiers, and airmen has cost £66,500. No less important work among boys in the industrial areas of Great Britain has cost £65,000.

I sincerely hope, before I close the City Fund, that many more will feel able to send me a gift, small or large, so that we may help to give the Y.M.C.A. a new start in its self-sacrificing work for the nation's youth.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
W. A. WATERLOW, Lord Mayor.
The Mansion House, E.C.4, June 10.

RULES FOR WALKERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is impossible to lay down inflexible rules for observance by a walker on the road, because no set of rules will apply in all circumstances. For instance, it may be a good rule for a walker to face the oncoming traffic on a country road when there is no footpath, but if, on rounding a sharp curve, he is faced by a vehicle coming at speed, he is in danger, especially if the boundary of the road precludes him from leaping to safety.

But there ought to be rules so that motorist and pedestrian alike may know what to expect of the other. At present, for want of guidance, we are at sixes and sevens, one arguing for this rule and another for that. It should be possible to draw up some simple rules of general application, by way of advice rather than compulsion, for the guidance of foot-passengers. Any one who disregarded them would do so at his own risk. If, on the whole, to face the traffic is considered the safest plan, the rule for a walker will be to keep on the right-hand side of the road. In walking on a footpath it will probably be safer to follow the rule which has been observed in England for nearly two centuries, and keep to the right. It would lead to confusion to have one rule for the road and another for the footpath. It is said that, by keeping to the right on a footpath, there is danger of stepping off the path with your back to the traffic. I do not think it has been proved that any considerable proportion of accidents has taken place from this cause. Every one knows the risk he runs in walking the streets at all, and the rules would warn the walker not to step off without looking both ways.

The rules must obviously be of universal application throughout the country. They might be put in a schedule to an Act of Parliament, which would direct all local authorities and schools to set them up in large type in specified places.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
JOHN C. FOX.
Goring-on-Thames, June 8.

CROSSWORDS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Dear old friend,—For nearly 50 years I have read you and loved you and sworn by you; and now in my old age you have let me down.

I am, as you may deduce, an old man, and my wife is well stricken in years; our family is scattered, and we are living a Darby and Joan life. We were in absolute harmony until you succumbed to the crossword craze. Now has peace fled. My wife has taken up the toil of solving your puzzles. With this I do not complain, but she wants my help. In vain have I cut the puzzle out and retired to my den with the rest of the paper. She asks me for solutions when we meet at meals, and she tells me that sometimes she goes to sleep o' nights over the cracking of a pachydermatous nut. I do not take any interest in this pastime—waste of time I call it. The answers are, I grant, very clever and often very amusing. But the solution of these mysteries always reminds me of what my father told me in my youth. About 100 years ago he was a Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, and "Old Jammie Wood," as he called him, was Master. One of the Fellows induced the Master to read one of the Waverley Novels which had just come out. The Master read it, and handed the book back afterwards, with the remark, "Very interesting, but what does it pruv?"

To add to my sorrows, I went, a week or two ago, to stay with my sister. She also has fallen a victim to the epidemic. I was crossworded all the time I was indoors, and never got more than one short glance at *The Times*. It is, I suppose, an editor's duty to give his readers what they want, not what is good for them.

Pardon an old man's garrulity; I have not written to try to make you mend your ways. But *liberavi animam meam*. With all your faults I love you still, but I am

Your saddened servant,
A. L. COATES.
Highlands, Elham, Canterbury.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Why not two copies of *The Times* in the Bagnall home? I have found this solution most effective.

I am yours faithfully,
June 7. PEACE AT ANY PRICE.

Points from Letters

CHARITIES AND INCOME-TAX

I think it only just to the Claims Department of Somerset House to say that my experience is very different from that of Mr. H. W. H. Green, whose letter appeared in *The Times* of Monday. As secretary of the "Glynn Vivian Miners' Mission—a recognized charity—I usually send in all our vouchers in support of our claims early in April in each year and receive a cheque for the full amount claimed in the same month.—Mr. J. T. BUDD, 162, North-street, Brighton.

LUGGAGE IN ITALY

Intending travellers to Italy will be glad of the information, if they have not already received it, that the maximum weight of hand baggage, &c., which one person is permitted to take into the compartment is a mere 20 kilos, roughly 45lb. A single, average-sized suitcase, plus a dispatch-box, will be found to weigh approximately this amount. This maximum is strictly adhered to, and from our ignorance of this fact my wife and myself suffered the ignominy and misfortune of being taken into a weighing room at Pisa on our way from Spezia to Siena and fined the equivalent of ten shillings, which, we were courteously told, was only half of what should have been extracted from us had the full penalty of the law been levied. This was in consideration of the fact that I told the officials we were on our *luna di mieli*, which should be considered extenuating circumstances. In addition to this we, who had two suitcases apiece, had to pay for the registration of three of them from Pisa to Siena—a further sum of ten shillings.—Mr. MICHAEL A. E. FRANKLIN, Carezza al Lago.

LITTER ON BANK HOLIDAY

Considering the thousands of people about in our parks on Monday, how quiet and orderly they were. I doubt if there would be any litter if only the authorities could use a little foresight and put extra and larger baskets about on a Bank holiday. One small container I saw had 54 quite large parcels piled on top of it, showing that people wished to be tidy. May I add that it was not a brilliant idea to have open litter baskets? I saw children trying to get match and cigarette boxes through the wire-netting.—Miss MAUD FRANCIS, Kensington.

CHRISTIANITY WITHOUT CREEDS

In your issue of June 9 the Rev. F. E. Freese draws a parallel between the grammar of a language and the creeds of the Church. Apparently he overlooks three facts; first, that a language exhibits growth, and therefore change; secondly, that the grammar of such a language is merely the current modes of expressing the thought of the community; and, thirdly, that no period of the history of such a language can be taken as exhibiting a standard grammar of that language for all time. We speak of "living" and "dead" languages. "He that hath the Son hath life." The Church—or any truly religious body—is a living language of the soul. If it is living it is therefore growing; and because it is growing it must change. Its creed, *i.e.*, its "grammar," is the expression of its tenets at the time the creed was formulated, and like other "grammars" is liable to modification.—Mr. J. H. LEONARD, Earl's Court, S.W.5.

WHITSUN WEATHER

Thirty years ago an old Yorkshire lady living in Kerry remarked to me (alluding to the text in the Acts), "There is always a high wind at Whitsuntide," and I seldom recollect Pentecost without rough weather. Even now as I write (on Monday) a strong south wind is gathering force here. It is on record that in the year A.D. 597 the great Abbot Colomba passed away at Iona upon Whit-Sunday, but so great was the storm blowing during three days that only the inhabitants of the island could attend the obsequies. Here in Anglesey the old folk say that whatever the direction of the wind on March 21, that will be the quarter from which it will continue to blow during the spring and summer following.—Mrs. GREGORY STAPLETON, Island House, Holyhead.

STAG-HUNTING ON EXMOOR

If the Honourable Stephen Coleridge will bring his mind to bear upon the implications in my letter of June 4, I simply called attention to the fact that the success of the efforts of the R.S.P.C.A. to abolish stag-hunting on Exmoor will deprive a great many people of employment, and destroy much of the present prosperity of the moor. I asked also how it was proposed to deal, then, with the increase and multiplication of the deer if they may not be hunted. (They are very destructive.) It would have been more to the point if Mr. Stephen Coleridge had told us this, and if he had asserted that the rich and humane society he speaks for meant to compensate or pension the human beings its activities will cause to suffer. Take away even his lame donkey from a costermonger, and unless the R.S.P.C.A. provides him with a wheelbarrow his wife and children are liable to starve.—Mr. G. M. CRAMPTON, 99, Mason's-hill, Bromley, Kent.

FRENCH BONDS

In your issue of June 4 Mr. Arthur S. Browne makes use of the word "gamble" in relation to French bonds. Surely no British Government would have given consent and approval to a "gamble" involving some 50 millions sterling of British money? Perhaps your correspondent will give us further information concerning this transaction. I may mention that I am a holder of some thousands of these French bonds, which I purchased at the price of issue, not for sentimental reasons, but from a stern sense of duty towards our ally, with whom our country was embarked in a great cause common to both.—Mr. C. W. L. CRESPIN, Red House, Budleigh Salterton, Devon.

MR. GLADSTONE AND FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE

I was interested to read in your article of June 5 on "The Gladstone Papers" some extracts from a letter of Florence Nightingale to Mr. Gladstone, "written on the death of Lord Lawrence in 1879." "The lady who served as his secretary after his blindness" was my aunt, and I have in my possession seven letters written to her by Florence Nightingale, dealing with the question, "Who will write his life?" "The writing of this life," she says, "is an event unique in history, as he was unique in history." The deep interest she took in this question is shown by her careful consideration of the qualifications of Dean Stanley, Froude, and other great writers for the task.—The REV. H. G. CHALK, Ufculme Rectory.

CANAL CHILDREN

In a letter recently published in *The Times* Mrs. Elizabeth King, writing in reference to the Canal Boat Children Bill, reveals very poignantly its effect. Here, in Australia, there is in existence a system of education solely for the advantage of "out-back" children. Any child living outside the radius of three miles from a school is taught by correspondence methods. The lessons are prepared by the educational authorities, the parent or guardian is expected to help the child, lessons being prepared on the elementary school home-work principle of England. In addition, there is an itinerant teacher, who at intervals visits these out-back scholars in order to ascertain that their education is up to school standard. This is surely a more thoughtful and humane way of dealing with such children, and surely the canal children can be accepted under the same heading. The system is most successful in this country.—Mrs. J. N. SMITH, Burnett View, Gayndah, Queensland, Australia.

THE CHURCH AND DIVORCE

I was taught by my tutor (who was himself a priest) that no incumbent could legally forbid the use of his church to a parishioner on the ground of divorce, but that the incumbent was under no obligation to perform the ceremony himself, though he was entitled to supervise the ordering of the service. This is what he recommended, and what he himself did on one occasion: he informed the parties to the marriage that the altar would be draped in crêpe, the bell tolled, and the organist would play the Dead March in *Saul*. The wedding did not take place in church.—The REV. F. T. S. POWELL, The Elms, Winslow, Bletchley.

DESTRUCTION OF WILD FLOWERS

During the primrose and bluebell season, on any of the arterial roads in Kent which are within reach of the woods, small children have been seen, again and again, offering for sale to passing motorists bunches of these flowers. It is much to be hoped that all road-users will refrain from purchasing them, and thereby assist in stopping this further spoliation of the beauties of the countryside.—CAPTAIN A. HOWARD REED, Grove House, Garlinge, Westgate-on-Sea.

AN ENTERPRISING CUCKOO

It may interest some of your readers to know that a particular cuckoo is now in this neighbourhood for the fifth year in succession. It is recognizable by its call of three notes instead of two, the musical interval between the first and third notes being approximately the same as that between the normal two, the second note being a semi-tone below the first. During the last month for the first time it has been giving the usual call, but frequently alternates it with that of three notes.—Mr. ALDER PETTS, Shenfield, Essex.

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THE ALDERSHOT TATTOO

IMPRESSIVE ARMY PAGEANT

FULL-DRESS REHEARSAL

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

ALDERSHOT, JUNE 10

The full-dress rehearsal of this year's Aldershot Tattoo, which took place to-day, and the nightly presentations of which are to be given from June 17 to 21, provided a full and varied programme of military movement, music, and colour. It is a marvel of Army imagination and organization in pageantry that nothing of a like nature in civil life can surpass.

The rehearsal took place in daylight in the Rushmoor arena, and accordingly lacked the eerie mystery of night that adds enchantment to the lights and shadows of the real Tattoo, when the darkness and the silence are broken by sudden flashes, the sounding of bugles and drums, the shouting of commands to moving bodies of men dimly discerned. The spectator in his safe seat on the stands may well imagine himself alone on a hill top, gazing down on a strange camp, and be thrilled with the uncertainty of what it all implies. Be its intent wicked or charitable? Then he hears a wonderfully reassuring and inspiriting burst of music, which changes the rhythm of his beating heart from fear to exultation. The massed bands—brass, fifes and drums, on foot and mounted—are asking, "D'ye ken John Peel?" It is like a sentry's welcoming salute, "Pass friend, all's well," after his first peremptory challenge, "Who goes there?" Then the searchlights flash out and the Tattoo begins.

If to-day the daylight dispelled some of the imaginative illusions suggested by the Tattoo, it did nothing to impair its impressiveness as a spectacle. What the daylight did enhance was the natural beauty of the arena—that extensive grassy plain, fringed with woods, and having a clearance at the far end, which, viewed from the stands, discloses a lovely prospect, bounded by blue hills.

The Tattoo as a spectacle tells something of the part played by the Army in the country's history. It is devised, according to a foreword to the official programme, to bring "comfort" to its patrons. Britain to-day is facing vexatious problems. "May we not find comfort," it asks, "in the thought that as British courage in the past has refused to envisage defeat, so courage again will carry Britain through trial and stress to ultimate victory?" But, as the programme also points out, the Tattoo is intended to "instruct, amuse, interest, and entertain"—which it does in full measure—and its primary object is to aid the many and various charitable Army funds of the Aldershot Command.

The Tattoo lasts from 9.40 p.m. to seven minutes past midnight. There are no intervals; the programme is gone through with a "go" remarkable for its swiftness and ease. Apart from the various musical performances of the massed bands and the marching and counter-marching of the troops with that perfection of drill for which the Army is so noted, three historical episodes are staged.

One is that of General Monck's Regiment of Foot (the "Coldstream") laying down their arms as soldiers of Cromwell's New Model Army—after the death of the Protector—and taking them up again in the name of the restored King, Charles II. Another is the Battle of Dettingen, 1743, when the British, led by King George II. in person, defeated the French. This is a very interesting representation of the picturesque battles of long ago. The third episode, and the centrepiece of the Tattoo, is the visit of Queen Elizabeth, riding a grey horse, and attended by members of her Court, to the camp at Tilbury in August, 1588, to inspect the Army assembled to resist the threatened invasion of the Armada. In the distant prospect English and Spanish ships are seen in the fire and smoke of action. The Earl of Cumberland gallops across the arena bringing news of the Armada's defeat and flight, and the crowd sings a song of victory.

As the "Grand Finale "there is a wonderful scene in which all the troops—cavalry and infantry—numbering 4,000, take part. For its complete effectiveness night and coloured lanterns are necessary. The 2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards in a series of drill movements form the Victoria Cross, with the words, "That most enviable Order," an expression of the Prince of Wales. The hymn "O Valiant Hearts," sung by a choir boy with a marvellous voice, is broadcast in the deep silence, and sounds as if it came from on high. Then follows the evening hymn, "Abide with Me," sung by the troops; and "God Save the King," in which the spectators join, bringing the Tattoo to a close.

The rehearsal to-day was witnessed, as guests of the Aldershot Command, by about 10,000 boys and girls from elementary, secondary, and public schools, who were wild with delight throughout the performance. The bookings are very full. There is room for about 80,000 visitors in the stands and enclosures. Last year the attendances numbered 307,400, compared with 237,000 in 1928. The number of motor vehicles parked last year was 39,182. Larger attendances still are assured this year.

SEQUEL TO HERNE HILL DISTURBANCE

FOUR MEN SENT TO PRISON

The riotous scenes at Herne Hill on Monday night after the Gaelic Sports meeting in the afternoon at the Herne Hill track, led to a series of charges before Mr. Harold McKenna at the Lambeth Police Court yesterday.

MICHAEL JOSEPH WOODS, 21, a labourer, of no fixed abode, was charged with being drunk and disorderly at Dulwich-road. Police-sergeant Quincey said the prisoner was one of a crowd of 500 or 600 Irishmen who were fighting together at Herne Hill. They had to be dispersed by police with drawn batons. The prisoner was fighting with another man and refused to go away.

A fine of 5s. was imposed.

STANLEY FITZGERALD, 27, who described himself as a barman, but did not give his address, pleaded "Not guilty" to the charge of being drunk and disorderly and assaulting Detective-sergeant Moyer. The officer stated that he went with Detective Crouchen to the vicinity of the Half Moon publichouse and found a small body of police surrounded by a crowd of about 500 roughs. They were very hostile to the police, who were standing with their backs to the publichouse with drawn truncheons. The prisoner, who was drunk, and was undoubtedly one of the ringleaders, struck the witness on the chin with his fist and used bad language. The prisoner was then arrested.

Mr. MCKENNA fined Fitzgerald 1s. and 10s. 6d. costs for being drunk and disorderly, and sentenced him to 21 days' hard labour for the assault on the sergeant.

JOHN MURRAY, 29, a labourer, of Lissongrove, was charged with being drunk and disorderly and assaulting Police-constable Suckett, and wilfully damaging that officer's uniform.

The officer said the prisoner kicked him on the right leg and grabbed at his tunic, tearing it. He (the officer) had been placed on the sick list.

Mr. MCKENNA fined the prisoner 1s. and 10s. 6d. costs for being drunk and disorderly, and 1s. and 10s. costs for wilfully damaging the officer's uniform. On the charge of assaulting the constable the prisoner was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

THOMAS WATTERS, 22, a labourer, of Falcon-road, Tooting, THOMAS GAVIN, 25, a labourer, of Manor-park, Harlesden, and MULLICKY HIGGINS, 21, a labourer, of Pember-road, Kilburn, were charged with using insulting words and behaviour at Milkwood-road. Gavin and Higgins were further charged with assaulting Police-constable Smith.

Mr. MCKENNA fined Watters 40s. Gavin was sentenced to two months' imprisonment with hard labour, and Higgins to 21 days' imprisonment with hard labour.

SIR W. E. PEYTON'S RETIREMENT

It is announced in the *London Gazette* that General Sir W. E. Peyton, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., retires on retired pay to-day.

General Peyton, who is 64 years old, has had a romantic career in the Army. A son of the late Colonel J. Peyton, of the 7th Dragoon Guards, he enlisted in the ranks of that regiment and two years later was given a commission. He served in the Sudan campaigns, the Boer War, and the Great War. He commanded the Western Frontier force, Egypt, in the expedition against the Senussi, and received the thanks of the Admiralty for the rescue of the shipwrecked British sailors of H.M.S. Tara who had been captured and taken into the interior by native tribes.

He was promoted General in 1927, and was till recently General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Scottish Command.

LITTER IN THE PARKS

AFTERMATH OF BANK HOLIDAY

At a first glance, the public parks and open spaces in London after Whit-Monday did not show encouraging results of the anti-litter campaign. Their state appeared to be even worse than usual. Rubbish left by picnic parties lay strewn offensively everywhere. Warning notices with threats of prosecution and the broadcast appeal by wireless on the eve of the holiday seemed to have been alike ineffectual. But another side of the picture was less discouraging. Receptacles for litter were filled and refilled, proving that visitors had not been wholly unmindful of warnings or careless of the amenities. Those receptacles were in many places too few in number for the abnormal conditions of a Bank Holiday.

Experience has proved generally that the finer the weather the greater are the crowds in the parks, and the larger the accumulations of litter—and Monday was a delightful day. When all has been said, however, it would appear that there has been little improvement in the ways of the holiday crowds. Hampstead Heath, thickly littered with paper, cardboard, broken bottles, tin cans, and fragments of food, was offensive to the eye, as it has invariably been on the morrow of Whit Monday. Bad as were many of the public parks, the commons were worse. Wimbledon Common and Putney Heath were covered with litter, none the less ugly because much of it lay half hidden in the undergrowth. Those who have observed the ways of holiday crowds declare that the habit of leaving litter appears to be contagious; if the earlier arrivals have been careless in this respect, those who come later seem to think that their rubbish cannot make things worse.

In the Royal parks, while well-filled receptacles proved that a considerable proportion of the visitors had been anxious to keep the grounds clean, the litter spread over the open spaces, and cast even into the flower beds, made it doubtful whether these were in the majority. Regent's Park appeared to have suffered, as it has done in the past, worst of all. Enormous crowds had visited Richmond Park and left the evidences of their visit behind them, especially in the meadows near the river, causing an eyesore in the otherwise beautiful prospect. The response to the appeal for cleanliness seemed to have been greatest, relatively, in Hyde Park. Hampton Court Gardens were not at all disfigured, because picnicking is not allowed there, but the surrounding areas where it is permitted showed a disappointing contrast. Reports from the London County Council parks were that there had been no improvement as compared with the past, though the fact that the crowds were unusually great, even for a Bank Holiday, had to be allowed for.

MR. LANSBURY'S TOUR

HYDE PARK CAFE SCHEME ABANDONED

Mr. Lansbury, the First Commissioner of Works, will on Saturday visit the various parks under the control of his Department, starting at Greenwich, and then going to Regent's Park, Primrose Hill, and the other parks in London, finishing at Bushey Park. Mr. Lansbury stated yesterday that the large sums subscribed last year had been nearly all spent, and he was anxious that the donors should know what use had been made of the money. Mr. Lansbury added that the scheme for erecting an open-air theatre and café in Hyde Park had been abandoned—for the time, at any rate. He hoped that, eventually, it might prove possible to keep all the parks open all night.

EPSOM MURDER MYSTERY

OPENING OF INQUEST ON MISS AGNES KESSON

The inquest was opened at Epsom yesterday on Miss AGNES KESSON, whose partially clad body was found early on Thursday morning in a ditch on Epsom Downs. A native of Falkirk, she had been employed as a tea-room waitress at Burgh Heath, near Epsom, and disappeared on Tuesday last week. When found the body bore marks of strangulation. Sir Bernard Spilsbury's report on his examination of the body reached the West Surrey Coroner, Mr. G. Wills Taylor, late on Monday night. After consultation with the police the CORONER decided that the inquiry would be formal, only evidence of identification being taken.

James Allen Kesson, of Grange View-terrace, Falkirk, said the dead girl was his daughter, who was 20 years old last November, and was a waitress at Burgh Heath. He had one letter from her and she was in the habit of writing to her sister.

The CORONER said the inquest would be adjourned until Wednesday, June 25. He took it that the police would have inquiries made in the meantime as to how the girl died. Inspector Divers.—Yes, sir.

CANTERBURY CATHEDRAL FESTIVAL

SCENES FROM "HENRY V."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CANTERBURY, JUNE 10

The various events in the Canterbury Cathedral Festival of Commemoration continue to attract large attendances. This afternoon, owing to the threatening weather, scenes from *Henry V.* were given by the Ben Greet Players in the Cathedral Chapter House instead of in the Deanery gardens. Sir Ben Greet, playing Archbishop Chichele, faced the arms of that Prelate, which are included in the heraldic devices of past Archbishops that adorn either side of the Chapter House. Henry V. had close associations with Canterbury Cathedral; hence the choice of the play for the festival. Chichele was his great friend, and after Agincourt the victorious King was received by the Archbishop before giving thanks at the shrine of St. Thomas in the Cathedral. Seven years later Henry's body rested in the Cathedral on the way from France to London. In the Chapter House the great expanse of stained glass window lighting contrasted strangely with the modern stage lighting at the opposite end. Mr. Russell Thorndike played the King.

This evening Sir Henry Newbolt gave a lecture in the Cathedral on "The Black Prince and his times." The festival commemorates the 600th anniversary of the Black Prince's birth. Sir Henry Newbolt said he entirely agreed with the article in *The Times* of Saturday last by Professor Jacob, dealing with the Black Prince, except in regard to the last few words:—"No saint, but the epitome of valorous splendour, its rarest flower, its hardest to understand." Sir Henry said he criticized the words "Its hardest to understand." What was the Black Prince? Was he just an ordinary ruffian with unusually good manners, or was he something else? The Black Prince was the highest embodiment of the chivalry of the fourteenth century.

Later Sir Henry said that from the Norman Conquest up to about 1361, the year in which the Black Prince was married and in which it was made legal to use English in Parliament and the Law Courts, there had been a mixture of Norman French with the English element in the country. It was about that time that we got the Englishman as we know him to-day emerging, and so they might say that the Black Prince was the first Englishman as we now used that expression.

About 3,500 people attended a recital of music given in the Cathedral on Monday evening by Dame Clara Butt, Mr. Kennerley Rumford (who is an old King's Scholar of Canterbury), and Dr. Ley, precentor and musical instructor at Eton College. Dame Clara Butt sang from the rood loft a series of four Biblical songs by Dvorák. She was heard also in the aria "God shall wipe away all tears," from *The Light of the World* (Sullivan), and finally in "Abide with me" (Liddle). Mr. Kennerley Rumford sang "O Death" (Brahms) and "The Holy Child," Martin Luther's cradle song.

STUDENT'S DEATH ON MOUNTAIN

WILLIAM GRAHAM ELLIS (26), a London student, while mountaineering with three companions in the Cairngorms, became suddenly ill and died while being carried by his companions to a shelter hut. The party of four were on a walkin tour in the Scottish Highlands. On Sunday they climbed Ben Macdhui and descended the other side to Loch Avon, and spent the night in the shelter there. On Monday they left to climb one of the other mountains, and had reached a height of about 1,500ft. when Ellis became ill. His companions starte to carry him back to the shelter. The journey was a difficult one, and before they reached the hut Ellis died.

THE LATE MR. ROOME

CAUSE OF FATAL MOTOR ACCIDENT

A verdict of "Accidental death" was returned at the inquest at Retford yesterday on the body of Mr. H. D. Roome, Third Senior Prosecuting Counsel to the Crown at the Central Criminal Court, who died in Retford Hospital on Sunday from injuries caused by the overturning of his car while on a Whitsun holiday tour, as reported in our later editions yesterday. Mr. Roome, who was 48 years of age, was driving with his wife from their home at Weybridge to the Lake District when the accident occurred. Mrs. Roome, who was injured, was stated yesterday to be fairly comfortable.

Major H. B. Roome, R.E., of North Manor House, Tidworth, said that his brother, Mr. Roome, who was driving at the time of the accident, was always a very careful driver.

John Hawkins, a colliery worker, of Hemsworth, near Pontefract, stated that on Friday evening at East Markham, about six miles from Retford, he heard a loud report and saw a car swerve and turn a complete somersault on the road. He found the car upside down, with the engine on the grass at the side. The car was badly smashed and the tire of the near-side rear wheel had apparently burst. One of the spokes was broken and the tire was flat. There were no nails on the road to cause the burst, and the road was in good condition. Mr. and Mrs. Roome were lying on the road.

Dr. H. E. Humphrys, of Retford, said that in hospital Mr. Roome told him that he heard the tire burst and the next thing he remembered was that he was thrown out of the car. He said that the accident was due to the bursting of the tire, and added, "This is the end." He complained of injury to his back. On Sunday morning he was worse, and an operation was performed. Mr. Roome died on Sunday night from shock following internal injuries.

Mr. H. C. A. Bingley, sitting at the Marylebone Police Court yesterday, said that Mr. Roome was a most charming and delightful man, and a most skilful advocate, who always rendered the Bench the greatest assistance. So young and vigorous was he that his passing was a matter of the deepest grief and distress.

Sir William Jowitt, the Attorney-General, on hearing the news, said that he had the greatest regard for Mr. Roome's judgment in all legal matters. Mr. Roome worked with him in the Hatry case and other important criminal prosecutions, and gave him the greatest assistance. They had been concerned in other equally important matters in which he had made use of Mr. Roome's great legal experience.

SEAMAN'S DEATH AT THE LONDON DOCKS

SWEDISH BOATSWAIN CHARGED WITH MURDER

NILS STURE EKEROT, 47, a Swedish subject, boatswain of the American steamer Steel Age, was charged on remand at East Ham Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Wyatt Paine, with wilfully murdering Charles Clark, 59, a seaman on board the Steel Age, whose address was given as West-street, New York City. Mr. H. A. K. Morgan appeared for the Director of Public Prosecutions; and the Swedish Consul was in Court.

The inquest on the body of Clark was held by Dr. A. Ambrose (although Ekerot was then in custody), and a verdict of "Wilful murder against some person or persons unknown" was returned. Ekerot was present at the inquest, Dr. Ambrose having sent to the police court for him.

Mr. H. A. K. Morgan, opening the case, said that the Steel Age arrived in dock on May 29. When the crew were paid off they went ashore, and when they returned to the vessel all of them were much the worse for drink. Clark was very drunk indeed, and when he got on board he wanted to go into the boatswain's room, where the accused and some other men were drinking neat whisky. Clark saw among the party a member of the crew named Lee Becker, whom he did not like, and when Ekerot asked him to come into the room Clark said he would not go in while Becker was there. Eventually Lee Becker was driven to his quarters, and soon afterwards one of the crew heard a thud and turned back. Then he saw Clark bleeding apparently from a knock on the nose. Clark was propped up and put in his bunk, and at that time it was not realized that he had anything the matter with him except the bleeding from the nose. Next morning Clark was found dead in his bunk.

Detective-sergeant Godfrey, of North Woolwich, said that on May 30 he found a clasp knife in the boatswain's room and asked Ekerot who was the owner. The prisoner said:—"It belongs to Clark; I borrowed it yesterday to cut some rope."

Divisional Inspector A. Lawrence stated that when he was arrested the prisoner said:—"I don't know what happened. I can't remember anything about it."

Ekerot, who had asked no questions and made no statement in answer to the charge, was sent for trial to the Central Criminal Court on June 24.

THE WOOL TEXTILE WAGES DISPUTE

POSITION OF WOOLSORTERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, JUNE 10.

The executive committee of the Woolsorters' National Union, it was stated to-day, after a mass meeting of the members in connexion with the wages dispute, had decided that no statement would be issued to the Press concerning the meeting. In the circumstances there is no official confirmation of what is generally understood here to have been the opinion of the meeting—namely, that the members should resume work under the employers' terms while negotiations are reopened for the purpose of modifying the terms.

These terms were intimated by the employers last November before the holding of the court of inquiry on whose findings the reductions applicable to workers in other trade unions are based, so that the leaving of work by the woolsorters in conjunction with other workers in April was not quite for the same reasons. Possibly some scope exists for negotiation in respect of their wages which would not exist in regard to those of other workers.

The British Wool Federation Employers' organization involved in this instance would probably expect an unconditional return to work, while not declining to consider any representations which the Woolsorters' Union might make later on, and which would therefore be discussed on their merits. It is probably owing to possibilities arising out of this position that the executive of the union withhold an announcement for the time being.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

OVERTURNED LORRY ON FIRE

A lorry laden with sugar which was travelling from Nottingham to Manchester overturned and caught fire at the foot of Hartsbury Hill, near Ripley, Nottinghamshire, yesterday. The driver, Frank Edwards, of Mansfield, was killed. His companion, Leonard Allen, of Wollaton, Nottingham, was injured.

Sidney Harry Bocking, 20, of St. John's-terrace, Forest Gate, died in Chelmsford Hospital yesterday from injuries received on Monday evening, when his motor-cycle came into collision with a motor-car at Danbury, near Chelmsford.

Thomas Charles Hurst, of Handsworth, Birmingham, Jack Siddaway, and Miss Elsie Passfield, of Dudley, were killed in a motor accident early yesterday morning. The motor-cycle and sidecar in which they were travelling came into collision with a motor-omnibus near Bromsgrove, on the main Birmingham and Worcester road.

Mrs. Harris, of Smallheath, Birmingham, who was one of the 12 persons injured when a motor-coach overturned at Tewkesbury on Monday, died in the Tewkesbury Hospital last night.

When a motor-car and a motor-cycle came into collision near Sydenham Railway Station on Monday night, Miss Kathleen Stretfield, of Elderton-road, Sydenham, who was riding pillion, received fatal injuries. The driver of the motor-cycle, George John Ansill, also of Elderton-road, Sydenham, was badly injured. Both persons were taken to Lewisham Hospital, but Miss Stretfield was found to be dead on arrival.

William Booker Harris, of Mapperley, Nottingham, died in the Nottingham Hospital yesterday from injuries received on Monday when motor-cycling at Beeston. He knocked down Mrs. Elizabeth Aram, 51, and was thrown from his machine.

THE SHETTLESTON BY-ELECTION

LIKELIHOOD OF FOUR CANDIDATES

CONSERVATIVE POSITION

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

GLASGOW, JUNE 10

The by-election campaign in the Shettleston Division of Glasgow, consequent on the death of Mr. Wheatley, has not yet taken shape, although the nominations will take place next Monday and the polling on June 26. It will not be known for certain until to-night whether the Liberals will intervene, and to-morrow the divisional Labour Party will decide whether Mr. J. McGovern, of the Independent Labour Party, or Mrs. Isa Macnair, of the Cooperative Party, will be the official Labour candidate.

The Communists are ready with one candidate, Mr. Saklatvala, whose committee room on Tollcross-road was the only centre of political activity yesterday. Among the extremist parties, however, sectionalism is rampant. Mr. Guy Aldred, who conducts a book store in the Shettleston-road, labels his shop window "Guy Aldred's Committee Rooms," and coquets with the idea of a Parliamentary candidate at the by-election. A propagandist of a different type who will certainly go to the poll is Mr. J. M. McNeid, of the Scottish Nationalist Party. The one certainty at the moment of writing is Mr. W. P. Templeton, the Conservative candidate.

The Shettleston Division is on the eastern outskirts of Glasgow, and consists mainly of a long thoroughfare, containing four-storey tenement houses of the working-class type. There is a broader area at the inward end of the constituency where poverty is still more in evidence. Big engineering works, like Beardmore's and Arrol's, used to provide employment for thousands of persons, but to-day, to quote a highly significant phrase of Mr. Templeton, "these great works are almost as a place of the dead." Shettleston has over 40,000 electors, and Mr. Wheatley was first elected for the division in 1922. In 1924, in a straight fight with a Conservative, Mr. Wheatley's majority was 630, and last year he won by 6,724 votes.

SUPPORT FOR CONSERVATIVES

I was told to-day that Mr. Templeton (who has only just been adopted) might very probably win. I asked what were the grounds for such optimism on a night when an advertised by-election meeting had had to be abandoned for lack of an audience. From the party offices and from persons who, admittedly, were supporters of Mr. Wheatley last year, I gathered that the rancorous sectionalism that prevails and the undisguised competition to secure the official Labour Party candidature, together with the general slump in the political credit of the Government, will tell heavily this time in favour of the Conservative candidate.

Mr. Templeton, who has been a tradesman in the division, was an active supporter of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's first tariff reform campaign. He won Banffshire from the Liberals in 1924, and is a wholehearted supporter of safeguarding and Empire development. The threatened freak or propagandist candidatures can do him nothing but good by detaching votes from the dominant Labour Party.

The indications to-day are that the candidates will be the Conservative, the official Labour representative, a Scottish Nationalist, and Mr. Saklatvala. Mr. McGovern, who is believed to be most likely to secure the Labour Party's endorsement, states that his policy is that of "Labour and the Nation," and that he is no disruptionist of his party, but his previous associations have certainly been with the Left wing.

BRIGHTON MURDER

SEARCH FOR DEAD WOMAN'S DAUGHTER

The inquest on the body of Beatrice Prendergast, aged 56, who was found stabbed in an alleyway near St. James's-street, Brighton, late on Saturday night, was opened at Brighton yesterday and adjourned. The woman lived in Cavendish-street, Brighton. The police flying-squad yesterday made several journeys out of the town and brought back men who were questioned at the police station. The new line of inquiry which, it is understood, led to visits to Worthing, yielded nothing material. The police are continuing their search for the tall Irishman who is known to have been with Prendergast on Saturday night. An amended description puts his height at from 5ft. 10in. to 6ft.

The BOROUGH CORONER (Mr. W. D. Peskett) stated at the inquest that they had not been able to ascertain whether Prendergast was a married woman or spinster. He proposed to adjourn the inquest for three weeks to enable the police to make the inquiries that were essential.

Louisa Mitchell, the wife of a licensed waterman, of Cavendish-street, Brighton, said that she had known the dead woman for about six months, but had only known her to speak to for two months. Since the beginning of April she had occupied one room in the same house as the witness. In order to get to her room she had to pass through the witness's room, which was a back one on the second floor. The witness did not know whether she was married.

Prendergast usually left the house at midday and returned between 10 and 11 at night, but she never said how she earned her living. She never took any meal in the house. On Saturday she left the house about 12 noon as usual. The witness waited up until 12.20 a.m., when she locked the door and went to bed. About 7 a.m. on Sunday she was informed by the police that Prendergast had been found dead.

Dr. H. J. Pulling, the police surgeon, said he was called to Nye's-yard in St. James's-street about 1 a.m. on Sunday. He found the dead woman lying against the right-hand wall about 40 yards from the street. The face was turned to the wall, the body was lying back upwards, and there was a large pool of blood on the ground. There were three puncture wounds in the left breast and at the *post-mortem* examination he found that two of these led directly to the heart and the third to the left lung. It had penetrated the lung and fractured a rib. Death was due to shock, loss of blood, and syncope due to the wounds she had received.

The inquest was adjourned until Friday, July 4.

FIRE AT A SUSSEX HOTEL

GEORGIAN BUILDING DAMAGED

A fire broke out yesterday morning at Horeham Manor, Horeham-road, Sussex, an hotel on the Eastbourne-Tunbridge Wells main road. The hotel, which is a three-storey Georgian building, was formerly owned by Sir William Dyke.

Shortly before 8 a.m. the staff of the hotel noticed flames issuing from the roof. They sent for the Heathfield and Hailsham fire brigades, which had to travel several miles, and before they arrived the fire had obtained a firm hold. In spite of the efforts of the firemen, who obtained water from a pond in the grounds, and of helpers from the village, the building and furniture were badly damaged, and many of the visitors at the hotel lost their belongings.

The guests were accommodated temporarily in a detached building belonging to the hotel. One or two of the hall boys had narrow escapes. They had to use a rope ladder, which was in one of the rooms, to get away from the upper storey.

DUKE OF LEINSTER'S PETITION FOR DIVORCE

In the Court of Session at Edinburgh yesterday, Lord Mackay fixed Saturday, June 28, for the hearing of the petition for divorce by the Duke of Leinster, residing at Ardenistle, Port Ellen, Islay, against May Etheridge, Duchess of Leinster, residing at Minosa, St. Leonard-road, Hythe, and against Stanley Williams, also residing at Minosa.

LIMERICK MONUMENT BLOWN UP

The bronze statue erected in Limerick by public subscription in 1855 to the memory of Viscount Fitzgibbon, son of the Earl of Clare, who fell in the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava, was blown up on Monday night by a high explosive.

NEW CATHEDRAL FOR ABERDEEN

SUPPORT OF U.S. PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The recent visit of the Bishop of Aberdeen and Orkney (Dr. Deane) and of the Very Rev. H. E. Hill, Provost of St. Andrew's Cathedral, Aberdeen, to the United States, has aroused further interest in the appeal for $1,000,000 as a fund to build a new St. Andrew's Cathedral in Aberdeen as a memorial to Bishop Samuel Seabury, who was consecrated in Aberdeen in 1784 and became the first Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America.

The Bishop of Rhode Island (the Right Rev. J. de W. Perry), presiding Bishop of the Church in the United States, will be present in Aberdeen for the ceremonies in connexion with the new cathedral on August 15, and will lay the corner-stone on that occasion.

The corner-stone, which will be that of the Children's Chapel, will be a piece of granite from the State of Connecticut, which was the diocese of Bishop Seabury. The stone will be the gift of the children of St. John's Church, Hartford. A fund of $75,000 from the children of America is being sought for the building of the Children's Chapel. This amount will be part of the $1,000,000 building fund for the memorial. The cathedral architect is Mr. John N. Comper.

Those familiar with the historical background of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America will recall that at the Globe House in Woodbury, Connecticut, was held in 1783 the first convention electing Seabury as Bishop. He then came to England to seek consecration, but found that under the English law of the time a Bishop had to swear an oath of allegiance to the English King and realm. After a year's delay he finally found in Scotland certain "non-juring" Bishops, among them Bishops Kilgour, Skinner, and Petrie. These officiated at his consecration. Bishop John Skinner, then Bishop of Aberdeen, had given over the two upper floors of his own home in Aberdeen for use as the cathedral, for those were days of poverty and political persecution in the Church.

The present cathedral was built in 1817 by his son, Bishop William Skinner. It is planned to make the new edifice one of a beauty and dignity befitting a memorial to an event so all-important in the annals of the Anglican Episcopate.

THEFT OF RARE BOOKS

SHARAGRAM BIBLE MISSING FROM MUSEUM

Rare books, including a Sharagram Bible of very great value, were stolen during the week-end from the Royal Army Medical College Museum, Millbank, S.W. The official version of the robbery issued by Scotland Yard was as follows:—

"A large number of rare books is missing from the library of the Royal Army Medical College. Included among the missing books are a Sharagram Bible, of 1580-1590, written by Philirox, the Deacon, in the Armenian language, with a number of full-page plates and a number of illuminations; a Venetian chart of 1643, by Cranopus Benincasa, in four parts; a rare collection of sketches and notes, by Sir Charles Bell, of the wounded at the Battle of Waterloo; an early period inkstand with the following inscription 'Sarah Bawditch from Madame Curvier,' and a number of bronze, silver and gold medals and rare books and MSS."

It is thought that the thieves may have entered the museum by means of a plank from a high wall to a window, which was found to be broken. Since an attempt will possibly be made to get the books out of the country, Scotland Yard specially notified their officers at the ports to keep a careful look-out. The books are so heavy that it is assumed a car was used to take them away.

The college library, which contains about 15,000 books and periodicals, is not open to the public.

NEW WAGONS FOR THE L.N.E.R.

The L.N.E.R. announce that 2,025 additional wagons are to be built during 1930. These include 1,940 12-ton wagons, 35 eight-ton ventilated refrigerator vans, and 50 20-ton brake vans. All the vehicles will be constructed in the L.N.E.R. works.

ROYAL TOURNAMENT

DUKE OF YORK'S VISIT TO-DAY

The Duke of York will visit the Royal Tournament at Olympia this afternoon and will be received at the Hammersmith-road entrance by members of the Royal Tournament Committee. Royal Air Force troops will line the route from the entrance to the Royal box and a guard of honour of the Royal Air Force with band will be drawn up in the arena and will be inspected by the Duke. On his departure the corridor from the Royal box to the exit will be lined by men of the Royal Navy.

The final of the Tug of War (11st.) Royal Air Force Championship will be decided this afternoon. Finals of inter-Service competitions are now being decided at Olympia daily.

There was a large attendance of spectators at Olympia yesterday afternoon. Presiding in the Royal box was Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, while among the occupants of the Royal Enclosure were Brigadier-General H. O. Knox, Sir Alexander Prince, Lord Riddell, and the Bishop of London. In the evening Field-Marshal Sir George Milne occupied the Royal box.

In the morning the final of the Inter-Service Bayonet Championship was decided, and Sergeant M. J. Carter, of the Artists Rifles, who had already secured the Army Championship, achieved an unprecedented feat in winning it. No member of the Territorial Army had ever before defeated the champions of the Regular Services in such a contest. Sergeant Carter has entered for this contest for some years past.

The results at Olympia yesterday were as follows:—

Inter-Service Championship (Bayonet).—1, Sergeant M. J. Carter, Artists Rifles, Territorial Army; 2, Company Sergeant-Major Instructor G. Gelder, Army Physical Training Staff; 3, Quartermaster-Sergeant Instructor H. Parsons, Army Physical Training Staff.

The results of the Service Championships (Bayonet) were:—Royal Navy.—Petty Officer W. J. Irving; Royal Marines.—Marine Curtis; Army.—Sergeant M. J. Carter; Royal Air Force.—Flying Officer D. F. W. Atcherley.

Best Man-at-arms (dismounted).—Sergeant-Major Instructor G.A. F. Wyatt.

Winner of the King's Certificate.—Quartermaster-Sergeant H. Parsons.

Royal Naval and Royal Marine Inter-Port Field Gun Competition.—1, H.M.S. Pembroke (4min. 28 1-5sec.); 2, H.M.S. Excellent (4min. 39 1-5sec.).

Tug of War (11Cst.) Royal Air Force Championship.—Royal Air Force, Uxbridge, beat Royal Air Force, Gosport, by two pulls to nil. Times.—2min. 45sec.; 1min. 34sec.

Tug-of-war (130st.).—Royal Air Force Championship.—Royal Air Force, Cabbot, beat Home Aircraft Depot, Henlow, by two pulls to nil. Times, 1min. 43sec.; 56sec.

MAN AND WOMAN CHARGED WITH BLACKMAIL

PROSECUTOR'S NAME WITHHELD

At Tower Bridge Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Campion, PATRICK GARRITY, 31, ship's fireman, and HELENA GARRITY, or HARRY, 25, both of Charrington-street, Somers Town, were charged with demanding money by menaces.

Mr. Horace Fenton, barrister, prosecuting, said the charge was one commonly known as blackmail, and the accused, although giving the same surname and living together, were not husband and wife. He would ask the permission of the Court to suppress the name of the prosecutor, a man in a public position.

Mr. CAMPION said he thought it right to remove the fear of exposure as it tended to assist justice. If people who were being blackmailed could come forward without fear the most potent weapon of the blackmailer would be removed.

The prosecutor, whose name and address were given to the Court in writing, said he first met the woman prisoner about five years before when she was a probationer nurse at one of the large London hospitals. He knew her as Helena Harry. They met by chance and afterwards about once a month, or less. At the end of 1929 she told him she was getting married to a man named Garrity. On May 26 of this year the male prisoner came to his office and said:—"I am 'Harry's' husband," and went on to say that he had heard that misconduct had taken place, and asked the witness what he was going to do about it. He also said he had incurred expenses amounting to some £38 in having them watched, and that he had also lost his job through it. The witness put him off and then told the police. He made an appointment on June 2, when the police were in hiding in his office.

The accused were remanded for a week, the woman alone being allowed bail.

News in Brief

Pinner (Middlesex) Fair, the charter of which was granted by Edward IV. in 1336, will be held to-day.

Sir James Parr, late High Commissioner for New Zealand, has been elected president of the British Empire Film Institute.

The man who was arrested in a teashop at Dymchurch, Kent, on a charge of having stolen £4,500 from Richmond (Surrey) post office, will be brought before the magistrates at Richmond to-day.

Sixteen men are painting the High Level Bridge at Newcastle-on-Tyne and are expected to complete the work by the end of October. About 12 tons of paint and 1,000 gallons of tar will be used.

A launch came into collision with a punt near Maidenhead on Monday evening. The punt was cut in half and the occupants, Mr. and Mrs. Buss, of Ealing Common, were thrown into the water. They were rescued by passengers on board the launch.

Frederick Stephens, Wood Cottages, Dover, who was admitted to Dover Hospital suffering from serious injuries caused by a collision between a lorry and an omnibus at Tilmanstone on Monday, has since died, making the second death as a result of the accident.

No reprieve has been granted to Albert Edward Marjeram, who has been in Wandsworth Prison under sentence of death for the murder of Edith May Parker, on Dartford Heath on April 11. The execution will take place at Wandsworth this morning at 9 o'clock.

While being taught swimming by one of his scouts, Edwin John Hill, aged 20, of Exeter, who as assistant scoutmaster had charge of a camp near Tiverton, got into difficulties and was drowned though the scout, who was 13 years old, dived several times in the effort to save him.

While at play Sidney Frank Gingell, 5, of St. Irvine's-road, North Kensington, fell into the Grand Junction Canal at Carlton Bridge, Paddington, and was drowned. Police-constable Asker dived into the water several times before he could find the boy, who was by then unconscious.

Lady Crosfield has been adopted as prospective Liberal candidate for the Finchley Division of Middlesex in succession to Mr. T. Atholl Robertson, who has resigned. The present member is Major Edward Cadogan, Unionist. Lady Crosfield stood as Liberal candidate for North Islington at the last General Election.

George Howell, 60, lodging in Ramsden-road, Balham, was found dead with a gas-pipe in his mouth and a brown paper bag over his head. At the inquest at Brixton yesterday it was stated that Howell, who was formerly an accountant, had lately been living by doing odd jobs. A verdict of "Suicide while of unsound mind" was recorded.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Ulster Association (in London) is entertaining the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, Lord Craigavon, and members of his Cabinet at dinner on June 27 in London. (p. 1)

A reward of £3 is offered for full particulars of the marriage of Thomas Blake and Elizabeth Lansley, which took place between 1830 and 1836, probably at Hampstead or Andover. (p. 1)

The Government of Bengal invite applications for the post of Professor of mechanical engineering, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, Bengal. (p. 3)

The Commissioners of Customs and Excise invite tenders for a three-years' contract for the supply of about 3,000 uniform caps, &c., annually. (p. 1)

FUTURE OF DEVONSHIRE PARK

Devonshire Park, Eastbourne

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Room), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
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SOMETHING ELSE THAT WORK CAN DO

By CALLISTHENES

A good deal of space is taken up in newspapers and magazines, a good deal of time is spent on the platform, in discussing the moods and characteristics of the young people of this generation. It sometimes seems as if not one of their virtues or their weaknesses had been left unscrutinized and uncatalogued.

One of the most interesting of these analyses which we have noticed lately was that of the Archbishop of York. He seemed a little hard upon the young folk of to-day. He said, among other things, that they had sympathy with adventure so long as it was undertaken by someone else.

But this failing and others which he mentioned he seemed to attribute to the fact that youth to-day is bewildered. "Their predominant characteristic," he said, "so far as the seriously-minded are concerned, is bewilderment."

The Archbishop of York is one to whose statements on such a subject most people will attach weight, and we are willing to accept this diagnosis from him. We would, however, suggest that an uncertainty about the beliefs, the principles, the codes, the aims accepted by their elders has been a characteristic of youth in every generation of which we have any record. It is not confined to 1930. The "Everlasting May" which Carlyle described so fully has been a stage in the growth of every young man who ever thought or strove.

And the cure for it is always the same—always the one which Carlyle prescribed—hard work.

We in this House believe in hard work. We have spoken of the joy of it, from many different angles. We believe it makes for happiness. We know it makes for health. It is the foundation of all civilization, of all progress. It is the best comradeship, the best citizenship. There is no better service which any man can do the State at this moment than to work harder and better than before.

But it also makes for clearness of thought. It is not a mere anodyne which helps a man to ignore or to forget the search for principles. It is not a mere necessity forced upon him so that he has not time to think out his way. It is the condition of a solution of his problem.

The best cure for the "bewilderment" which the Archbishop finds in the youth of 1930 is that they should do with their might the job which comes to their hand. The better they work, whether it be in a University, a bank, a shipyard, or a Store, the more surely will they arrive at that clearness of thought, that certainty of grasp on values, which give brightness to courage and effectiveness to ambition. Such, at least, is the philosophy of this House.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

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THE CASE OF SERGEANT GRISCHA
(ALL TALKING)
MASTERLY FILM
Of Arnold Zweig's Famous Story.

RAPT AUDIENCES AT EVERY HOUSE!

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THE HILARIOUS TALKING VERSION OF
SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE
WITH
RICHARD DIX

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Entertainments

PAGEANT OF MUSIC AT CAMBRIDGE

WORKS BY BRITISH COMPOSERS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CAMBRIDGE, JUNE 10

The weather proved unkind to-day and the first performance of the Historical Pageant of English Music had to be given in the hall of Trinity College instead of outside in Nevile's Court. However, if the spectacle, which was expressly designed for performance out of doors upon a spacious stage, lost something from being cramped upon a platform, we gained by hearing more of the words than we should have done in the open air, and the great screen of the hall, with its gallery above, is no mean setting for a pageant. The words were worth hearing, for Mr. Ronald Watkins, who has written the Prologues to the six Episodes and the Epilogue, has provided the speakers with verse or prose that is always finely pointed and sometimes glows with real poetic feeling. The Episodes themselves, by several hands, are all amusingly written, even though the fun sometimes depends upon an intimate knowledge of current politics in Cambridge.

The authors, in fact, have provided us with a Short History of English Music, which may be learnt without any tears except those of laughter. First John Fornsete, a monk of Reading Abbey, weary of the conventions of plainsong, sets the choir-boys to learn the round he has composed upon a tune picked up at a country fair. The tune is "Sumer is icumen in," and Fornsete is Mr. Peter Hannen, to whom it fell later to speak the Epilogue, which he did very beautifully. Then Dunstable, disclaiming the honours paid to him by foreign pedants, bridges the gap to the time of Henry VIII., bluffly played by Mr. Beves, who filches one of Wolsey's best choristers, insists upon having English music at the Field of the Cloth of Gold, and, having denounced the ancient legend that England is an unmusical country, departs to the buttery-bar for more beer and beef. This Hal will none of Wolsey's kickshaws prepared by a French *chef* nor of his Italian musicians! Next Byrd serves as Prologue to Queen Elizabeth's visit to this very Hall, where the Master of Trinity entertains Oriana (acted to the life by Mrs. Rootham) with madrigals, a ballet (danced as well as sung), and morris-dances.

PEPYS AT HOME

Matthew Locke introduces the next episode, in which we see Samuel Pepys at home and hear him quote his Diary. It is a musical household, and poor Mrs. Pepys (Mrs. Prior) finds that a faulty sense of pitch adds to her difficulties in coping with her wayward lord. After Locke, Purcell, to whose admirably turned couplets Mr. Alexander Wynne Wilson did full justice. He is Prologue to a scene in which Dr. Maurice Greene, Professor of Music in the University of Cambridge, gives an audition to young Thomas Arne and asks Boyce's help in the preparation of a now famous edition of Old English Church Music. Dr. Greene proves that a historical sense and a keen wit are not new in the Chair of Music.

An Oxford Professor follows his Cambridge colleague, and Dr. Burney, in the full robes of a Mus.D. of Cambridge, divides music into two camps and then, having thoroughly confused us and himself with the consequences of this division, shows us their Royal Highnesses of Wales and York singing glees at the Catch-Club with Battishill, Alcock, and Calcott, to the accompaniment of plentiful claret. Mr. Sydney Roberts, a perfect incarnation of Burney's portrait, gave in this scene the best performance of the afternoon.

In the Epilogue the wreath, which the speakers of the Prologues have carried, is passed backwards to each until John Fornsete dedicates it to Music, "the Messenger of God to Man." This Epilogue, partly spoken by Mr. Hannen, and partly sung by two choruses, has been set to music by Mr. Dennis Arundell, the producer of the Pageant. It is difficult to judge of music, composed especially for out-of-doors performance, in a resonant hall. One, of the choruses supported by trumpets and trombones should have been in the far distance. At the rehearsal, which I heard yesterday, it sounded well in Nevile's Court, and seemed to follow in the tradition of the fine music for brass, by Locke and Purcell, which we heard in King's College Chapel on Sunday. Of the production, too, it is not easy to speak. One can only record that the individual scenes were admirably acted, once the persons had made the somewhat difficult ascent to the stage. Mr. Ord has made an interesting selection of music, and it was all well performed. It is to be hoped that the weather will mend and allow the audiences to-morrow and on Thursday to see the Pageant in its proper setting.

Yesterday evening we were more fortunate, and while the sun set a large gathering listened to the Cambridge University Madrigal Society singing under Mr. Ord's direction madrigals by Wilbye, Orlando Gibbons, Byrd, R. L. de Pearsall, and Weelkes on the river beside King's Bridge. One doubts whether this music has ever sounded more lovely than it did coming across the water in the fading light, with nothing to interrupt it but the occasional ripple caused by a passing canoe or the appropriate twitterings of "dainty fine birds" urged to untimely rivalry by human song. As the punts, lit now with hanging lanterns, passed up between the thronged banks, and "On the plains" faded quietly out of hearing, one stood enchanted, vowing that this was indeed the music of fairy trains.

DALY'S THEATRE

"THE COMMAND TO LOVE"

BY RUDOLF LOTHAR AND FRITZ GOTTWALD. ADAPTED BY HERMAN BERNSTEIN AND BRIAN MARLOW. REVISED FOR THE ENGLISH STAGE BY BERNARD MERIVALE.

Emile Ardillot	CHARLTON MORTON
Don Tomas Martinez	ALEXANDER SARNER
Duce de Munaterra	JULIAN ROYCE
The Ambassador from Nullepart	FREDERICK CULLEY
Marie Anne (his wife)	ISOBEL ELSOM
Gaston, Marquis du Saint Lac	RONALD SQUIRE
Manuela (wife of the War Minister)	YVONNE ARNAUD
The War Minister of Tierra di Buena Esperanza	H. R. HIGNETT
Foreign Minister of Nullepart	FREDERICK MOYES

The late Lord Balfour once warned impatient critics of the old diplomacy to investigate its merits and ascertain its very real achievements before too rapturously extolling the new diplomacy that is alleged to have displaced it. One very pleasant way of following his advice is now available: a visit to Daly's Theatre. One learns there that there are some aspects of diplomacy, duties of so intimate and delightful a nature, involving qualities so personal and radiant, for which any committee, even of only two members, would be too unwieldy, any round table too material and insensitive. The lesson is rather too long; it is insufficiently lit up by wit; and it needs, maybe, more speed and gaiety and fewer beards and uniforms. But it is frequently amusing, at times uproariously funny, and on the whole admirably acted.

The Command to Love was originally given at the Arts Theatre in February, and its story was told in these columns. Mr. Ronald Squire now plays Gaston, Marquis du Saint Lac, and Miss Yvonne Arnaud and Miss Isobel Elsom the charming women whom, the one at his country's call, and the other at his heart's, he seduces. All three give most amusing renderings on lines with which their admirers are familiar. Foreign plays that have been "adapted" and "revised for the English stage" usually leave one wondering exactly what these processes imply. Why does this smart bottle, so obviously labelled "champagne," seem nevertheless to hold at moments rather thin porter? Is it merely Miss Arnaud's and Mr. Squire's powers of comedy that make much of the second act so delicious and their colleagues' deficiencies that make some parts of the other two acts so flat? The fault is far more likely to lie with Mr. Bernstein or Mr. Marlow or Mr. Merivale, but—conceivably—not with Herr Lothar or Herr Gottwald?

FOREIGN DECORATION

The King has given authority to Mr. Frank William Cramer-Roberts to wear the Insignia of the Third Class of the Order of the Nile, which decoration has been conferred upon him by the King of Egypt in recognition of valuable services.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 8

THE FILM WORLD

EUROPEAN MARKETS

A proposal to establish an international office at Geneva to co-ordinate European interests and protect them against American control was discussed at the third annual congress of the International Federation of Cinema Exhibitors, held on Saturday at the Palais des Académies, Brussels.

According to Mr. R. V. Crow, vice-president of the Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association of Great Britain, the talking film had brought an enormous increase in the cost of film rentals. Previously there was an over-production of silent films and renters booked them at prices which gave them a fair margin of profit. The talking film, involving enormous studio expense, had eliminated for the time being most of the producers, except the large American operators, and at present there was under-production. In consequence, renters were securing a percentage of gross receipts much in excess of the amounts previously obtained for silent pictures, and, with takings back to normal level, exhibitors found their profit diminishing in proportion, and in some instances to the point of loss.

Other European countries, Mr. Crow said, would be facing the same problem soon. Lack of money on the part of their producing companies seemed to be delivering them, for the time being at any rate, into the hands of the American producers, who were producing in several countries, and unless they were very careful they would find American producers making the greater proportion of the films, which the exhibitors would be forced to show in order to keep their cinemas open. Higher film rentals would also be demanded, as exhibitors would be told that the whole of the negative cost had to be recovered in each country, and that it was quite reasonable to demand a profit.

The only films which would succeed would be the dialogue and singing type of films produced in the language of the country in which they were being shown. From these facts exhibitors would see the urgent necessity of encouraging in each country national production under the control and direction of their own producers.

NEW WIDE SCREEN DEVICE

A wide screen invention, known as the Gloria Widescope, which requires no special apparatus involving expense to exhibitors, was demonstrated recently in New York. Those who saw it pronounced the results to be superior to anything of the kind previously shown. One of the most important features of the invention is that film of only standard width is required. Enlargement of the image on the screen, it was stated, is obtained through a special process possible by altering any regular camera. With ordinary lenses, the Widescope film may be projected on a screen up to 36ft. by 24ft.; by a change of lens size of projection can be reduced to suit a screen only 12ft. by 12ft.

The *Film Courier*, one of the leading Continental trade journals, has made for some years an annual award for the best picture of the year. This year it has been decided by exhibitor votes from the 1,138 cinemas on all productions shown in Berlin during the past year to award the gold medal to the British International Pictures, Limited, for their film *Atlantic*, which was directed by Mr. E. A. Dupont.

NEW TALKING FILMS

All Quiet on the Western Front, the film version of Remarque's novel, which was reviewed in *The Times* last Friday, will be seen at the Regal and Alhambra on Saturday. Other new films to be seen in Central London this week are *The Golden Calf*, at the Capitol; *The Mysterious Island*, based on Jules Verne's story, at the Empire; and *Around the Corner*, at the New Gallery. *The White Hell of Pitz Palu*, the silent film directed by Mr. G. W. Pabst, is being exhibited at the Regal.

THE LONDON PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—*Song of Soho* and *Strictly Modern*.
ASTORIA.—*High Society Blues* and *Murder on the Roof*.
AVENUE PAVILION.—*Bride No. 68*.
CAPITOL.—*The Golden Calf* and *The Three Sisters*.
CARLTON.—*The Vagabond King*.
EMPIRE.—*The Mysterious Island*.
KENSINGTON.—*Tiger Rose* and *Red Hot Rhythm*.
MARBLE ARCH.—*The Case of Sergeant Grischa*.
NEW GALLERY.—*Around the Corner* and *Guilty*.
PLAZA.—*Slightly Scarlet* and *Burning Up*.
POLYTECHNIC.—*Sea Hawks*.
PRINCE EDWARD.—*Song o' My Heart*.
REGAL.—*The White Hell of Pitz Palu* and *Loose Ankles*.
STOLL.—*Cohens and Kellys in Scotland* and *Hunting Tigers in India*.
TIVOLI.—*Song of the Flame*.

ART EXHIBITION

PRINTS IN COLOUR

The present exhibition—the tenth—of the Society of Graphic Art at the Royal Institute Galleries, 195, Piccadilly, strikes one as being better and more varied than preceding ones, and it gains in attractiveness from a popular point of view by including a good many works in colour. The first room, for instance, is given up almost entirely to prints in colour from wood, metal, and stone.

These improvements are all the more remarkable because it cannot be said that the society has yet succeeded in attracting many of our leading draughtsmen or engravers. The general standard of drawing is, indeed, poor—and this is not said out of preference for any particular style of drawing. Both "constructive" and "descriptive" drawing may be good or bad, and a great deal of the drawing here is not even good descriptively. There is, for example, one large portrait drawing, by an artist who is rather vocal about the shirking of the younger generation, which is terribly weak on its own lines as a representation of a human being.

On the other hand, most of the special applications of drawing—as in the various forms of engraving, lithography, and so on—are reasonably good from a technical point of view, and the grouping by medium is convenient. On the whole, the lithographs are the best section, chiefly because they include the work of such artists as Mr. John Copley, Miss Ethel Gabain, and Mr. Iain Macnab. Among the etchers Mr. L. D. Luard stands out, his four proofs being excellent, though "Sunset at Slaughden," by Mr. Martin Hardie, "The Château at Montbazon, France," by Mr. Frederick Marriott, "Anaïs," by Mr. Gerald L. Brockhurst, "Brick Factories on the Adoni," by Miss Muriel Wilson, and "The Shoal," by Miss Judith Wilson, must be noted. In wash drawing there is nothing better than "A Breeze on the Road," by Mr. T. B. Hennell.

AIR POST EXHIBITION

MEMENTOES OF NOTABLE FLIGHTS

Rare and historic letters carried by aerial post in all parts of the world, and valued at upwards of £10,000, are the subject of a loan exhibition which opened in London yesterday at the Old Bond-street Galleries. The scope of the exhibition is mainly historical and it illustrates the development of the air post service from the balloon and pigeon posts organized during the siege of Paris (1870-71) to the present day.

Some of the most interesting exhibits are contributed by Commander Sir Walter Windham, R.N., who carried out the earliest experiments in the transportation of mails by aeroplane at Allahabad (India) and between London and Windsor at the time of the Coronation festivities in 1911.

Leading collectors of air post souvenirs from many countries have sent the pick of their collections for the exhibition, the first of its kind to be held. The most valuable single exhibit is that of Mr. A. F. Lichtenstein, of New York, who shows eight copies of the rare Newfoundland air stamps prepared for the late Henry Hawker's ill-fated attempt to fly the Atlantic in 1919. These include two on original letters salvaged from the wreck of the aeroplane, and an unused vertical strip of three.

Among other prominent exhibitors is Brigadier-General R. Ridgeway, president of the Aero Philatelic Club. The exhibition will remain open to the public until Friday evening.

GLOBE THEATRE

"SAINTE JEANNE"

BY BERNARD SHAW. TRANSLATED INTO FRENCH BY A. ET H. RAMON.

Robert de Baudricourt	M. JEAN D'YD
Jeanne	MME. LUDMILLA PITOËFF
Bertrand de Poulengy	MM. JEAN RIVEYRE
L'Archevêque de Reims	HENRY GAULTIER
La Trémouille, chambellan	AUBERT TROUSSEL
Gilles de Rais	CHRISTIAN GERARD
Le Capitaine La Hire	LOUIS SALOU
Le Dauphin	GEORGES PITOËFF
Dame de la Tremouille	MME. JULIE FERCHEN
Denois	MM. RAYMOND DAGAND
Earl of Warwick	ALFRED PENAY
Le Chapelain Stogumber	LAON LARIVE
Pierre Cauchon	JEAN HORT
L'Inquisiteur	JEAN D'YD
D'Estivet Chanoine de Bayeux	TROUSSEL
De Courcelles, Chanoine de Paris	VALBERT-HEY
Le Frere Martin Ladvenu	JEAN RIVEYRE

It is a commonplace of French criticism that M. Georges Pitoëff cannot be labelled. He is an eclectic among producers, always ready to apply any convention, be it called old-fashioned or new-fangled, that seems to him most likely to convey the spirit of the particular play he is handling. To him *St. Joan* appears to be an essentially religious work of dramatic art. Accordingly, he has arranged a background that seems to set the play in a semi-mystical light. The production is concerned more with the Saint of the Catholic calendar than with the Maid of Domrémy, with the Joan who breaks through the order of natural law, and not the Joan whom Warwick and Mr. Shaw see as the herald of Protestantism and individualism.

There is little of the tomboy, the madcap, in this heroine. To those about her she must appear quietly playful, adorable, and tiresome; but these are but the superficial traits of a woman who is before all else a saint, and who uses every moment of silence the author has allowed her to listen to her "Voices." As the play progresses, we learn not only why the Maid vexed some people, but something of the inner power that enabled her to convert the simple and become a leader of men. This is a version of the play that is new to London, and one which M. Pitoëff's delicate imaginative expertness as a producer compels us to accept as a brilliant transmutation of the author's ideas into terms of the theatre. So treated, indeed, the play seems to have rather less waste matter than it had in the original London version, to be more of an organic whole. It is surely some justification for M. Pitoëff's novel interpretation that the much-derided epilogue here neither degrades the tragedy nor robs it of simplicity, but appears as the emotional climax of the play. The transfiguration of the Maid is one of the three scenes that will remain longest in our memories of this production. Another is the sudden illumination of spirit that shows Joan where the diffident Dauphin is hiding among the jeering courtiers. And the third is the Maid's temporary loss of faith when she hears that the stake is ready, her pitiful recantation, and those few dreadful minutes during which the spirit is struggling to resume possession of her. In this scene Mme. Ludmilla Pitoëff is not the sensible peasant girl preferring quick death to long imprisonment, but the saint wrestling with temptation and finally triumphing. Throughout the play she contrives to subordinate the cocksure things she has to say to the saint within her and yet to present as a living being a woman who touches our heart as she—or, should we say, someone rather like her?—touched the heart of Mr. Shaw. The weakness of her interpretation, as of the version as a whole, is that when the trial scene reaches its tragic climax we have been led by M. Pitoëff to think less of the brief agony of the flames than of the eternal indestructibility of the spirit that possesses the martyr.

M. Pitoëff himself plays the Dauphin as a deflated youth with one superb moment of inflation. The rest of the company are always in the key of the general conception. The Warwick of this production is a polished and interesting study of an Englishman by a Frenchman; the fanatical Bishop of Beauvais, dominating the trial scene like a black eagle, is impressively sincere; and Stogumber is delightfully insular and muddle-headed.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

MISS ANGNA ENTERS

Costume of the simplest beauty, a controlled grace of movement, and music psychologically as well as historically appropriate, combine to make of Miss Angna Enters's "episodes and compositions in dance form" an entertainment as perfect as one could wish. The episodes are of many different kinds—a Viennese maiden abandoning herself to the languors of a Viennese waltz; an Englishwoman, afflicted with pre-Raphaelite aestheticism, posing in the manner of Rossetti's "Blessed Damozel," even to the "three lilies in her hand"; a Gothic Madonna taking on the many attitudes in which she was shown by the French Primitives; or a *cocotte* seeking custom on the Paris boulevard. But each displays a keen insight into the character of its period, and all are united by the personality of their creator, who remains herself while giving to each the sympathy, the satire, or the simple ridicule which is its due.

The action—if such a term may properly be used to express the flicker of an eyelid or the turn of an ankle—is as perfectly controlled as the movement of the dance. A mood or a thought is suggested so lightly that the closest attention is needed if nothing is to be missed. Only in the episode of a young lady playing her first piece on the piano is there the slightest hint of exaggeration, which even here is never allowed to become more than a hint.

For this reason and because she occupies the stage alone for two hours, Miss Enters's performance fits into no theatrical category. It is not mimicry; for mimicry implies a heavy underlining which it would be impossible to associate with her. It is not ballet: for her dancing, graceful as it is, is but a prelude to the expression of emotion or character, and not an end in itself. And it is not tableau: though there are many beautiful incidental tableaux. But whatever name one may give to it, and however much it may depend on intimate knowledge of human history, it has at least a harmonious unity all too rare in the theatre.

ENGLISH PAGEANTS

THE STORY OF LORNA DOONE

In addition to the lists, published in *The Times* of May 12, 17, and 22, of historical pageants now being rehearsed for presentation in England, the "Pageant of Lorna Doone" to be given in the Exmoor village of Selworthy, near Minehead, during the third week in July, should be mentioned.

The book is being prepared by the Rev. J. N. Wallis, rector of Selworthy, and by Captain W. Hook, of Dunster, and the pageant will be produced by Major Cely-Trevilian, of Midelney Manor. Major Cely-Trevilian took part in the production of the Taunton pageant two years ago.

There will be at least 60 players, many of them village folk from Selworthy and other Exmoor villages. The pageant, which will have ten episodes, will deal principally with the romance of Jan Ridd and Lorna Doone. An Exmoor Harvest Home will be the concluding scene.

Another pageant of note is one which is to be staged on June 21, in the old Enfield Chace, by local Boy Scouts, depicting scenes in the history of Enfield. Below is a list of the principal pageants in preparation:—

Pageant of Progress, Blackpool	June 11, 19 and 28
St. Ranswythe, Folkestone	June 17 and 12
Army Pageant, Rushmoor, Aldershot	June 17-21
Cardinal Wolsey, Ipswich	June 23-28
Farnham Castle, in the Castle Grounds	July 3-10
"Spirit of Warwickshire," at Warwick Castle	July 16-19
Navy Pageant, Whale Island, Portsmouth	July 24-30
History of Lancaster, at Lancaster	August 4-9

EXHIBITIONS

INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW, OLYMPIA.
JUNE 19 to 28. Seats booked from 2s. 4d. upwards at 12, Hanover-square (Mayfair 0593) and at usual libraries.

ROYAL SNAPSHOTS. 10-8. 1s. Sats. incl. The Exhibition in aid King Edward's Hospital Fund. 5a. Pall Mall East (adjoining Trafalgar-square).

GREAT IRIS SHOW, ROYAL HORTICULTURAL HALL, GREYCOAT-STREET, WESTMINSTER.
TO-DAY (Wednesday), 1 p.m. to 7 p.m.
TO-MORROW (Thursday), 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Admission 2s. 6d.
R.H.S. Fellows Admitted Free.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, 9 a.m. till 8 p.m. Thurs. only till Aug. 28 open till 11 p.m. Mondays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Aquariums, Mondays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Free on Thurs. only after 8.30 p.m. Sundays, Fellows and Fellows' Orders only.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S, Baker-street Stn. Dly. 10-10. Sun., 2-10. Latest Additions: W. M. Woodfull, Australian Captain; also Amy Johnson. Admission 1s. 3d. (including tax). Children under 12, 6d.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessee: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.

MARTA TO-NIGHT, at 8.
(Only performance this season.)
Nadia Kovacena, Edith Mason; Aristide Baracchi, Beniamino Gigli, Michele Sampieri, Guillo Tonet.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.

AIDA To-morrow, at 8.
Irene Minghini Cattaneo, Eva Turner; Octave Dua, Giovanni Inghilleri, Francesco Merli, Ezio Pinza, Guillo Tonet.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.

LA TRAVIATA Friday, at 8.15.
With Rosa Ponselle, Beniamino Gigli, Giovanni Inghilleri.
PRICES (including tax)—Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 28s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 13s.; Gallery (unreserved), 3s. 6d.
Box-office 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7961.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
TO-DAY, 2.30. EVGS., 8.15. WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
OLIVE GROVES and FREDERICK RANALOW.

N.B.—POSITIVELY THE LAST 10 NIGHTS.
Final performance Sat., June 21st.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Tues., Thur., 2.30. G. 6970.
"*INSULT.*"
MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
"FINE AND FORCIBLE DRAMA."—*The Sketch.*

ARTS THEATRE. NINE Public Perfs.
TO-NIGHT to Friday, June 20, at 8.45.
YVETTE GUILBERT.
Stalls, 12s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. D.C., 10s. 6d. and 7s. (Inc. tax). Box-office (Tem. Bar 7541) and all Libraries.

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA, PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch.*

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30
"*NINE TILL SIX.*"
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DALY'S. Gerrard 0201.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
THE COMMAND TO LOVE.
YVONNE ARNAUD. RONALD SQUIRE. ISOBEL ELSOM.
Matinées, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
DENNIS HOEY DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"*THE THREE MUSKETEERS.*"
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUCHESS. (Tem. Bar 6888.) Popular Prices.
EVGS., 8.30. Wed., Thurs., 2.30. IRISH PLAYERS in
THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS.
Sara Allgood, Maire O'Neill, Arthur Sinclair.

DUKE OF YORK'S. TO-NIGHT, at 8.
In association with Wilfhut, Ltd.,
Famous Players Guild, Ltd., presents
THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN.
By Walter Hackett.
MARION LORNE. C. AUBREY SMITH.
CATHLEEN NESBITT. GEORGE TULLY.
First Matinee, Mon. next, at 2.30. (Tem. Bar 5122.)

EMBASSY. (Pri. 2211.) 8.15. Mat., Thur., 2.30.
GERALD LAWRENCE SEASON.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

EVERYMAN. 8.15. Thurs., Sat., 2.30.
THE BLUE COAST.
KATHLEEN O'REGAN.
BALIOL HOLLOWAY. HUBERT HARBEN.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENÉE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724.
Charles B. Cochran's and Maurice Browne's
INTERNATIONAL SEASON.
NIGHTLY, at 8. Mats., THURS. & SAT., 2.30.
LUDMILLA and GEORGES PITOEFF in
"*ST. JEANNE.*"
By George Bernard Shaw.
Commencing Sat. Evening, June 14th,
in "*LA DAME AUX CAMELIAS.*"
Commencing Thurs. Afternoon, June 19th,
in "*LE CADAVRE VIVANT.*"

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
THE SEARCHER.
By VELONA PILCHER. (Last Week.)
Abd UNUSUAL VARIETY. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
WEDS., SATS., 2.30. Museum 1424. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London. (Gerr. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Weds., Thurs. & Sats., 2.30.
"*THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930.*"
Last 2 Weeks of London Season before Prov. Tour.

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., TO-DAY and SAT., 2.30.
12th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and SAT., 2.30. LAST WEEK.
"*LIBERTY HALL.*"
Doering Wells, Lawrence Hanray, Joan Maude, May Agate.

LONDON PAVILION. 8.15. Tues., Th., 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.
"MR. COCHRAN'S BEST REVUE."—*Daily Mail.*

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Mats., Weds. and Thurs., at 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Musical Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harper, and Naldi.
SEATS BOOKABLE from 3s. (Unres., 2s. and 1s.)

LYRIC. POPULAR PRICES. Ger. 3686.
TO-DAY, at 2.30. TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"*LILAC TIME.*"
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA. (See under Opera.)

NEW. (Tem. 3878.) 8.30. Mat., Tu., Thur.
OWEN NARES in
THE LAST CHAPTER.
By Edith and Edward Ellis.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
"*DISHONOURED LADY.*"
By Margaret Ayer Barnes and Edward Sheldon.
FAY COMPTON.
C. V. FRANCE. HARTLEY POWER.
NIGEL BRUCE. GEORGE CURZON.
ANNETTE BENSON. HAROLD HUTH.
Mats., THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482.
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
TO-MORROW, at 8.15. Subsequently at 8.30.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
"*BADGER'S GREEN.*"
A New Play by R. C. Sherriff.
With HORACE HODGES.
The Play Produced by James Whale.
Mats., TUESDAY and THURSDAY, at 2.30.

THEATRES (continued)

PRINCES. Temple Bar 3633.
200th PERFORMANCE TUES., JUNE 17TH.
A WARM CORNER.
NIGHTLY, 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., 2.30.
HEATHER THATCHER.
CONNIE EDISS. AUSTIN MELFORD.
LESLIE HENSON.

QUEEN'S. Gerrard 9437.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
THE OLD VIC COMPANY in
HAMLET.
With MARTITA HUNT and JOHN GIELGUD.
POPULAR PRICES.

ROYALTY. Gerr. 2690. TO-NIGHT, 8.15.
First Matinée, Tuesday Next, June 17, at 2.30.
THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM.
EDITH EVANS.
MILES MALLESON ERIC PORTMAN.
MARTIN WALKER. MARY MAYFREN.
GODFREY TEARLE.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.

ST. JAMES'S. (Ger. 3903.) 8.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
LAST 2 WEEKS.
MICHAEL AND MARY.
By A. A. MILNE.
EDNA BEST. HERBERT MARSHALL

ST. MARTIN'S. Sole Lessee: B. A. Meyer.
EVGS., at 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., at 2.30.
PETTICOAT INFLUENCE.
By Nell Grant.
NIGEL PLAYFAIR. Robert Holmes. Morton Selten. Frank Allenby, Jane Millican, DIANA WYNYARD.

SAVOY. Temple Bar 8888.
Props.: Savoy Theatre, Ltd. Lessees: Exs. of H. B. Irving.
Lessees: Charles Eastman Killick & Victor Payne-Jennings.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
OTHELLO.
SYBIL THORNDIKE. PEGGY ASHCROFT.
PAUL ROBESON.
EVGS., at 8.15. Mats., MON. and THURS., at 2.30.
"A GREAT & MEMORABLE PERFORMANCE." *M. Post.*

SHAFTESBURY. Prop., J. Benson. Smoking.
(Ger. 6666.) At 8.30. Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.
BASIL FO

Imperial and Foreign News

IN THE HANDS OF BANDITS

CHINA MISSIONARY'S ADVENTURE

(FROM OUR SHANGHAI CORRESPONDENT)

The capture by Szechwanese bandits and subsequent escape of the Rev. C. A. Bridgman, of the United Church of Canada Mission, at Fowchow, Szechwan, has already been briefly telegraphed to *The Times*. Mr. Bridgman has now sent a full account of his adventure.

Fowchow is on the Yangtze, 63 miles below Chungking, and at the beginning of April Mr. Bridgman, having been told that the country was quiet, was visiting some of his mission's outlying stations north of the river in company with a Chinese pastor, Din. One evening he and Din were chatting with some friends in a village named Baojiamiao, when bandits armed with automatic pistols rushed in

and marched them off to the hills. Bridgman had already done a long tramp and had had no supper, but, he says, "from the firm pressure of one pistol at the base of my skull and another in the pit of my stomach I concluded that they were experienced and desperate, and I formed a rather quick decision to waive any objections, for the time being at least."

The bandits wanted "the modest sum of $250,000" for Bridgman and about two-thirds of that for Din. But Bridgman says he had previously told his wife that if he was ever captured he did not want a penny of mission money paid for his ransom. He consented, however, to write to a friend in Fowchow asking him to pay $100 of his (Bridgman's) own money. A letter was sent and the march continued, the bandits beguiling the way with descriptions of the horrors that awaited him if he did not improve his terms. After about six miles they reached a lonely farmhouse where some cold, sour-smelling rice was given to them.

A HORRIBLE PRISON

"We were then locked," he says, "in a tiny granary 5½ft. wide. The obvious design was to 'break' these two stubborn captives. On our earnest plea for a bit of air they left out a board about 4in. wide and the width of the opening, about 3ft. Here we stayed eight days and nights."

It was stifling. At times I felt a listlessness coming over me and fought to keep awake and tried by waving hands and kerchief to keep the air in circulation. Mercifully, during the second night there came heavy storms and strong winds. While the gale continued the air that came in was a real life-saver.

The guard had an attack of nerves. He seemed afraid lest under cover of some sound we were preparing an escape. We ate our food in the dark or by the light of a small smoky rush-wick lamp, which added to the density of the atmosphere and gave us a choky feeling. Once nearly every day we had between us a small wooden wash basin with about a pint of hot water and a questionable rag about 4in. square to wash our faces, and even one day were allowed water to wash our feet.

We were not to more, we were not to cough, not to sneeze, not to blow our noses, not to clear our throats of the dust and smoke that at times nearly choked us, not to strike at the rats that crept around and over us in the night, nor to sit up and scratch and catch the fleas that were trying to keep us from brooding over the fact of our captivity. We got nearly enough light to tell night from day and always ate under lock and key or covered by at least one revolver.

On the sixth night my feet were put in irons. I'll never forget the way Din pleaded with them not to do it. I was glad that for the time at least they left his feet free. I calmly watched the process by the light of the flickering lamp, and saw how I believed I could remove those irons if my hands were left free and opportunity came; but I was not so mad as to contemplate an escape involving so much noise as forcibly breaking that prison even if it could have been done. We did not know who were on guard or where. Our brains were clear and calm. We knew we were not alone and we steadfastly refused to be anxious for the things of the morrow.

About midnight on the eighth day Bridgman's irons were removed, and he and Din were taken from their awful cell and led by long circuitous roads to another farmhouse, this time inhabited. Both prisoners were now put in irons and flung, exhausted, on a Chinese bed, where they lay head to foot. "A young farmer, son of the farmer whose house the bandits had requisitioned, sat silently smoking. Presently he rose, opened a cupboard, took out a warm comforter, and spread it carefully over us, then put out the light, and crawled in beside us. I am sure he used the least space and know he had only a narrow edge of the comforter. This real touch of human sympathy and kindness, the first in eight days, meant more to us than we can express."

ESCAPE

The peasants' kindness did not stop here. They gave the captives good food and plenty of water to wash in, and washed and dried their socks. But the incarceration was not without its horrors. Their bed had many other inmates, comparatively quiet at first during the darkness, but in the warmth of the succeeding hours a foul torment. In an organized hunt Bridgman's "prize bag" on the first afternoon was 56, with Din a close second. It helped wonderfully to pass the time.

So eight days passed, and Bridgman noticed that the guard appeared to be growing slacker. He thinks this must have been due to the pressure which the Chinese authorities were using to get him and Din released. They had seen that it would not be difficult to get the irons off their ankles. At daybreak on the ninth day they heard the family go out, and were fairly sure no guard was at the door.

We both felt the time had come to make a break for freedom. Muffling the shackles in the bed-cover we each managed to free an ankle and tie the shackles securely with our handkerchiefs to the other leg. There was a pot of cold tea on the chest by the bed, and we each took a sip. As we stepped out of the inner room, hearts lifted in prayer, Din armed with a bamboo staff, I with an old gun-stock we had found in the bed-room, we heard in the guard room the regular breathing of someone asleep, and saw no one but the housewife. Swift and silent as cats we crossed the guard room and slipped past the woman, who was close to the kitchen door and didn't see us till we were gliding past her. I suppose the poor soul was too terrified to cry out.

Not till they were a long way from the house did they dare stop and free themselves altogether from their shackles. They were over 40 miles from Fowchow. Considering how far and in what manner the bandits had driven them and that it was all strange country, Bridgman's sense of direction must be marvellous, for he seems to have had no difficulty in finding the way. Twenty miles from Fowchow Pastor Din's feet failed him, but they managed to procure a pony for him. Bridgman kept on gallantly and found that he could easily keep ahead of the beast, in spite of all that he had suffered. Even in flight and in great exhaustion he could still observe the beauties of the countryside:—

We passed for many miles through as beautiful scenery as I've ever known, up a ravine with a clear mountain stream breaking in innumerable cascades, beautiful trees on every side, wild pink and white roses, white honeysuckle, beautiful azaleas by the thousand in their full glory lining both sides of the ravine, sword ferns and bracken everywhere, abundance of stag horn moss and various other mosses and ferns, wild begonias in abundance, in cleared spaces the oranges and pomeloes in full bloom and with their rich fragrance which is beyond my power to describe.

Six miles from Fowchow Bridgman also got a pony and at last they reached home and felt the joy of being among friends again—and of being clean once more. He was deeply moved by the affection with which the Chinese Christians greeted them. Many clasped their hands. Ordinarily Chinese do not greet one another this way, but this seemed a special occasion that needed a special expression.

From Bridgman's narrative one would judge that he deserves all the affection that his Chinese friends gave him. It is the story of an extraordinarily brave, resourceful, and enduring man, and most modestly told.

CHICAGO JOURNALIST SHOT DEAD

VICTIM OF GANGSTERS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 10

All the law enforcement agencies of Chicago, supported by the leading newspapers and the Press Club, to-day engaged in a search for the murderer of Mr. Alfred Lingle, a reporter of the *Chicago Tribune*, who for many years had been the newspaper's chief informant on crime in the city, and who was yesterday shot dead by a gangster because he "knew too much."

Brought up on the notorious West Side of Chicago, Mr. Lingle acquired an unrivalled knowledge of the ramifications of "gangs" and other criminal organizations. He seldom wrote anything for his newspaper, but acted as a "diplomatic correspondent" among the gang leaders. He was a close personal friend not only of the Police Commissioner and other high civic authorities, but also of Al Capone, the most prominent of all the Chicago gangsters, whose guest he was not long ago at Capone's villa at Miami, Florida.

During the last few days he had been engaged in investigating for the *Chicago Tribune* the background of the latest outbreak of gang warfare, which resulted in 11 murders in the last ten days. It appears that he had aroused the anger and suspicion of some of the gangsters by his extraordinarily intimate knowledge of their activities and by his refusal to use his influence with the police and the city magistrates to protect them in their various illegal undertakings.

Yesterday afternoon he was going through a subway under the street. Witnesses said that as Mr. Lingle reached the subway entrance, three men sitting in a motor-car parked by the kerb, waved to him and called out "Don't forget to play Henry Schneider in the third." Apparently this was some kind of code signal to the murderers. Two men were seen close to Mr. Lingle, chatting with him as he went down to the subway. In the passage one of those two dropped behind a few feet at the news stand. As Mr. Lingle drew ahead the man fired three shots, two of which struck him at the back of the head, killing him instantly. The murderer ran on past the body through a terrified crowd and escaped across the street at the other end of the subway. He was soon lost in the crowds and traffic. The *Chicago Tribune*, for which Mr. Lingle worked for 18 years, has offered a reward of $25,000 (£5,000), the *Chicago Evening Post* $5,000 (£1,000), and the Chicago Press Club $10,000 (£2,000) for the apprehension of the murderer. The entire force of secret police maintained by the business men of Chicago is assisting the city police in the hunt. The Police Department believes it knows the murderer.

BRITISH SETTLERS IN VICTORIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, JUNE 10

The Victorian Ministry has suggested that Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister, should appoint a Federal High Court Judge and two others to inquire into the grievances of the British settlers. Mr. Scullin is likely to acquiesce in this suggestion.

** Seven hundred British settlers, who were induced to settle in Victoria as tenants of the Crown under the 1923 settlement scheme, last April presented a petition to the King asserting that they had been the victims of misrepresentation on the part of the Victorian Government. They stated that they had exhausted their own capital and were heavily in debt to the Victorian Government and private traders. They begged an opportunity for substantiating their complaints before an impartial judiciary tribunal. A request from the British Government to Mr. Scullin resulted in Mr. Hogan, Premier of Victoria, being asked to take immediate action. Mr. Hogan later declared that the matter was under consideration.

A NAPHTHA-DRIVEN AEROPLANE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 10

One interesting feature of Sunday's air display here, which has just come to light, was the successful flight from Turin that day, and later participation in the pageant, of a Fiat aeroplane fitted with a naphtha-driven engine. It is stated to be the first Italian aeroplane with a naphtha-driven engine and to have given complete satisfaction.

Much importance is attached to the flight as definitely opening up fresh possibilities for heavy-oil engines. In particular the importance of the use of naphtha is said to consist (1) in the fact that naphtha is not explosive or inflammable; (2) that the cost of naphtha is one-fifth that of benzine; and (3) the use of naphtha will allow of a reduction in the consumption of fuel for horse-power.

U-BOAT MEMORIAL AT KIEL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 10

Vice-Admiral (retired) Michelsen, who was at one period during the War in charge of German submarines, unveiled at Kiel yesterday a memorial column to the submarine service, erected by subscription. The memorial is dedicated to "5,132 heroes and 199 U-boats" that did not return during the world War, 1914-1918.

Another retired submarine officer, Captain Walther, explained that a special memorial had been erected to the submarine service in addition to the general naval memorial because the Treaty of Versailles had deprived Germany of the submarine arm. More than half of the submarine crews had perished. No other unit had had such heavy losses. A guard of honour was mounted by a naval detachment from the Stralsund base, which carries on the tradition of the submarine service in the same way that Reichswehr companies carry on the traditions of former Imperial regiments.

A party of 750 Belgians, come from the United States to take part in the celebrations of the centenary of Belgian independence, arrived at ANTWERP on Monday. The Burgomaster of Antwerp, M. Van Cauwelaert, welcomed them.

LABOUR CONFERENCE AT GENEVA

A RECORD ATTENDANCE

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, JUNE 10

The fourteenth International Labour Conference opened here this morning with a record attendance and in the presence of Prince Takamatsu, brother of the Emperor of Japan, and his wife. Fifty-one States members are represented by 86 Government delegates, 35 employers' delegates, 35 workers' delegates, and 198 advisers. New Zealand is represented for the first time, as also is Mexico among the non-member States which have sent observers.

The British Government delegation is headed by Miss Bondfield, Minister of Labour, Mr. Shinwell, Secretary of Mines, being the second Government member. Mr. J. B. Forbes Watson represents British employers, and Mr. E. L. Poulton British workers. The British delegation, including expert advisers, numbers 30.

M. Arthur Fontaine (France), chairman of the Governing Body, in his opening address, made special reference to the hours of work in coalmines, which is one of the three principal matters before the conference. In expressing the hope that, in the interests of the miners, the Convention on hours would be adopted, he pointed out that it would nevertheless be an illusion to think that such a measure, though of economic value, would suffice to solve the present difficulties of the coal industry and the grave problems of unemployment caused by those difficulties.

On the motion of Miss Bondfield, who was supported by delegates of six other nations, Professor Ernest Mahaim, of Liége University, a Belgian ex-Minister of Labour, was unanimously elected president of the conference.

Professor Mahaim, in his presidential address, reviewed the progress made in labour legislation in the last 40 years. He also expressed some views as to the conditions which might govern future progress. Speaking on conventions and the need of careful drafting, he asserted that clear, precise, and simple wording was the most difficult thing in the world to achieve. A convention ratified by several countries must in the first place be understood everywhere in the same way. They were in need, as recent discussions had shown, of a means of arriving at an interpretation which should be as uniform as possible.

Mr. Joshi (Indian workers' delegate) has presented a draft resolution requesting the convening as soon as possible of a special conference of the Asiatic countries, including representatives of organized workers and employers, to consider and report to the general conference on matters affecting labour conditions in the East.

This evening Miss Bondfield was elected president of the Selection Committee.

THE RIOTS IN S.E. NIGERIA

A COLLECTIVE FINE

LAGOS, June 10.—Notices have been posted in Aba, South-Eastern Nigeria, announcing that African householders of the town will be fined £850—£1 10s. each—as punishment for the riots which broke out there last December, when a nursing sister was wounded and two other European women were attacked.

A telegram has been sent to the Governor, Sir Graeme Thomson, appealing to him to discriminate between the innocent and guilty, and to withhold exaction of the fines until the publication of the report of the commissioners appointed to inquire into all the disturbances in South-East Nigeria. In their evidence before the Commission of Inquiry most of the African witnesses complained bitterly of the native chiefs, whom they accused of exaction and corruption in the collection of taxes. Many of the men, they declared, were practically in bondage for loans which they had contracted to pay these taxes, and the women feared a similar fate.—*Reuter.*

MISS JOHNSON AT SYDNEY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, JUNE 10

Miss Amy Johnson returned to Sydney to-day after her week-end holiday in a mountain resort, and was driven through streets lined by scores of thousands of cheering spectators. In Martin-place, when Miss Johnson alighted to place a wreath on the Cenotaph, the crowd broke through the slender police cordon and almost overwhelmed her. Later she visited the disabled ex-soldiers in Randwick Military Hospital.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, JUNE 10

Disappointment is felt that Miss Johnson's visit here is restricted to three hours. She will arrive at noon on Saturday on her way to Goulburn. Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister, will receive Miss Johnson on the Parliament steps, and afterwards she will meet at luncheon the few Ministers, members, and their wives who are remaining over the week-end.

GEN. GOURAUD'S VISIT TO HELLES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, JUNE 10

General Gouraud, the Military Governor of Paris, has returned here from the Gallipoli Peninsula, where, in the presence of a body of French ex-Service men and many pilgrims, he had unveiled a monument at Helles to the French who fell in the Dardanelles campaign, and placed wreaths in the British war cemeteries.

THE CATALAN FLAG

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, JUNE 10

The official *Gazette* publishes to-day the Royal decree revoking that signed during the Dictatorship, which imposed a fine of 5,000 pesetas (£200 at par) and six months' imprisonment for anyone displaying the Catalan flag. This revocation is a proof of the good will of the Prime Minister, General Berenguer, towards Catalonia.

CENTENARY EXHIBITION IN BRUSSELS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, JUNE 10

An "1830 Exhibition," organized in connexion with the centenary of Belgian independence, was opened at the Palais d'Egmont, in Brussels, this afternoon in the presence of the King, M. Jaspar, the Prime Minister, M. Hymans, the Foreign Minister, and the diplomatic corps. The exhibition includes documents relating to Belgian independence.

Miniatures of members of the Belgian Royal Family have been sent from England by Queen Mary, and alongside these are letters from Leopold I. to Lord Palmerston, lent by the Ashley family, and a portrait of Leopold by Lawrence.

YOUNG PLAN BONDS

AGREEMENT SIGNED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 11

The Agreements for the issue of the Young Plan Bonds were signed at 12.30 this morning by the representatives of the Powers concerned, following a plenary meeting of the banking, jurist, and treasury experts. The general bond agreement was also signed in Berlin to-day. The nominal price of issue is everywhere to be 92, except in Paris, where it will be in the neighbourhood of 98. The total issue will be between $340,000,000 and $350,000,000, nominal.

The shares of the various countries have been apportioned as follows:—

Great Britain, £12,000,000.
Germany, 36,000,000 Reichsmarks.
France, 2,515,000,000 francs.
United States, $98,250,000.
Italy, 110,000,000 lira.
Belgium, 35,000,000 belga.
Sweden, 110,000,000 kroner.
Switzerland, 92,000,000 Swiss francs.
Holland, 73,000,000 florins.

The British Empire will receive the net proceeds of the sterling bonds issued in London, which proceeds will amount to about £10,000,000. France, Italy, and Germany will retain the proceeds of the issues in Paris, Rome, and Berlin respectively. The remainder of the shares of France, Italy, and Germany and the whole of the shares of Japan, Yugoslavia, and Portugal will be received proportionately out of the issues in the United States, Holland, Spain, Belgium, and Switzerland. Two-thirds of the service moneys will be deducted from the unconditional annuities under The Hague agreements and the detailed arrangements made conform in all respects to the provisions of The Hague agreements of January 20, 1930, including the mobilization agreement.

The British, French, Italian, and Belgian Governments have approved the terms of the issues in London, Paris, Rome, and Brussels respectively. Under the terms of the relevant article it is open to any creditor Government (the United States excluded) to veto the terms of the issue of bonds in its own country.

The loans will be issued in nine markets (France, the United States, England, Germany, Italy, Belgium, Holland, Sweden, and Switzerland) before the end of the week. The prospectus will be advertised in London on Thursday morning.

WILD LIFE IN FRANCE

ADVENTURES OF TWO MONKEYS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 10

The collection of fauna in the Bois de Boulogne was temporarily enriched to-day by two small dog-headed monkeys of unknown origin. One was captured early in the day, but has so far preserved a stubborn silence, so that it has not been possible either to confirm or deny the hypothesis that they are the latest manifestations of versatility by the Beast of Agen, which is believed to be both tired of being a hyena and bored with the simple country life.

The first monkey appeared at 5 o'clock this morning in a flat at Neuilly-sur-Seine, where it breakfasted off a cake of soap. It then made off into the woods. A posse of police and firemen gathered, and after a chase in which courage waited on cunning, captured the fugitive. Several hours later another monkey entered the same block of flats, and, as the day had been dry and dusty, began by gargling a little mineral water. It then made a meal of newspapers and letters, followed by jam tart, and after systematically wrecking the room retired to an adjacent tree, where it was last seen sucking its fingers.

** The mysterious Beast of Agen, which is believed to have escaped from a circus during the floods in the South of France, and is apparently still at large, has been variously reported to be a lion (and a lioness), a tiger, a wolf, and a hyena. The Beast began by appearing in pairs, and only with the wolf metamorphosis was there any certainty of its single state.

INTERNATIONAL AIR CONGRESS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 10

The annual congress of the International Aeronautical Federation opened here to-day, with M. Laurent-Eynac, the French Minister for Air, as chairman.

The meeting coincides with the 25th anniversary of the foundation of the federation by the late Count de la Vaulx, who was recently killed in a flying accident in the United States. Many tributes to his services to aviation were paid at to-day's session. Delegates from many foreign countries attended, among them being Air Vice-Marshal Sir Sefton Brancker, representing Great Britain. Among the items on the agenda is the election of a new president in the place of the late Count de la Vaulx.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the municipality entertained the delegates at the Hôtel de Ville, where the visitors signed the Golden Book.

MANDATES COMMISSION AND PALESTINE

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, JUNE 10

The Mandates Commission, after finishing its examination of the events of August and September, 1929, in Palestine, to-day discussed the annual report of the Mandatory (1929) on the administration of Palestine and Transjordan.

Mr. Luke, Chief Secretary to the Government of Palestine, and Mr. Clauson, of the Colonial Office, gave the Commission supplementary information about the system of land tenure, the administration of justice, economic equality, the port of Haifa and the Dead Sea concession, trade and the economic situation of Palestine and Transjordan, education, public health, finance, and the drug traffic.

£15,000,000 FOR SEIZED GERMAN SHIPS

WASHINGTON, June 10.—An award of $74,243,000 (£14,848,000) to Germany for vessels seized by the United States in American ports at the outbreak of the War was announced to-day by the German-American Mixed Claims Commission. The award covers 94 merchant vessels, the largest valuation being placed on the Vaterland (now Leviathan) which is valued at $13,688,000 (£2,737,000).—*Reuter.*

Prince Takamatsu, brother of the Emperor of Japan, accompanied by the Princess, paid a visit yesterday afternoon to the Secretariat of the League of Nations at GENEVA. They were received by the Secretary-General who, recalling the visit of the Prince's brother in 1927, expressed the League's appreciation of a visit from another member of the Japanese Royal Family.

AIDS TO TEMPERANCE

BRITISH EXAMPLE TO THE U.S.A.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 10

Mr. George W. Wickersham, former Attorney-General of the United States, now chairman of the National Commission on Law Enforcement and Observance set up by Mr. Hoover in May last year, astonished a large audience of social workers at Boston last night by declaring that methods of dealing with the liquor problem superior to those pursued in the United States since the passing of the Volstead Act might be learned from the British methods of control, especially from testimony given during the last few months before the Royal Commission on Licensing.

The Wickersham Commission presented a preliminary report to Congress on January 13 of this year, but the report confined itself to suggesting means—some of them drastic—for increasing the efficiency of the existing methods of enforcing the laws with special reference to the Jones Law, which in March, 1929, made almost every violation of the prohibition laws potential felony. Last night, however, Mr. Wickersham expressed the views of that large and probably increasing body of Americans who view the wholesale abandonment of educative methods and concentration on improving the machinery of enforcement as the most melancholy feature of the present situation.

LACK OF EDUCATION

He described the enactment of the Jones Law as the culmination of a period stretching from the enactment of the Volstead Act to the present time during which "reliance for carrying out the purposes of the Eighteenth Amendment was placed upon the power of government to compel, by the imposition of penalties, observance of the statute law. . . . No process of education or attempted education of the public into the value of prohibition to accomplish the maximum of temperance in the community was attempted in all this period. The long course of demonstration of the evils of the use of intoxicating liquors which led to the adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment was abandoned. It is interesting to contrast the history of this method with that of England during the same period."

Mr. Wickersham then turned to the evidence given before the Royal Commission on Licensing, which showed a marked decrease of drunkenness since the pre-War period, ascribed to the regulation of the hours during which liquor is allowed to be sold, control of the quality of liquor, and, above all, to education in the evils of excessive drinking and the advantages of other forms of amusement. He cited the chief Metropolitan magistrate and other magistrates and police officials and the evidence of witnesses from a Welsh mining village as to the increased interest of the community in all sorts of recreations, such as motor-cycling, pigeon-flying, and dog-fancying, football, the cinema, dramatic societies and choral singing. Athletics and cultural pursuits, of all kinds are precisely those activities which the most sincere advocates of prohibition in the United States have hoped and believed could be enormously benefited by its strict enforcement. Mr. Wickersham, after a year's study of the conditions in the United States, suggests that a "cognate suggestion to those charged with the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment" is afforded by the "record in what used to be regarded as one of the most drunken communities in the world—that is, the Welsh mining regions." The record, he said, "is quite extraordinary, but is only part of the general trend of testimony to the increasingly temperate habits of the English and Welsh communities."

The speech was received with loud applause by 5,000 delegates attending the National Conference of Social Workers.

Several villages in the Emmenthal, BERNESE OBERLAND, were flooded on Sunday after a thunderstorm, accompanied by heavy rain and hail. During the storm a sailing boat on the Lake of Thun capsized, and two of the four occupants were drowned.

FRENCH SOCIALIST CONGRESS

PARTY DISCIPLINE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BORDEAUX, JUNE 10

The programme of the Socialist Congress has fallen behind time owing chiefly to the inordinate length of most of the speeches, and the question of national defence was not reached this afternoon. It was arranged to hold a sitting to-night, but it is doubtful whether disarmament will be discussed, as the Socialist agricultural policy has to be dealt with first.

This morning the debate on the general report was finished and various questions of party discipline were raised. The afternoon meeting provided an interesting demonstration of the inevitable opposition between "intellectual" leaders and the rank and file in a party which sets out to appeal to the working class. The rank and file, sincere, unimaginative, and suspicious, cannot follow the reasoning of the more far-seeing "intellectuals" and perpetually doubt their loyalty. The question to-day was whether M. Bouisson, who is a Socialist, should continue to occupy the office of President of the Chamber, to which he has now been elected by three successive Parliaments.

It may seem obvious that, the successful discharge of a highly responsible office by a member of a party cannot bring the party anything but credit in the long run, but this is far from clear to M. Bouisson's Left wing colleagues, who regard the Chamber, as at present composed, as a reactionary body, and Parliament, as at present constituted, as an essentially "bourgeois" institution. The position of M. Bouisson is made very difficult by the fact that, unlike the Speaker of the House of Commons, he has to represent the Chamber at all public ceremonies, and when this duty involves wearing a top hat at a naval review or the reception of a foreign Monarch, the wrath of the Left wing is aroused.

One speaker seemed on the verge of opening a very big question when he asked what measure of control the party exercised over M. Bouisson, when, by virtue of his office, he advised the President of the Republic whom he should ask to form a Government. The election of Ministers by their party and the power to withdraw the mandates of Deputies who cease to satisfy their constituents are among demands of the advanced democrats in France, but this opportunity to discuss them was missed.

M. Bracke, who is a Professor of Logic and one of the best speakers in the party, replied for the "intellectuals" with a series of home truths unpalatable to the Left Wing and very cleverly upheld. When a storm of interruption greeted one of his arguments, M. Bracke, ostensibly by accident, but with the wonderful effect of turning indignation into hilarity, emptied a glass of water on the head of a venerable comrade with a white beard who was sitting just below the tribune. The temperature of the hall was such that the victim of this digression looked almost as pleased with it as the spectators.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in baiting M. Renaudel for having acted as *rapporteur* on the "warlike" Air Estimates. There was, in fact, an enormous preponderance of expenditure on military aviation in this year's Estimates, and M. Renaudel, who had defended it, found himself rather hard pressed.

ITALIAN FIRST-AID TRAIN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 10

A special first-aid train has just been equipped for use in cases of earthquakes or other disasters. This train, in addition to passenger coaches, will have special carriages fitted with telephones, an ordinary telegraphic installation, and transmitting and receiving wireless-telegraphic apparatus. In this way it is hoped, not only to bring first aid as quickly as possible to the scene of the calamity, but also to re-establish any communication which may have been interrupted.

Telegrams in Brief

President Hoover has nominated the former Minister to Bolivia, Mr. David E. Kaufman, as United States Minister in SIAM.

Mgr. J. C. McGuigan has been consecrated Archbishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of REGINA. He is 35 years old.—*Reuter.*

Sixteen nations are represented at the International Congress of Anti-Prohibitionists which opened yesterday in BUDAPEST.

Mr. Justice Eddy, who was appointed Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature in MADRAS last August, has resigned.

At PHILADELPHIA on Monday a motor-car crashed into a disused quarry in which there was 50ft. of water, and all the seven occupants of the car were drowned.—*Reuter.*

Partisans in the UNITED STATES of the Irish Republican movement have contributed over $300,000 (£60,000) in support of the party organ that Mr. de Valera has proposed to start in Dublin.

Mr. John Maynard Keynes gave a lecture yesterday at the Madrid students' residency, under the auspices of the Hispano-British Committee on "Economic possibilities for our grandchildren."

At the Congress of HUNGARIAN Tuberculosis Specialists meeting at Szeged it was stated yesterday that 12 children died recently in the hospital of Ujpest after treatment with vaccine prepared from Calmette cultures.

McGill University, MONTREAL, has conferred an honorary degree on Mr. W. A. Bulkeley Evans, the secretary of the Headmasters' Conference, in recognition of his work in connexion with British emigration to Canada.

A farmer of Darcy, SASKATCHEWAN, named Francis Hurst, 37 years of age, obsessed by the belief that his unusual descent was unlucky, has drowned himself in the well of his farm. He was the seventh son of a seventh son.—*Reuter.*

Signor Grandi and M. Zaleski, the Italian and Polish Ministers for Foreign Affairs, left WARSAW last night by special train for Druskienniki for a conference with Marshal Pilsudski, and expect to return to the capital to-night.

Two racing motorists—Mr. Reginald Brearly and Mr. Albert Elliott—were killed on Monday owing to their motor-car overrunning an embankment and overturning five times, while they were attempting to create a speed record between SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—*Reuter.*

Nominations for the ALBERTA Provincial General Elections were made yesterday. The poll will be on the 19th inst. Mr. J. E. Brownlee (Progressive), who has been Premier of the province since 1925, was re-elected unopposed with three other members of his Cabinet.—*Reuter.*

Following an incident at BARI when Fascist demonstrators burnt the Yugoslav flag, the Yugoslav Government has instructed its Minister in Rome to make a protest at the Italian Foreign Office. The Yugoslav Government hopes that the Italian Government will find the responsible persons and punish them.

The Reis ul Ulema Chaushevitch Effendi, head of the Moslem community in YUGOSLAVIA, has retired on a pension. His successor will be elected according to a new law jointly by the Moslems of Bosnia and the Moslems of Kossovo. Hitherto the prerogative of electing the Reis ul Ulema has belonged to the Moslems of Serajevo only.

Four Germans made a forced landing at BAR-LE-DUC in a spherical balloon on Sunday. They had left Cologne in the morning and had hoped to follow a course along the valley of the Rhine to Switzerland, but were diverted by a change in the wind. After giving an explanation of themselves to the local authorities they were allowed to return to Germany by train.

NEW DIVING RECORD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BERMUDA, JUNE 10

A diver of the New York Zoological Society's oceanographic expedition claims to have broken the lowest diving record. He descended 800ft. in a steel ball, with fused quartz windows, and an oxygen supply apparatus, which absorbed the exhaled air, was lowered by cable from the tug. He communicated by telephone with the surface. The previous low diving record was 325ft.

Other Foreign News on following page

"Without changing gear—a 954 miles tour in this, his fourth Austin"

The 'Sixteen' Burnham Saloon. Coachbuilt, with Sunshine Roof, as illustrated ... £385. Coachbuilt, with fixed roof

£375

AT WORKS

Seats five persons. Upholstery in leather, furniture hide or moquette. Equipment includes 'Biflex' magnetically operated dip and switch headlights, wire wheels, Triplex glass, Dunlop tyres.

Other 'Sixteen' Models	AT WORKS
Two-Seater	£310
Open Road Five-Seater ...	£310
Fabric Saloon (4 window) ...	£365
Iver Saloon (with division) ...	£385

(Sliding Sunshine Roof £10 extra)

READ THE AUSTIN MAGAZINE 4d. every month

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On a tour to Scotland, the car left Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, at 7.45 a.m. and reached Galashiels, Selkirkshire, a distance of 330 miles, at 4.45 p.m. 70 minutes were allowed for lunch; the car thus averaged 42.1 miles per hour.

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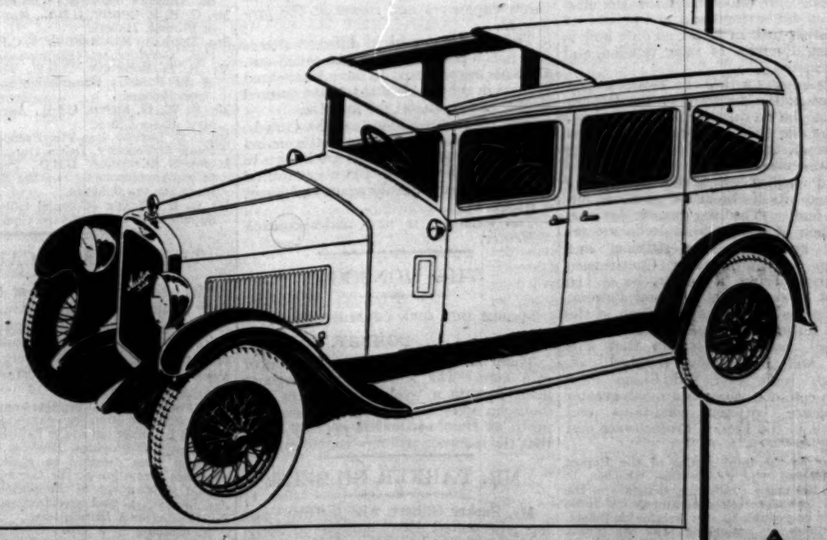

The Austin Motor Company Ltd., Longbridge, Birmingham. Showrooms, also Service Station for the Austin 'Seven': 479-483 Oxford Street, London, W.1. Showrooms and Service Station: Holland Park Hall, W.11.

THE SIMON REPORT

FIRST VIEWS IN INDIA

PLEA FOR MATURE STUDY

CONGRESS ABUSE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 10

Although it is too early to expect any very carefully considered criticism of Volume I. of the Simon Commission's Report, it is evident that preconceived antagonism will find full expression.

The *Times of India*, urging the postponement of opinion until the Report has been carefully studied as a whole, records its own first impressions.

The newspaper believes that Volume I. constitutes from start to finish a sound commonsense view of present-day conditions, often illuminated by flashes of penetrating insight, and it particularly notices the Commission's honest attempt to understand and give full weight to the Indian point of view. It expresses the opinion that the key to the recommendations in Volume II. is contained in the philosophical observations about Indian impatience of the doctrine of gradualness contained in the paragraph dealing with the pace of advance.

The *Indian Daily Mail*, which reflects the Liberal Party's opinion, says that if Sir John Simon thinks the instalment plan of constitutional advancement is going to satisfy India, then the sooner he is disillusioned the better.

The newspaper says that from the point of view of India's legitimate demands the first volume of the Report, with its guidebook-like inaccuracy, its childlike faith in the official position, and its obvious trend of thought, can be dismissed as "a rather badly cooked rice pudding, strongly flavoured with the cinnamon of diehardism."

The *Bombay Chronicle*, which is the chief organ of the Revolutionary Party, says the Report is infinitely worse than its critics feared it would be.

"It has in almost every line of its subject a revolting libel on India and her people," the newspaper writes, and says that the most brutal libel is that as soon as British troops are withdrawn there will be anarchy in India. It urges that no proposals based on the Report should be considered by patriots at the Round-Table Conference.

BOMBAY, June 10.—Mr. Shaukat Ali, the Moslem leader, said to-day he was convinced that the Simon Commission had treated the Moslem case "most sympathetically."

Sir Phiroze C. Sethna, President of the Liberal Federation, declared that, reading between the lines, he was tempted to believe that the Commission's recommendations would be such as to give India as little as possible and to keep England's hold on her as long as she could.

Sir Chamanlal Setalvad, a member of the Bombay Legislative Council, said it was pretty clear that the recommendations of the Commission would be of a character which would never satisfy Indian national aspirations.

Mr. H. P. Mody, President of the Millowners' Association, declared that the recommendations would have to be of a most advanced character if they were to receive the slightest consideration in the country.—*Reuter.*

CALCUTTA VIEWS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10

The small number of newspapers which are now being published in Bengal probably accounts for the meagre comments on the first volume of the Simon Report. *Amrita Bazar Patrika* has no reference to the subject in its editorial columns.

Basumati declares that the Report is scarcely worth perusal, but denounces it as "propagandist literature as crude and barefaced as could well be." The newspaper adds that "the Report is in every way worthy of its authors and of the obstinate perversity with which they were pitchforked into a position of monopoly of competence."

The *Bengalee*, which generally supports the Government, recognizes that the Report is inspired by the desire to serve the cause of India's political progress.

POLITICS AND INDUSTRY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, JUNE 10

The *Daily Gazette* publishes a highly eulogistic critique of Volume I. of the Simon Report, but complains that the Commissioners have not given adequate attention to agriculture, commerce, and industries, which are the roots of Indian prosperity and progress.

It is of vital importance, the newspaper says, that the new Constitution should safeguard those roots from noxious political interference that would imperil agriculture, raise prices against consumers, reduce profits, and so check India's economic progress and cause widespread distress.

INTEREST IN FRANCE

TRIBUTE TO THE WORK OF THE COMMISSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 10

The publication of the first volume of the Simon Report has been received with the greatest interest here, and telegraphed summaries appear prominently in nearly every newspaper. Comment so far is limited, as only the evening newspapers have had time to study the document, which is held to be a remarkable piece of work. It has enabled many Frenchmen to understand for the first time the full extent and complexity of the British task in India, as only now is the vast diversity of race, religion, and type realized.

In its leading article the *Temps* points out that of the sincerity of the Report there can be no question; if the personalities of the Commission were not sufficient proof, there is the knowledge that they were chosen from three politically opposed parties. But, above all, the document itself breathes sincerity in every line. The arguments for the separation of Burma from India are regarded as particularly striking, and a form of autonomous Constitution for Burma would, it is felt, be of the greatest interest to all colonial Powers. No reference to the possible effect of the Report on feeling in Indo-China has yet appeared, but it is certain that this aspect will be closely watched, as, although India and Indo-China have little in common, there is a much greater resemblance between conditions and problems in the French Protectorate and Burma.

So far as the implications of the Report are concerned, the *Temps* asks whether, in view of the many conflicting elements in the country, complete self-government for India will ever be possible in any imaginable future. It concludes by remarking that the Simon Commission has thrown enough light on the problem to show that the retention of India within the Empire is inevitable, while even Dominion status will prove to be a rash experiment, full of danger for India and the Empire as a whole.

DEFIANCE OF ORDINANCES

CONGRESS CAMPAIGN EXTENDED

ALLAHABAD, June 10.—The Congress Working Committee has issued the text of resolutions passed at its recent meeting, over which Pandit Motilal Nehru presided.

The resolutions call on the country to meet the situation created by the recent promulgation by the Viceroy of two Ordinances [dealing with picketing, the non-payment of taxes, and undermining the loyalty of Government servants] by publicly disobeying them and by a strict observance of non-violence and the carrying out fearlessly of all resolutions regardless of the Ordinances.

In particular, the Committee advises the people to carry on with redoubled vigour the peaceful picketing of liquor shops and foreign cloth shops, and the social boycott of Government officers known to have taken part in unjustifiable assaults, to extend the campaign for the non-payment of the land tax to parts of Gujarat, Maharashtra, the Carnatic, Andhra, and other areas, and also to intensify and to extend the campaign for the non-payment of the *chowkidari* tax in Bengal, and to start it in Bihar and Orissa.

The newspapers will be allowed to resume publication on giving an undertaking to write articles in defiance of the Ordinances and to disseminate Congress views, but the Committee will otherwise refuse to remove the ban on their publication which has been asked for by the Delhi Journalists' Association. The Committee also decided that it was not necessary to picket newspapers.—*Reuter.*

VIOLENCE IN BENGAL

POLICE OFFICER MURDERED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 10

Armed police raided the civil disobedience camp at Bandar, near Midnapore, 70 miles west of Calcutta, on Sunday, and arrested 30 Congress volunteers. The Bandar camp has been for weeks a centre of revolutionary propaganda among the surrounding villages, the outcome of which was the murder on June 3 of an Indian sub-inspector of police and the kidnapping of a second inspector, whose whereabouts has not yet been traced.

The Congress volunteers, who have established a number of smaller camps, have interpreted non-violence by training the villagers in *lathi* play and by spreading the story among the credulous populace that the British Raj has been overthrown by the Congress and that nobody need pay any more taxes. When, on June 3, the two sub-inspectors and four constables attempted to make arrests at Chechuahat they were overpowered and one sub-inspector was taken into a house and murdered. When later a larger party, with 18 armed police, arrived at Chechuahat to investigate the inspector's fate, they were faced by a mob and were compelled to open fire. In the end, however, the police had to retire before overwhelming numbers to their base camp, 10 miles away. Large reinforcements of police have now arrived.

Outside the areas in which the Congress volunteers have been working the villagers are reported to be quiet and loyal.

THE KIDNAPPING IN BALUCHISTAN

BRITISH PARTY'S ADVENTURES

QUETTA, June 10.—Details are now available of the experiences of Major Farley and Captain and Mrs. Frere, who were kidnapped by Achakzai raiders on the Quetta-Chaman road last week.

The raiders had blocked the road with stones, and when Major Farley's car stopped they rushed forward and tied the wrists of both Major Farley and the driver. They asked if another car was coming, and the driver replied in the negative, but Captain and Mrs. Frere soon arrived and were at once seized by the bandits. The tires of the cars were punctured by bayonets.

The raiders and their prisoners set out for the frontier, but they had not got far before Mrs. Frere fainted. Major Farley, speaking in Pushtu, asked the tribesmen not to be cruel, whereupon they seized the camel of a traveller who was passing and procured water from him, with the aid of which Mrs. Frere was revived. She was then put on the camel's back, and a veil was placed round her head to conceal her identity.

After travelling 12 miles, darkness fell, and the party slept the night in the open. Next morning they covered a further 12 miles. On reaching their destination the leader of the raiders—the Mullah Haider—fired shots into the air, and the women of the tribe came out of their huts, showing great amazement at the presence of an Englishwoman. They were ordered by their men to return to the huts, however, and kill a goat. The prisoners were asked to partake of the goat and were also offered mutton and milk.

The raiders told the Moslem driver that the reason for the kidnapping was the imprisonment of five of their men—four at Gullistan and one at Chaman. They then demanded Rs.10,000 [£750], but Major Farley, thanks to his knowledge of Pushtu, was able to bring down their demand to Rs.5,000 [£375], for which sum he made out an I O U. No cash was paid.

Meanwhile an Afghan official arrived with *maliks* [tribal leaders] of the Achakzai tribe and the prisoners were taken back. The only loot retained by the raiders was a few pounds taken from Major Farley and Captain Frere and a necklace from Mrs. Frere.—*Reuter.*

COMMUNAL RIOT IN SOUTH INDIA

MADRAS, June 10.—Trouble broke out between Hindus and Moslems at Vellore to-day in connexion with a Moharrum procession. The Hindus allege that the procession stopped in front of a Dharmaraj temple and insulted the Deity. The Moslems allege that the Hindus threw explosives and stones at the procession.

The trouble spread to different streets and police reserves had to be called out. Moslems are reported to have belaboured Hindus in the streets and to have entered houses and assaulted the inmates.

The police fired twice on the crowds. There were many casualties on the second occasion, and three persons are known to have been killed. After the police retired Moslems became unruly again and burnt a Hindu shop.

The situation is now under control. —*Reuter.*

THE MONSOON

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 10

There have been some heavy showers of rain here. The Meteorological Department reports a weak advance of the monsoon along the Western Coast as far north as Bombay, and it appears likely that the monsoon will now spread inland.

MR. PARKER GILBERT

Mr. Parker Gilbert, who for five years has represented Allied interests in Berlin as Agent-General for German Reparation payments, sailed from Plymouth for his home in America yesterday. His final report to the Reparation Commission will be published at the end of the week.

NEW REGIME IN RUMANIA

KING AND CABINET

PRINCESS HELEN'S POSITION

(FROM OUR BALKANS CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, JUNE 10

It appears that the Government of all the talents which the King would like to form is not likely to be realized for some months. To collect the best elements from all quarters into a working combination takes time, and the present moment is not particularly opportune for such an attempt, as certain groups of individuals have exaggerated pretensions—for instance, the temporary eclipse of the Liberal Party had encouraged Marshal Averescu to the unjustified assumption that his party is now second in importance to the National Peasants.

Further, the exclusion of Professor George Bratianu by the Liberal Executive has undoubtedly started a process of disintegration in that party, the full extent of which cannot be foreseen. The King, who is particularly anxious to see all parties represented in his Government, will probably wait in order to allow this movement to develop and in order to be able to enter into closer relations with possible candidates for office, hence the administration will probably be left for the time being to the National Peasant Party, with Dr. Maniu once more at the head of the Cabinet in place of M. Mironescu.

Public opinion is much concerned at present about the future relations between the King and Princess Helen, who divorced him two years ago. Popular sentiment, while sympathizing with the Princess's position, would naturally like to see her Queen, and the claims of the King to constant contact with his son reconciled with the mother's right to continue the system of education which she has begun. At present the public merely notes that the Prince of Alba Julia has been removed from the care of his mother and installed with his father at the Cotroceni Palace.

BULGARIAN APPROVAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, JUNE 10

The Bulgarian newspapers comment very favourably on the events in Rumania, and express the hope that King Carol's assumption of the Royal authority will assure the consolidation of Rumanian policy, which is so necessary if his country is to continue to be the bulwark of the Balkans against Soviet influence. They see in the King's words at his accession an augury for a happy settlement of all outstanding differences between Bulgaria and Rumania.

A GRECO-TURKISH SETTLEMENT

AGREEMENT SIGNED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, JUNE 10

Tewfik Rushdi Bey, the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs, and M. Polyehroniades, the Greek Minister, in Angora to-day signed an agreement covering all the differences arising out of the Anatolian War of 1922. The text of the Agreement has not been published, but it is understood that the principal points are the following:—

(1) Greece will pay £425,000. Of this £125,000 will be used for compensating Turks for properties they formerly owned in Western Thrace; and £150,000 will be paid to the Greco-Turkish Mixed Commission for the compensation of the "établis," that is, Greeks of Turkish nationality now living in Constantinople who have lost property in Anatolia. The remainder, £150,000, will be paid to the Commission for the benefit of those Greeks who left Turkey before and after the Great War on non-Turkish passports and have, in consequence, not been allowed to return to Turkey, thus being obliged to abandon their properties there.

(2) The Agreement stipulates that Hellenic subjects in Constantinople who have had their properties seized shall have them given back.

(3) The "établis" now living in Constantinople will be allowed to continue to live there.

(4) The Agreement provides for the valuation of properties belonging to "exchangeable" Turks and Greeks, but details on this point are lacking.

The Turkish Grand National Assembly and the Greek Parliament will have to ratify this Agreement, but it is not expected that this will be long delayed. The Mixed Greco-Turkish Commission will continue to function, and its neutral members will act as arbiters in carrying out the Agreement. Thus, after prolonged negotiations, Greece and Turkey have settled their differences, and the way should now be paved for a thorough understanding between the two neighbours. It is to be expected that M. Venizelos, the Greek Prime Minister, will visit Angora this autumn, by which time it should be possible to sign a treaty of non-aggression and friendship.

TRAINING OF FORESTRY OFFICERS

A COMMITTEE TO REPORT

The Secretary of State for the Colonies, in consultation with the Secretary of State for India and the Forestry Commissioners, has appointed a Committee to consider and report on the training of candidates and probationers for appointment as Forest Officers in the Government Service. The Committee is composed as follows:—

SIR JAMES IRVINE, C.B.E., F.R.S., Principal of St. Andrews University (Chairman).
Mr. G. E. S. CUBITT, C.B.E., late Conservator of Forests, Malaya.
SIR THOMAS MIDDLETON, K.C.I.E., K.B.E., C.B., Development Commissioner.
Mr. R. L. ROBINSON, O.B.E., Vice-Chairman of the Forestry Commission and Technical Commissioner.
Mr. F. W. H. SMITH, C.I.E., Assistant Secretary, India Office.
Mr. C. G. TREVOR, late Vice-Principal and Professor of Forestry, Dehra Dun, India.
MAJOR R. D. FURSE, D.S.O., Private Secretary (Appointments) to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.
Mr. G. H. CREASY (Colonial Office) has been appointed Secretary to the Committee.

THE ROYAL ACADEMY

The secretary of the Royal Academy of Arts announces that at a General Assembly of Academicians and Associates held yesterday Jean Louis Forain, painter, and Ragnar Ostberg, architect, were elected Honorary Foreign Royal Academicians.

M. Forain is a great draughtsman and etcher, whose work has often been exhibited in London. In 1921 he presented to the British Museum 10 of his original drawings. His War cartoons and etchings were terrible in their irony and merciless revelation of the German character. Forain is president of the Société Nationale des Beaux-Arts and president of the Société des Dessinateurs Humoristes.

M. Ostberg is a great Swedish architect, whose masterpiece is the Stockholm Town Hall. It was this magnificent building which won him the honour of the Royal gold medal of the Royal Institute of British Architects. It was presented to him in November, 1926, by the Prince of Wales.

NAVAL TREATY

U.S. SENATE'S ATTITUDE

RENEWED DEMAND FOR DOCUMENTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 10

The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate resumed its consideration of the London Naval Treaty behind closed doors this morning. When the doors were opened the Press had little difficulty in gathering the general story of what had occurred.

It appears that a resolution had been introduced by Senator Black, of Alabama, asserting the right of the Senate to receive and examine all documents or records incident to the negotiation of any treaty whose ratification was to be sought. The discussion of this resolution was long and at times heated, ranging through history from George Washington to John Hay, and it seems to have left an overwhelming majority persuaded that a protest must be made—or at least made a matter of official record—against any suggestion that either the Senate or its competent committee, in its consideration of an international agreement, should be held within the four corners of the instrument itself. Finally a sub-committee, consisting of Senator Borah, of Idaho, as chairman, and Senator Moses, of New Hampshire, and Senator Black, was appointed to redraft the original resolution and to submit it in its amended form for consideration on Thursday.

The only opposition of which anything was heard this morning came from Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, and Senator Fess, of Ohio, and of these Senator Reed, as a member of the American delegation to London, has already seen the documents whose transmission has been refused by the State Department. It is confidently assumed that the amended resolution will pass, but what will happen after its passage nobody can tell. There is no present likelihood that the State Department will yield, for the good reason that the department, and everybody else, knows that there would be a "leak." The Foreign Relations Committee, like the chain, is no stronger than its weakest link—or links—and when the curiosity of the Press had been duly and irresponsibly satisfied, as it inevitably would be, there might be acute international embarrassment. And if this injured the chances of ratification, either in the United States or elsewhere, mischief-makers like Senator Johnson of California would be overjoyed.

The suggestion has been made here and there this morning that the State Department must give way or the committee, in the sacred name of consistency, will be prevented from making a favourable report on the treaty. In other quarters, however, it is believed that, having by the pending resolution proclaimed what it believes to be the imprescriptible right of the Senate, the committee will rest for the time being content, and the process of ratification can proceed. New weapons will have been left in the hands of the opposition, nevertheless, and new reasons for suggesting delay. Meanwhile, of the 35 Senators who are seeking re-election next November, an increasing number are being led to feel that their position would be safer if public discussion of the treaty were left until their fate had been decided. If popular prejudice can be sufficiently excited against a naval agreement, those who voted for it—and most would vote for it—might be made to suffer. For the moment all the advantages which flow from vigour in action belong not to the friends but to the enemies of the London agreement. The Secretary of State, Mr. Stimson, is to talk to the country on the subject over the wireless on Thursday, and he must put a great deal of weight into what he says if he is to readjust the balance.

REPLACEMENT OF CRUISER TONNAGE

BRITISH REPLY TO U.S.A.

As reported in *The Times* of June 7, there has been an exchange of Notes between the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs (Mr. Henderson) and the American Ambassador (General Dawes) on the question of the interpretation of certain parts of the London Naval Treaty.

Clarification was needed in respect of Article 19 in the sense that the word "category" in that Article meant category or sub-category. The Government of the United States declared that it interpreted the Treaty to mean that vessels becoming over age of either sub-category A or sub-category B of the cruiser categories shall be replaceable only in that sub-category.

The British Government concurred in that interpretation without prejudice to Article 20 (*a*) of the Treaty, under which it understood that the tonnage to be scrapped and replaced in the case of the British Commonwealth of Nations (91,000 tons of 6in.-gun cruiser tonnage which may be completed before December 31, 1936) comprises partly 6in.-gun cruiser tonnage and partly cruiser tonnage of the 7.5in.-gun Effingham class.

JAPAN AND NAVAL TREATY

ADMIRAL KATO TO RESIGN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TOKYO, JUNE 10

The resignation of Admiral Kanji Kato, Chief of the Naval General Staff, is expected within a week as a result of his departure from ordinary naval procedure in his attempt to hold up the acceptance of the London Naval Treaty. Admiral Kato was received by the Emperor this morning, and he called on Admiral Prince Fushimi and Admiral Count Togo this afternoon. The nature of the discussions was not disclosed, but they are generally interpreted as farewell visits of respect.

THE NORWEGIAN PRINCESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OSLO, JUNE 10

The Crown Princess and her daughter are doing well. To-day the King informed the Cabinet that the Princess would be named Ragnhild Alexandra. The first name is that of her ancestress in the thirty-second generation, the pagan Consort of King Harald Haarfager (863-930), who united Norway under his sceptre; the second is that of her great-grandmother, Queen Alexandra.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Reports of the following meetings appear in our City pages:—

Antofagasta (Chili) and Bolivia Railway.
Grand Junction Company.
Gresham Fire and Accident Insurance.
Linggi Plantations.
Marston, Thompson and Evershed.
Roan Antelope Copper Mines.

GERMAN IRON INDUSTRY

A NEW EXPERIMENT

PRICES REDUCED WITH WAGES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 10

In response to the employers' application, the arbitrator's award in the wage dispute in the German North-Western iron and steel area has been declared legally binding by the Minister of Labour. It involves a 7½ per cent. wage reduction, to be accompanied by a guaranteed price reduction. This area includes the Ruhr district.

This decision is considered, for two reasons, to be one of the most momentous yet made under the arbitration system introduced in Germany after the revolution. It is the first occasion, or at any rate the first important occasion for years, on which the system has contributed to a sensible wage reduction. The critics who have been clamouring for its reform have pointed out that it has led to a steady rise of wage levels. The almost invariable course has been for the unions to demand twice as much as they expected to obtain, and to be granted half, or less than half, of their demands. The award has then been rejected by one side or the other, and then declared binding by the Ministry in order to avert a struggle. The temptation to preserve peace at all costs has been great during the critical years through which Germany has passed, and the system has undoubtedly weakened the negotiators' sense of responsibility and thrown the burden on an authority embarrassed by political pressure.

The second and perhaps even more significant feature of the award is that it provides an experiment within a limited area and a single industry in the combined reduction of prices and wages, which the national employers and labour organizations are now discussing on a wider scale.

PRICE REDUCTIONS

For the time being the award affects only piece-rates, as the standard wage agreement does not lapse until the end of September. The original proposal was that a 10 per cent. wage reduction should be accompanied by a similar price reduction. In the negotiations at the Ministry of Labour, however, it was decided to reduce not only the piece-rates of the more skilled workers earning in excess of the standard rate, but also the pay of all grades of salary-earners up to and including directors and general managers, in such a way as to achieve a saving of 7½ per cent. instead of 10 per cent. on the total wage and salary bill. The employers have undertaken to see that prices are reduced not, as originally proposed, to the amount of this saving, but beyond it. Moreover the price reductions will be made retroactive as from June 1, whereas the wage and salary reductions will not come into force until July 1. The Minister of Labour, in declaring this arrangement binding, reserves the right to have the price reduction checked by his own experts.

By leaving a full month between the price and the wage reductions, any possible suspicion that the employers might seek temporarily to exploit the situation is supposed to be dispelled. Theoretically, too, it is supposed to preserve the real purchasing power of the wages. But as long as the experiment is not general, the question arises whether the reduction of iron and steel prices, even a month in advance, is going to effect a corresponding fall in the cost of living as a whole. The working-up industry is not bound by the price reduction undertaking. This, it is contended, is impossible because its cartel organization is inadequate, and superfluous because it has the greatest interest in reducing prices for marketing reasons. It should have every facility for doing so, as it gains doubly by the arrangement. Working-up firms in the North-Western area belong, for labour agreement purposes, to the same organization as the producers, and will profit by the saving of 7½ per cent. on wages. At the same time the working-up industry will receive its material at a lower price from the producers.

FIRE AT GLEN TANAR FOREST

MANY ACRES BURNED

A serious woodland and moorland fire which burned about 12 acres of trees occurred yesterday on the south side of the River Dee on Lord Glentanar's estate of Glen Tanar.

No one knows how it began in the heather, but the undergrowth, dry as tinder after a long drought, was a ready conductor of the flames, which were fanned by the wind towards tall timber close by. Soon the trees were burning with a loud crackling, the fire roaring in the wind. Rabbits and birds ran and flew before the advancing heat. A score or so of men of Glen Tanar Forest, experienced in such work by previous outbreaks, reinforced by other men from Ballater, fought the outbreak, many beating at the flames with long bladed makeshift brooms and saplings cut from the forest. Fortunately better help than that came from the wind, which veered so as to blow the flames across the South Deeside road, where there was little for the fire to feed on. The Cambus-o'-May woods were thus saved, and the flames which had been travelling towards the Cambus-o'-May station no longer menaced the dwellings there. By 3 o'clock the fire had been cornered, and scores of men prevented flying sparks from igniting undergrowth into which they fell.

In June, 1920, 30 square miles of Glen Tanar Forest were destroyed by fire, the damage amounting to over £200,000.

FIRE ON YORKSHIRE MOOR

A fire which broke out on Thorne Moors, 12 miles from Doncaster, on Monday night, and was finally subdued by a timely downpour of rain yesterday morning, damaged an area four miles long by several hundred yards wide. Grass and about 1,000 saplings were destroyed, together with birds, rabbits, and hares, and also hundreds of tons of peat in stacks and uncut.

The flames were at times 30ft. high and the countryside was lit up for 20 miles around. Large parties of workmen dug trenches across threatened areas, though there was not at any time any danger to cottages or farms. The cause of the fire is not known.

A fire, believed to have been caused by a cigarette end, damaged six acres of gorse and bracken on a common near Chelmsford last night. A number of birds and rabbits were burned to death. The grand stand of the Chelmsford racecourse was threatened, but the flames were beaten out in time by Boy Scouts and others.

MORE UNEMPLOYMENT IN NEW YORK

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 10

Factory employment in New York State, which has been on the downward trend since October, 1929, showed a further decline of 1½ per cent. in May, according to Miss Frances Perkins, New York State Industrial Commissioner, and is now about 10 per cent. below the average of last year at this time. Unemployment is at its greatest height for many years.

Three of the 11 main industrial groups showed gains in many directions, but the textile and clothing groups, next to metals the largest in numerical importance in the State, declined more than 5 per cent. Metals declined 1 per cent. New York City showed greater losses in employment than the State as a whole, because of the dominance there of the clothing industry, which reduced its employees by 8 per cent.

LABOUR POLICY

T.U.C. AND PARTY DIFFERENCES

(FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT)

On two public questions of the day the views of the General Council of the Trades Union Congress differ sharply from those of the political leaders of the Labour movement. One question has immediate bearing on the Government's legislative programme. The other concerns an important item of policy which the political leaders, or certain of them, desire to put in the forefront of the party programme at the next election.

The subject of immediate concern is the postponement of trade union legislation. It was recently reported in *The Times* that the General Council is urging the Government to introduce immediately a new Trade Disputes Bill in order to annul, to all intents and purposes, the Act of 1927, and that, in reply, Mr. MacDonald had advised the General Council to find a formula, for inclusion in the amending Bill, which would maintain the illegality of the revolutionary or political strike, while giving the unions the freedom of action which they claim. The General Council does not accept Mr. MacDonald's view of the case and is insisting on a maximum, not a minimum, revision of the Unionist measure. The Council has begun to marshal trade union opinion in the House of Commons preparatory to making further representations to the Government after the Whitsuntide holiday.

The divergence on future policy turns on the question of family allowances. The General Council has rejected the majority recommendation of the joint committee representing the National Labour Party and itself. The political section of the party has been anxious for a long time to put family allowances in the party programme, believing that it will make a strong appeal to women voters. There was, therefore, much disappointment when the Trades Union Congress failed to support the proposal. At the instance of the Labour Party another attempt was made to reach agreement, a second joint committee being appointed. A majority of this committee—nine against four—reported in favour of a State scheme of allowances payable to the mother. The minority recommended an extension of the social services, while Mr. Citrine, the secretary of the T.U.C., presented an independent memorandum which advised caution in putting forward plans for either family allowances or a costly extension of social services which might have the effect of deranging the wage system of the country and interfering with the activities of the trade unions.

The General Council has decided that an extension of the social services is to be preferred to a system of family allowances. The decision has not yet been reported to the joint committee, which will be rather embarrassed by the General Council's action. It is, of course, impossible for the Labour Party to advocate family allowances in opposition to the General Council.

COOL WINDS

SUNNY INTERVALS EXPECTED

(FROM OUR WEATHER CORRESPONDENT)

The deep depression near Iceland caused further rain in the North on Monday night and early yesterday. At Colwyn Bay and Morecambe nearly ½in. was measured. There was, however, an improving tendency, which was most marked in Scotland. At Banff 8½ hours of sunshine were enjoyed up to 6 p.m., and a number of coast resorts in Eastern Scotland had six hours or more.

Heavily clouded skies became general in the South without the occurrence of much rain; the lack of sunshine caused day temperature to be much lower than on Monday; at Ventnor the maximum was only 56deg.

With the depression near Iceland remaining nearly stationary, and northerly winds from beyond the Arctic circle following long paths across the Atlantic before reaching the British Isles as south-westerly or westerly winds, cool weather with occasional showers is probable. There should be long fair periods with intervals of sunshine, especially in the South.

AIR FORCE TRAINING

BOMBERS AND FIGHTERS IN FORMATION FLYING

Training flights such as will be included in the Royal Air Force Display on June 28 are being undertaken by units of the Royal Air Force. Two squadrons of day bombers and three of fighters assembled yesterday at Hendon and carried out joint formation flights which, in a gusty wind and cloudy conditions, were very well done.

The fighters, all Siddeley Siskins, fitted with Jaguar engines, were Squadrons 29 and 56, from North Weald, and Squadron 111, from Hornchurch. The bombers were Squadrons 35 and 207, flying Fairey 3 F machines, with Napier Lion engines, from Bircham Newton. Squadron 12, from Andover, was due to take part in the exercise, but was unable to make the journey to Hendon because of bad visibility. The five squadrons took off in quick succession, led by the fighters, and the 45 machines were seen flying up wind, every flight of three in arrow-head formation and every squadron forming a huge "V."

After circling, they came up into the wind again in line abreast and fell into their original formation as they passed over the aerodrome. Turning quickly, the bombers came back with the wind, diving at full speed from 1,000ft. to about 200ft. above the pirates' stronghold which is to be demolished at the display. Squadron by squadron, the fighters followed them at their much greater speed—probably 160 miles an hour—and then landed, leaving the bombers to finish the exercise alone.

The bombers, returning in squadrons, turned outwards in narrow circles, still maintaining their "V" formations, and crossed each other's paths at right angles. Strung out next in line ahead, they flew in parallel lines over the aerodrome, and finally the two lines were merged into one to form a great circle of moving aircraft.

OBITUARY

PROFESSOR HARNACK

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 10

Professor Adolf von Harnack, the great theologian and historian of dogma, died at 6 o'clock this evening in the University hospital at Heidelberg. He had gone to Heidelberg several days ago to attend a general meeting of the Kaiser Wilhelm Gesellshaft zur Förderung der Wissenschaften, of which he was president. He caught a severe cold, and complications developed rapidly. He was 79 years old.

We regret to announce that Sir Frederick Eckstein, of the firm of Wernher, Beit and Co., died in London last night. He had been ill since the first week in May, when he underwent an operation for appendicitis. This was followed by a second operation shortly afterwards.

We have also to announce the deaths of SIR THOMAS ARNOLD, the Islamic scholar; SIR WILLIAM ALLARDYCE, a former Colonial Governor; and SIR FREDERICK TOONE, the famous cricket organizer.

Memoirs appear on pages 6 and 16.

THE CANADIAN ELECTION

CONSERVATIVES' POLICY

EMPIRE TRADE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, JUNE 10

Last night Mr. Bennett, Leader of the Conservative Opposition in the House of Commons, delivered before a crowded audience in the Amphitheatre, Winnipeg, the "keynote" speech of his election campaign, which was broadcast to every corner of the Dominion. He made a comprehensive arraignment of the Government for a variety of sins of omission and commission, and accused it of timidity and vacillation at a time when Canada, struggling as she was for economic self-sufficiency, needed a strong and capable Administration.

Mr. Bennett declared that the most powerful indictment against the Ministry was the latest population figures, which placed the population at 9,796,000, a gain of only one million compared with the Census figure of 1921. But in the intervening years the immigrants and the natural increase by excess of births over deaths together made a total of about 2,350,000, and the Dominion had, therefore, in the nine years suffered a loss of at least one million and a quarter people. He charged the Liberal leaders with abandoning shamelessly their party principles and platform, and appealed to Liberal voters to punish them by relegating them to the shades of Opposition.

Discussing inter-Imperial trade, Mr. Bennett said that if the offer embodied in the Budget to Great Britain and the other Dominions was intended to be but an empty one he would oppose it in decency to the Empire, and he would equally oppose it if it meant admitting free into Canadian markets Empire goods in competition with her own without receiving by way of compensation a preferred place in other British markets for Canadian products. He asserted that he yielded to nobody in his love for the Empire, but Canada had first claim on his affections, and he was firmly convinced that the future of the Empire depended on the uplifting of Canada. He repudiated the suggestion that if he became Prime Minister he would be complaisant to the desires of "big business" interests and would not give the Canadian National Railway system a fair chance.

At the close of his speech, Mr. Bennett outlined his policy, and pledged himself and his party to put in force a policy of protection for the Canadian people in the development of their natural resources, agricultural and industrial. He also promised to safeguard consumers and prevent the exploitation of the tariff by manufacturers for their own benefit. He likewise pledged himself to foster agriculture, particularly the dairy and livestock branches, which, in his view, had been sadly neglected; to support a plan for greater inter-Imperial trade based on mutual advantage; to develop other foreign markets; to evolve a national fuel policy and an old age pension scheme, and to improve the Canadian system of internal transport by the completion of the Hudson Bay route, with the necessary branches, of the St. Lawrence waterway, and of a direct outlet to the sea for the Peace River country, and by establishment of a national highway system. Mr. Bennett warned the Western farmers not to believe that tariffs were only for the benefit of manufacturers, and declared that he would make tariffs fight for them as well, and blast a way into markets which had been closed to them.

Mr. Henri Bourassa, in a speech accepting re-nomination as Independent candidate for the constituency of Labelle in Quebec yesterday, declared that, if elected, he would retain his freedom of action in the next Parliament.

Mingling sharp criticism of the King Ministry with praise on certain points, he said that in most matters he took the Liberal view, but as a result of the Budget he intended, on tariff issues, to support the Conservatives. He assailed strongly the vein of British preference which ran through the Budget, asserting that Canada did not exist for England and English manufacturers, and that although England, like other European countries, might be passing through a severe economic crisis, that was no reason why the Dominion should be sacrificed to alleviate the British unemployment problem. He said he was opposed to the so-called British preference as long as it was framed on a sentimental basis, and that he did not believe England was meeting Canada halfway, certainly not in the matter of wheat or of butter, which she was buying from New Zealand and Denmark.

*** Polling in the General Election has been fixed for Monday, July 28.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 12)

OPERA

Covent Garden	MARTA	8
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	2.30 & 8.15

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Arts	YVETTE GUILBERT	8.45
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Daly's	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	2.30 & 8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duchess	THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS	2.30 & 8.30
Duke of York's	THE WAY TO TREAT / A WOMAN	8
Embassy	THE MERCHANT OF VENICE	8.15
Everyman	THE BLUE COAST	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	ST. JEANNE	8.30
Grafton	THE SEARCHER	2.30 & 8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	2.30 & 8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Kingsway	LIBERTY HALL	2.30 & 8.15
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	2.30 & 8.15
New	THE LAST CHAPTER	8.30
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	2.30 & 8.30
Queen's	HAMLET	2.30 & 8.15
Royalty	THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM	8.15
St. James's	MICHAEL & MARY	2.30 & 8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	2.30 & 8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	RUTH DRAPER	8.45
Victoria Palace	FOLLIES BERGERE REVUE	2.30 & 8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	2.30 & 8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	2.30 & 8.30

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THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Wind south-west or west, fresh; cloudy, some rain or showers and brighter intervals; rather cool.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Rather unsettled. (p. 16)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The National Farmers' Union has issued a statement welcoming Mr. Baldwin's speech on the Conservative agricultural policy and suggesting that he should get into touch with the farmers without delay in order to work out the details of his scheme for fixing a guaranteed price for milling wheat. (p. 9)

Advertising in relation to Empire trade was discussed yesterday by the Imperial Press Conference. (p. 9)

Sir James Irvine is the chairman of a committee which has been appointed to report on the training of candidates and probationers for appointment as forest officers in the Government Service. (p. 14)

The condition of the London parks yesterday showed little evidence of the effect of the anti-litter campaign, though allowance must be made for the exceptionally large crowds attracted to them by the beautiful weather on Bank Holiday. (p. 11)

A fire damaged Horeham Manor, Horeham road, Sussex, an hotel on the Eastbourne-Tunbridge Wells main road, yesterday morning. (p. 11)

The Three Counties Show was opened at Worcester yesterday. There was a large number of entries, the King being among the prize-winners for Hereford cattle. (p. 7)

The National Airedale Terrier Association and the Sealyham Terrier Breeders' Association held a show yesterday in the Royal Botanic Gardens, Regent's Park. (p. 7)

A number of appointments to University lectureships were made yesterday at Oxford. (p. 17)

A fire on Lord Glentanar's estate of Glen Tanar, Aboyne, Aberdeenshire, burned about 12 acres of woodland yesterday. (p. 14)

POLITICS

Our Special Correspondent in Glasgow writes that there is a likelihood of four candidates in the by-election in the Shettleston Division. (p. 11)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

First views in India on Volume I. of the Simon Commission's Report show that preconceived antagonism will find full expression. The extremist newspapers in Bombay and Calcutta denounce the Report in violent terms. The Liberal Party's organ declares that India will not be satisfied with "the instalment plan of constitutional advancement." (p. 14)

At its recent meeting at Allahabad, the Congress Working Committee passed resolutions urging the public defiance of the Viceregal Ordinances dealing with picketing, non-payment of taxes, and undermining the loyalty of Government servants. (p. 14)

Mr. Bennett, Leader of the Conservative Opposition in the Canadian House of Commons, delivered the "keynote" speech of his election campaign at Winnipeg on Monday night and outlined the policy of the Conservative Party. (p. 14)

At yesterday's sitting of the French Socialist Congress at Bordeaux, the principal question discussed was whether M. Bouisson, who is a Socialist, should continue to occupy the office of President of the Chamber of Deputies. (p. 13)

The fourteenth International Labour Conference opened at Geneva yesterday, when Professor Mahaim, a former Belgian Minister of Labour, was elected president. Miss Bondfield, Minister of Labour, is the principal British Government delegate. (p. 13)

After years of negotiation a settlement of the financial dispute between Turkey and Greece arising out of the exchange of populations and the rights of Greek-speaking Turkish subjects in Constantinople, has at last been reached and embodied in an Agreement signed yesterday in Angora. (p. 14)

The arbitrator's award in the wage dispute in the German North-Western iron and steel area has been declared legally binding. The employers have promised to reduce prices before the reduction in wages becomes effective. (p. 14)

The Foreign Relations Committee of the United States Senate yesterday discussed a resolution asserting its right to examine documents relating to any treaty concluded by the Government. (p. 14)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Prince of Wales visits Glasgow to-day, when he will name the new C.P.R. liner Empress of Britain. (p. 16)

The Duke of York will visit the Royal Tournament at Olympia this afternoon. (p. 11)

SPORT

Race meetings were concluded yesterday at Hurst Park, Wolverhampton, and Redcar. (p. 5)

The match between Middlesex and Sussex at Lord's was drawn; the Australians beat Cambridge University at Fenner's by an innings and 134 runs; and Kent beat Hampshire at Southampton by 151 runs. (p. 6)

Goulburn, the Australian polo team, beat the Knaves in a tie in the Open Challenge Cup tournament at Ranelagh yesterday by eight goals to six. (p. 7)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—The French Exchange Alteration; the Shell Report; Debenhams' Profits; War Loan Dividend Disbursements; Callender's Cable Accounts; Malayan Labour Costs; and Adverse Fire Insurance Results. (p. 19)

In Lombard-street money was in keen demand and loan rates advanced. Discount rates were firm in tendency. Among the Foreign Exchanges the French rate fell heavily, closing at 123.72f. owing to a change in the fineness of the gold sold by the Bank of England. The Swiss rate was also lower. Eastern silver exchanges were higher. A sharp fall occurred in the Argentine exchange. Silver rose 1-16d. to 16¾d. per ounce. (p. 19)

The Stock Markets yesterday were weak under the influence of the collapse in values reported from New York. A general fall occurred in Industrial shares. Rubber shares and Copper shares weakened in sympathy with lower commodity prices. (p. 19)

ALL-INDIA

The range and interest of the Indian Report made it impossible yesterday to devote more than a few words of comment to the brief but important chapter devoted to the States. It contains in particular one pregnant sentence which can hardly fail to dominate the final volume. After a brief description of the States, their infinite variety of size, population, and progress, and their similar relations with the Paramount Power, the Commissioners record the creation of the Chamber of Princes in 1921 and conclude that the time was ripe for the work which the Chamber has achieved in the last nine years. "But this "advance," they add, "*does not as yet cross "the boundary which must be traversed before "the first actual step on the road of All-India "federation can be taken.*" The significance of the sentence is obvious, and it is twofold. In the first place it approves and justifies the change of policy which has been endeavouring in recent times to convert the States from isolated units into a coherent and cooperative body. In the second place it contemplates, not as a dream but as a practical policy, their inclusion in a common federal union with the provinces of British India.

To many of us it has always seemed a little singular that the Reforms of 1919 should have paid so little attention to the Indian States. Their territories comprise one-third and their populations one-fifth of the Indian Peninsula. There are between five and six hundred of them altogether, ranging from countries of the size of Great Britain, like Hyderabad and Kashmir, down to comparatively small landed properties. Interlocked with the various provinces of British India, they have necessarily shared in the development of such common services as railways, posts, and telegraphs, while the races and religions to be found in them are extended everywhere across frontiers which seldom present any conspicuous physical lines of demarcation. The accidents of history which brought them into being, and left them with special powers of self-government, cannot obliterate their inevitable concern with the questions which affect India as a whole. No final or satisfactory solution of the Indian problem is even conceivable without them. Yet the Government of India Act of 1919 contained no reference whatever to the future of the States, and it was by Royal Proclamation, following a suggestion in the Montagu-Chelmsford Report, that the Chamber of Princes was established two years later. The result has unquestionably been to concentrate too exclusively the attention of Indian politicians upon the constitutional progress of British India—just as though that were a separate nation proceeding alone to a national destiny. In so far as the States have been considered at all in the heated political arguments of the last decade, they have been regarded as a problem apart—to be solved at a later stage either by the substitution of some nationalist Government of India for the KING-EMPEROR from whom the Princes derive their powers, or by the elimination, through some popular rising, of the Princes themselves.

Now it is safe to say that no solution of the problem of the States is to be found along either of these lines. The Statutory Report quotes with approval an emphatic statement made just a year ago by the present VICEROY, who laid it down

that in any proposals that may be made it is essential, on every ground of policy and equity, to carry the free assent of the Ruling Princes of India, and that any suggestion that the treaty rights, which the Princes are accustomed to regard as sacrosanct, can be lightly set aside is only calculated to postpone the solution that we seek.

That general statement of principle represents the foundation, just as the sentence quoted above represents the outline, of the All-India structure which the Commissioners plainly have in view. They do not expand their ideas in the present volume. Nevertheless there are suggestive indications in the course of it that the best of the States are already making progress, by no means incomparable with that of British India, in all those directions which tend to political understanding. In education, for instance, which lies at the very root of political understanding, a number of them can show a percentage of literates which is already far ahead of the average for British India. The Southern States of Travancore and Cochin head the list with figures which more than double the average. The great State of Baroda comes a good third. Mysore, in many respects the most progressive of them all, is above the All-India level. On the other hand the low figures of literacy for some others, such as Hyderabad, Kashmir, and Rajputana, simply show that the States as a whole illustrate that same unevenness of development which has been noted in the case of the British Indian provinces. So it is with the growth of political institutions. A gulf of centuries divides the petty tyrannies, held in restraint only by British vigilance, which persist in some of the backward areas, from the elaborate paraphernalia of Legislative Councils and High Courts of Justice which have long been established by the more progressive States. If responsible government in the Western sense has so far been established in none of them, yet there are many Maharajahs who may fairly claim that their administration is at least responsive to the popular will. There is clearly no reason in the capacity of these peoples or of their Princes, any more than there is in their races, religions, or interests, why they should not take that share in the common heritage—"a solid federal "body in a position of absolute equality with "the federal provinces of British India"—which one of the most enlightened of their rulers held out to them last December.

At all events the belief in the common heritage is growing. It has been crystallized by the work of the Chamber of Princes, and especially of its Standing Committee, for no deliberative body can touch upon such subjects as defence, communications, and social services without realizing the hopelessness of dealing with them in isolation. It has found expression in such outward manifestations of Indian unity as the inclusion of a ruling Prince in every delegation to the League of Nations. And during the last few years it has been guided and encouraged to a very notable extent by LORD IRWIN, whose influence and popularity with the Princes have been too little recognized in this country. To him, no less than to themselves, the States owe it that by successive stages—the investigation of their legal rights by SIR HARCOURT BUTLER'S Committee, their descent as a Chamber into the political arena, their public declarations of loyalty to the CROWN and of sympathy with the aspirations of the Indian national movement—they have established their claim to an equal place in any discussion of the future of India. The Statutory Commission made prompt acknowledgment of that claim when SIR JOHN SIMON asked for an extension of their terms of reference, and it is manifest already that their whole conception of the Indian problem depends upon it.

Mr. Baldwin on Agriculture

The opening half of MR. BALDWIN'S Bank Holiday speech on agriculture was divided into two sections. In one he gave a brief comparison of the measures for the relief of the industry passed respectively by the present and by the late Government; in the other—by far the more important—he restated a number of cardinal facts or first principles which, though perfectly familiar to his Suffolk audience and to all who have made a close study of the present plight of British farming, must be generally recognized by the urban supporters of all three parties in the State before there can be any real hope of improvement in its prospects. Except from an electoral and party point of view the past records of the two Governments—though the farmers are perhaps not so ungrateful to the Conservatives as MR. BALDWIN appears to think—are of no moment. They cannot affect the future, which is all that matters. On the other hand any public speaker who frankly lays before the country the realities of the case and the conditions owing to which the industry is sinking deeper and deeper into the slough of despond is doing good service to the State. Agriculture, said MR. BALDWIN, is still our greatest industry; there is no doubt that during the last year things in agriculture have gone from bad to worse; the price of wheat has fallen to an extraordinary level; bounty-fed stuff is coming in from some countries, and America is contemplating a fresh invasion of cereals; the class of wealthy landlords who in the seventies were able to help their tenants no longer exists; in some parts of the country it is becoming difficult to pay the agricultural labourer—"about the last surviving specimen of the "skilled craftsman in this country"—the wages required by the law; and, where these wages cannot be paid, there is a danger, hitherto almost unknown in agriculture, that unemployment may become a feature in agriculture as it already is in certain other industries. These are all simple and incontrovertible truths. But how many workers in our manufacturing towns, how many of the manufacturers themselves, how many even of the nation's Parliamentary representatives and statesmen are convinced of their accuracy? How many of them are so fully alive to the reality of the grave national dangers to which they must inevitably lead as to be prepared to act upon their convictions? Probably, as MR. BALDWIN thinks, there is more sympathy between town and country than there was. But it is still true that the ignorance in the towns of the agricultural problem is "colossal," and one of the great difficulties of the situation is that the weight of the electorate is now industrial.

After his much-needed prefatory remarks on this subject, MR. BALDWIN proceeded to lay down the agricultural policy which he is prepared to introduce when returned to power in terms which have been warmly welcomed by the National Farmers' Union. His declaration that the key to the situation lies in wheat agrees, they point out, with the finding of the non-party Agricultural Conference that the decline in the growing of cereals and in the extent of the arable acreage of the country has led to increased competition in other branches of the industry and to a consequent reduction in their financial returns. Speaking for the industry as a whole, the Executive of the Union express their gratification at his promise to fix a guaranteed price for wheat of milling quality sufficient to enable it to be grown remuneratively on ordinary wheat land, more particularly because he sees the importance of making the policy so firm for a period of years as to do away, so far as is possible, with the chance of its being interfered with by any subsequent Government. They are similarly pleased with his statement that he sees no reason why the importation of bounty-fed oats into this country should not be stopped—either by the prohibition of or by a countervailing duty on imports—and with his declared intention of denouncing any treaties which may impair his freedom of action in the matter. Barley growers throughout the country will also, they declare, be delighted to hear that he is prepared to try a duty on imported malting barley. Never, in short, has any declaration of agricultural policy coming from so responsible a quarter been received by the farmers with such marked expressions of approval. At present the scheme is only presented in outline, and it may be found when it comes to the practical working out of the details that the task will prove more difficult than in the first flush of their enthusiasm they are inclined to think. But the eagerness with which they appeal to him to lose no time in carrying out his intention of getting into touch with the representatives of agriculture is an excellent omen. The leader of one of the great parties has held out his hand to them with the promise that he will do all he can to help if the industry is willing to help him. The offer is accepted in the spirit in which it is made. Is it too much to hope that in time to come it may be looked back upon as the groundwork of a national policy upon which all three parties will find it possible to agree?

Cancer—A New Fact

Many years have passed since attention was first drawn to the fact that cancer of the skin was more prevalent among workers engaged in the Scottish shale industry than among the rest of the population. That discovery was followed by the recognition of cancer-producing substances which, when applied to the skin of an animal, give rise to malignant growths. The nature of these substances has engaged world-wide interest and many attempts have been made to isolate the principle or element concerned in the production of cancer. So far these efforts have not succeeded, though a body of new knowledge has been acquired. The most striking among many facts is that very high temperatures appear to be necessary for the production of most of the cancer-producing substances. As such temperatures lie far beyond the capacity of the animal body, it has been assumed that living tissue is capable of a synthesis at low temperatures which can only be produced, outside the body, by the use of great heat.

The matter stood thus until recently, but has now been carried a stage forward by the discovery, in the Research Institute of the Cancer Hospital, that a certain cancer-producing substance shows a blue-violet fluorescence which becomes very intense in a beam of ultra-violet light. This fluorescent light gives a characteristic spectrum with three bands. Work is now in progress to discover whether this spectrum is obtainable from all cancer-producing substances. In a recent report published in the *British Medical Journal* DR. KENNAWAY and his co-worker expressed the hope that the very frequent recurrence of the fluorescent spectrum in cancer-producing substances might make it possible to use the spectrum in the preliminary examination of materials, such as lubricating oils, suspected of containing these substances. The manufacturers of lubricating oils have helped the research work in many ways, and have shown a lively anxiety to free their products from injurious elements. It is a gratifying thought that knowledge which may prove of the highest importance has rewarded this cooperation of the factory and the laboratory.

The Dog it was that Died

In June, 1830, as yesterday's extract from *The Times* of that year showed, there was in London (and it was not in London alone) a great scare about mad dogs. A week before the event recorded yesterday our columns had reported no fewer than four cases of supposed hydrophobia; and the account of one of those cases is quite enough to reveal the scenes of brutality to which terror sometimes gave rise. Every day there were letters suggesting all sorts of remedies, from simple suction or Magendie's plan of bleeding the patient and replacing the blood with water to cauterization with a red-hot iron or with some fearful poison like nitric acid. The situation showed all the features, horrible and amusing, of a panic. There were fierce demands for instant and drastic legislation and action—the sort of turkey-cock gobbling which always goes on when people are frightened. ALDERMAN WOOD (QUEEN CAROLINE'S champion and friend) was not the man to suspect an evil without dashing to the attack. He brought in a Bill in the Commons for empowering magistrates to prevent the spreading of canine madness; and at the second reading PEEL, then Home Secretary, was easily able to raise "much laughter" by quoting from its provisions in moving that it go to Committee. It would be unfair, no doubt, to suspect a hint of panic in the remarks, which we quoted yesterday, made by the LORD MAYOR (Sir John Key) to the parish-officer: "If you "have the least suspicion that a dog is mad, kill "it. I shall be answerable for the conse-"quences." Our leading articles, while expressing the conviction that "the fears of the public have "outrun their danger," and counselling "calm "deliberation and dispassionate inquiry," admitted that neither the magistrates nor "the "new police" were making good use of what powers they had; and the LORD MAYOR was giving a lead that was badly wanted. We know not what the result was; but GOLDSMITH had almost certainly forecast it. The men recovered from the bites. Many a dog (poor brute!) it was that died.

Some others there were who kept level heads and joined this journal in the demand for deliberation and inquiry: dog-lovers who saw behind legislation, fines, imprisonment and the rest, looked to the natural causes of the evil. Disease and its consequences are only to be expected, said they, when the streets are thronged with dogs, many of them unowned and still more supported by those who have not the means of supporting themselves. Sporting dogs were treated with the greatest care: compared with some other dogs Bill Sikes's Bull's-eye must have been a pampered pet. One of our correspondents counted forty stray dogs between Blackfriars Bridge and ROWLAND HILL'S chapel in Blackfriars-road; and there are disgusting tales of sights seen in the public markets. London in 1830 must have been, in this particular, fully as ill-kept as any dog-haunted Eastern town; and among the sensible letters which get at the root of the evil, one bears very closely upon the complaint brought before the LORD MAYOR. The letter denounces "the nuisance of allowing dogs to draw "heavy trucks along the streets of "London with hardly any possibility of "getting water to drink, save that of "the filthy kennels" (of the street gutters, that is). No wonder the poor brutes snapped at the passers-by. Those who are inclined to be shocked at well-kept dogs drawing little trucks in foreign countries should chasten their pride with the thought of those London dogs. Not till nine years later did an Act, passed early in the third year of the young QUEEN, prohibit the use of dogs for drawing trucks in London; and fancy plays with the notion that the many "vagabond trucks" near Todgers's were "for ever lounging in the narrow lanes before "their masters' doors" because those masters could no longer harness dogs to them but must push them for themselves. As for hydrophobia, every one knows that all the orders to kill dogs and to fine their owners did little to diminish that. The world had to wait for PASTEUR to cure the horror (1885 was the date of his first published success) and for the Board of Agriculture (with MR. WALTER LONG being "ruth-"less, relentless, remorseless" at its head) to start in 1899 that muzzling order which has proved an incalculable boon both to dogs and to men.

"THE FIRST CLAIM ON WEALTH"

MR. MACDONALD IN DURHAM

A CRITICISM OF THE HORDEN SPEECH

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In his recent speech at Horden Mr. MacDonald is reported (*The Times*, May 27) as saying:—

Unemployment can only be cured when society is organized in such a way that the producer of wealth will have first claim on the consumption of wealth.

The words might reasonably be interpreted as a condemnation of a system of government under which the industrious, the enterprising, and the thrifty are taxed for the benefit of those who have failed to make good. But, coming as they do from the head of a Government which appears to favour this system, another meaning must be sought, and the only inference seems to be that Mr. MacDonald regards the manual worker as the main, if not the only, producer of wealth and wishes to suggest that he is being deprived of his fair share by the capitalist and the brain worker. Subject to rent and taxes, it is possible with no appreciable capital for any man by tilling the soil or by other primitive means to produce wealth on which none but he shall have any claim. But life under such conditions must be hard and precarious. A rise in the material standard of living is made possible only by machinery and organization. Those who provide these means to prosperity are entitled to their reward; and the interpretation which Mr. MacDonald's Durham audience was likely to place upon his words is hardly calculated to further the national interest at the present moment. Rather it is likely to accentuate the present evil, not only by diminishing the confidence of those who by their resource and enterprise are best able to provide employment, but also by instilling into the minds of the manual workers of the country a baseless belief that they are the helpless victims of the misfeasance of others. No suggestion could be better calculated to undermine energy and self-reliance and to check the growth of good will in industry.

Mr. Thomas has told us—and clearly he is right—that no Government can cure unemployment. But it by no means follows from this that no Government can make unemployment worse. Mr. MacDonald now talks of collaboration with the other political parties. Would he not do better to secure the collaboration of the country at large? Let him have done with predatory and restrictive legislation, whether in the guise of Budgets or of Education Bills, of Bills for consumers' councils or projects for land valuation. Let him enlist the activities of his 600 colleagues in the House of Commons in an endeavour to reinstate confidence and to reawaken habits of self-reliance, industry and enterprise.

If each of the 30,000,000 workers in the country can be induced to think the matter over and consider what he or she can do to help forward the industry and commerce of the country, we are more likely to see results than from any efforts hitherto made by the Government. We cannot afford not to develop to their utmost both the individualistic and the socialistic side of each member of society. But spoliation and parasitism will never make a socialism that is worth having.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
LENNOX RUSSELL.

Crooksbury Hurst, near Farnham, Surrey, June 10.

THE KING'S SERVANTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I should like to support Colonel Wedgwood's general plea, but I must demur to some of his particularities. The document in which he says I "list most of these King's Servants" has nothing to do with Parliament; it is in fact Perkin Warbeck's proclamation denouncing Henry VII.'s reliance on "caitiffs and villains of simple birth." Some of these happen to have been members of the Parliament elected in the autumn of 1491, and it may plausibly be conjectured that a considerable number of M.P.s were then "King's Servants." But there is not a shred of evidence that most—let alone "nearly all"—of the King's Servants were members of Parliament; it is indeed impossible, because the King had thousands of servants. Nor does any one know exactly what was meant by "the King's Servants"; there were King's Servants "out of wages" as well as King's Servants "in wages." Also it should be remembered that the summons to a Cabinet meeting still runs: "A meeting of His Majesty's Servants will be held at —— on" such and such a date. The 1491 list, which Colonel Wedgwood mentions as being "recovered," has been in the British Museum since its foundation, and has long been known to students; it was printed four years ago in the *Bulletin* of this institute, with the caution that it is neither contemporary nor official. Of the 19 persons "so many" of whom "are unnoticed" in the D.N.B., 12 are in fact noticed there; and there is no reason why the others should be, unless the D.N.B. had expanded from 30,000 to something like 300,000 lives, or, in other words, never been published.

But I cordially agree with Colonel Wedgwood's appeal for help from municipal sources, and should like to give a specific and practical illustration. In the ninth Report of the Historical MSS. Commission a note (p. 159*a*) states that "year by year these accounts [of the Corporation of Canterbury] contain the names of the members of Parliament for the city"; but they are almost all omitted in the Report! Is there no one at Canterbury who can help us by supplying these names between 1478 and 1545? There is seldom any money for any specific historical research; but we should be glad to print the names of these M.P.s in the *Bulletin* of this institute, where they would be available for the public as well as for Colonel Wedgwood's committee.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
A. F. POLLARD.

University of London, Institute of Historical Research, Malet-street, W.C.1, June 9.

THE BATH ROAD

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Savernake Forest is one of the loveliest stretches of wild woodland left in England. I, who have loved and known it to its inmost recesses for three score years and ten, wish to add my protest to others against its proposed senseless disfigurement by the transformation of the Bath Road running through it into a big motor track. Moreover, this proposed change is quite unnecessary. I have motored fairly frequently to Marlborough in recent years, and have never encountered the least difficulty with traffic.

Yours faithfully,
MARGARET L. WOODS.

Thursley, June 8.

THE ROLL OF LLOYD'S

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I am preparing for publication a complete Roll of the Members of Lloyd's from 1771 (when the extant records begin) to the present day.

I have completed the alphabetical list of names, but I am anxious to insert the dates of birth and death of each member, and, in cases where more than one member of a family has been a Member of Lloyd's, the relationship of one to another. I shall be very grateful to any of your readers whose ancestors have been Members of Lloyd's (or Subscribers, as they were called until 1843) if they will kindly communicate such particulars to me.

Yours very truly,
WARREN R. DAWSON, Honorary Librarian.
Lloyd's, E.C.3, June 10.

The King will hold a Council on Friday, June 13.

A PEACEMAKER

OSWALD AND THE "COLONISTS"

THE NEW DESTINY OF AUCHENCRUIVE

The gift to Scotland of the estate of Auchencruive, for purposes of agricultural experiment, revives the neglected memory of its former possessor, Richard Oswald, who was the chief negotiator of peace between Great Britain and the American Colonists in 1783.

(By Our Ottawa Correspondent)

At a time when the British Commonwealth and the United States have given a lead to the world in naval disarmament it is fitting to recall the services of the man who in the year 1783 did more than any other for a peaceful readjustment of relations between the British people and their severed kinsfolk across the Atlantic. Richard Oswald, who was the chief architect of the Peace of Paris, is one of the forgotten figures of history, but in his day and generation he was a man of light and leading, whose versatile gifts enabled him to attain distinction in more than one walk of life. His career should have a special interest for Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, who has recently been labouring in the same Anglo-American vineyard, for Richard Oswald, like the Prime Minister, was a native of the northern part of Scotland, the village of Dunnet, where he was born in 1705, being within 80 miles of Lossiemouth.

He came of good middle-class stock; his father was a Presbyterian clergyman and one of his ancestors had been a bailie of the town of Wick in the seventeenth century. Young Oswald got as good an education as the locality afforded. Before he was out of his 'teens he applied for the headmastership of the local parish school, but its trustees preferred another aspirant, and Oswald was so deeply aggrieved that he forthwith left his native parish and throughout a long life kept a vow never to set foot again upon its soil.

A PRIZE AGENT

The disappointed youth had kinsmen, also Oswalds, who were prominent merchants in Glasgow engaged in the West Indian and Virginian trade, and, like many of their type in those days, they were not above owning a useful privateer. They employed their relative as a prize agent on a good commission basis, and his share in a prize worth £15,000 gave him, along with his savings, a few thousand pounds capital. With this he established himself as a merchant in London. Such was his business ability and commercial success that by the time he reached middle age his name stood high in the City, and he was reckoned a wealthy man. Army contracts were one branch of his activities, and his scrupulous honesty made him popular with the military authorities. Indeed, during the Seven Years War he became so dissatisfied with the supply system for the large British Army on the Continent that he joined it in the capacity of Commissary-General and greatly improved things. He had always had extensive business relations with the American Colonies, and in 1759 increased his Transatlantic interests by marrying Mary Ramsay, an heiress who owned large estates both in America and in the West Indies. In his 55th year, being the possessor of an ample fortune, he purchased the estate of Auchencruive, on the banks of the Ayr, within a few miles of the place where Robert Burns was then an infant in arms. But, like many another business magnate, he found retirement easier to dream about than to achieve. As the life of a rural landlord palled upon him he remained at his business and left his new estate in the care of a clergyman brother.

Richard Oswald from his youth had suffered from an affliction of the eyes which indisposed him for social activities. He spent all his leisure in reading, and was altogether an abnormal type of merchant for his generation. His business interests and his wife's properties gave him strong ties with the British Colonies, where he had many friends. He was also intimate with Adam Smith, to whose fiscal principles, then derided as madness, he was an early convert. A common admiration for the philosopher-economist brought him the friendship of the Whig statesman, Lord Shelburne. His association with Shelburne made him an object of aversion to the Opposition party headed by Lord North, and, when Oswald espoused the cause of the revolting Colonies and tried to instil some wisdom into the minds of the Government of the day, his advice fell upon deaf ears.

FRANKLIN'S FRIEND

In the year 1777, during a visit to Paris, Oswald had sought out Benjamin Franklin, with whom he formed a friendship that was destined to have important fruits. As the war dragged on its weary course, gradually and grudgingly the ruling classes of Britain became convinced that the forceful subjugation of the revolted Colonies was an impossible task, and in 1782 the Government of Lord North, which had pursued an intransigent policy, was replaced by the Rockingham Ministry and more liberal views. Lord Shelburne took office as Secretary of State for Home, Colonial and Irish Affairs, and by his influence and ability proceeded to dominate policy. It was decided to open negotiations with Franklin. The usual type of aristocratic diplomatist being out of the question, the first suggestion for an envoy was Mr. Hodgson, a London merchant who had long known Franklin. But Shelburne successfully urged the superior qualifications of Richard Oswald, of whom he wrote in a letter to Franklin:—

I have had a longer acquaintance with him than even I have had the pleasure of having with you. I believe him an honest man, and, after consulting some of our common friends, I have thought him the fittest for the purpose. He is a practical man, and conversant in those negotiations which are most interesting to mankind. This has made me prefer him to any of our speculative friends, or to any person of higher rank. He is fully apprised of my mind, and you may give full credit to everything he assures you of. At the same time, if any other channel occurs to you, I am ready to embrace it. I wish to retain the same simplicity and good faith which subsisted between us in transactions of less importance.

Oswald reached Paris on April 12, 1782, and, presenting his letter, told Franklin that, while the new Ministry was sincerely desirous of peace, it would continue the war if France insisted upon humiliating terms. Franklin replied that America would treat only in concert with France. While the negotiations were proceeding some of the Whig aristocrats, who then governed England, had become greatly shocked that a mere merchant should have been chosen as the chief negotiator of peace, and a prolonged controversy took place on the powers to be given Oswald. A curious letter is extant from Thomas Grenville, a co-plenipotentiary with Oswald, suggesting his own recall and the substitution of some great Whig noble like Lord Fitzwilliam, whose august social position would make impossible any association between himself and the Scots merchant. However, the death of the titular Premier, Lord Rockingham, and the succession of Oswald's patron, Lord Shelburne, cleared the air, and soon afterwards an official commission was issued to Oswald, who by its terms was empowered to "treat, consult and conclude, with any Commissioner or Commissioners named or to be named by the said Colonies or Plantations, and any body or bodies corporate or politic, or any Assembly or Assemblies or description of

men, or any person or persons whatsoever, a peace or truce with the said Colonies or Plantations, or any of them, or any part or parts thereof."

CALEB WHITEFOORD

As a colleague he was given Mr. Alleyne Fitzherbert, British Minister at Brussels, and as Secretary of the Peace Commission one of Oswald's own friends was appointed—Caleb Whitefoord, whose elaborate diary is a valuable record of events. Whitefoord was the illegitimate son of Colonel Charles Whitefoord, a member of the well-known Ayrshire family, formerly owners of Ballochmyle, one of whose daughters is immortalized by Burns. The two Scots were bound by many ties; Whitefoord, like Oswald, was a merchant, but had acquired some fame as a wit and *littérateur*; Edmund Burke scoffed at the appointment of a "mere merchant" and a "diseur de bons mots" to negotiate the peace.

The negotiations, which were protracted over many months, have received comprehensive treatment by many historians. Oswald was later supplied with another congenial coadjutor in Henry Strachey, an ancestor of the distinguished editor of the *Spectator*. As they found the American Commissioners, who were now desirous of terminating any dependence on France as well as on England, willing to conduct separate negotiations, they left Fitzherbert to deal with the French and began a series of conferences with Franklin and his colleagues. The personal relations of the negotiators were excellent, and, an agreement being easily reached upon the fundamental points, John Jay was soon able to report that a draft of the treaty terms had been satisfactorily completed.

Oswald took the leading part on the British side and stood firm in his purpose of securing a treaty which would leave a minimum of possibilities of subsequent friction. More than any other Briton of his time he realized the potentialities of economic wealth in the United States, and wanted above all things to obtain generous commercial terms for his country from the young republic. He and Franklin had always held that the acquisition of Canada by Britain had hastened the revolution in the United States, and, when Franklin suggested the cession of Canada on the ground that its retention under the British flag would sooner or later produce frontier quarrels and impair harmonious relations between the two countries, Oswald endorsed the proposal and recommended its acceptance by the British Government.

Charles Fox, however, who had from the first opposed Oswald's appointment and had resigned from the Government after a bitter quarrel with Shelburne, denounced the cession of Canada, and the idea was abandoned. Oswald put his name to the preliminary draft of the treaty, but before the final document was ready Fox and his friends overturned the Shelburne Ministry and the Fox-North Coalition came to power. Its leaders were unfriendly to Oswald, whose commission was withdrawn. His name therefore was not appended to the final form of the treaty of which he was the chief architect. He went quietly home to London, taking a portrait of Franklin given him by the statesman-sage as a token of regard.

Oswald was now in his 79th year and was not destined to attain his heart's ambition of spending a peaceful old age on his Scottish estate, though it was at Auchencruive he died in 1784. His widow died three years later in Westminster, and her remains were taken to Ayrshire for burial. Robert Burns, who had lived among the tenants and servants on the Auchencruive estate, wrote a bitter ode to her memory dwelling on her "unhonoured years" and "the hands that took and never gave." But he candidly admits in a letter to Dr. John Moore that he had been moved to poetic wrath by the fact that the arrival of her funeral procession had crowded him out of the inn at Sanquhar and forced him to ride on 12 miles farther in "a night of drift and snow."

MR. HANNAH'S GIFT

Having no children of his own, Oswald left his estate to the young grandson of his clergyman brother. The old merchant's fortune made the Oswald family one of the wealthiest in Scotland, and thereafter they took rank among the landed gentry. The political strain survived among them and Alexander Haldane Oswald, of Auchencruive (1811-1868), was Whig member for Ayrshire in several Parliaments. His descendant, Major Julian Oswald, has found it necessary to dispose of the estate, but happily, through the public spirit of Mr. Hannah, a wealthy local farmer, a very appropriate destiny awaits it. Mr. Hannah, having purchased Auchencruive, presented it as a gift to the Scottish people on the understanding that it should be used as an agricultural experimental farm. It has been decided to transfer there the West of Scotland Agricultural College, which finds its present quarters near Glasgow inadequate. The process of transplantation is now going on. Considerable funds derived from the sale of the old properties of the college and other sources are available for new buildings, but more money is required to provide the new college at Auchencruive with proper plant and equipment. If Scotland should cherish the memory of Richard Oswald as an illustrious son, the people of the United States should have no less an interest in one who at a grave crisis in their fortunes was their warm friend and benefactor.

THE PRINCE'S VISIT TO GLASGOW

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

GLASGOW, JUNE 10

Much public interest is being shown in the Prince of Wales's visit to Glasgow to-morrow and to Edinburgh on Thursday. He is coming to Glasgow primarily to name, and see the launch of, the great new Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain.

He left St. Pancras by train overnight, and is expected to arrive at St. Enoch at 9.38 a.m. He will be met by Lord Weir, his host at Eastwood Park during his stay in Glasgow, and by the Lord Provost of the city (Mr. Thomas Kelly). He will drive from the station to Eastwood Park, and after a short stay there will go to the works of Messrs. Babcock and Wilcox, Limited, at Renfrew, where he will make a tour of inspection. Crossing the river to Clydebank for the launch, the Prince is expected at Messrs. John Brown and Co.'s shipbuilding yard shortly before 1 o'clock.

The launch is an event of no small anxiety because of the great size of the vessel and the narrowness of the Clyde at the point where she has to enter the stream. The time of her release from the slips will depend on the state of the tide, but 1.15 has been provisionally fixed. Opposite the shipyard the River Cart enters the Clyde, and this stream has been widened and deepened to facilitate launches from the Clydebank yard. After the launch Messrs. John Brown and Co. and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will entertain a large party at luncheon, with the Prince as the guest of honour. Lord Aberconway will preside.

At Edinburgh on Thursday the Prince has a number of appointments in connexion with the celebration of the centenary of the founding of the Royal Infirmary. On arrival by train at Central Station, he will drive direct to Gilmerton to open the George and Agnes Murray Home for Disabled Soldiers and Sailors. Afterwards he will return to the city and visit the surgical and medical wards in the Royal Infirmary and also the radiological department opened several years ago by the Duke of York. Later the Prince will be the guest of the Lord Provost, the magistrates, and town council of Edinburgh at the City Chambers.

Obituary

PROFESSOR HARNACK

THE HISTORIAN OF DOGMA

Professor Adolf Harnack, whose death at the age of 79 is announced on another page, was the most profound and exact historian of dogma in our time, as well as a learned and original critic. There was a time when he said that the Christian faith lived in a double form—a strictly ecclesiastical, and a free and individual; but the classic form of Catholic piety was oppression, while the Protestant was liberty. His final view was probably that the highest faith and the greatest liberty became a natural alliance, and to him religion was in the last resort a steadfast temper of the soul, a trust in God, and the simple rule of a moral life.

Theology was in his blood. His grandfather, Gustav Ewers, edited a useful manual on the earliest history of dogma. His father, Theodosius Harnack, was a professor at Dorpat, in the Russian province of Livonia, where the son was born on May 7, 1851. From 1869 to 1872 he gave his attention to theology. Afterwards he established himself in Leipzig as a lecturer on ecclesiastical history, and at the age of 25 he became a professor extraordinarius.

During his five years at Leipzig he made many friends, but none so distinguished as a surgeon there, Professor Thiersch, whose daughter, Amelia, he married. Harnack had by now attained the position of ordinarius, and took great interest in an edition of the Apostolic Fathers. Towards the end of 1879 he accepted an invitation to the Faculty of Theology at Giessen, where he assisted other scholars in exploring the history of Christian literature. While there he went to Darmstadt, and greatly pleased an audience by delivering a lecture on "Monasticism, its Ideals and its History." It was afterwards published and went through many editions. By this time he had become an eloquent speaker, who could fascinate large audiences with scarcely a glance at his notes.

During those years he had been collecting material for his "History of Christian Dogma," which took him some 10 years to write. The three volumes appeared between 1885 and 1888. The work owed some of its fame to the attacks of the orthodox, but in point of learning it could hardly be excelled. Its basis for opposing the conservative tendency in Protestantism is well known. He held that the chief dogma in its earliest state was that of the Trinity and of the God-Man. Then came Greek thought, and above all Greek genius, as well as the life of the Spirit; then Greek piety emerged and its successful influence. The Gospel of Jesus thus came to be Hellenized, and in that sense Harnack dedicated spiritual dogma to Greek intelligence. But he went further, and between the development of a robust and wandering piety, he showed a lively sense of religion within the bounds of Christendom. There was, before all, the pattern of Augustine and his importance for the Western Church; there was also the religious position taken by Luther, his criticism of medieval Catholicism, and on the other hand his strong hold on essential articles.

Meanwhile the University of Marburg was desirous of securing Harnack, and he went there in 1886. Later on he received a call to be Professor ordinarius in Berlin. The Faculty was almost unanimous in his favour, but the Conservative Party was against him. The Ministry, however, with Bismarck at its head, successfully appealed to the King, and since that time the new Professor belonged to Berlin. Other circumstances were also in his favour. The old Emperor William had died; the Emperor Frederick was on his death bed; and the Crown Prince smiled on the brilliant scholar and theologian.

Harnack's star was now in the ascendant. No sooner had he finished the "History of Dogma" than the Royal Prussian Academy of Science, founded by Leibnitz at the end of the sixteenth century, elected him a member. At the desire of the other members he prepared a history of the Academy, a difficult task which required four large volumes. While this fresh work was proceeding trouble broke out among the higher clergy about the Apostles' Creed; but he felt it to be of no real value as a test for candidates desirous of ordination. Accordingly, he issued a pamphlet in 1892, called "The Apostolic Confession of Faith and an Authentic Statement," of which 27 editions were published.

The Professor of Theology in Berlin, overburdened as he was with innumerable pupils, had still time for writing histories and pamphlets. One of them was a book on medicaments drawn from the oldest Church history, with chapters on physicians, dietetics, therapeutics, diseases, exorcism, and so forth. Others were a history of early Christian literature down to the time of Eusebius, "The Present Position of Protestantism," "Socrates and the Ancient Church," and "The Mission and Extension of Christendom in the First Three Centuries."

The book, however, that drew the greatest attention was "Das Wesen des Christentum." It was composed of extempore discourses to a class of 600 students drawn from all the Faculties in the University. One of the students took it down in shorthand and surprised Harnack with a complete report of what he had said. It was published in Leipzig in 1900 and translated into English under the title of "What is Christianity?" also into Freneh, Italian, Danish, and Japanese. It was soon attacked by the Oxford critics and especially by the late Dr. Sanday, who had sat all his life at the feet of German theology.

In 1905 Harnack took over the general direction of the Royal Library, which gave him some relief from his obligation to teach. In 1906 he began a series of "Studies on the New Testament," beginning with "Luke the Physician," followed in 1907 by "The Sayings and Discourses of Jesus"; and again in 1909 by "The Acts of the Apostles," and in 1912 by "Bible Reading in the Early Church."

The idea of establishing an Association of Churches in the British and German Empires attracted Harnack, and in February, 1911, he and Dr. Spiecker came to London with this object. They were welcomed by leading English Churchmen, and the Archbishop of Canterbury presided at a meeting at which Harnack gave an address in German. He said that they assembled as a regiment of peace, firmly bound to one another, who, like the German nation, worked for peace, although they could not attain their goal at once.

Consciously or unconsciously, Harnack was an instrument of German propaganda before the War, for which he considered that England was responsible. Six weeks after the War had broken out, he declared that the great arms of political and social life were truth, equality, and brotherhood; that when the War began the Churches were full, religion returned, and to those who fell death was not the greatest of evils; what they had seen in those months they must never see again; they must persevere; when the peace came there must be more social intercourse; and the nation which developed the greatest power of morality and the strongest discipline would conquer. But Harnack signed the famous manifesto of the German professors. Nor did he make any response when, in May, 1918, Professor Sanday publicly invited him and Professors Loofs and Troeltsch to help in bringing home to the German people the truth of their stained national character.

In 1910, on the occasion of the fiftieth year of the University, he became a Privy Councillor with the title of Excellency. Also, although theologians were excluded from the Order pour le Mérite, it was conferred on him as 29 members of the new Kaiser Wilhelm Fellowship were in his favour. By 1920 he resolved to retire after a service of 15 years. In the catalogue of the British Museum Library there are more than 140 references to his books and pamphlets.

SIR THOMAS ARNOLD

A GREAT ISLAMIC SCHOLAR

Sir Thomas Walker Arnold, C.I.E., Litt.D., Professor of Arabic in the University of London, died suddenly of heart failure at his home, 19, Gloucester-walk, Kensington, on Monday, at the age of 66. He was in the front rank of the Islamic scholars of our day, for he combined with his untiring researches into the literature, the history, and the art of the Mohamedan world a tenacious memory and a scholarly precision of statement. Arnold was busy with his manifold studies to the end, and as recently as last Wednesday he was listening with keen interest to his old friend Sir Rabindranath Tagore giving to the India Society some details of his discovery that he can express himself in drawing as well as in words.

Thomas Walker Arnold was born on April 19, 1864, and was educated at the City of London School and Magdalene College, Cambridge, of which he was made an honorary Fellow in 1917. His old friends, Theodore Beck, the Principal, and Mr. (now Sir) Theodore Morison, induced him to join them at the Mohamedan Anglo-Oriental College (now the Moslem University), Aligarh, where the virile personality and mature wisdom of Sir Syed Ahmad, the founder, made upon him a strong impression and turned his thoughts more definitely to Islamic study.

He had been attracted by the charm of Christian mysticism and renunciation, and in 1898 published the first edition of a charming little book which some years ago reached a fifteenth edition, and is to be found in countless homes (and devotional corners in churches) where nothing is known of his Islamic scholarship—"The Little Flowers of St. Francis of Assisi." His contributions to Mohamedan literature began in 1896 with his notable "The Preaching of Islam." It went into a second edition in 1913. After 10 years at Aligarh, where his identification with the Islamic atmosphere even found some expression in his dress, Arnold accepted the Chair of Philosophy at the Government College, Lahore, and soon after was elected Dean of the Oriental Faculty of the Punjab University. In 1904 he came home on appointment as Assistant Librarian at the India Office, where naturally he paid special attention to the rich stores of Arabic and Persian manuscripts and books.

When Lord Morley decided, in 1909, to set up an organization to befriend and guide Indian students in this country Arnold was selected to be Educational Adviser for Indian Students. His knowledge of the Oriental mind was a great asset, and he was thorough and painstaking in his interviews with the students; but his scholarly mind was not meant for the vexing details of their grievances and wants, and in the evening hours he turned with relief to his studies. He held his appointment for 11 years, though when reconstruction took place in 1912 Mr. (now Sir) Charles Mallet became Secretary of the Department.

Arnold was made C.I.E. in 1912, and knighted in January, 1921, after retiring from the India Office to take the Chair of Arabic at the School of Oriental Studies. Here he was more in his right setting and was able to give closer attention to literary enterprises which he had long had in hand. He was the English editor of the great "Encyclopaedia of Islam," and he prepared, or was closely associated with, the Islamic contributions to successive editions of the "Encyclopaedia Britannica." He cooperated with Mr. Laurence Binyon in 1921 in an account of The Court Painters of the Great Moguls." His valuable study of "The Caliphate" (1924) was the fruit of much research, in connexion with which his advice and knowledge were sought by the Government both during and after the Great War. He edited the volume of studies presented to Dr. R. A. Nicholson, Professor of Arabic in the University of Cambridge, upon his sixtieth birthday in 1922. His other works included "Survivals of Sasanian and Manichean Art in Persian Painting" (1924) and "Painting in Islam" and "The Islamic Faith" (both published in 1928). Two recent substantial volumes are "Bihzad and his Paintings in the Zafar-namah Manuscript" and "The Islamic Book," a contribution to art and history in which he had the collaboration of Professor Adolph Grohmann. On his reaching the age limit of 65 for holders of Chairs in the University of London, usually strictly applied, he received an extension in recognition of his special position in Arabic scholarship.

Arnold, who was a delightful conversationalist, was a Fellow of the British Academy. He married, in 1892, Mary, daughter of the late Mr. G. Hickson; she survives him with one daughter.

SIR WILLIAM ALLARDYCE

Sir William Allardyce, whose death on Monday night, at his home at Finchampstead, Berks, was announced in our later editions yesterday, had spent nearly 50 years in the Colonial service.

Born on November 14, 1861, the son of Colonel James Allardyce, LL.D., William Lamond Allardyce was educated at Aberdeen and at the old Oxford Military College. At the age of 18 he was appointed clerk and interpreter in the provincial department of Fiji, and rose successively through posts of increasing importance until, in 1895, he was made Native Commissioner. In 1901 he was Deputy Governor and Acting High Commissioner for the Western Pacific, and in the following year became Receiver-General and Colonial Secretary of Fiji. From 1890 to 1899 he edited the native newspaper, *Na Mata*, and he also prepared digests of native regulations.

In 1904 Allardyce was appointed Governor of the Falkland Islands, and there he remained 10 years. Early in his governorship modern methods were introduced in the whaling industry of the dependencies, South Georgia and South Shetland, with great success. There is now a Colonial Office Committee for Research. Captain Scott's ship, Discovery, was at first acquired, and has been succeeded by Discovery II., which sailed for the dependencies last December, and a marine biological station has been established at South Georgia. Before Sturdee's victory off the Falkland Islands in December, 1914, Allardyce took the precaution of burying various secret documents in case of a raid by the German warships.

From 1915 to 1920 Allardyce was Governor of the Bahamas, and was then appointed Governor of Tasmania. Here he found that he could not live on his salary of £2,750, which, as he explained, was entirely absorbed by the salaries and wages of his personal and domestic staff. He said that he had "never heard before of a King's representative in any State or Crown Colony who had to maintain his kitchen garden out of his own pocket." He therefore resigned, and left for home in January, 1922, observing that if the Colonial Office had no further use for his services, he would settle in England and amuse himself with fly-fishing and cricket.

The Colonial Office, however, after a few months found in Allardyce a successor to Sir Charles Harris as Governor of Newfoundland, and he remained there for six years. This was his last appointment, and when Sir Wilfred Grenfell ("Grenfell of Labrador") was installed as Rector of St. Andrews University in November, 1929, he was presented for the honorary degree of LL.D. It was then explained that his work and Grenfell's had touched, in part, through the Outport Nursing and Industrial Association established by Sir William and Lady Allardyce.

Allardyce was created C.M.G. in 1902, and promoted to K.C.M.G. in 1916 and to G.C.M.G. in 1927. He was twice married, and leaves two daughters.

The funeral will take place at Eversley to-morrow at 2 p.m.

Mr. Moubray Stafford Northcote, late of Hong-kong, died at Matlock on Sunday at the age of 69. He was the sixth son of the Rev. Henry Moubray Northcote, rector of Monk Okehampton, Devon, who was a younger brother of Sir Stafford Northcote, first Earl of Iddesleigh. Born on October 22, 1860, he joined the 13th Middlesex Rifles at the age of 21. Later, when he went out to China, he joined the Hong-kong Volunteer Corps in 1897, and was gazetted lieutenant in 1902 and captain in 1910. In the following year he accompanied his contingent as one of the Colonial representatives at the Coronation.

WARREN OF MAGDALEN

AN APPRECIATION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Sir Herbert Warren, whose death you announced yesterday, will find many old Cliftonians, and still more Oxonians, to praise him; the present writer may claim to be one who could love him as well. There were in him many little peculiarities, and one or two failings, at which we all could, and did, laugh; but always, when we considered the man as a whole, we came back to the standpoint of "Look what he did for Magdalen College." He came to us in 1876, decorated with first-classes, Hertfords, and Gaisfords, a full-blooded *Balliolensis, de tribu Benjamin*, and by all accounts a favourite of that Benjamin himself, of whom we poor shrinking innocents, at what was then one of the least intellectual colleges in Oxford, whispered stories of reverence and fear; that fear and much of that reverence have long since dropped away; little, perhaps too little, divinity now hedges the names of Jowett.

We expected to find in our new tutor a ready-made prig; we found instead, and especially scholars reading for Honour Moderations found, a most human and affectionate friend. It was the same in the Senior Common Room; to the old generation of Magdalen dons Warren's courtesy and good temper at once made him welcome, and it was the seniors among them who chose him to be President at the age of 32. He was then four years younger than Martin Routh had been at the date of his election, 1791. The nine years of his apprenticeship as a young don were critical years for the College. The *mitis sapientia* (as Warren loved to call it) of Dr. Bulley, who had reigned for only 30 years, would hardly have been equal to the period of stress that was coming; he had seemed, as was said of Henry VI., "made to rule over a quiet people in quiet times." The later seventies and early eighties at Magdalen were anything but quiet.

The "life-history" of colleges is a curious one, and is often quite independent of their dons; nor is it easy to see why in those years Magdalen suddenly leaped to the front rank, both in the schools and in the more conspicuous world of athletics. The College boat won its first University race (the Fours) in 1878; we won the Pairs in 1879, and went Head of the River in 1880. For the next quarter of a century our Eight was always in the first three boats. Older dons stared at such things; Warren, who knew every man in College long before he took the helm, could assure them that it was all right. It may surprise the youngest generations to read that no one could, in those days, quell a riot (and there were plenty of riots) with a few jolly words of kindly rebuke so well as Warren. *Moi qui vous parle je l'ai vu.* Moreover, it was he who brought to the College, and procured successive Fellowships for, the excellent scholarship of Alfred Godley, Herbert Greene, and (perhaps best loved of all) Christopher Cookson.

As President he worked heartily with all these and with many more whose names as dons became household words to us all. If we chafed, as we often did, at his slowness of decision, we came in time to realize that his decisions, when they did come, were generally right, and that he had the happy knack of smoothing away asperities. It was difficult to rouse him to "take a side" actively, but when he did take it he stuck to it *pro virili parte*. It was still more difficult, it must be admitted, to get him to answer in writing communications that needed quick reply; but it was always because he wanted to weigh his answer carefully. It was the same with his speeches; if we sometimes found them over-long it was always because he wanted to be full, to omit no honoured name, to leave uncommemorated no important event.

Of his elegant scholarship, both in Latin and in English, it must be for the few scholars of his own calibre to speak, but we think that those who read "By Severn Sea" at its first appearance must still have many of its beautiful lines ringing in their ears. He had drunk far deeper than any of his contemporaries at two very pure fountains, Virgil and Tennyson, and if his poetry lacked (and what modern poetry does not?) their magic and their majesty, it showed ample reflection of their facility and felicity. One rather rare passion, and a very interesting one, was the passion which he openly confessed for collecting and reading dictionaries, and it was a source of unfailing pleasure to many of his friends to get him to talk of, and perhaps to hunt up in his library, the various meanings of some difficult word.

In the amazing span of 137 years covered by the three Presidencies of Magdalen, and rivalled perhaps only by that of the Abbots of Cluny, one of the best known and most honoured names will always be that of Thomas Herbert Warren.

COLONEL CAHUSAC

Colonel William Fremantle Cahusac, C.M.G., late Indian Army, died at Torquay on June 7, at the age of 72. Born to the Rev. C. W. Cahusac on August 26, 1857, he was educated at Sutton Valence, Kent, and when 21 was gazetted to the 89th Regiment (Royal Irish Fusiliers). He was transferred to the Indian Army in 1881, and joined the 24th Bombay Infantry, of which he was adjutant for seven years. Later he commanded the 121st Pioneers for a like period. He held various Staff appointments, and on completion of his command was appointed D.A.Q.M.G. at Army Headquarters, Simla; and subsequently A.Q.M.G. of the Quetta Division. He retired in 1911, but three years later his experience of staff work was turned to account by Lord Kitchener, who had personal knowledge of his capacities. Throughout the Great War he was Inspector of Quartermaster-General's services at Aldershot. He was mentioned in dispatches, and in 1918 was made C.M.G. He married in 1884 Mary Beatrice, daughter of Colonel Stephen, Rifle Brigade. They had a daughter and three sons, one of the latter being Major C. F. Cahusac, D.S.O., of the Scinde Horse, who has been serving as Assistant Military Secretary, Northern Command, India.

COLONEL C. B. WINTER

Colonel Clifford Boardman Winter, C.M.G., D.S.O., died suddenly at his residence in Harrington-gardens on June 6, at the age of 61. A son of Mr. William Henry Winter, he was born on January 16, 1869, and after education at Derby School was prepared for the Army examination by Messrs. Wren and Gurney. He joined the 2nd Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment in 1890, and three years later was gazetted to the 25th Punjabis. He was in the Isazai campaign on the N.W. Frontier in 1892. Transferred to the Political Department in 1895, he served chiefly in Baluchistan. In 1903, however, he was appointed H.B.M.'s Consul at Turbat-i-Haidari, Persia. Three years later he reverted to military employment and joined the 112th Infantry. He was on Staff work at Simla in 1909, and in 1912 became D.A.Q.M.G. of the Karachi Brigade. In April, 1915, he was given the same appointment on Sir John Nixon's staff in Mesopotamia, and he remained as A.Q.M.G. until invalided in the spring of 1919. He was mentioned frequently in dispatches, was appointed to the D.S.O., and made a C.M.G. He also held the Order of the White Eagle. He retired from the Army in 1920. He married, in 1907, Mary, daughter of Mr. Cooper, of Hampstead, and they had two daughters.

The death is announced in a Reuter telegram from New York of Mr. Thure de Thulstrup, the artist and illustrator. Born in Sweden in 1848, the son of a former Swedish Minister of War, he studied in the National Military Academy in Stockholm before becoming an officer in the French Army and seeing service in Algeria. On his return to Paris he studied drawing; from thence he went to Canada, and finally on to New York, where in 1879 he married.

SIR F. ECKSTEIN

A PIONEER IN INDUSTRY

Sir Frederick Eckstein, whose death at the age of 73 is announced on another page, as head of the firm of H. Eckstein and Co., in earlier life took an active part in the direction of a number of important mining enterprises at Johannesburg. After his return from South Africa, he became chairman of the Central Mines Corporation, perhaps the largest mine-owning company in the world. Latterly he had taken a special interest in the development of cotton growing in the Sudan. Up till 1928 he was chairman of the Sudan Plantations Syndicate, which operates a vast area of land under cotton along the Nile. It was greatly owing to Sir Frederick's able administration that the Sudan Plantations was made into the highly prosperous affair that it is to-day. The Kassala Cotton Co., Ltd., was another of Sir Frederick's enterprises in the same line. The baronetcy bestowed on him last year, was, it is understood, in recognition of his work in the development of this raw material of Lancashire's great industry.

Friedrich Gustav Jonathan Eckstein was born at Stuttgart, on April 9, 1857, a son of the Rev. Carl H. Eckstein, and was educated there at the Gymnasium. He entered the indigo business in India, but subsequently he joined his brother, Hermann, in Johannesburg. There he became head of the firm of H. Eckstein and Co., which represented in Johannesburg, Wernher, Beit and Co., and engaged in the direction of some of the richest mines of the Rand, the group's interests embracing such famous producers as the Robinson mine, the Crown Mines, the Ferreira, and the New Modderfontein. Sir Frederick's firm was deeply involved in the Jameson Raid, but, unlike some of his partners, Sir Frederick was not concerned in it personally. On the sporting Rand of those days "Friedy" Eckstein was a popular figure on the Turf, and had a number of horses in training. Moreover, "Friedy" Eckstein's marriage was romantic. His future wife was a nurse in Johannesburg. She nursed him in a serious illness, and when he recovered they were married.

Coming home in the early 1900's, Sir Frederick devoted himself to the administration, in London, of the then manifold mining interests of Wernher, Beit and Co., whose "magnates" had such a long and honourable association with the development of Cecil Rhodes's Imperial work in South Africa. On the liquidation of that firm, as also that of H. Eckstein and Co., Sir Frederick followed Sir Julius Wernher as chairman of the Central Mines Investment Corporation, in which both the liquidating firms had merged a considerable proportion of their assets. That position he held until early in 1915, when, resigning on account of ill-health, he was succeeded by Sir Lionel Phillips. In business, Sir Frederick was shrewd and careful rather than boldly enterprising. He was an acute judge of men and affairs and quick in decision. He was much liked by those who came in contact with him, and he leaves a wide circle of friends.

Sir Frederick leaves one son and one daughter. Bernard, who succeeds to the baronetcy, served in the War, and is a director of the Sudan Plantations Syndicate. The daughter, Herminie Beatrice, is unmarried. Sir Frederick lived at Whitehall-court, Westminster, and at Oldlands Hall, Uckfield, Sussex.

Mrs. Walker, wife of the Rev. E. M. Walker, Pro-Provost of Queen's College, Oxford, died in Oxford yesterday. She was Gertrude May, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Hamilton, rector of Taney and canon of Christ Church, Dublin, and widow of Mr. E. R. Wilmot-Chetwode, of Woodbrook, Queen's County.

BRECON CATHEDRAL

RUINED CHAPEL REBUILT

The restoration of Brecon Cathedral, the old priory church, has been completed, so far as the structure is concerned, by the rebuilding, in character with the rest of the fabric, of the Chapel of St. Lawrence, which has lain in ruins for over 300 years. The furnishing of the chapel, which has a roof of grained stone arches, includes a carved oak reredos in memory of the late Mr. W. S. De Winton, a prominent founder of the diocese of Swansea and Brecon and a member of the governing body of the Welsh Church. The cost of the rebuilding, carried out to the design of Mr. W. D. Caröe, was £5,000.

The rebuilt chapel was dedicated yesterday by the Bishop of the diocese (Dr. Bevan). The Mayor and Corporation of Brecon attended in state, and, since the Bishop is chairman of the C.E.M.S., and the chapel is specially intended for the use of men and boys, the Central Council of the C.E.M.S. was specially represented by Sir John Birchall, M.P., and Mr. W. H. Gardner. The Bishop of London preached, and gifts towards a thankoffering for the preservation of the Cathedral were presented by every parish in the diocese, and also by the C.E.M.S., the Church Lads' Brigade, the Girls' Friendly Society, and the Mothers' Union.

The Bishop of the diocese and his sister, Mrs. Lewis Davies, gave an "at home" at Ely Tower. The invited guests included:—

Lord and Lady Hereford, the Dowager Lady Glanusk, the Hon. Gwladys Bailey, Lord and Lady Swansea, Sir Kenyon and Lady Vaughan-Morgan, Sir Charles and Lady Venables-Llewelyn, Lady Edwards, Miss P. Morgan, Major and the Hon. Mrs. Addams-Williams, Sir Herbert and Lady Lewis, the Misses De Winton (Tymawr), the Misses de Winton (Priory Hill House), Mr. Parry de Winton and the Hon. Mrs. De Winton, Colonel and Mrs. J. J. Jones, Miss Williams and Miss Adelaide Williams (Penpont), the High Sheriff of Breconshire (Captain H. A. Morgan) and Mrs. Morgan, the High Sheriff of Radnorshire (Sir Robert Green-Price) and Lady Green-Price, and Captain and Mrs. H. A. Christy.

LAND FOR DEATH DUTIES

THE DUKE OF MONTROSE'S SUGGESTION

The DUKE OF MONTROSE, speaking at the luncheon at Strathendrick Cattle Show at Drymen yesterday, said Ministers and politicians were now beginning to take notice of agriculture. They would have noticed that the dumping of German oats was to be stopped, and if the dumping of German oats could be stopped the dumping of other things could be stopped.

They would have seen by the newspapers that he was selling a large portion of his land. Some of it was the most beautiful in Scotland and was bound up with our national history. It had been in the possession of his family for 400 years, and he was parting with it solely to get cash to pay the death duties.

He could scarcely believe any landlord in this country would purchase it since they were nearly all ruined by the death duties. He could scarcely believe that any captain of industry would purchase it, as they had enough to do. He had already received offers for the land from America, Canada, and Australia, and it would be deplorable if some of the finest land in Scotland fell into the hands of strangers.

If any people should save our own land, the Government should come forward to do it. He had proposed that the Government should take the land in exchange for money for the death duties. The Chancellor of the Exchequer was sympathetic, but as the sale took place on July 2 he had now only a very little time to translate his sympathy into action.

A DUKE'S CORONET SOLD

At a sale by auction yesterday at Hornby Castle, Bedale, Yorkshire—until recently the family seat—the coronet of the late (tenth) Duke of Leeds realized 8½ guineas. The ducal Coronation robes were also sold. The miniver and crimson velvet mantle and surcoat were bought for 26 guineas, and a Court dress suit and other vestments, together with sword, realized seven guineas.

A collection of English, Continental, and Oriental porcelain was also sold. An ivory dinner service brought 370 guineas; a Chinese square pot-pourri vase, 235 guineas, a Dresden casket 125 guineas, and a Dresden dinner service 200 guineas.

Old English needlework realized high prices, eighteenth-century silk and wool needlework panels, about 6ft. by 7ft., making 200 guineas a panel. Early Victorian silk and wool needlework chair and settee seat covers made as much as 72 guineas for a three-piece suite.

CAMBRIDGE UNION SOCIETY

The result of the election of officers of the Cambridge Union Society was declared yesterday as follows:—President: L. J. Gamlin, Fitzwilliam House, elected unopposed; Vice-presidents: J. D. F. Green, Peterhouse, elected unopposed; Secretary, K. W. Britton, Clare; Committee: D. G. Obeyesékere, Trinity; R. A. Binning, St. John's; S. S. Dhawan, Emmanuel; F. E. Jones, Caius; Baron de Rutzen, Trinity Hall.

There was a tie for the sixth place between R. K. Brown, Trinity Hall, and N. G. Luker, Corpus Christi, and a by-election will take place to-morrow.

THE WEATHER

UNSETTLED AND COOL; BRIGHT INTERVALS

Meteorological Office, June 10

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 7 P.M.—A deep depression East of Iceland is filling up. South-westerly or westerly winds, occasional rain or showers and rather low or moderate temperature will occur generally, but there will be some brighter intervals.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., MIDLANDS, E. Wind south-west or west, fresh; cloudy; some rain or showers and brighter intervals; rather cool.

ENGLAND, S.W., N.W., N.E., MIDLANDS, W., N., WALES, SCOTLAND, S.E., IRELAND, S.E., S.W.—Wind westerly, fresh; cloudy, with brighter intervals; some rain or showers; rather low to moderate temperature.

SCOTLAND (EXCEPT S.E.), ISLE OF MAN, ORKNEYS AND SHETLANDS, IRELAND, N.E., N.W.—Wind westerly, fresh, strong at times, veering; cloudy, with bright intervals; showers; rather low to moderate temperature.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Rather unsettled.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL.—Fresh south-west or west wind; cloudy; some rain or showers; brighter intervals; sea moderate or rather rough.

IRISH SEA.—Fresh west wind, strong at times; cloudy; brighter intervals; some rain or showers; sea moderate or rather rough.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London - Paris - Brussels-Cologne-Amsterdam).—Winds west to south-west, 10-20 m.p.h. at surface, 25-35 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Local rain or drizzle and much low cloud. Visibility 4-8 miles.

Sun rises, 4.45 a.m.; sets, 9.14 p.m.
Moon sets, 4.12 a.m.; rises, 10.19 p.m.
Full Moon, 7.11 a.m.
Lighting-up time, 10.14 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 2.38 a.m. and 2.58 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

KENSINGTON PALACE, JUNE 10, 7 P.M.—Bar., 1011.9mb. (29.88in.), steady; temp., 59.8deg.; humidity, 82 per cent.; wind, S.W., moderate; weather, cloudy.

Monday, 7 p.m. to Tuesday, 10 a.m.—Min. temp., 52deg.; rainfall, trace. Tuesday, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.—Max. temp., 61deg.; rainfall, nil. Sunshine at Kew, 0.0hr.

SUNLIGET

The sunlight (ultra-violet rays) figures for the 24 hours ended 5 p.m. yesterday, supplied by the National Institute for Medical Research, were:—

Hampstead, 3; Kingsway, 1; Clacton, 1; Lowestoft, 5; Margate, 5; St. Andrews, 5½; Southport, 2; Torquay, 6; Ventnor, 4.

A FORGOTTEN SALUTE

CANADIAN POLICE AND THE LORD MAYOR

A curious omission marked a march past the Mansion House yesterday of the detachment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, who are to appear at the International Horse Show at Olympia. The arrangement was that the Lord Mayor should take the salute. With Sir William Waterlow on the balcony of the Mansion House were the Lady Mayoress, the Commissioner of the City Police (Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Hugh Turnbull), the City Marshal, the City Sword Bearer and Mace Bearer. But the Canadians rode by the Mansion House without noticing the Lord Mayor, who was standing at the salute. The Lord Mayor said afterwards that apparently the detachment were not told that they had reached the Mansion House.

Major T. G. Dann, the officer in charge of the detachment, has entered the competition for the King George V. Gold Cup, so that eight countries will be represented: Great Britain, Canada, Irish Free State, Germany, France, Belgium, Holland, and Chile. The detachment will to-morrow visit Imber Court, where Lieutenant-Colonel Laurie, who is Chief of the Mounted Branch of the Metropolitan Police, has arranged for a luncheon party and a display by his men.

HEALTH RESORTS

The following reports of weather at health resorts yesterday were received last night. The rainfall is for 24 hours up to last evening:—

Stations	Sunshine	Rainfall	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.	Weather (Day)
	Hrs.	Mm.	Deg.	Deg.	
Hunstanton	0·3	2	54	64	Dull, rain early.
Cromer	0·2	1	53	62	Dull, rain early.
Lowestoft	—	—	51	62	Dull, some rain.
Dovercourt	—	—	47	60	Dull, shower.
W'ton-on-S.	0·4	—	50	62	Dull.
Maldon	—	—	46	61	Dull.
Southend	0·1	—	51	61	Dull, rain early.
T'bridge W.	0·1	—	48	57	Dull.
Margate	3·1	—	49	61

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE
VERE STREET AND OXFORD STREET
LONDON W1

ASCOT, 1930

Has your fancy been caught by a particular horse—or the thrill of the Paddock—the pageantry of the Royal Procession up the Course?

These are Ascot. You are going—you will want to look your best among the crowd of well-dressed people. How can this be done? By choosing a toilette from Marshall & Snelgrove's and paying a visit to the Mantle Department to secure that smart coat which caps a toilette and makes it an unqualified success.

RACE COAT in black lace and georgette, cut on particularly becoming lines.
Price 7½ gns

DELIGHTFUL RACE HAT in crinoline, trimmed with flowered chiffon. In black, navy, and beige, with vari-coloured chiffon.
Price 69/6

Write for Catalogue.

SMART AFTERNOON OR RACE COAT, three-quarter length, to wear with the new long frocks; made of fine quality wool romaine, lined crêpe de Chine and trimmed with band of black foxaline or stone marten fur. In black only—made to order in colours to match frocks.
Price 10½ gns

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Court Circular

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, JUNE 10

The Prince of Wales received His Excellency the Argentine Ambassador (Señor Dr. Don José Uriburu) this morning.

His Royal Highness, attended by Captain J. R. Aird, left London for Glasgow this evening.

The Dowager Marchioness of Lansdowne expects to return to 65, Brook-street on June 18 from Dereen, Lauragh, Killarney.

The American Chargé d'Affaires and Mrs. Ray Atherton have returned to London from Northern Ireland, where they have been visiting the Marquess and Marchioness of Londonderry over Whitsuntide.

The Earl and Countess of Antrim and Lady Rose McDonnell arrive to-day at 4, Onslow-gardens, S.W.7, which they have taken for five weeks. (Kensington 4168.)

The Earl and Countess of Abingdon returned to 3, Seymour-street yesterday from Sutton Place.

The Countess of Oxford and Asquith returned to 44, Bedford-square yesterday from the country.

The Countess of Bandon will return to 23, Prince's-gardens on Saturday, June 28, from Ireland, where she has been for the past few weeks.

The Countess of Hardwicke has returned to 13, Queensberry-place from Newbury, where she has been spending Whitsun.

The Countess of Bective will return to 41, Portman-square to-day from Ireland.

Lady Edward Spencer-Churchill returned to 28, Grosvenor-street yesterday from Cardiff.

Lord and Lady Walter Hervey have arrived at 6, St. James's-square, S.W.

Among the arrivals at the First Avenue Hotel, Hove, are Lord and Lady Leigh, Mr. Justice Horridge and Lady Horridge, and Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur Leetham.

Lady Emmott expects to return to 30, Ennismore-gardens on Friday from Vienna.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Wilfrid Ashley returned to Gayfere House, Smith-square, yesterday from Broadlands, Romsey, Hants, where they have been spending Whitsun.

Sir Lance and Lady Crawley-Boevey's permanent address is now Flaxley Abbey, Newnham, Glos.

Lady Lister-Kaye has arrived in London from Paris, and is staying at Claridge's.

Sir Francis Lindley has arrived at 31, Hyde Park-square from the British Embassy, Lisbon, and will be in London until the end of the month.

Sir Frederick James, Governor of the Windward Islands, who is retiring shortly, and Lady James have arrived in England. Sir Frederick James, owing to a serious accident received in St. Lucia, is now in a nursing home at South Kensington.

Sir Ernest and Lady Rennie have arrived from H.M. Legation, Helsingfors, and are staying at 20, Lowndes-street, S.W.1.

Brigadier-General Sir Newton Moore and Lady Moore returned to London yesterday from Canada.

Major Sir Douglas and Lady Hall will return to 91, Cadogan-gardens on Friday from Windlesham, Surrey, where they have been in residence since the middle of April.

Sir James and Lady Connolly and the Misses Connolly leave to-day for Oberammergau. Miss Cassi Connolly is remaining in London.

Sir Cecil and Lady Hurst left London on Friday for The Hague for the summer session of the Permanent Court of International Justice.

M. Agustin Edwards, G.B.E., late Chilean Minister in London, and Mme. Edwards have arrived at the Ritz Hotel for a fortnight's stay.

Mr. George de Patay, from Budapest, in Hungary, who has been spending Whitsuntide at Morcott Hall, Uppingham, is expected to-day in London at Wellington-court, Knightsbridge.

Mrs. A. B. Barnard, with Miss Rosamond and Miss Joanna and Mr. Andrew Norman Barnard, has arrived at 32, Walpole-street, which she has taken until the middle of July. (Telephone, Sloane 3391.)

Miss Gilstrap has returned from Morocco, and has arrived at 7, Wilton-crescent for a few weeks.

Miss Petrie Townshend has left for the Continent, and will be abroad till September. All communications addressed to her care of Lloyds Bank, Bexhill-on-Sea, will be forwarded.

Miss Dorothy Lort-Phillips arrived yesterday at 8, Hans-crescent to stay with Mrs. J. M. Pearson for the remainder of the season. (Telephone, Sloane 2347.)

Mrs. Grace and Miss Margaret Grace will arrive on June 13 at the Connaught Hotel, where they will remain for several weeks.

Viscountess Astor, Lord Stanley, and Sir Oswald Mosley have consented to speak at the dinner which Lady Alexandra Metcalfe is organizing to be held at the Savoy Hotel on July 2 in aid of the Save the Children Fund (British Section).

Dame Nellie Melba arranged a concert at the Park Lane Hotel yesterday in aid of the National Children Adoption Association. Dame Nellie Melba sang, and was assisted by Mr. Lionel Tertis (viola) and Mr. Orloff (pianoforte), and Mr. Harold Craxton was at the piano.

We have to announce that Lady Leith of Fyvie, wife of the late Lord Leith of Fyvie, passed peacefully away in her 83rd year on June 9, 1930, at Hartwell House, Aylesbury.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOYS AND CANADA

Mr. Kenneth Lindsay, who organized the recent visit to Canadian Universities by headmasters of British public schools, will broadcast from the London Studio (2LO) this evening at 7 o'clock. Mr. Lindsay will deal with the subject of the Canadian University as a means of fitting the British public school boy for a career in Canada.

MR. NOEL-BUXTON

Notice is given in the *London Gazette* that the Right Hon. Noel Edward Buxton, until recently Minister of Agriculture, has by deed poll changed his surname of Buxton to Noel-Buxton.

Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Block letters should be used for names and addresses.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. A. T. SMITH-BINGHAM AND MISS GARLAND

The engagement is announced between Arthur Turberville Smith-Bingham, 15th/19th Hussars, second son of Brigadier-General and Mrs. Smith-Bingham, of Mickleton Manor, Gloucestershire, and Jean, second daughter of the late Charles Garland and the late Mrs. Garland, of Moreton Hall, Warwickshire.

MR. J. M. K. SPURLING AND MISS P. LOVETT

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place in September, between John Michael Kane Spurling, The Leicestershire Regiment, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Clement Spurling, Oundle, Northamptonshire, and Penelope, third daughter of the Bishop of Portsmouth and Mrs. Neville Lovett, Bishopswood, Fareham.

MR. R. M. HARVEY AND MISS LAWFORD

The engagement is announced between Richard Musgrave, only son of Sir Ernest Musgrave and Lady Harvey, of 29, Cranley-gardens, S.W.7, and Frances Estelle, eldest daughter of Mrs. Lawford and the late Lindsay Crompton Lawford, of 3, Kinnerton-studios, Kinnerton-street, Knightsbridge.

MR. C. K. BENDA AND MISS L. E. ALSTON

The engagement is announced between Charles Kenneth, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Benda, of 10, Old Court-mansions, W.8, and Lucy Evelyn, only daughter of the late the Right Hon. Sir Beilby F. Alston, G.B.E., K.C.M.G., C.B., and of Lady Alston, of 16, Neville-street, S.W.7.

MR. R. M. NEILSON AND MISS PALGRAVE

The engagement is announced between Robert Marshall Neilson, The Gordon Highlanders, only son of J. L. M. Neilson and Mrs. Neilson, Glenayes, Dunure, Ayrshire, and Evelyn, only daughter of the late Austin Palgrave and Mrs. Palgrave and granddaughter of the late Sir Reginald Palgrave.

MR. E. ESTCOURT AND MISS J. LOOKER

The marriage arranged between Mr. Edward Estcourt, R.A., and Miss June Looker will take place at St. Leonard's, Turners Hill, Sussex, on Wednesday, June 25, at 2.30.

THE REV. H. G. G. HERKLOTS AND MISS H. B. MURGOCI

The marriage between the Rev. H. G. G. Herklots and Miss Helen B. Murgoci will take place at Holy Trinity, St. Marylebone, on Wednesday, June 18, at 2.15 p.m.

MR. J. A. GALLETLY AND MISS BRIND

The engagement is announced between John Alistair Galletly, M.A., M.B., B.Chir., Cantab, son of Dr. and Mrs. John Galletly, of Bourne, and Violet Brind, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brind, of Madras.

MR. A. F. L. WILKINSON AND MISS E. D. BIRCH REYNARDSON

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Alan F. L. Wilkinson, District Commissioner, Gold Coast Political Service, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. O. Wilkinson, of Ardanoir, Foynes, County Limerick, and Evelyn Dorothea, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Birch Reynardson, of 84, Woodside, Wimbledon.

MR. F. R. SHUMWAY AND MISS H. B. LAKIN

The engagement is announced between Mr. F. Ritter Shumway, B.A. (Princeton), of Greenwich, Connecticut, and University College, Oxford, and Hettie Beaman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lakin, of Greenwich, Connecticut.

MR. R. R. COHEN AND MISS GODCHAUX

The engagement is announced between Ronald Raphael, younger son of the late Mr. Siegmond Cohen and Mrs. Cohen, of Bracknell Court, Hampstead, and Doris, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Godchaux, of 15, Blomfield-court, W.9.

MR. A. E. DICKINSON AND MISS A. V. HICKEY

The marriage arranged between Mr. A. E. Dickinson and Miss A. V. Hickey will take place quietly on Thursday, July 10, at Christ Church, Brighton, at 8.15 a.m.

MR. W. B. C. GLEN AND MISS E. LOWE

The engagement is announced of William Burns Cowan Glen, of Sungei Siluang Estate, Kedah, Malaya, elder son of the late Richard Bartlett Glen and Mrs. Richard Bartlett Glen, of Glasgow, to Miss Esme Lowe, third daughter of Mrs. James Ingram, Penang, and the late Alfred Denny Lowe, of Shanghai and Stamford, England.

MR. J. V. RICHARDSON AND MISS E. B. LEGGE

The engagement is announced between James Vere, only son of the late James Richardson, of Heswall, Cheshire, and of Mrs. R. A. Savory, and Esther Blethyne, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Legge, of Baston Manor, Hayes, Kent.

MR. A. J. HILLS AND MISS B. K. GOWING

The engagement is announced between Alfred John Hills, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hills, of The Old House, Bocking, Essex, and Barbara Kenrick, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Gowing, of The Manor House, Marham, Norfolk.

MR. J. HUGHES AND MISS LAMB

The marriage arranged between Mr. John Hughes and Miss Audrey Lamb will take place to-day at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, at 2.15 p.m.

MR. H. H. A. THACKTHWAITE AND MLLE. PIETTE

The engagement is announced of Henry Hopkinson Augustus Thackthwaite, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Thackthwaite, of Dover, Kent, and Jeanne, eldest daughter of Mme. Charles Piette and the late M. Charles Piette, of Paris.

MR. R. RIDGWAY AND MISS S. RHODES

The engagement is announced between Reginald Ridgway, B.Sc., second son of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Ridgway, and Sybil, daughter of the late Hubert Manfield and Mrs. Rhodes, of Warwick Mansions, Earl's Court.

MR. W. R. L. WICKHAM AND MISS ANSON

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between William Reginald Lamplugh Wickham, only son of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Wickham, of Embsay Kirk, Skipton, Yorkshire, and Martha, eldest daughter of the late Mr. F. H. Anson and Mrs. Anson, formerly of Montreal, Canada, now of Les Iris, Le Touquet, France.

The marriage arranged between Captain M. B. Burrows and Miss Nancy Longsdon will not take place.

MARRIAGE

MR. HANNING PHILIPPS AND LADY MARION DALRYMPLE

The marriage took place yesterday at St. Giles' Cathedral, Edinburgh, of Mr. Richard Hanning Philipps, son of Sir Laurence Philipps, Bt., and Lady Philipps, and Lady Marion Violet Dalrymple, younger daughter of the Earl and Countess of Stair.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a simple gown of parchment-tinted satin, the bodice caught in front with a buckle. The long train was formed from the skirt of the dress and was entirely covered by the old Brussels lace veil. Miss Betty Buchanan and Lady Margaret Ogilvy were the train-bearers, and there were also 10 other bridesmaids—Lady Jean Dalrymple (sister of the bride), Lady Janet Montgomerie, Lady Ida Ramsay, Lady Helen Pleydell-Bouverie, the Hon. Elizabeth Legge, Mlle. van Swinderen, Miss Gwenllian Philipps (sister of the bridegroom), Miss Diana Coke, Miss Pamela Harford, and Miss Christian Dalrymple-Hamilton. They all wore long dresses of various-coloured chiffon shading from pale yellow to salmon-pink, and their headdresses were of coloured crystal. They carried bouquets of azaleas.

Mr. William Philipps (brother of the bridegroom) was best man.

FUNERALS

SIR HERBERT WARREN

The funeral of Sir Herbert Warren will take place in Holywell Cemetery, at Oxford, on Friday. The first part of the service will be held in Magdalen College Chapel at 12 noon.

MRS. PEARSON-GREGORY

The funeral of Mrs. Pearson-Gregory, wife of Major Philip Pearson-Gregory, took place at Grundisburgh, Suffolk, yesterday. The rector of Grundisburgh and the Archdeacon of Sudbury officiated. The principal mourners included Major Pearson-Gregory, Mr. T. S. Pearson-Gregory, Lord and Lady Cranworth, Mr. Gerard Ridley, the Hon. Robert Gurdon, the Hon. Camilla Gurdon, Mrs. Eric Penn, Major the Hon. Victor Agar-Robartes, Mr. and Mrs. St. Quentin, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Barbour, Mrs. Geoffrey Moore, the Hon. Mrs. Stirling, Miss Stirling, Sir Francis Newton, and Rear-Admiral John L. Pearson.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

APPOINTMENTS AT OXFORD

OXFORD, JUNE 10

In Congregation to-day, the Vice-Chancellor (Dr. F. Homes Dudden, Master of Pembroke) presiding, several reappointments to University lectureships were made, and the following new appointments were approved:—

The Rev. F. W. Green, M.A., Fellow of Merton, in Patristic Studies; Mr. C. H. S. Fifoot, M.A., Fellow of Hertford, in Law; Mr. H. T. Wade Gery, M.A., Fellow of Wadham, in Greek History; Mr. R. V. Lennard, M.A., Fellow of Wadham, in Modern History; Miss Maude V. Clarke, M.A., Fellow of Somerville, in Modern History; Mr. C. L. Wrenn, M.A., Queen's College, in English Philology; Miss Dorothy Everett, M.A., Fellow of Lady Margaret Hall, in Middle English; Mr. R. P. Dewhurst, M.A., Balliol, in Urdu and Hindi; and Dr. E. G. C. Poole, M.A., D.Phil., Fellow of New College, in Mathematics.

A decree was proposed, and accepted with acclamation, to express the acceptance and gratitude of the University to Sir William Morris for his offer to vest the whole of the Radcliffe Observatory site and buildings in the hands of a body of trustees, in order that it might be used for the benefit of the Radcliffe Infirmary and the Medical School of the University. Professor G. Dreyer, in proposing the decree, said that this was a unique gift in the history of the Medical School and would establish a far greater measure of co-operation than had been hitherto possible between the medical studies of the University and the Radcliffe Infirmary. He hoped that it might be the germ of a future development under which medical students would be able to complete their professional education in Oxford. It was a magnificent gift both to the city and to the University. It would provide room for the much-needed extension of the infirmary, as well as assisting in the development of post-graduate teaching. This great gift was due to the generosity of one man to whom the University now wished to express its gratitude.

CAMBRIDGE, JUNE 10

The Appointments Committee of the Faculty of History have appointed Mr. B. L. Manning, of Jesus College, Mr. H. Butterfield, of Peterhouse, and Mr. A. B. Steel, of Christ's, to be University lecturers in the Faculty of History for three years from October 1. The Vice-Chancellor has appointed the Rev. G. A. Weekes, M.A., Master of Sidney Sussex College, to the office of Lady Margaret's Preacher. The sermon will be preached on Sunday, November 2.

The Vice-Chancellor announces that the Wallenberg Prize is not awarded. On the recommendation of the University, a senior studentship has been awarded by the Royal Commissioners for the Exhibition of 1851 to Charles Percy Snow, research student of Christ's College.

The Vice-Chancellor gives notice of the procedure on days of general admission to degrees at the Congregations to be held on Saturday, June 21, and Tuesday, June 24. The General Board have issued a report recommending the establishment of an additional University lectureship in agriculture as from October 1.

ABERDEEN, JUNE 10

Mr. J. W. Rees, M.A., Lecturer in Spanish in the University of Manchester, was to-day appointed an external examiner in Spanish at Aberdeen University.

At a meeting of the Council of University College, Leicester, last week it was reported that Sir Jonathan North had given £1,000 to found the Sir Jonathan North Scholarships at the college. It was further reported that plans for a new Hostel for Women Students had been approved, and the Council sanctioned a scheme for the erection of the first portion of this building, which will accommodate 30 students. The full scheme, when completed, will be for 60 students. The architect undertaking the work, which will be put in hand immediately, is Mr. T. Trevor Sawday.

SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS

AWARDS AT MARLBOROUGH AND TONBRIDGE

The following school awards are announced:—

MARLBOROUGH COLLEGE

OPEN SCHOLARSHIPS EXAMINATION, 1930

Senior.—Classical scholars.—1, J. F. TURNER; 2, J. L. EDWARDS; 3, D. Q. S. UPTON. Mathematical scholars.—1, A. R. D. RAMSAY; 2, J. R. CRABBE. Science scholars.—1 (Senior), F. W. HANFORD; 2 (Douglas Joseph Geers), J. L. STEWART-SMITH. Honorary mention for Modern Languages scholarship.—M. H. S. EVERETT. Authors' scholar.—K. H. SACHSE (Marlborough College).

Junior.—1, G. MATTHEWS (house scholar) (Mr. W. M. Hornby, Sandroyd School, Cobham, Surrey); 2, C. C. G. BROWNING (Mr. F. S. Cooper-Venables, Orleton, Scarborough); 3, C. W. PASSY (Messrs. Griffiths and Thorne Waite, Boxgrove School, Guildford); 4, R. C. FLETCHER (Marlborough College, lately from Mr. J. Douglas Hillside, Godalming); 5, T. G. TUCKEY (Messrs. Robathan and Brice Smith, Brightlands, Newnham, Gloucestershire); 6, J. D. RITCHIE (Messrs. Sandford and Rennison, Mill Mead, Shrewsbury); 7, J. D. L. DICKSON (Mr. G. D. Innes Hopkins, Orley Farm, Harrow-on-the-Hill).

TONBRIDGE SCHOOL

Elected to a Judd Scholarship.—D. A. S. DAY (Tonbridge School and Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. T. Robertson, Cherry Orchard, Charlton). Elected to New Judd Scholarships of £75 per annum each.—J. H. RUSCOE (Mr. Morley Tabor, Kingswood House, Epsom); J. ROGERSON (Tonbridge School and Mr. T. T. West, Oakfields, Rugby); G. M. KILLPACK (Messrs. Flahwick and Herries, The Grange, Eastbourne); R. H. BROWN (Mr. H. Strong Forster, Cottesmore School, Brighton). Elected to Foundation Scholarships.—J. PYDDOKE (Messrs. M. H. and A. F. Bickmore, Yardley Court, Tonbridge); H. M. CLARK (Messrs. Anson and Burr, Doon House, Westgate-on-Sea); J. P. A. STRANGE (Mr. H. C. Irving, Hazelwood, Limpsfield); G. A. T. ALLAN (Mr. C. Walford, Homefield, Sutton, Surrey); J. C. T. GAYTON (Mr. A. J. Farnfield, Bickley Hall, Bickley, Kent). M. JACOBY (Mr. S. A. Phillips, The Old Ride, Branksome Park, Bournemouth).

ST. EDWARD'S SCHOOL, OXFORD

Scholarships.—£100.—F. F. Ross (the Rev. F. Wingate Pearse, St. Ninian's, Moffat). £70.—C. H. H. BARCHARD (Mr. J. W. Clouston, Great Brickhill, Bletchley, Bucks). £70.—J. NEWSOME (Mr. C. W. H. Walker, Emscote Lawn, Warwick). £50.—R. R. BEVAN (the Rev. P. C. West, Kingsland Grange, Shrewsbury). £50.—S. A. LEADBITTER (Mr. A. G. Grenfell, Montvue House School, Parkgate, Cheshire).

Exhibitions of £30.—W. S. P. BRADISH (Bilton Grange, Rugby); M. B. COTTON (Shirley House, Watford, Herts); G. S. A. CURTIS (St. Edward's School and the Dragon School, Oxford); J. V. S. DAVIES (Stoke House, Seaford, Sussex); D. C. KENNEDY (Ravenswood School, Woodleigh Court, Tiverton); R. A. PITT (Kingsland Grange, Shrewsbury).

The second major scholarship of £100 has not been awarded.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

RAISING THE INCOMES OF CLERGY

The Halifax Poor Benefices Fund is celebrating its jubilee this year. Opened in 1880, the fund has made grants amounting to £8,889 to benefices in the deanery. This sum has been raised entirely by local subscriptions. The fund has also been instrumental in adding £61,470 to the capital value of the benefices in the deanery. This larger sum has come largely from efforts made in the various parishes, all grants being dependent upon parochial efforts. The amounts thus raised have been augmented by benefactions from the Ecclesiastical Commission and from diocesan funds, and thus the problem of clerical poverty in the Halifax deanery has been largely solved. The vicar of Halifax (Bishop Frodsham), speaking at the annual meeting, said that the committee of the fund proposed to make a special effort this year to raise the endowments of all the benefices in the deanery to a minimum of £400 per annum.

AN OLD DORSET CHURCH

During the restoration of the disused church at Winterbourne Tomson, Dorset, the internal plastering on the walls, probably put on in the eighteenth century, has been found to cover an early medieval coating, on which traces of colour and gilt have been discovered. A small thirteenth-century lancet-headed window has been discovered embedded in the south wall. The work of repair is being undertaken at the cost of the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings, and includes the stripping and repairing of an old fifteenth-century roof. The perished deal flooring under the eighteenth-century oak pews will be removed and the pews lowered to their original position on to the Purbeck pavement.

NOTES

An announcement is made that civilians may attend the Sunday morning service at 11 in the R.A.F. chapel at Northolt Aerodrome, which was recently dedicated. South Ruislip, in which district the aerodrome is situated, at present has no church, and is served from Ruislip parish church.

The Rev. E. S. Savage, rector of the Church of St. Bartholomew the Great, West Smithfield, is at the church on Saturdays at 3.15 p.m., and after evening service on Sundays, to give addresses on its history and architecture. The name of Rahere, who founded both the church and the hospital of St. Bartholomew in the reign of Henry I., is much in the public mind just now in consequence of the hospital's appeal for £1,000,000. The church built by Rahere is the oldest but one in London, and one of the most interesting. A short history of the building and its founder, written by the rector, has been published as a booklet, with many illustrations from drawings and photographs. The sale of it will help to pay for urgently needed restorations and improvements.

YORKSHIRE HILL TOPS

AN EVENING'S EXPEDITION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

They say three is a lucky number! Then this must be a lucky place, where three counties almost meet, and where the Pennine range nears its end in that strange upheaval of limestone rock, stretching for some 10 square miles, which is said to be of volcanic origin, and is called by geologists "The Craven Fault." So full it is of caves, of subterranean rivers, of bottomless pot-holes, of sudden cliffs of sheer white rock, of hill tops where water-worn stones stick up thick as dead man's bones, that one might well get a nightmare. And that strong-minded geologists defy its terrors with hammer and notebook!

But who wants to meditate on geological formations on an evening like this? One is bound for the sky-line. Down in these sheltered fields the air is warm and still, and filled with the scent of may trees. On every southern slope is spilled a drift of yellow, where the first buttercups are out in the grass. Soon one begins the steep climb through young bracken, past the dry bed of a mountain stream, up to a big outcrop of rock, overhanging at its base; there, winter by winter, the mountain sheep have snuggled from the fierce winds, and the earth is trodden hard. Then up again till one reaches one of those six-foot dry stone walls, which stretch for miles over the hills, dividing one sheep farm from the next; but somewhere in their length there is always a stile of out-jutting stones, an aid to the shepherds in their work, and incidentally to the less agile walker.

At last one has gained the sky-line, only to find another equally tempting one beyond it. But "le mieux est l'ennemi du bien"; so why go farther when the grass is short and springy, and when one can bury one's face in its coolness, and sniff up its heady tang, and then turn and lie full length and let the wind and sun play over one? If one stays still, the curlews fly close, inquiring and surprised, and their melancholy whistle echoes among the boulders; yet who could feel any sense of loneliness even in this solitude. The peace of the hills enfolds one.

But the air is like champagne, and soon one must be up, and looking over the distance. Forty miles of hill and valley lie spread out below. The prevailing tint is a grey-green, but brown where the unflowered heather grows. The landscape is only broken by the white dots of farmhouses, and by the walls. A rather pessimistic friend once likened them to "grey snakes crawling over the hills." But they give rhythm and structure to the landscape, which, pictorially, is almost too big, so very long are the swelling lines of hill and fell.

A cloud sails by, throwing its deep blue shadow over the valley. A nip comes in the evening air, and were there time one would almost yield to the temptation of that farther sky-line. It is good to be alive on a Yorkshire hilltop on a June evening! Yet these airy solitudes are but 40 or 50 miles from many a large manufacturing town. And if any have gained new life this Whitsuntide by climbing to them, let them spare a thought for those who are not so lucky. For the Englishmen who at this moment are dried up and blistered by the furnace heat of the frontier hills of India, or gasping and sweating on the plains, in the pre-monsoon weather, in order to help a nation to achieve that ordered progress which is its right, and to save a continent from civil war.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

ESTATE OF ADMIRAL SIR PAUL BUSH

ADMIRAL SIR PAUL WARNER BUSH, K.C.B., M.V.O., of Longham House, near Wimborne, Dorset, died on March 15, aged 74, leaving £6,043 gross, with net personalty £3,443.

The HON. MABEL ELIZABETH VEREKER, of The Winter Palace Hotel, Nice, daughter of the fourth Viscount Gort, died on February 8, aged 73, leaving estate of the gross value of £21,253, with net personalty £20,893.

DAME ANGELA MALCOLM, of Cadogan-gardens, Chelsea, who died on March 1, wife of Major-General Sir Neill Malcolm, left estate of the gross value of £52,422, with net personalty £52,265.

Mr. WILLIAM ROSTRON PICKUP, of Hesketh-road, Southport, director of the John Crankshaw Company, Limited, sanitary pipe manufacturers, Horwich, and of W. R. Pickup, Limited, sanitary appliance manufacturers, who died on January 18, aged 60, left estate of the gross value of £124,251, with net personalty £123,176.

Miss CATHERINE BIGG, of Hill Lodge, Milverton-terrace, Leamington Spa, who died on April 22, aged 92, left estate of the gross value of £25,208, with net personalty £25,086. She gives:—

£200 to the Railway Benevolent Institution; £100 each to Warneford Hospital, the Midland Counties Home for Incurables, Leamington, the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and the Girls' Shelter, Leamington.

£100 to Elizabeth Sargent, if still in her service; and one year's wages and an annuity of £52 to Ellen Paine, if still in her service.

Mr. ARTHUR WILLIAM RALLING, of Holmlands, Third-avenue, Frinton-on-Sea, who died on February 13, aged 79, left estate of the gross value of £19,101, with net personalty £17,541. He left:—

Twenty-five shares in Colchester Masonic Hall Company, Limited, to the Master, Wardens, and Brethren of the Angel Lodge of Freemasons, Colchester, and £50 each to Essex County Hospital and the Royal Eastern Counties Institute, Colchester.

Mrs. EMMA MATILDA GIBBON, of Johnstone-street, Bath, who died on March 20, aged 96, widow of J. Gibbon left estate of the gross value of £12,090, with net personalty £9,758. She left:—

£100 to Laura Beatrice Drury, if acting as her companion at her death.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
ATKINSON, Mr. John Whincup (70), of Dunraven, Boroughbridge-road, Knaresborough (net personalty £8,253)	10,078
BAIGENT, the Rt. Rev. Mgr. William Joseph, of St. Hugh's Rectory, Broadgate, Lincoln (net personalty £3,063)	3,198
BLUNDELL, Mrs. Mary, "M. E. Francis," the novelist (71), of Maes Alyn, Mold, Flint, widow of F. N. Blundell	806
BODLE, Mr. Thomas Henry Caplen (67), of Korner House, Burgess Hill, Sussex, corn merchant (net personalty £31,807)	41,015
BURY, the Rev. William (62), of Great Henny Rectory, Essex (net personalty £1,489)	1,597
ELLISS, Mr. John Arthur (71), of Middlewood-road, Sheffield, director of William Elliss and Sons, Limited, ironfounders (net personalty £9,705)	9,823
FIRBANK, Mr. Stanley (57), of Leinster-square, Bayswater, W., late deputy-chief engineer, East India Railway (net personalty £3,198)	3,232
GARDNER-SMITH, the Rev. Robert (89), of Lonsdale-road, Scarborough	993
GLOSSOP, Mr. Frederick William (56), of Faircot, Cyncoed-road, Penylan, Cardiff, printer and bookseller (net personalty £9,959)	10,389
HEALD, the Rev. Charles William, of Kingstes, Whitwell, Isle of Wight, formerly rector of Robbington, Salop, and afterwards for 42 years of Chale, Isle of Wight (net personalty £9,276)	11,720
HOWARD, Mr. James Harold (72), of The Grange, Kempston, Bedford, a director of James and Frederick Howard, Limited, agricultural engineers (net personalty £76,582)	86,292
KING, Captain Austin St. John, late The Wiltshire Regiment, of Erin, Lower Park-road, Hastings (net personalty £832)	2,674
PRICE, Mr. Arthur Woodhouse, of Dilston House, Corbridge, Northumberland, and of Greys-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, a partner in Messrs. Price and Ross, chartered accountants (net personalty £20,058)	20,426
ROOPER, Mr. Percy Lens (68), of Little Court, Speldhurst, Kent (net personalty £70,271)	71,798
SCOTT, Dr. Arthur William, M.D., M.R.C.S. (67), of Stumperlowe-crescent-road, Fulwood, Sheffield, physician and surgeon (net personalty £4,087)	9,414
SCOTT, Dr. James Matthews Duncan, of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Canada, late Professor of Physiology in the University of Saskatchewan (personal estate)	1,004
WATERMAN, Mr. James Richard (86), of Grosvenor-road, Watford, retired builder (net personalty £5,171)	20,413
WILLIAMS, Captain Theodore (65), of Marlborough-road, Falmouth (net personalty £4,565)	4,976

LONDON FASHIONS

THE MARCHINI COLLECTION

It is refreshing to discover an English designer with a genius for colour and design, aided by a girl who interprets his ideas with pencil and brush, and by a cutter with a true eye for line. The three together prove that it is not necessary to go to the Continent for clothes.

Among the assortment of garments in the Marchini collection, 5 and 9, New Quebec-street, W.1, are coats of Italian silk brocade. The outstanding model is made of silk tapestry with a groundwork of green shot with gold on which the medieval design of mounted knights crossing lances before turreted castles, or emerging in gleaming armour from their tents, or crossing green lawns where fountains play, shine forth in gay relief in blue, silver, and russet-red. The coat at the back is slightly high-waisted, and fitted close to the figure as far as the waist-line, when it flows out into a circular skirt, which falls in graceful though formal flutes, graduated to a dipping central curve. The collar stands out like a small ruff; the sleeves are long and tight.

Other coats are made in the "flower-vase" design—a bowl of flowers in every rich tint, flanked by peacocks. This design is in every imaginable hue, woven upon different backgrounds. There is one in autumn-red, blue, and green; another in green, blue, and orange; all are harmonious, and the glowing colours mix softly.

The background is always broken; a white brocade will have a raised white design which gives lights and shadows so that it is possible to pose a multi-coloured pattern upon it without creating a glare. There is a coat with huge shaded flowers of blue, rose, and yellow thrown upon a silver-white ground. In another, gold, red, blue, and green, woven into circular and oval designs, recall the stained glass of Sainte Chapelle. The influence of Persia is seen in a coat of pale gold metal brocade with a minute raised pattern in primrose and peach.

These coats follow no fashion. The designer says that the materials tell him whether a coat shall be long, three-quarter length, or short. The colours are rich and rather rare. The blues of Italy are always softer and yet brighter than others; the reds are the reds of autumn leaves; the golds are pale Florentine or red-gold; the greens are the greens of moss or lichen. In every coat the lining takes up the predominant tint of the brocade design. The prices are astonishingly cheap.

Little suits are also made from these brocades, with a pleated satin skirt the same colour as the background of the brocade and a coat made of the brocade. The best one was made of the silver-white brocade patterned with coloured flowers, and a little skirt of white satin.

There are also little suits for *débutantes* with finely pleated skirts of hand-painted silk or crêpe-de-Chine with matching scarves. With these are worn silk Angora jumpers of the same colour, uncrushable, light, and warm. These are flax-blue, cowslip yellow, a pale Italian green, and a pink pearl tint.

"THE TIMES" SOCIAL BUREAU

For the convenience of readers of *The Times* a Social Bureau has been established at 72, Regent-street (one minute from Piccadilly-circus), the West End office of the paper. The purpose of the Bureau is to supply information to prospective hostesses, societies, dining clubs, and others about the dates which have been selected for social gatherings of every kind and to assist them in making their own arrangements.

A register of addresses of visitors from overseas and the temporary addresses of English travellers is compiled at this office, and is available for reference at any time either by telephone, or, preferably, by personal call. Will travellers, either leaving England or returning, kindly co-operate in this scheme by sending all news of their movements immediately on arrival or departure to the Manager, *The Times* Social Bureau, 72, Regent-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1 (Telephone, Regent 2273)?

No charge will be made for services rendered in this way.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

The Prince of Wales launches new Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain, Glasgow.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, distributes prizes, Social Institutes' Union for Women and Girls, City of London School, 7.

Princess Helena Victoria opens Welsh National Y.M.C.A. Women's Auxiliary Fair, St. Fagan's Castle, 3.15; Opening of Lord Aberdare Y.M.C.A. Memorial House, Cardiff, 5.15.

Canterbury Cathedral: Festival of Commemoration.

Imperial Press Conference: Visit to Liverpool; Luncheon by Lord Derby, Adelphi Hotel, Liverpool, 1; Lord Mayor of Liverpool's Garden Party, 3.15; Dinner, Town Hall, 8.

Prince Arthur of Connaught at anniversary festival of Royal Masonic Institution for Boys, Connaught Rooms, 6.30.

Central Asian Society: Lord Thomson on "The Development of British Aviation in Asia," Burlington House, W.1, 5.

Oxford Diocesan Conference.

Winchester Diocesan Conference.

Bishop of Stepney at Ranyard Mission Meeting, Central Hall, Westminster, 3.

Institution of Municipal and County Engineers: Annual General Meeting, Scarborough.

Cooperative Congress, York.

Manchester Unity of Oddfellows: Conference, Plymouth.

United Commercial Travellers' Association: Annual Conference, Blackpool.

National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives: Biennial Conference, Bournemouth.

Mrs. Baldwin at Redhill Conservative Fête.

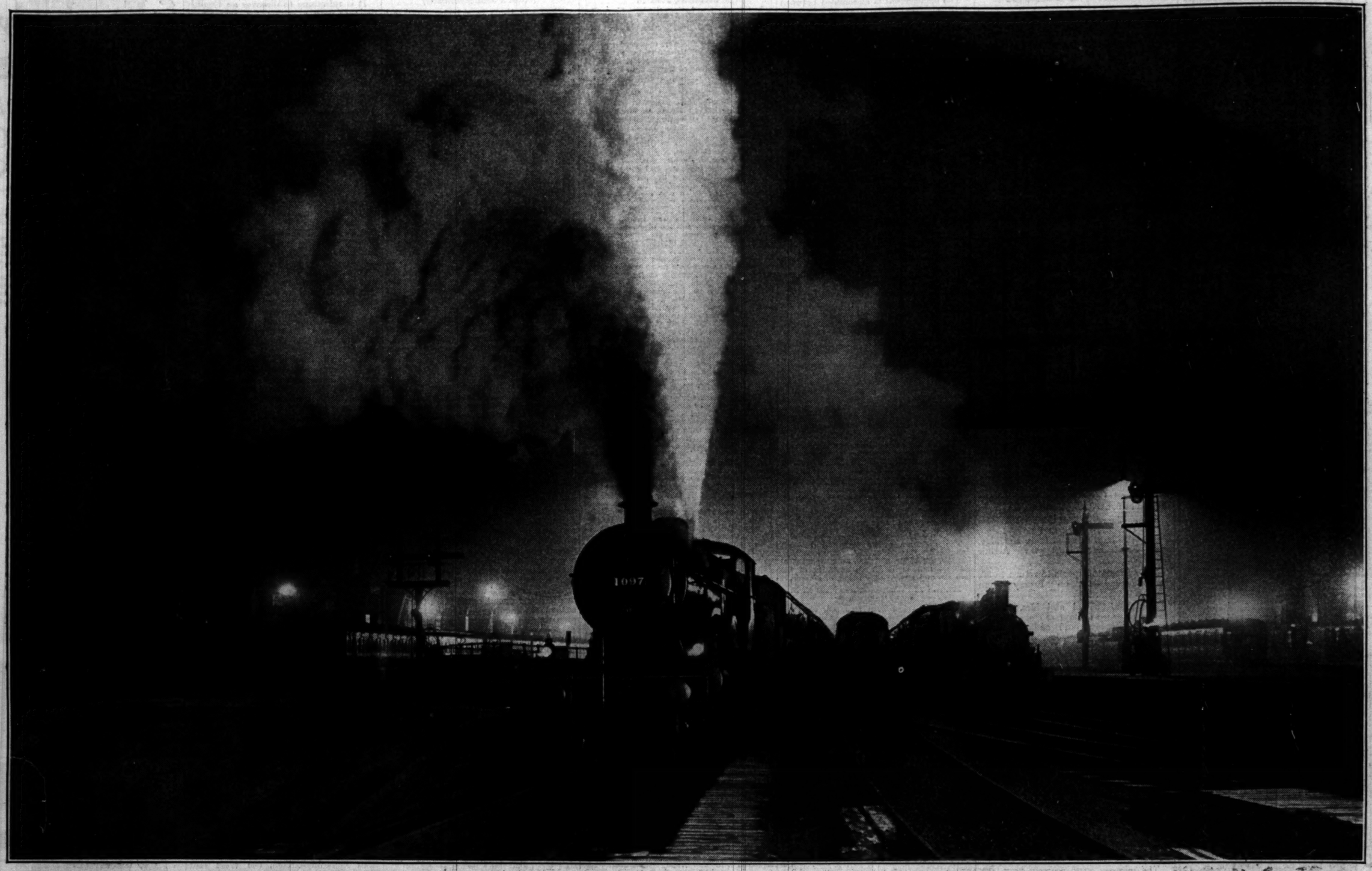
Professor Kenneth Conant on his recent excavations at the Monastery of Cluny, Society of Antiquaries, 5.

Southern Counties Federation of Building Trades Employers: Half-yearly meeting at Ramsgate; reception by Mayor, 10.30; luncheon, 1.15.

Annual meeting of General Assembly of Unitarian and Free Churches, Essex Hall.

British Academy: Lecture by Professor L.

NIGHT WORK OF LONDON: DEPARTURE OF THE NIGHT EXPRESS



BOUND FOR THE NORTH.—We publish to-day the third of our series of pictures, taken by staff photographers of *The Times*, illustrating night work in London. It shows one of the night expresses of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway leaving St. Pancras Station for the North.

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GLADSTONE AT 20 AND 84.—The pencil drawing of Gladstone made by F. J. Meyer in 1830, referred to in a letter on another page. At this date Gladstone was aged 20, and up at Oxford. On the right is Phil May's drawing of Gladstone in the House in 1893, when he was 84.

THE AUSTRALIANS AT SANDRINGHAM.—The members of the Australian Cricket Team were received by the King and Queen at Sandringham yesterday. Mr. Woodfull, the captain, photographed with their Majesties.

MARSHAL JOFFRE. — The statue of the French leader in the early stages of the War, which is shortly to be unveiled at Chantilly.

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THIRTY FIVE YEARS AGO

A very gentle game of tennis

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CITY NOTES

FRENCH EXCHANGE ALTERATION

DEBENHAMS' RESULTS

A sharp, but as will be shown later a really nominal, decline occurred yesterday in the Paris exchange. The rate finished on Saturday at 123.89½f., but yesterday afternoon it fell as low as 123.65f., recovering, however, by the close of business to 123.72f. The decline was due to the fact that the Bank of England is exercising its legal right to pay its notes in gold bars of standard fineness, .916⅔ fine, which is the fineness of British gold coin. Hitherto the Bank has paid its notes in fine gold, which is .995 fine, but its stock of fine bars has been steadily diminishing for some time, owing to the well-known fact that gold nowadays rarely reaches it in that form. Gold mostly arrives in the form of coin of standard fineness. The whole of the recent large shipments from Australia was in the form of sovereigns, and South Africa, which is a regular source of supply, no longer sends its gold to this country entirely in the form of fine bars. Having established a refinery and mint of its own, a large part of the South African gold production comes to this country in the form of gold coin. Yesterday, for instance, the Bank of England received 500,000 sovereigns from South Africa. Having exhausted, or nearly exhausted, its supplies of fine gold, the Bank is perforce compelled to make payment for its notes in such gold as it possesses—namely, standard gold. No legal obligation rests upon the Bank of England to deliver other than standard gold in payment for its notes, for it can give a complete discharge of its obligation by making payment for notes in standard gold coin if it so desires.

New Gold Points

That the Bank of England formerly paid notes in fine bars was simply due to its possession of them, and their acceptability to the majority of its customers. Similarly, in converting, as at present, at its own expense coin into bars of standard fineness, the Bank is actuated simply by a desire to suit the convenience of many of its customers, who prefer bars to coin. Further, in the interests of gold economy, it is desirable that the metal should circulate in the form of bars rather than in the form of coin, as the latter would be liable to get into unnecessary current use. Ordinarily foreign buyers readily accept bars of standard fineness, but certain French buyers of gold apparently are not prepared to accept other than fine gold, and yesterday certain orders for the metal were cancelled, though it should be noted that the fineness of British gold coin is actually higher than that of French gold coin, which is only nine-tenths fine, compared with the eleven-twelfths fineness of British coinage. No doubt when the French buyers realize the nature of the circumstances which have forced the Bank of England once again to exercise its legal right to pay in standard coin the position will be clarified. Meanwhile, the gold points of the French exchange have been altered from those that prevailed when the Bank was able to pay its notes in fine gold to their strictly legal figures; the adjustment, it will thus be seen, is nominal.

The Shell Report

The report of the Shell Transport and Trading Company for 1929 shows a substantial increase in profit, the addition being over £1,000,000. The increase was due to the employment of more capital in the business, the issued capital having risen from £26,987,607 to £31,121,361. A three-year comparison of results is given in the subjoined table:—

	1929	1928	1927
	£	£	£
Profit	6,527,975	5,447,894	5,269,695
Brought forward ..	237,604	236,812	230,486
Making	6,765,579	5,684,506	5,500,181
Ordinary dividend, tax free:—			
Rate	25%	23%	25%
Amount	5,690,340	4,206,902	4,513,548
Carried forward ..	240,850	237,604	236,612

Thanks to a premium of £527,444 received on 150,000 Ordinary shares issued in Paris last year, the reserve account has risen from £6,354,165 to £6,881,609. The increase in the total of the balance-sheet is from £38,859,530 to £44,588,109. Investments mainly reflect the increase of capital resources, these having risen from £6,627,101 to £10,462,500. The investments are all outside the business, and consist mainly of gilt-edged securities. Cash has risen from £132,131 to £1,158,483. As usual nothing is said in the report regarding the operations for the year, these matters being reserved for the chairman's speech at the meeting, which will be held on June 23.

Debenhams' Profits

Net profits of Debenhams, Limited, for the year ended January 31 amounted, after payment of Debenture interest, to £712,764. For the previous year the total was £962,444, but the decline is more apparent than real, as the latest figure includes no dividend from the Drapery Trust, which it controls. The directors mention that the reduction in the trading profit, in other words the revenue derived from the old Debenhams group of undertakings, was £34,067, which may be accounted a small decline when allowance is made for the effect on a business partaking largely of the nature of a luxury business of the world-wide financial crisis. With a view to the inclusion of the results of Drapery Trust in Debenhams' accounts, the directors propose that in future the financial year shall end on July 31. It is stated that the trading results of Drapery Trust for the year ended May 31 "show an improvement"; the amount is not stated, but it will probably be found that it will be sufficient approximately to offset the small reduction in Debenhams' profits, so that the earnings of the business as a whole should be much the same as for the preceding year. That the dividend on the Ordinary shares of Drapery Trust is to be reduced from 10 to 7 per cent. is due to the loss incurred through the failure of Austin Friars Trust, Limited—one of the Hatry companies. This reduction will affect the dividend to be paid on the shares of Debenhams Securities, Limited, which holds the whole of Debenhams' Ordinary capital. The final dividend to be paid on the shares of the Securities company will be 3½d. per share, making with the interim dividend already paid 12½ per cent. For 1928-29 the company paid 20 per cent.

War Loan Dividend Disbursements

The Exchequer returns for last week show that expenditure at £57,848,204 exceeded receipts by £46,857,296. This was due to the disbursement of £47,785,158 in interest on the Five per Cent. War Loan. Sales of Treasury Bills in excess of maturities yielded £24,900,000, and the Treasury borrowed, in the form of Ways and Means Advances, £12,500,000 from the Bank of England and £8,850,000 from Public Departments. As the following table shows, the floating debt was increased on the week by £46,250,000:—

(000's omitted)

Floating Debt	June 7, 1930	May 31, 1930	June 8, 1929
	£	£	£
Ways and Means Advances:—			
By Bank of England	12,500	—	6,000
By Public Departments	53,780	44,930	43,805
Treasury Bills outstanding	606,585	581,685	745,720
Total	672,865	626,615	795,525

Compared with a year ago the debt shows a decrease of £122,660,000. Since the beginning of the current financial year there has been an increase of £35,450,000.

Callender's Cable Fine Report

A welcome contrast to the bad reports which have lately been issued by many British industrial enterprises is provided by the accounts of Callender's Cable and Construction Company. This contrast is heightened by the statement in the report that trade materially improved in the latter months of 1929, and that this improvement has been maintained. Net profits for 1929 increased from £287,081 to £330,412, and the usual dividend of 15 per cent. is maintained on a capital enlarged by the capital bonus of 20 per cent. distributed a year ago and also by an issue of shares in connexion with the purchase of the business of W. T. Glover and Co. The result of the purchase of this business has come up to the expectations of the directors and the acquisition presumably contributed to the larger earnings. Large additions have been made to the reserve. Out of the balance of £570,246 brought forward from 1928 £238,730 was transferred to the reserve, and a further £347,270 was also placed to the reserve from an undisclosed source. Thus in spite of the deduction of £186,000 in connexion with the capital bonus last year the reserve now stands at £800,000, compared with only £400,000 at the end of 1928. The increase in the assets to correspond with the additions to the capital and reserve has taken place mainly in investments, which have risen from £671,000 to £1,313,000. Of this sum £490,805 is invested in subsidiary companies. Many of the other investments are in associated businesses, and it would greatly add to the clarity of a balance-sheet if holdings of gilt-edged securities were shown separately from other investments. Excluding its investments this company's balance-sheet still discloses an excess of floating assets over current liabilities amounting to about £1,250,000.

Malayan Labour Costs

Mr. Charles Emerson, who presided at yesterday's meeting of Linggi Plantations, had on the whole an encouraging story to tell, when allowance is made for the fall in the price of rubber. One of the oldest of the larger Malayan rubber producers, the company largely counterbalanced the fall in price by a larger output, the latter rising from 2,890,800lb. to 3,361,874lb., and in the result its net profit fell only by £5,814 to £36,085. The dividend, it is true, is reduced from 7½ to 5 per cent., but the sum carried forward is increased. Mr. Emerson pointed out that as the result of the imposition of a minimum wage in various parts of the Malay Peninsula there had been a considerable increase in the cost of labour, the rate of wages for the year under review in a typical division showing an increase of 14.34 per cent. over that for 1928. The increase could scarcely have come at a more unfortunate time for planters. The following table shows the results of this company and of another Mayalan company, Central Perak, for the past two years:—

—	Linggi		Central Perak	
	1929	1928	1929	1928
	£	£	£	£
Profit	36,085	50,577	13,774	10,557
Brought forward ..	14,736	18,782	6,821	11,844
Available	50,821	69,359	20,595	22,401
Ordinary dividend ..	28,000 (5%)	42,000 (7½%)	10,000 (2½%)	10,000 (2½%)
To depreciation ..	—	5,678	2,000	2,000
Carried forward ..	22,121	17,981	8,595	6,901
Crop harvested (lb.) ..	3,361,874	2,890,800	1,192,334	819,000
Average price realised (per lb.)	—	—	8.87d.	9.77d.

The dividend of 2½ per cent. announced by Central Perak is only the third distribution its shareholders have received. Formed as recently as 1925, a dividend of 5 per cent. was paid for 1926, and another of 2½ per cent. for 1928.

Adverse Fire Insurance Results

After having paid modest dividends regularly for many years, the Gresham Fire and Accident Society has made no distribution for 1929, and yesterday Sir Reginald MacLeod, presiding at the annual meeting, described the adverse factors. These were chiefly a heavy claims ratio in the fire department, due not only to an increase in the number of fires, which, according to the statistics of the company, were higher by 25 per cent., but also to a doubling of the average cost of the outbreaks over the experience for 1928. Nearly every factor, he declared, which could contribute to an unfavourable experience in fire business seemed to be present—bad trade, a falling value of commodities, and intensified competition involving a decline in rates of premium tended to a diminution of income, which coincided with heavier losses than in recent years. Fortunately, the company did exceptionally well in its accident business, so that the profit transferred from this department was more than sufficient to balance the loss transferred from the fire account. At the end of the year there was depreciation in the value of the securities, although these were of the "highest class," which has since been recovered. Two-thirds of the capital of the Gresham Fire and Accident Society are held by the Gresham Life Assurance Society, and the chairman intimated that during the last 18 months there had been intensified co-operation between the two societies, the benefits of which had been reflected especially in the state of the home accident account.

CANADIAN NEWSPRINT FUSION

A scheme is announced for the amalgamation of the Anglo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Mills, of which Lord Rothermere is president, with the Canada Power and Paper Corporation, which is controlled by the Holt-Gundy group. No new capital issue is contemplated. The merger will be effected through the assumption by the Canada Power and Paper Corporation of the existing guarantee of the debentures of Anglo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Mills, the guaranteeing of the dividends on the Seven per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares, and the exchange of the Common shares of the Anglo-Canadian company for Common shares of Canada Power on the basis of 2½ shares of the capital stock of the latter for one Common share of the Anglo-Canadian company. Although the guarantee of the debentures is assumed by Canada Power, the holders will still have the guarantee of Daily Mirror Newspapers and of Sunday Pictorial Newspapers (1920).

The daily capacity production of the combined companies is stated to be approximately 2,500 tons of newsprint, plus a large tonnage of pulp, Kraft, and board papers.

STOCK EXCHANGE

A WEAK TONE

PRICES GENERALLY LOWER

The Stock Markets were dominated on their resumption yesterday by the severe break in prices that occurred during Whitsuntide in New York. Prices of the international group of Industrials opened substantially lower, and although making a fitful rally in the early afternoon, suffered in the Street from renewed selling, which caused another sharp break. The prevailing depression was accentuated by the continued weakness of copper, tin, and rubber; the last-named commodity reached the new low record of 6½d. to 6 3-16d. per lb. The influence of the recently-published reports was reflected in prices of Royal Mail and Hudson's Bay. Argentine Railway stocks weakened on the fall in the Buenos Aires exchange, and a further marking down occurred in the pre-Ordinary stocks of the United Railways of Havana.

The Five per Cent. War Loan (102¼) and the Five per Cent. Conversion Loan (103½) were supported, both stocks gaining ¼, but the GILT-EDGED market as a whole was dull, with fractional falls in Four per Cent. Consols, Four per Cent. Funding, and the Three-and-a-Half per Cent. and Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loans. Old Consols were weak, falling ⅛ to 54½, and there was selling of Treasury Bonds. India stocks were steady, gains of ¼ being marked in the Three-and-a-Half and Three per Cents. The HOME RAILWAY market remained in a state of neglect, and prices were quoted slightly lower all round. Traffic returns for last week will, it is hoped, reflect the favourable influence upon passenger receipts of fine weather. Underground Electric shares declined to 22s. 10½d. Canadian Pacific showed a fall of 3½ to 203. It was reported that a line of Four per Cent. Preference stock of the C.P.R. was on offer at 80, free of stamp duty.

In the FOREIGN market the tendency for European bonds was firm, rises occurring in one or two French loans, Berlin Six per Cents, Bulgarian and Polish Seven per Cents, and Portuguese Three per Cents. Chinese bonds weakened on the news of further fighting. Rumanian bonds were marked down as a precautionary measure on the news of the return of King Carol, but dealers reported that little or no stock came to market. Peruvian Corporation Preference rallied to 46. There were further falls in several ARGENTINE RAILWAY stocks, but Argentine North Eastern exceptionally was firmer at 28½. A further general marking down was made of the pre-Ordinary stocks of the United of Havana.

The OIL market was heavy in sympathy with the tone of advices from America. Falls of ½ were shown by Anglo-Persian (4½) and Burmah (4½). Creole fell 5-32 to 1 11-32, and Lobitos were easier at 2 1-16. Under the influence of a further fall in the commodity to the new record price of 6½d.-6 3-16d. the RUBBER market remained weak, though movements in share prices were few and narrow.

ANGLO-AMERICAN SHARES WEAK

The Industrial Market was dominated by the fresh weakness reported from Wall-street. A fall of a general character took place in the International group. Nickel, after being 29⅞ in the morning, fell to 28⅞ on receipt of early New York advices, and following a rally to 29⅛ broke sharply in the Street, where the shares fell to 26. Brazilian Traction touched 45 sellers in the early afternoon, and after recovery to 46⅛ went back after hours to about 45. Columbia Graphophone, which opened at 4 7-16 to 4½, weakened to 4 5-16 sellers. Radio, which rallied in the early afternoon to 42½, having been 41½ offered during the morning, gave way after hours to 40½. Hydro Electric touched 43, but rallied to 44, and Gramophone fell in the late dealings to 4 5-32. There were dealers in a number of textile, electrical engineering, and motor shares. Kreuger and Toll fell 1½ to 28½. Unilever were not better than 29, and United Molasses declined to 3 3-16. Royal Mail Ordinary were quoted 2 points lower at 15½. Cables and Wireless stocks continued weak; the "A" stock closed 2 points lower at 38. Hudson's Bay were offered on the report, the shares giving way 5-16 to 5½. Sudan Plantations were lower at 2 19-32. The publication of the report was followed by a decline in the Ordinary and Preference shares of Crosse and Blackwell.

Rhodesian copper shares were affected by the slump in New York and by the further fall in copper. Congo Border touched 14½, closing 1½ lower on the day at 15. N'Changa showed a fall of 5-16 on balance at 2⅞, the shares having touched 2⅝. Bwana fell to 15s., closing at 15s. 3d., or 7½d. down on the day. De Beers gave way to 7⅞, and South African gold shares were dull as a whole, though Sub Nigel and Daggafontein reflected the presence of buyers. Rio Tinto fell 1½ to 36½.

AUSTRALIAN INTERNAL LOAN

£10,000,000 AT SIX PER CENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, JUNE 10

The Commonwealth Loan Council has decided to approach the Australian market for a loan of £10,000,000. The loan, which is to be issued at par, will bear interest at 6 per cent., and will have a currency of eight years.

DEBENHAMS' REPORT

LOWER PROFITS

The directors of Debenhams, Limited, report that the trading profit for the year ended January 31 last shows a reduction of £34,067, the results having been affected adversely by the world-wide financial crisis and the subsequent general depression. Further, no dividend having been included from Drapery Trust (which company is controlled by Debenhams), the profits earned and dividends received, after payment of Debenture interest, amount to £712,764, as compared with £962,444 for the preceding year. The dividends on the First and Second Preference shares and the Preferred Ordinary shares take £380,000, a sum of £35,677 (against £50,961) is allocated to participation fund, the dividend on the "A" Ten per Cent. Ordinary shares requires £120,000, and the balance of £177,087 represents the dividend on the "B" Ordinary shares. The last-mentioned figure compares with £416,597 a year ago.

The directors of Drapery Trust have informed the board of Debenhams that the trading results for the year ended May 31, 1930, show an improvement, but that the dividend recommended to be paid on the Ordinary shares will be reduced to 7 per cent. (against 10 per cent. for 1928-29) in consequence of a loss incurred through the failure of Austin Friars Trust. Upon the receipt of this dividend the board of Debenhams propose to make such further distribution to Debenhams Securities (which owns all the issued Ordinary shares of Debenhams) as will enable that company to pay a final dividend of 3½d. per 5s. share, less tax, making with the interim already paid, 12½ per cent., less tax, as against 20 per cent. for 1928-29.

With a view to the inclusion of the results of Drapery Trust in the accounts, the directors of Debenhams propose that the financial year shall end on July 31, and the next balance-sheet and accounts will be made up to July 31, 1931. This will not affect the dates of the payment of the dividends on the Preference and Preferred Ordinary shares. Meeting, June 19.

ROAN ANTELOPE DEBENTURE ISSUE

The forthcoming issue of £1,500,000 Roan Antelope Copper Mines, Limited Seven per Cent. 15-Year Debenture stock will be made to-morrow, and copies of the prospectus will be available this afternoon. Allottees will have the option to subscribe at any time up to June 30, 1935, to 50 shares of the company at the price of £2 per share for every £100 of Debenture stock allotted. Option Certificates will be transferable independently of the Debenture stock. The Debenture stock will be redeemed by 1945 at latest by drawings at 105 per cent., or prior purchases below that price. Messrs. Cull and Co. guarantee to subscribe or to procure subscriptions for the whole of the issue, and have procured subscriptions for £1,000,000 of the stock, which will be allotted in full on the terms of the prospectus.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Pressed Steel Company of Great Britain was held yesterday, when special resolutions were passed giving effect (subject to confirmation by the Court) to arrangements whereby the directors of Morris Motors, Limited, who are also directors of the company, will retire from the board of the company and the share interests of Morris Motors, Limited, will be either taken over by other interests or surrendered to the company.

MONEY MARKET

LOAN RATES HIGHER

FALL IN FRENCH EXCHANGE

Money was in keen demand in Lombard-street yesterday. Payments for Treasury Bills were understood to be heavy, while "window-dressing" operations by several of the large banks took a good deal of money off the short loan market. The general charge for both new and old loans was 2 per cent., but 2½ per cent., and even occasionally 2¾ per cent., were also paid for fresh accommodation. Under the influence of dearer money discount rates were firm, brokers refusing to purchase three months fine bank bills below 2 3-16 per cent. A small demand, partly on Continental account, was reported at 2 5-32 per cent. and at 2¼ per cent. The £500,000 in sovereigns which has arrived by the latest mail steamer from the Cape was sent into the Bank of England. A feature in the Foreign Exchange market was a sharp fall in the French exchange, which closed at only 123.72f. The movement was due to a change in the fineness of the gold sold by the Bank of England, a matter to which reference is made in "City Notes."

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).			
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2—2½	2	2⅝—2¾	2⅝	2⅝—2⅝	2⅝
Discount (Treasury Bills).			(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths. %	3 Mths. %	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2⅝	2⅝	3—3⅛	3⅛—3⅛	3⅛—4

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The additional expense to be incurred in sending gold from London to Paris owing to the change in the fineness of the metal sold by the Bank of England caused an adjustment in the French exchange in accordance with the new gold point, and the Paris rate closed at 123.72f., compared with 123.89½f. on Saturday. The Swiss rate declined in sympathy, being finally 25.07½f., against 25.09½f. There was a slight decline in the New York rate, which closed at $4.85 13-16. Italian lire were cheaper, the Milan rate being 92.78½l., and further depreciation occurred in the Spanish peseta, the Madrid rate closing at 40.28p., compared with 40.20p. At 20.36½m. the German exchange was unaltered. The Chinese exchanges were higher, the Hong-kong rate at 1s. 3⅛d. and the Shanghai rate at 1s. 7 9-16d. Among the South American exchanges a sharp decline to 42 11-32d. occurred in the Argentine rate. A slight recovery occurred in Peruvian currency.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'nge	June 10	June 7
New York	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.85⅛-15/16	4.85⅞-86
Montreal ..	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.85⅛-86	4.85⅛-86
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.65-90	123.88-91
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81-34.82	34.80½-81¼
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.75-92.80	92.74-92.77
Zürich	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.07½-09¼	25.09½-10¼
Athens	Dr. to £	375	374¼-376	374¼-375½
Helsingfors ..	M. to £	193.23	192¾-193	192¾-193
Madrid	Pts. to £	25.2215	40.15-40.31	40.05-40.20
Lisbon	Escu. to £	—	108⅞-108¾	106⅛-106⅜
Amsterd'm ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.08-08½	12.08-08¾
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.38-39¼	20.38½-39¼
Vienna	Sch. to £	24.581	34.42-34.46	34.42-34.45
Budapest ..	Pen. to £	27.82	27.75-27.80	27.76-27.81
Prague	Kr. to £	164.25	163¾-164	163¾-163⅞
Warsaw	Zloty to£	43.38	43.32-43.36	43.32-43.36
Wien	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.18-25.23
Bucharest ..	Lei to £	813.6	817-819	817-819
Const'ople ..	Pst. to £	110	1,025†	1,025†
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	25.2215	274¾-275¼	274¼-275¼
Kovno	Lit. to £	48.66	485/8-485/8	485/8-485/8
Riga	Lev. to £	573.859	665-675	665-675
Reval	E.Kr.to£	18.159	18.20-18.27	18.22-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15-18.15¾	18.15-18.15¾
Stockholm ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.10-18.10⅝	18.10-18.10⅝
Copenh'g'n ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15½-16¼	18.15½-16¼
Alexandria ..	Pst. to £	97¼	97⅛-97¼	97⅛-97¼
Bombay	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16
Calcutta	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16
Madras	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16	1/5 29/32-1/5 15/16
Hong-kong ..	Per dol.	—	1/3 1/16-1/3 1/16	1/3-1/3 1/16
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2/0 1/2-2/0 7/16	2/0 11/32-2/0 7/16
Shanghai ..	Per tael	—	1/6 1/4-1/7 1/16	1/6 1/4-1/7 1/16
Singapore ..	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 31/32-2/3 32/32	2/3 31/32-2/3 32/32
Batavia	FL to £	12.107	12.07½-07¾	12.06⅞-07¼
Manila	Per dol.	24.066d.	2/0 5/16	2/0 5/16
R. de Jan. ..	Per mil.	5.9990d.	5¾-5 31/32	5 29/32-5 15/16
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.577d.	42 31/32-42 7/16	42 9/16-42 5/16
Valpar'iso†	8 to £	40	39.88	39.88
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	44 7/8-45 1/8	45 1/8-45 5/8
Lima†	Soles to £	12.166	12.95	13.02½
Mexico	Pesos to£	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilisation at $2.90-$3.03 to 100kr. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On:—				
Australia	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	93 2 15	92 3 9
Africa & Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 0	97 10 0	96 17 6

SELLING RATES

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On:—		
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
	£		£
June 5	Nil	June 5—	
		Bar gold ..	151
June 6	Nil	June 6	Nil
June 7	Nil	June 7	Nil
June 10—		June 10	Nil
Sovs.	500,000		
Foreign gold coin	14	Net influx ..	499,863
Total	£500,014	Total ..	£500,014

Net influx for 1930 to date, £10,045,826; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the bullion market the price of bar gold remained at 84s. 11¼d. per oz. The mail steamer from Cape Town due to reach this country on June 23 has on board £297,963 in bar gold.

The price of bar silver was advanced 1-16d. to 16½d. per oz. for cash, and 16 11-16d. for forward delivery. China and India both bought and sold, but at the close buyers appeared to be satisfied.

BULLION AND SPECIE

Imports of gold into Great Britain and Northern Ireland registered from mid-day on June 5 to mid-day on June 7 amounted to £70,000 (from Australia), while exports amounted to £48,762. In the same period imports of silver amounted to £189,792 and exports amounted to £221,644.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⅝	2-2½
New York	3	2⅜-2½	3
Paris	2½	2⅜	2
Berlin	4½	3½	3½-5½
Swiss Bank places	3	2⅜	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam ..	3	1¾	1
Brussels	3	2¾	1¾

Revenue Return and Foreign Bank returns will be found on page 23

AFFAIRS OF AN AMERICAN BANK

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 10

The Cosmopolitan Bank and Trust Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, was closed to-day by order of the State Superintendent of Banks after the discovery of a deficiency of over $575,000 in the account of one of the bank's largest depositors, the Cincinnati branch of Henry L. Doherty Company, dealers in public utility securities. The bank reported its capital on March 27 as only $637,777.

Mr. Amos W. Shafer, former district manager of the Doherty organization, is under arrest, charged with embezzlement from the company. It is alleged that he lost over $1,000,000 of the company's and its customers' money in stock market gambling.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES

MELBOURNE, June 10.—At to-day's wool sale of the final series of the Victorian 1929-30 selling season, 8,800 bales were offered. The selection was an average one, and competition was hardly so keen and general as at the close of the previous sales. Better class merino and comeback were strongly supported by the Continent and Japan; any change in price was in buyers' favour. Topmaking and inferior sorts were easier.—*Reuter.*

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

DECLINE AND RECOVERY

NEW YORK, June 10.—Selling to-day was again in heavy volume, but the market showed more resistance, and weakness in the early part of the day was replaced later by a much stronger tone. Sales were returned at 4,773,000 shares.

Yesterday's precipitous declines which forced the industrial stock averages down to 250.76, as compared with 258.31 when the early May reaction culminated, severely impaired margin accounts and resulted in renewed heavy liquidation at the opening. The heaviness of outside selling indicated that the public is being impressed by the reiterated "bearish" emphasis on the uncertainty of the outlook, and particularly the stress which is being placed on the prospects of decreasing earnings of many high-grade companies. Westinghouse Electric was again under pressure, and although investment scale-down buying in such issues as Steel Common and American Can induced "bear" covering there was no apparent subsidence in the selling movement. The market during the greater part of the morning was irregular and fluctuating nervously though there were evidences of a slightly better feeling. Towards midday the publication of the steel tonnage figures showing a smaller decrease than expected started a general rally.

Reports that operations in the steel industry show no further decline stimulated strong "bull" support in the afternoon, which disclosed generally oversold market conditions, and the list rallied briskly under active covering by nervous shorts. The close was firm.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	June 10	June 9
			$	$
MONTREAL on—				
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅞	4.85⅞
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85 11/16
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85 27/32	4.85 29/32
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.83 19/32	4.83 21/32
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85 5/16	4.85 5/16
Seven days ..	£1	—	4.85	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92¼	3.92¼
Rome, cables ..	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight ..	100fl.	40.20	40.16	40.16
Oslo, cables ..	100kr.	26.80	26.77½	26.76½
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.84½	26.84½
Copenhag'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76¾	26.75¾
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96¾	2.96¾
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95¼	13.95¼
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.37½	19.36¼
Madrid, cables ..	100pe.	19.30	12.04	12.10
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.07	14.11	14.11
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.49¼	17.49
Belgrade, cables..	100din.	19.30	1.77	1.76⅞
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.30	1.29¼	1.29¼
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	37.86	37.99
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.72	11.72

RAILWAYS

Closing Prices			Closing Prices		
—	June 10	June 9	—	June 10	June 9
Atchison ..	218½	218	Int. C. Amer	25	—
Atl. Coast L.	165	165	Kansas City	70⅞	71
B. & O. ..	109½	108½	Louisville	130	134
Do., Pref.	82⅝	82¼	Minn. S. P.	20	23
Brooklyn			Miss. Pac.	81	72½
M. T'rlt	69¼	67⅜	Do., Pref.	128	125
Can. Pac.	196½	197	Mex. Int. Pf.	1	1⅛
Cent. N.J.	251¼	250	Do., 2 Pf.	3/8	7/8
Ches. & O.	207	205	N.Y. Cent.	169½	166
Ch. G.W.	13	12	N.Y. Chic. & St. L.	76	74⅜
Do., Pref.	43½	41¼	N. Pacific	78¼	77⅛
Ch. Ind. & L.	27	25⅞	Penn'a	47⅜	46½
Ch. Mil. St. P.	17⅝	17¼	Reading	112⅝	111
Ch. Rock Is.	107	105¼	S.L. & S.F.	104½	102
Del. & Hud.	169¼	167¼	S.L. & S.W.	70	64
Del., Lack.	120⅜	118	S. Pacific	118	116⅛
Erie	41⅞	41⅛	Southern	107	105
Do., 1st Pf.	63¼	63¼	Texas	98	96⅛
G.N., Pref.	87	86	U. Pacific	220½	220½
Ill. Cent. ..	125⅛	124	Do., Pref.	86⅜	86⅛
Interboro'			Wabash ..	41	41
Rapid Tr.	28½	27	Do., Pf. A	78	78

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	145½	139	Int. Paper	24⅜	24
Allied Chem	295	285	Int. Tele.	58	56
Am. Agric. Ch., Pref.	29	29	Kennecott	45⅛	44½
Am. and F. Pwr. ..	78¾	74	K'ger, 5%	29⅜	28⅝
Am. Can.	153⅝	132½	Lingette'l	29⅜	30
Am. Loco.	55¼	55⅛	Loose Wile	41⅞	41
Am. Rolling Mills ..	65	63½	MackTrcks.	68¼	66½
Am. Smelt.	68¾	68¾	Montg'y W.	41⅞	40⅜
Am. Sug. R.	60	59	Nash. Mtrs.	38¾	38
Am. Tel.	225	220	Nat. Biscu.	99	84½
Am. Tob.	245	240	Nat. Cash R.	120½	120½
Am. Woo'n	13	12⅝	Nat. Dairy	56¾	55⅛
Anaconda	56	55⅞	N. Amer.	115½	113¾
Armour D.	9⅝	9⅝	Packard ..	15⅝	15⅜
As Dry Gds.	39½	38½	Pan-A. Pet.	59½	58
At'tic Ref.	39⅛	38¾	Pub. Ser., N.J.	107	103½
Baldwins	23

COMPANY MEETINGS

ANTOFAGASTA (CHILI) AND BOLIVIA RAILWAY COMPANY

THE YEAR'S OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

CONTINUED PROGRESS

FURTHER IMPROVEMENT IN TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

DIVIDEND OF 7 PER CENT.

THE NITRATE INDUSTRY REORGANIZATION

ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE CHILIAN GOVERNMENT

COPPER AND TIN MARKET CONDITIONS

MR. A. W. BOLDEN'S REVIEW

The FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Antofagasta (Chili) and Bolivia Railway Company, Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

Mr. A. W. BOLDEN (the chairman and managing director) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. C. Cowley) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—The directors' report and accounts for the year ended December 31 last having been in your hands for some days I assume you will, as usual, agree to take them as read. (Agreed.)

FEATURES OF THE YEAR'S WORKING

There were certain features of the past year's working which under all the circumstances must afford some satisfaction. Gross receipts of £1,997,328 exceeded those of the previous year by £155,486, and it is interesting to record that that year in turn had showed an increase of £151,872 over the gross receipts for the year 1927. I wish we could keep up such a steady increase, but perhaps that is a little too much to expect, and I give you the figures because of their statistical interest.

You have seen by what classes of traffic the improvement in the gross receipts was brought about, nitrate, copper, and tin, the items which constitute our chief down traffics, all having contributed. Nitrate gave 638,101 tons, as compared with 614,085 tons in 1928. As a matter of fact, in the early part of the year we were hopeful of even a better tonnage than actually resulted, but later there were signs of a reorganization in the industry, large stocks existed in the consuming countries, and with the somewhat depressed conditions in the world of various classes of agriculture in which the Chilian fertiliser is used, sales of nitrate fell off, and these reasons combined resulted in a lesser movement of nitrate in the second half of the year and a tendency towards decreasing production.

COPPER AND TIN TRAFFICS

In copper our chief traffic is in the bars of practically pure copper which are carried down from the Chile Exploration Company's large establishment at Chuquicamata, near Calama, and our tonnage in that traffic was 137,596, compared with 119,510 in 1928. During the major portion of the year the conditions of the copper market were satisfactory, and the traffic in the ore was also good, but here again conditions changed towards the end of the year and we found ourselves facing a decreasing tonnage.

In tin a similar condition arose, although we did not feel the effects of this until really the commencement of the present year, and I am sure it is of interest to you to emphasize that mainly as a result of the increased output of the mines of the Patiño Mines and Enterprises Consolidated Incorporated, which are very important producers, the results of the great and successful labours for many years past of Don Simon Patiño, our traffic in tin from Bolivia for the year 1929 constituted a record in our history.

We carried 104,714 tons of high-grade tin and low-grade tin ores, the tonnage of the high-grade tin being 67,661. This latter comes in the form of Barrilla of a "ley" of about 60 per cent. to 65 per cent.; that is the percentage of pure tin content. On a conservative estimate the Barrilla would be worth well over £6,000,000, and I may say we transported it an average distance of some 550 miles without a single claim for loss of any description. You will agree, I think, that is a tribute to our organization out there. (Hear, hear.)

In up traffic the principal increases were brought about by the requirements of the mines in Bolivia and the Chuquicamata establishment of the Chile Exploration Company necessitated by their improved outputs of their minerals.

We carried 196,430 tons of fuel oil in 1929, as against 179,447 tons in 1928, whilst coal, which averages only about one-fourth the tonnage of fuel oil, showed a small increase also.

There was a large increase in mining articles, tools, implements, &c., the tonnage being 106,158, against 72,409 tons in 1928.

RAIL SERVICES AND ROAD COMPETITION

Our passenger traffic was well maintained, and although there was a slight decrease in numbers there was a small increase in receipts, longer distances travelled in some cases compensating for the lesser movement in second-class passengers, chiefly in the nitrate district.

The excess luggage and parcels traffic was well maintained, giving a small increase over 1928, and, as I told you last year, we have done all we can so far to meet competition from road traffic. The speeding up of our parcels service and rearrangement of the tariffs bases have had good effect. Many of the roads are poor in the northern districts of Chili, chiefly those which we here would not designate as main roads, and this has a considerable adverse effect on the lorries and makes their running costs high. But we are not merely going to remain satisfied because of that adventitious aid, and you may rest assured that we shall continue to take what steps are necessary to secure to ourselves in every reasonable way possible such traffic as there is offering. (Hear, hear.)

WORKING EXPENSES

The working expenses for the past year exceeded those of 1928 by £139,342, the percentage of operation costs to gross receipts for the railway and waterworks combined being 62.54 per cent., as compared with 60.26 per cent. in the preceding year; naturally with the increased tonnage carried one would look for increased expenditure. I think it is better for me to deal in detail with the expenses of the railway side of the business only, because, although there was an increase in expenditure in the maintenance and operation of our moles and waterworks, the more important figures are concerned with the railway. The abstracts of expenditure which are printed in the report for your guidance as to details will have shown you that in all of them, except Abstract E, "Locomotive Running Expenses," there were increases; in some cases slight, in others somewhat appreciable. But, as stated in the body of our report, one of the main causes was the additional allocations in the abstract to charges for debenture amortization.

The contributions to the renewal funds were on the same bases as for 1928, and it is largely in Abstract A. "Maintenance of Permanent Way and Works" that you will find the chief increase in ordinary expenditure.

CONDITION OF PERMANENT WAY

Repairs to buildings and fixed plant required additional expenditure. Wages on permanent way maintenance were some £15,000 in excess of the previous year, whilst there are higher charges for sleepers and accessories put into the permanent way, the explanation for which is as we have said in the report—the change of gauge obviously caused disturbance to the track, and it was necessary to provide promptly for safe running, so that increased attention had to be given to getting the permanent way back into its former good condition. A new track, or a rearranged track as ours was, takes time to settle, and perhaps we may be said to have had a little more difficult task than if it had been a track newly constructed, where traffic had not developed to any great extent. We had to carry, as you realize, a larger traffic than in the previous year; in fact, quite fairly intense on certain sections, and I am glad to say all this was done without any untoward event of any description—a tribute, I am sure you will agree, to our engineers. (Cheers.)

I will deal briefly with the financial results. The net receipts—that is, the balance of revenue account—were £748,161; I will quote amounts to the nearest pound. Then there was brought into account £194,349, as a result of 2½ years' interest on the Five per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds which we own in the Bolivia Railway Company. I will refer to this again later. Income from the other investments and certain discounts realized £25,560, and to this item I will refer again later.

Registration fees, £435, and the balance brought forward from 1928 of £241,616 give a total of £1,210,121 on the credit side.

BOARD'S CONSERVATIVE FINANCIAL POLICY

Your directors decided that there must be no question about our continuance of the conservative financial policy of the company followed hitherto, and an appropriation was made in favour of the reserve account of £100,000; I feel sure you will all agree to this. (Hear, hear.) To the staff benevolent fund was allocated £15,000, and here again I am sure we shall have your approval. (Hear, hear.) As a reserve for income-tax, chiefly in view of the increased rate of tax brought about by the Government's recent Budget, we allocated £35,000, and we have written off the whole of the £15,787 representing charges for stamp duty and expenses on issue of the Consolidated Ordinary stock which you authorized last year. All these allocations total £165,787, and there has to be added the interest on our Debenture stocks, the full year's dividend on the Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference stock, and the interim dividend of 3 per cent. on the Consolidated Ordinary stock, a total of £522,908. This left us with £521,426, and, as announced in the report, we now ask your approval to our recommendation for a final dividend of 4 per cent. on the Consolidated Ordinary stock, making 7 per cent. for the year, which will require £256,614, and will leave a balance to be carried forward to the year 1930 of £264,812 7s. 4d.

That deals with the general operating and financial results of the past year, and I think I have referred to these in sufficient detail.

I want to take you to the balance-sheet for a few moments. The new Companies Act, that is, the one passed last year, requires us to make two statements, the first that no profits from subsidiary companies have been taken to credit and that provision has been made in our accounts to meet our proportion of a loss incurred by the Chilian Northern Railway Company.

The second statement is that with regard to the item of "directors' fees paid to the company and its subsidiaries," all that is included in that item has been duly authorized by you in general meeting from time to time.

RESERVE ACCOUNTS

I will deal first with the debit side of the balance-sheet. The reserve account now stands at £850,000. Last year the balance was £1,100,000, but we capitalized £400,000 of that, leaving on the account £700,000; to that has been added the £100,000 allocated out of last year's profits and there has been transferred to reserve an item of £50,000, which hitherto has been shown in our balance-sheet under the heading of "working capital." There did not seem very much point in continuing such an item separately when we remember that our issued Debenture and Ordinary capital is over £13,000,000 with a capital account overspent of £893,000, and I think you will agree that we have put that small reserve created many years ago in what is really its proper place.

The renewal accounts now total £974,317; of the previous balance of £1,426,688 we capitalized £426,688 as a result of our last year's consolidated stock proposals. These renewal accounts have been credited with £93,490 during the year 1929 by the charges to working expenses, while £119,172 has been debited in respect of expenditure and assets withdrawn from service, and thus we arrive at the total shown in the balance-sheet.

The Debenture amortization reserve account of £686,350 is reduced by £27,650, but I will explain the reason for that presently. The "sundry creditors, specific reserves, and reserves for contingencies" appears a somewhat large total, but it is less than last year, where the London item was substantially larger, while those for Chili and Bolivia are more or less equal in both years.

AMPLE RESERVE FOR INCOME-TAX

The London item contains an ample reserve for income-tax and also an amount payable to the Bolivia Railway Company as rental for their lines, which will be liquidated as due during the current year. In Chile the items are really normal trading accounts with a few reserves to meet local liabilities, while in Bolivia the largest item is a renewal fund of £212,755 in respect of the Bolivia Railway Company's lines which we operate.

The amount due to a subsidiary company of £235,872 is a current account balance with the Aguas Blancas Railway, which is explained by our having, over the long period of years during which we have operated that company's line, dealt with its receipts and expenditure in current account.

On the credit side of the balance-sheet the over-expenditure on capital account, although remaining an appreciable sum in itself, is considerably reduced compared with last year by reason of the capitalization arrangements dealt with at our last general meeting.

Sundry debtors, &c., in the aggregate are more or less the same as last year and really call for no comment, and those remarks apply to stores, provisions, &c.

The item "amounts due from subsidiary companies," £59,064, is shown separately instead of among the sundry debtors' items, and represents amounts due to us by the Bolivia Railway Company and by the Chilian Northern Railway Company under the agreement we have with that company for operating the northern section of the Chilian Longitudinal Railway.

THE ANDES TRUST, LIMITED

Taken together, the items of "investments," £431,550, and "shareholdings in subsidiary companies," £2,000,000, total about £4,000 more than the item of "investments" in last year's balance-sheet. The £2,000,000 represents the investments which we transferred to the Andes Trust, Limited, the trust company which I explained to you last year was about to be formed to take care of certain assets which we intended to segregate under the whole scheme which you then authorized. The Andes Trust is, of course, owned and controlled by this company, and its directors are the same. I do not think I need go farther into its objects, which I explained to you fully last year, but I would add that no income from the investments held by that company has been brought into our revenue account in respect of the past year.

I would particularly call your attention to the disappearance of the item of £209,650, which for a few years figured as "difference between nominal amounts of Seven-and-a-Half per Cent Notes and Five per Cent (Bolivia) Debenture stock issued in exchange," and appeared on the credit side of the balance-sheet as an asset. Of course, it was no real asset. In September, 1921, you may remember, we had to issue notes to provide ourselves with cash, and an option was given to the noteholders to take Bolivia Debenture stock at a discount in lieu of cash in repayment of the notes. The option was exercised, with the resultant difference to which I have referred. That has now been written off against Debenture amortization reserve account, and having got that out of the way, I think we may call our balance-sheet what is technically known as "clean." (Hear, hear.)

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

Perhaps before terminating my remarks on the accounts, I should refer to the capital expenditure account. There was a net credit of £24,747, brought about by credits to capital account exceeding expenditure during the year. There were credits on account of rolling stock withdrawn from service and/or sold as a result of the change of gauge, and for materials returned to stores, being surplus material upon completion of certain capital works—principally the change of gauge—and which when originally issued was debited to the capital work.

The expenditure included the acquisition of a building in Antofagasta purchased from Sr. Patiño, which, at an opportune time, we propose to convert into offices for our administration; the construction of the new station building at La Paz now nearing completion, which we believe will provide a station commensurate with all requirements there; and five new passenger locomotives and three locomotives of the Garratt type for Bolivia were added to our locomotive stock.

I would now occupy your attention for a little on a few general subjects.

CONDITIONS IN NITRATE INDUSTRY

Conditions in the nitrate industry have been a subject for much discussion recently. Sales for the current nitrate year to 30th inst. may eventually total nearly those of the previous year, and every effort I am sure has been made by the Chilian Government and the Nitrate Producers' Association to maintain a favourable position in the world's markets for Chilian nitrate of soda, and it has not done badly when world trade conditions are taken into account. The Chilian Government, however, fully determined to give every opportunity to our wonderful fertilizer to be in a position to compete with the synthetic products, has continued to discuss with the responsible parties in the industry methods for improving the future outlook, and I have little doubt you are all acquainted with the latest turn of events.

THE "COSANA" COMPANY

The Chilian nitrate industry is to be rationalized, if one may use the new popular word, by the formation of a company with its headquarters in Chili, which shall take over existing nitrate oficinas and grounds. The new entity is to be called Cia. Salitrera Nacional, and has been christened for short "Cosana." The total capital contemplated is £122,000,000 sterling, and I gather it may be distributed as follows:—

1. For the assumption by "Cosana" of all debts, Debentures and Preference shares of the going concerns which are to be absorbed.. This £30,000,000 will be a first charge.		£30,000,000
2. Preferred working capital for existing plants and for construction and operation of two new process plants ..		17,000,000
3. To the Chilian Government, in Ordinary shares ..		37,500,000
4. 7% Cumulative Preference shares ..	£12,500,000	
Ordinary shares	25,000,000	37,500,000
Total		£122,000,000

The last item of £37,500,000 is for the companies and going concerns to be taken over in addition to the £30,000,000 under No. 1.

CONFIDENCE IN SUCCESS OF NEW SCHEME

It is a large capital, but those responsible for the scheme are confident of success, and one can agree that there will surely be many opportunities for economy in production costs and marketing by the unified arrangement. The Government are to transfer to the new company nitrate grounds with a total content of 150,000,000 tons of nitrate, and, therefore, if all the existing companies accept the offers of Cosana to take them over, all nitrate hereafter produced will be under the one control. Instead of duties on the export of nitrate as collected hitherto by the Government, and which have meant large contributions to the revenue of Chili, the dividends on the Government's shares in the new company will provide the Government with its revenue, although I understand that up to the year 1933 certain guaranteed payments are to be made to the Government against those dividends.

The Guggenheim interests, under whose aegis a new process was introduced and has been worked at an oficina called "Maria Elena," on the Tocopilla pampa, are the prime movers with the Chilian Government in the new arrangement, and you know of the Guggenheim's combination with the Lautaro Nitrate Company some time ago.

The intention of Cosana, I believe, is to continue to work the best oficinas in Chili under the old Shanks process of extracting nitrate from the "caliche," until new and large units with the Guggenheim process are installed—a procedure which will presumably be gradual.

If any of the existing oficinas were to refuse to join the new combination, which I believe is scarcely likely to be the case, I gather they would have to pay duties when exporting the nitrate they produced, but I think we may assume that the new arrangement may to all intents and purposes be said to be certain to be carried into effect.

SYNTHETIC AND NATURAL PRODUCERS

The production, shipment, propaganda, and sale of nitrate being thus under one direction, with the Chilian Government financially interested, the future of the new company seems undoubtedly to point to everything being done to place Chilian nitrate in as favourable a position as possible to meet its competitors, and the one thing I could hope for would be an understanding with the synthetic producers, which, I feel, could not be anything but advantageous to everybody—producers, consumers, and shareholders. Chilian nitrate of soda for certain purposes is undoubtedly supreme as a fertilizer, and any understanding between the synthetic and natural producers should ensure the particular class of fertilizer required being obtainable at a reasonable and at the same time stable price.

So far as this railway is concerned I see no reason why the Antofagasta pampa should not continue to produce an appreciable portion of the total output of Chili, and with the very good service we give we could easily handle all that is offering to us, whilst at the same time I may claim that the tariffs of our railway are at a reasonably low level.

Whilst on this subject I think I should refer briefly to the tariff rebates which are still in force on our railway for nitrate and coal and petroleum used in the production of nitrate. We are maintaining the rebates of 10 per cent., 10 per cent., and 15 per cent. respectively, introduced from July 1, 1927. In November last, with the outlook for nitrate for the current year somewhat uncertain, the board informed the Chilian Government that in order to continue to assist the industry we were prepared to continue the rebates for the current year, and this is being done.

COPPER POSITION

Another important traffic for us from Chili is copper, and here again the market position for the metal is not so good as it was a year ago, judging, at any rate, by the price. The chief output, as you know, in our districts is from the Anaconda Company's property at Chuquicamata, and although during 1929 we carried a very large tonnage of these copper bars, so far in the present year the output has been decreased. However, there can be no question about the huge reserves of ore, and all my information goes to show that the establishment is a cheap producer, so that with any recovery or sustained satisfactory price in the metal our traffic from there should be good.

PRICE OF TIN

Tin is another important commodity which we carry from Bolivia, and here I am afraid we are faced with an unsatisfactory position. Last year we had a record tonnage in tin from Bolivia, and had the price kept up to anything round about £200 per ton I believe we should have continued to carry large tonnages, but you all are aware of the present unremunerative market price to the majority of producers. I felt interested in looking up the market price of tin for several years back, and my records show that in 1905 the price was about £130 in the first half of that year. However, all costs of production are higher than they were then, so that an equivalent price to-day could not mean the same margin of profit to the producer.

You will be aware that a Tin Producers' Association has been formed, and I understand it embraces a large percentage of all the important producers, Señor Patiño, a gentleman well known to you, being one of the leading members. If the association has the effect of stabilizing the output and arranging a selling price on a reasonable basis, which I assume are its objects, then it can only be to the advantage of the consumer. A selling price which is unremunerative to the miner can only result in the weaker mines closing down and demand after a time exceeding supply, with a consequent rise in price to the detriment of the consumer. Wide fluctuations, as we have seen in other commodities, only bring about unsatisfactory conditions in the long run.

As a result of the low price of tin, difficulties have arisen for several of the mines in Bolivia, and we have offered to assist the situation there by granting certain tariff rebates based on the market price of tin with the percentages of rebates scaled in accordance with the selling price. As the selling price improves, so the rebates would become less. The board have made their proposals to the Bolivian Government through the general manager, and these are still under consideration.

BOLIVIA RAILWAY COMPANY

I informed you last year of the position with regard to the state of affairs of the Bolivia Railway Company arising out of the reorganization plan arranged with the Bolivian Government in January, 1928. So far holders of about 86 per cent. of the First Mortgage bonds held by others than the Antofagasta Company have given their assent to the plan, so that you will see only a relatively small amount is outstanding, some of which may even be accounted for by deceased holders and by the difficulty in getting into communication with holders of bearer securities.

The legal documents are not all yet executed, but matters are being urged forward as much as possible in what has proved a complicated question, and we hope that new bonds with their coupons will be ready by October next for those bondholders who have accepted the scheme. Meantime, interest up to December 31 last has been paid to the accepting bondholders, and our share of that interest, you have already observed, has been brought into account in the past year.

The construction of the Potosi-Sucre Railway line is not yet completed, but the Bolivian Government having raised funds we are continuing construction for their account. The work unfortunately was delayed, and in part considerably damaged, by the very heavy falls of rain during the last rainy season in Bolivia, and it was doubly unfortunate that that particular district suffered more than other parts by the excessive rainfall. As you will imagine, with a newly constructed line not consolidated in any way it would be bound to suffer more than if it had been a line already completed for some years.

CHANGE OF GAUGE

With experience of the working of the metre gauge system, we shall be able to adjust our time-table and generally, I hope, secure some economy in working, especially as results from the new tank locomotives for goods services show them to be appreciably more economical than engines we were able to employ on the 2ft. 6in. gauge, that is, by comparing the cost of their operation in units of work done. As I mentioned in connexion with the working expenses of last year the track required a certain amount of consolidation and will yet settle down better in the course of a little more time.

THE OUTLOOK

So far the gross receipts from our railway and waterworks for the current year to the 1st inst. show a decrease of £231,325, compared with the corresponding period of 1929, and it is a little difficult to forecast the rest of the year.

The reorganization of the nitrate industry must take some time, but as sales of nitrate have been relatively small since the beginning of the year we are not without hope that requirements may improve in the second half of this year, which, with the movement of stocks in consuming centres, would create a movement in stocks from the pampa down to the ports.

I have already referred to copper and tin and I hesitate to say anything more.

I can, however, give you the assurance which you have had in previous years, when we have been suffering from a diminution in traffics, that everything will be done which is reasonably possible in order to economize. (Hear, hear.)

FILM OF THE RAILWAY

I should like to tell you that in conjunction with the *Chilean Review* we have taken a stand at the Ideal Holidays Exhibition, which is to be held at the Agricultural Hall, Islington, during the fortnight commencing the 20th inst., and in connexion therewith a three-reel film, descriptive of our railway and its activities, will be shown twice daily. The photographer was Mr. J. C. Bee-Mason, who was a member of Señor Urriolagoitia's expedition party which set out to cross Bolivia from east to west towards the end of 1928. Those of you who are able to visit the exhibition and see the film there will, I feel sure, find it all very interesting.

THE MANAGEMENT

I told you last year that Mr. A. G. Hunt, who had been the manager of our Chilian Section since 1918, was retiring and that we had appointed to succeed him Mr. A. E. Heskett, who had been manager in Bolivia for eight years previously. The latter was succeeded by Mr. W. A. Pickwood who had also been connected with this company for several years, both in Chili and Bolivia, and I am glad to say that the results so far have confirmed the board in their opinions with regard to these appointments being in the best interests of the company.

I also told you that Mr. A. G. Hunt was coming home to take up his seat on the board, and he was elected a director of the company in June last. My colleagues desire me to say that it gave them great pleasure to invite Mr. Hunt to join the board, as they knew it could only be of advantage to the company, and it merely remains for us to recommend to you the confirmation of that appointment.

In conclusion, I am glad to say that once more the board heartily desire to record their sincere appreciation of the loyal and efficient services of the general managers, their assistants, and the staff of the railway generally during the past year. (Hear, hear.) There is every evidence of the ability and enthusiasm in your interests with which their work is conducted, and it gives me much pleasure indeed to testify to this.

I can say the same with regard to Mr. Cowley, our secretary, and the London office staff, with whom I am in daily contact and have every evidence of their devotion to our business.

DIVIDEND RESOLUTION

I will now move:—"That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1929, be and the same are hereby received and adopted, and that a final dividend in respect of the year 1929 of 4 per cent. (less income-tax) on the Consolidated Ordinary stock, making, with the interim dividend previously paid, 7 per cent. for the year 1929, be declared payable on the 11th instant."

I will ask Sir Bernard Greenwell to be good enough to second the resolution, and then, before actually putting it to the meeting for your acceptance, should any stockholder have any remarks to make or questions to ask I will endeavour to deal with those to the best of my ability.

SIR BERNARD E. GREENWELL, Bt.—Ladies and gentlemen, I have much pleasure in seconding the resolution.

In the absence of any questions the Chairman put the resolution to the meeting, and it was carried unanimously.

COLONEL H. LE ROY-LEWIS, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.—I beg to move: "That the Hon. C. A. Campbell and Mr. R. J. Hose, the directors retiring by rotation, be and they are hereby re-elected directors of the company."

Mr. HENRY F. TIARKS.—I have much pleasure in seconding that resolution.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The CHAIRMAN.—I now have pleasure in proposing, "That the election of Mr. A. G. Hunt as a director of the company be and the same is hereby confirmed." I will not add any remarks regarding this appointment to those I have already made, and will ask Mr. Hose to second the motion.

Mr. R. J. HOSE.—I have much pleasure in seconding that resolution.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Mr. ASCHWANDEN proposed, and Mr. HOELTZER seconded, the reappointment of Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths, and Co. as auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a fee of 300 guineas, and this was unanimously approved.

VOTE OF THANKS

Mr. REGINALD WOODWARD.—I move: "That our best thanks be given to our chairman, his colleagues, and all officials and staffs of the company, both in London and South America, for their services during the past year."

Mr. CRUTTENDEN seconded, and the resolution was carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN.—I have very great pleasure, on behalf of my colleagues on the board and myself, and the management and staff, in thanking you two gentlemen for your very kind remarks, and you, ladies and gentlemen, for having approved the resolution so heartily.

The proceedings then terminated.

GRESHAM FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE SOCIETY

PHENOMENAL FIRE LOSSES DURING 1929

CURRENT YEAR'S IMPROVED LOSS RATIO

GOOD ACCIDENT FIGURES

SIR REGINALD MAC LEOD ON THE OUTLOOK

The TWENTIETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Gresham Fire and Accident Insurance Society, Limited, was held yesterday at the head office of the society, 188-190, Fleet-street, London, E.C.

SIR REGINALD MACLEOD (of MacLeod), K.C.B., the chairman, presided.

The GENERAL MANAGER and SECRETARY (Mr. Alex. Lawson) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen,—I have the honour of moving, "That the directors' and auditors' reports be approved and adopted." The report and accounts have been in your hands for some days, and I presume you will, as usual, take them as read. (Agreed.) The report which you have before you shows that the fire and accident premiums amounted to £328,974, a decrease of £11,438 as compared with the previous year. The claims were 59.59 per cent. of the premium income and the commission and expenses 41.4 per cent., as against 55.36 per cent. and 43.06 per cent. respectively. After including other items of outgo and allowing for the reduction in reserve for unexpired risks and the balance brought forward at the beginning of the year there is an amount available of £22,649, compared with £30,433 in 1928, subject to depreciation in the market value of investments, to which I shall refer later.

TWO ADVERSE FEATURES

Some of you will, no doubt, after the improved results which we had the pleasure to submit to you a year ago, have felt some surprise at the apparently drastic course which your directors have decided upon in not recommending the payment of any dividend in respect of the year 1929. Before proceeding to review the accounts in the customary manner, therefore, I must explain the reasons for that decision. The year 1929, as stated in the report, was characterized by two exceptionally adverse features, both of which placed a particularly heavy burden upon this society, and at the risk of wearying you by the repetition of facts which have been so frequently mentioned by the chairmen of insurance offices, whose speeches you have doubtless read in the Press, I would like to refer to them at some length.

In the first place, the experience in fire business was phenomenal. The consensus of opinion in the fire insurance world seems to be that the year was a bad one in nearly every field except the United States, in which country, as you are aware, the society does not operate. At home a very severe winter was followed by a prolonged period of drought, with perhaps the natural result that outbreaks which normally would be extinguished in their early stages spread so rapidly that before they could be brought under control serious fires had developed. These conditions were no doubt aggravated by the general shortage of water. This view of the situation at home is borne out by our own statistics, which show that while the number of fires rose only 25 per cent. the average cost per claim was double that of the preceding year. Nearly every factor which can contribute to an unsatisfactory experience in fire business seems to have been present: bad trade, falling values of commodities, intensified competition, bringing with it a decline in the rates of premium, all tended to the diminution of income, while the losses were the heaviest in recent years.

ABNORMAL DEPRECIATION OF SECURITIES

Secondly, notwithstanding that the securities in which the society's funds are invested are, as they have always been, of the highest class, we were faced at the end of the year by an abnormal depreciation when the investments were valued at the market prices ruling on December 31. It is hardly necessary for me to refer in detail to the succession of events in the financial world, without parallel in recent years, which culminated in a 6½ per cent. Bank rate and a corresponding depression in Stock Exchange quotations. Suffice it to say that in the general fall in prices all securities, gilt-edged and otherwise, suffered irrespective of their intrinsic merits. A remarkable fact which illustrates the position is that had the society's investments been confined entirely to British Government securities the depreciation at the end of the year would have been even greater than was actually the case.

The effect of these two factors upon the affairs of the society is reflected in the accounts which are before you, and I will briefly pass them in review in the order in which they appear in print.

HIGHER CLAIMS ON FIRST-CLASS FIRE RISKS

The fire account shows a fall in premium income of £9,454, while the claims ratio was 15 points higher than that of the previous year. I must here say that there has been no change in the character of our commitments, and it is substantially the same business which has in former years yielded us a margin of profit. In fact, we have searched our record of losses for risks which we should not have accepted, but we cannot find one. The reduction in the premiums is mainly in the reinsurances ceded to us by other companies, and this is due to the diminished volume of business from which such cessions are made. On the return of better conditions this source of income will doubtless expand again. It is, however, a satisfactory feature of the account that there is an appreciable fall in the ratio of commission and expenses, and this, in a time of high cost and lower income, is no small achievement.

In the accident department we have every cause for satisfaction. There is a realized profit on the year's working of £20,128, representing about 12 per cent. of the premiums. This constitutes a record for the society, both as to the amount and percentage of the profit, and I believe I am correct in saying there is no company which shows a higher percentage of profit in this department. The income is slightly less, but this is due to the somewhat severe pruning which we have applied to certain of our foreign commitments and which has not been quite balanced by a substantial increase in our home business. The portfolio has been strengthened by the measures which we have taken, and it is a matter for congratulation that at a time when, owing to general conditions, fire business has been so unprofitable we have an accident account of equal dimensions producing such an eminently satisfactory result.

ACCIDENT PROFITS BALANCE FIRE LOSSES

Coming now to the profit and loss account, you will notice that a full year's earnings on the new capital have brought the net interest income up to £18,967, as against £14,599 in 1928; that the profit transferred from the accident account was rather more than sufficient to balance the loss transferred from the fire account; that the sum of £5,000 has been allocated to the investment reserve, increasing that fund to £24,161, and that we carry forward the balance of £17,649.

The society's funds, including paid-up capital, amount to £440,891, as against £434,658 a year ago, representing 134 per cent. of the premium income—a very high ratio.

The balance-sheet calls for no special comment except in regard to the investments. The position at December 31 was solely due to the conditions which I have described and, after the investments reserve had been strengthened by the addition of £5,000 from the profits of the year, there remained a depreciation of £12,987 as compared with market values. This depreciation, as stated in the directors' certificate, has since been entirely recovered, which is in itself testimony to the quality of the securities in which the society's funds are invested, but we have to look at our accounts as they stood at the end of the year, and in the circumstances your directors, with regret, found themselves unable to recommend payment of any dividend in respect of the past year—a disappointment in which we all share, for the directors are large holders of the Ordinary shares.

We believe this to be a passing phase, and we are glad to be able to report to you a continuous improvement in the fire loss ratio during the first five months of the current year, in addition to the recovery in investment values which I have already mentioned.

THE GENERAL OUTLOOK

As regards the future of our society, it is important to note that its fortunes are linked up with those of the Gresham Life Assurance Society, who are the largest shareholders, holding as they do two-thirds of the capital paid up, and therefore most deeply interested in its success and in seeing that this considerable asset contributes its proper quota as a remunerative investment. I can assure you that during the past 18 months there has been inaugurated an intensive cooperation between the organizations of the two societies which has been of very great benefit to this society and is reflected especially in the prosperous condition of our home accident account.

In days of greater prosperity I have referred to our appreciation of the work of our management and staff. This having been a difficult year, the strain has been greater and our thanks for the devotion shown by the general manager and his assistants both at head office and branches at home and abroad are more abundantly due. The adverse influences I have had to describe have been combatted with zeal and courage. We are under a particular obligation to Mr. Lawson, who has assumed the duties of management of the Fire and Accident Society in addition to those of the Life Society and unflinchingly borne the double burden. (Hear, hear.)

"A SOUND FOUNDATION"

Your directors recognize the disappointment which must be caused by the absence of a distribution on this occasion, but the society is on a sound foundation, and they view our future with confidence. I cannot venture to forecast the trading results of the remainder of the current year; trade and business decline, the wastage of unemployment is terrible, and there is overmuch competition for such insurance as is available; but in the absence of any serious untoward events I think it reasonable to expect that the society will be in a position to realize our aim, which is to place an appreciable sum to reserve and to resume payment of a moderate dividend. (Cheers.)

I beg to move: "That the directors' and auditors' reports be approved and adopted."

Mr. COURTENAY C. S. FOOKS (deputy chairman) seconded the resolution, and it was carried unanimously after the CHAIRMAN had replied to a shareholder's questions.

RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The RIGHT HON. LORD SOUTHBOROUGH, G.C.B., proposed the re-election of the retiring directors, Sir Reginald MacLeod (of MacLeod), K.C.B., Mr. Courtenay C. S. Fooks, and Mr. Laurence Currie.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. HENRY HOARE, and carried unanimously, and was briefly acknowledged by Mr. CURRIE.

On the motion of Mr. R. A. BROWN, seconded by Mr. R. D. WOOD, Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Co. were reappointed auditors.

Mr. F. G. WASHINGTON proposed a vote of thanks to the chairman for presiding.

This was seconded by Mr. C. GRESSWELL and accorded amid cheers. A brief acknowledgment by the CHAIRMAN concluded the proceedings.

MARSTON, THOMPSON AND EVERSHED

A RECORD YEAR

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Marston, Thompson and Evershed, Limited, was held at Burton-on-Trent on Friday last.

SIR HERBERT EVERSHED, J.P. (the chairman), said that for many years past, with the exception of the year of the coal strike, the progress of the company had been steadily upwards, and the year just ended was no exception to the general rule, and in showing a profit of £151,205 there was an increase over the previous year of £11,184—a record for the company both in profit and barrelage. That result was extremely satisfactory in view of the fact that the Excise returns for beer in England and Northern Ireland during the past year showed that since 1928 barrelage had decreased by 2.8 per cent.

With the balance brought forward of £102,924 added to the profit of £151,205, they had a sum of £254,129 to deal with. For some years past they had added a substantial sum to the reserve fund, which now totalled £400,000 and equalled the Ordinary capital. They had decided to place the sum of £50,000 to a property improvement reserve account, which would be utilized at any time for the improvement, or altering, of the company's properties. They proposed to pay a final dividend at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended March 31, 1930, on the Ordinary shares, and to carry forward £109,671, being £6,747 more than was brought in. Every item on both sides of the balance-sheet showed the company in a stronger position.

He could not prophesy about the future, but all knew as well as he did that they had to face 3s. per standard barrel extra duty. The brewers had agreed not to lower gravities, and they would loyally adhere to that decision. Trade generally was not good in the country, and unemployment figures were going from bad to worse. A Royal Commission on the licensing question was sitting, but he did not think they had anything to fear from it.

It had been a great pleasure to him to give them such a fine report on the progress of the firm of Marstons, and he thought they would agree with him that the result could not have been obtained without a loyal and efficient staff.

The report was unanimously adopted.

MAY MINING OUTPUTS

ASHANTI MINE DEVELOPMENTS

Company	Tonnage Crushed	Output	Profit
Anglo Nigerian Corp. ..	—	94 tons	—
Assoc. Gold of W. Australia ..	5,358	£8,538	—
Ashanti Goldfields ..	10,555	£53,140	£27,368
Baba River ..	—	10½ tons	—
Bangrin Tin ..	—	53.17 tons	—
Batura Monguna ..	—	1½ tons	—
Boulder Per. ..	7,029	£16,857	£1,801
Fabulosa ..	—	112¾ tons	—
Geduld Proprietary ..	9,176	£24,029	£1,502
Geevor Tin ..	4,942	£4,900	—
Globe and Phoenix ..	6,062	5,451oz.	£11,149
Golden Horse Shoe (New) ..	36,632	£6,524	£2,937
Kasos	—	27 tons	—
Mawchi	4,241	220 tons†	—
Ribon Valley ..	—	20 tons	—
Rooiberg Minerals ..	—	36 long t'ns	—
Rh. Bukeru Areas ..	—	10 tons	—
S. Kalzurli Cons. ..	8,874	£15,555	£2,287
Siamese Tin	—	146·8¼ tons	—
San Francisco de Mexico ..	29,630	£162,772	£38,707
Un. Tin Areas of Nigeria ..	—	23 tons	—
Wanderer Cons. ..	15,800	£17,147	£6 007

† Concentrates including 20 tons purchased.

EL ORO MINING AND RAILWAY.—Return for May:—Railway profit, $11,236; Mine department, excess of expenditure over receipts, $2,192. LA NORIA.—Crushed, 14,704 tons; value, $161,047; profit, $8,636.

RWANA M'KUMBA COPPER.—Cablegram.—"Mindola Hole 29, from 865ft. to 901ft. assays 2.8 per cent. copper for true width 24ft., practically all chalcopyrite, hole finished."

RHODESIAN CORPORATION.—Shareholders have been informed that the Rio Tinto Company and Rhodesian Anglo-American Limited have undertaken exploration of the Umloe Copper property as from June 1, 1930, in terms of the option granted to them, and a drilling programme is about to be commenced.

ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS CORPORATION.—Developments for May:—Ashanti Mine, No. 2 Level.—Main Cross-cut advanced 68

LINGGI PLANTATIONS, LIMITED

"LARGE AREAS OF HEALTHY RUBBER"

OIL PALM DEVELOPMENTS

MR. CHARLES EMERSON ON THE YEAR'S WORKING

The THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of Linggi Plantations, Limited, was held yesterday at the offices of the Rubber Growers' Association, 2-4, Idol-lane, E.C.

Mr. CHARLES EMERSON (the chairman) presided.

Mr. W. F. MACLAGAN, representing the Secretaries (Messrs. Guthrie and Co., Limited), having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report,

The CHAIRMAN, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said:—Ladies and Gentlemen,—Detailed examination of the figures presented would be profitless, as the capital position of the company has, as you are aware, been radically altered since the close of the year. This being a matter of first importance I propose to make reference to it later on, when I have concluded my observations on the workings of the financial year which we have as our primary duty to consider.

CROP AND PROFIT

Our crop amounted to 3,361,874lb., as contrasted with 2,890,800lb. for the previous year—an increase of 471,074lb. Our profit for the year works out at £36,084 13s. 8d., which is £3,814 9s. 7d. less than the £41,899 3s. 3d. which we recorded last year. I have no doubt that you were prepared for some such falling off from the course the market has taken, and that you realise that it imports a reduction of dividend from the 7½ per cent. which we paid last year. Under all circumstances I confess to some slight feeling of relief that we are able to recommend to you a distribution of 5 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, which will, if you approve, leave us with a carry-forward of £22,120 18s. 10d. (subject, of course, to commission to estate staff, which I am sure you will regret will not be more generous), as compared with £14,736 brought in.

THE CONDITION OF THE ESTATES

Your older estates generally are reported on as being in good condition. We have large areas of healthy rubber with many years of usefulness before them, but we have also certain clearings of considerable age which exhibit signs of decreasing productivity. I do not anticipate any marked falling off in output from our older areas in the near future, and I believe the process will be a very gradual one, and that we shall be able to spread our replanting operations over a long series of years.

Development is being steadily pushed along in Johore, and we have now 2,453 acres under rubber on Sembrong division. We expect to plant up a further 490 acres during the current year, and it is our intention to get the whole of the 3,084 acres which this division comprises, together with a further 1,728 acres, our formal application for which has recently been approved by the Johore authorities, planted during the next few years. On the importance of these new clearings to the future prosperity of Linggi Plantations I need not expatiate; I would merely remind you that Mr. Gallagher at our last meeting anticipated that this division would, in course of time, yield more than the entire output of the company in 1928.

THE PALM-OIL OPERATIONS

We will now turn to Ulu Remis (Johore), the division on which your large-scale oil-palm operations are being carried on. At the present moment we have 4,985 acres under this form of culture, the company having planted up some 630 acres since we last met you, and as I foreshadowed in my address last year, it is now proposed to turn this area over to a fresh organization with a view to extending the area considerably—certainly to 8,300 acres, and probably to a still larger area later on. Shortly the arrangement which has been come to, and to which your formal assent is invited, is as follows:—The three companies who are interested in this form of culture—namely, Linggi Plantations, Malacca Rubber Plantations, and United Sua Betong Rubber Estates, whose lands adjoin—have agreed to transfer their interests to a new company to be formed with an authorised capital of £600,000 to develop and work the conjoined area as one unit. This company will get fully-paid shares for all the capital that it has expended, plus an allowance in shares for interest. The other two companies will get fully-paid shares for the amount of their expenditure to date. This company and the Sua Betong Rubber Estates then agree to supply in equal shares up to a limit of £320,000 the further capital which will be necessary to extend the planted area to 8,300 acres, to bring it to maturity and to equip it fully.

Linggi Plantations has recently made a heavy Debenture issue, and it is very agreeable to me, as I believe it will be to shareholders, to know that the financial burden of extending and equipping the oil palm areas is to be shared by another company.

SUCCESS OF THE DEBENTURE ISSUE

The last of the important matters with which I have to deal on the present occasion does not strictly appertain to the year's working, because it occurred in the month of January last, but you will, I am sure, wish to hear something about it from me. The terms of the issue of £270,000 Seven per Cent. First Mortgage Convertible and Redeemable Debenture stock were, I think, fair both to this company and to subscribers, and I would call your attention to the fact that the stock is convertible on the option of the holder at any time up to the end of the year 1935 into Ordinary shares of the company at a nominal value of £1 for each £1.10s. of stock.

It would seem reasonably safe to predict that a material portion of the debentures will be converted before the option expires, and if our anticipations of the producing capacity of Sembrong prove to be justified it should not be difficult to provide adequate dividends for the consequent increase in the number of our issued shares. I would say that the fact that the issue was subscribed and the lists closed on the day that it opened is a somewhat striking tribute to the high repute in which your company is held, and that it also supplies proof of the belief in the future of the rubber industry which is held in influential quarters, for you will not fail to notice that extremely well sponsored issues in other branches of industry made about the same time have not met with so favourable a reception. I doubt not that it is a relief to you, as it is to me, that Linggi Plantations is relieved of all present anxiety on the all-important question of finance.

As a result of the Debenture issue the whole of your unissued capital of £180,000 is now under option and cannot be dealt with. This is a position which might very conceivably prove embarrassing. We think it very desirable that we should be prepared for any eventuality, and we therefore recommend that the authorized capital of the company be increased from its present figure of £750,000 to a round £1,000,000.

THE OUTLOOK

I will venture a word of forecast as regards this company, and that is that we have before us, except for the completion of our planting programme on Sembrong, a period of consolidation rather than of further expansion. Linggi Plantations has developed with somewhat startling rapidity since 1925, when we commenced clearing in Johore, and your undertaking has been altered almost out of knowledge.

Your finances are strong; you have a large area of old rubber which will be productive for many years to come, and a considerable acreage of young rubber coming along, from which you may justifiably anticipate generous crops. Your company has a past upon which it may well look back with some feelings of pride, and as the result of the intensive efforts of the last few years it can now turn, high in hope, to the future.

Mr. J. G. HAY seconded the motion, which was carried, and resolutions were also passed approving the conditional agreement referred to by the Chairman and increasing the capital of the company to £1,000,000.

ROAN ANTELOPE COPPER MINES

THE NEW DEBENTURE ISSUE APPROVED

PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

MR. WILLIAM SELKIRK'S STATEMENT

An EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Roan Antelope Copper Mines, Limited, was held yesterday at River Plate House, Finsbury-circus, London, E.C., to consider ordinary resolutions providing for an increase in the nominal share capital of the company to £1,500,000 by the creation of an additional 1,000,000 new shares of 5s. each, and authorizing the directors to borrow for the company's purposes up to £2,500,000, and also a special resolution to amend the Articles of Association.

Mr. WILLIAM SELKIRK presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. D. C. D'Eath) having read the notice convening the meeting,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—Our chairman, Mr. Chester Beatty, is abroad and is therefore unable to be present to-day. When he addressed you at the annual general meeting in November last he reported the enlargement of our plans necessitating an extra outlay of money. You have been called together to-day to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the resolutions set out in the notice convening this meeting for the purpose of carrying through arrangements for an issue of £1,500,000 of Seven per Cent. 15-Year Debenture stock to provide additional funds.

The first and third resolutions set out in the notice convening the meeting are required for the purpose of issuing the option on shares to allottees of the Debenture stock, as mentioned in the circular to shareholders of May 17, which accompanied the notice of the meeting.

GUARANTEE OF THE ISSUE

After carefully studying the position the directors have decided that it is in the interests of the company to offer the £1,500,000 of Debenture stock for public subscription, and I am glad to be able to inform you that arrangements have been made for the guarantee of the issue of that amount of stock. Subject to the passing to-day of the required resolutions, it is proposed to issue on Thursday of this week a prospectus relating to the Debenture stock.

Before submitting the resolutions to you I should like to outline the present situation, but my remarks need only be brief, as shareholders have been kept informed of the progress of our undertaking by the quarterly reports, the latest of which, relating to the three months ended on March 31, was issued on the 2nd inst.

ESTIMATED ORE TONNAGE

In the eastern portion of our property it is estimated that we have about 75,000,000 tons of an average grade of 3.3 per cent. copper. Drilling is now proceeding in the central portion of the property, where the drill holes completed to date indicate over 25,000,000 tons of ore of a somewhat higher grade than that in the eastern portion, making a total to date of over 100,000,000 tons, and I should like to emphasize that this figure in no way limits the possibilities of finding additional large tonnages of ore in the property.

You will realize from the above figures the enormous size of our undertaking. We have therefore been more liberal on plant design than originally planned, and in consequence the capacity of our first unit of plant will enable us to deal with 2,000,000 tons of ore per annum.

In connexion with the equipment and development of the property on a large scale, and in view of the magnitude and length of life of the mine, we have found it advisable to do a great deal of building for the future. For example, the town site is laid out so as to result in a permanent and attractive town, with a proper water supply and sewerage system. The surface works, too, have been laid out so that they can easily be enlarged; in fact, they are in excess of the first unit requirements.

LARGER PROGRAMME OF OPERATIONS

Shareholders, I am sure, will appreciate the wisdom of incurring increased expenditure at this stage, as it is commensurate with the larger programme of operations we have in view. I am convinced that this policy of building for the future will prove of distinct advantage to the company and will ultimately be reflected in lower working costs.

We have taken an interest in the Northern Rhodesia Power Corporation, Limited, recently formed for the development of cheap electric power for the district.

Operations on the pilot plant for the treatment of the ore are being continued and are giving satisfactory results. A quantity of the concentrate produced has been shipped to the United States for smelting, and satisfactory results have been obtained.

The native labour force is increasing and, despite the usual seasonal fluctuations, there has been an increase of 22 per cent. over last year. In cooperation with the other large companies operating in Northern Rhodesia a native labour bureau has been formed which should assist us to augment our force as required.

The surface works, which embrace the building of the company's townsite and compound for their employees, the industrial railway system, machine shops, storehouses, coal pulverizing and power plant, fine crushing and screening plant, concentrator, water supply, and sewerage systems, are well under way.

As an indication of the magnitude of the surface works, it is interesting to note that during the month of April road and rail transport about the property handled 14,865 tons.

At the present time underground development work is proceeding in excess of the programme laid down and is continuing without any difficulties either as to breaking the ground, water, or equipment. The average grade of ore found in the drives and crosscuts underground more than confirms the results obtained by the drill holes.

DEVELOPMENT AND FOOTAGE

As an illustration of the progress of the underground work during the month of April 2,341ft. of development was accomplished.

When I tell you that the above rate of progress means that for every native boy employed in the mine one ton of rock is broken and hoisted daily the technical man will appreciate what we have been able to accomplish in a short time. This goes a long way to assure our estimates of mining costs being on the liberal side.

The May progress report, which is just to hand, gives the figure of 2,738ft. of underground development work, which is very satisfactory.

An excellent spirit is being fostered by the general manager in Rhodesia, and this is a considerable factor in the rate of progress. All the staff and employees at the mine are impressed with the importance of bringing the mine to a profit-earning stage at the earliest possible moment.

The progress has been so satisfactory that it is expected, given normal conditions, that the opening up of the mine for production will be completed and the plant ready to start up in the autumn of 1931.

On the table before you is an album of photographs depicting the construction progress that is being made, and I am sure that the shareholders will be interested to see these after the meeting.

Proxies representing 3,670,601 shares out of a total number of 4,795,741 shares issued have been received in favour of the directors' proposals, and the directors desire to thank shareholders for the confidence reposed in them.

No questions were asked, and the resolutions were unanimously approved.

BRAZILIAN MARKETS

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 9.—EXCHANGE on London remained at 5⅞d. The COFFEE market closed steady, with No. 7 N.Y. standard unchanged at 14$175. Receipts were 6,000 bags, which makes 2,847,000 bags for the season to date, against 2,853,000 bags a year ago. Clearances were nil to the U.S., 4,000 bags to Europe, and 6,000 bags elsewhere. The stock is estimated at 909,000 bags, against 320,000 bags a year ago. At SANTOS No. 4 N.Y. standard was again quoted 21$000. Receipts were 27,000 bs.p., which makes 9,168,000 bags for the season to date, against 8,318,000 bags a year ago. Clearances were 6,000 bags to Europe. The stock shows an increase at 1,197,000 bags, against 1,156,000 bags a year ago.

HAMBURG COFFEE MARKET

HAMBURG, June 10.—The market opened irregular, ¼ higher to ¼ lower, but afterwards ruled steady, and closed with March unchanged and other positions ¼ to ⅛ higher. Quotations, Reichsmarks per 50 kilos:—July, 40½ (previous, 39¾); Sept., 38¾ (38¼); Dec., 37¼ (37); March, 36 (36). Friday's sales, nil.

COMPANY RESULTS

TOCUYO OILFIELDS FIRST REPORT

The dividends shown in the following table are those announced on the Ordinary capitals (unless otherwise indicated) of the companies mentioned, and are the actual rates being paid (as distinct from the rates per annum):—

Company	Div.	Corresp'dg. div.	Date payable	Total for year	Prev. year
	%	%		%	%
N.Z. and River Plate Land ..	Int. 4½	4½	July 1	—	—
Quebec Power ..	Qtly. 9¾ per sh.	8½	July 17	—	—
Rawang Concession.	Int. 2½	—	June 30	—	—
8th. African Breweries ..	Fnl. 12½*	11¼*	—	17½*	16¼*
Stuttaford & Co.	Int. 4½†	4½†	July 8	—	—

*TAX free. † Free of 8th. African tax.

Lautaro Nitrate.—Dividend No. 66 at the rate of 3s. 6d. per share, less tax, on the sterling Preferred shares. This dividend will be payable on July 1.

Nasmyth Wilson (General Engineers and Ironfounders).—Profits for 1929 were £13,145 (against £18,402). Dividend on the Ordinary shares 5 per cent. (against 7½ per cent.); forward, £29,501 (against £26,779).

The Seymour Mead (Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants).—The net profit for the year ended March 31 last was £25,095 (against £29,205). Ordinary dividend, 8 per cent. (against 10 per cent.); forward, £18,529 (against £16,773).

HENRY BESSEMER AND CO.

The directors of Henry Bessemer and Co., manufacturers of steel and heavy forgings, submit a balance-sheet which shows a trading loss for 1929 of £8,328 (compared with £471 for 1928). The balance of profit and loss, £27,118, will be transferred to the works realization account of John Baker and Bessemer, who have acquired the bulk of the share capital of the company.

FORSTER'S GLASS

The accounts of the Forster's Glass Company show a net profit for the year to March 31 of £42,590 (against £38,552 for 1928-29). The directors recommend a dividend of 5 per cent. (unchanged), £20,000 (against £10,000) has been placed to reserve, and £1,000 (against nil) has been written off discount on Second Debenture, leaving £14,272 to be carried forward (against £10,182 last year, when £870 was written off cost of reconstruction). Meeting, June 18.

PORTSMOUTH AND BRIGHTON UNITED BREWERIES

The accounts of the Portsmouth and Brighton United Breweries, Limited, show a net profit for the year ended March 31 of £81,417 (against £71,516 for 1928-29). The directors again recommend a dividend of 5 per cent., and £50,000 (against £45,000) is to be written off premium paid for the Rock Brewery Ordinary shares, leaving £8,761 to be carried forward (against £4,844 last year, when £5,000 was also written off capital increase expenses). Meeting, June 14.

CHARRINGTON, GARDNER, LOCKET AND CO.

The report of Charrington, Gardner, Lockett and Co., coal merchants, lightermen, &c., states that the profit for the year to March 31 was £50,377 (against £50,189 for 1928-29). The directors recommend a final dividend of 10 per cent., again making 20 per cent. for the year, and £5,082 (against £2,500) is to be transferred to general reserve, leaving £11,597 to be carried forward. Last year a special amount of £5,000 was written off for depreciation. Meeting, June 18.

SCOTTISH MALAY RUBBER

The report of the Scottish Malay Rubber Company states that a rubber crop of 1,098,484lb. was harvested during 1929 (against 936,038lb. for 1928). The "all-in" cost amounted to 5.48d. per lb. (against 5.67d.), and the average realized 10.04d. per lb., including unsold rubber at a valuation, was 7.47d. per lb. (against 10.77d.). The palm oil crop harvested from July to December amounted to 70 tons, and realized a gross average price of £33 5s. 6d. per ton. The accounts show a profit of £5,237 (against £18,058), to which is added £2,275 brought forward. No dividend is recommended (against 6 per cent.), and £2,000 (against £1,000) is to be written off for depreciation, leaving £4,512 (against £9,225) to be carried forward, subject to directors' fees. Meeting, June 18.

SECOND LONDON SCOTTISH AMERICAN TRUST

The net revenue of the Second London Scottish American Trust for the year ended April 30 amounted to £51,043 (against £51,455 for 1928-29), in addition to which £9,009 was brought forward. A final dividend of 3 per cent. is proposed on the Ordinary stock, making 5½ per cent. for the year (against 5 per cent.), and an allocation of £10,000 is again made to reserve, while the carry-forward is £8,753. The profit from realization of investments has been applied in writing down the cost of investments. A valuation based on market prices as at April 30 showed a depreciation on the figure at which the investments appear in the balance-sheet (viz., £1,160,918), of about 3 per cent., after deducting the reserve and balance of revenue carried forward. Meeting, June 19.

RIVERSIDE (SELANGOR) RUBBER

The report for 1929 of the Riverside (Selangor) Rubber Company states that the rubber crop amounted to 681,483lb. (against 584,194lb. for 1928), which was produced at an "all-in" cost of 6.16d. per lb. (against 6.69d.), and realized, including unsold amount at valuation, an average gross price of 7.67d. per lb. (against 10.00d.). The palm oil crop amounted to 92½ tons during the period June to December, and the gross average price realized was £33 6s. 4d. per ton. The accounts show a net profit of £4,162 (against £6,035), to which is added £533 brought forward. No dividend is recommended (against 4 per cent.), but £1,000 is again written off for depreciation, leaving £3,695 (against £1,483) to be carried forward subject to directors' fees. Meeting, June 18.

SONS OF GWALIA

The report of the Sons of Gwalia, Limited, states that during 1929, 118,328 tons of ore and 43,512 tons of accumulated sands and slimes were treated, the total output of gold being 30,923oz., which realized £131,161, compared with £130,294. The ordinary working costs amounted to £1s. 3·55d. per ton milled (against 20s.|11·45d.), and the re-treatment of sands and slimes to 3s. 6·71d. per ton (4s. 0·65d.). The accounts show a loss of £2,678 (compared with £4,341), which increases the debit to be carried forward to £9,686. The report states that it is hoped that the New Year of the Australian Workers' Government Zelstoff Waldhof, 164 (168¾); Norddeutscher Lloyd, 109¼ (112¾); Hamburg Amerika, 109½ (112¾); Süddeutsche Zucker, — (158¾); German Liquidation Loan, 58⅝ (58⅞); German Railroad 7% Preferred, 95½ (95¾); German Protectorate Loan, 8¾ (8¾); Anatolian Railway Loan, 14⅜ (14⅜); Mexican Silver 5% Loan, 8¼ (8¼).

BANK OF MONTREAL

The preliminary figures of the Bank of Montreal were dealt with in *The Times* of May 29. The balance-sheet as at April 30 shows that the capital stock has increased from $34,548,760 in 1929 to $36,000,000 in 1930 and the "Rest" has advanced to $38,000,000 from $35,548,760. Deposits stand at $678,406,950, against $735,417,865. Notes and coin at $99,174,580, compare with $114,581,891; while cheques and deposits with, and balances due from, other banks total $56,302,123, against $58,154,322. Short loans figure at $95,480,472, compared with $179,334,149, and other loans amount to $417,998,829, against $393,142,689. The total of the balance-sheet amounts to $822,599,648, compared with $915,705,633.

OTAVI MINES AND RAILWAY

At the general meeting of the Otavi Mines and Railway Company to be held in Berlin on July 1, the board will propose, as last year, a dividend of 16·66 per cent. gross, equal to 15 per cent. after deduction of German capital profit duty. After writing off £75,332 and placing £10,000 (the same) to reserve, the net profit for the year to March 31 amounts to £152,974 (against £151,553), of which £133,333 will be distributed as dividend, and £7,300 (the same) carried to welfare fund, £12,141 being carried forward (compared with £10,822).

TRAVANCORE RUBBER

The Travancore Rubber Company secured a rubber crop of 621,514lb. during 1929, which is 21,962lb. in excess of the previous year. The tea crop amounted to 248,210lb. of made tea (against 218,611lb.). No details of costs or prices realized per lb. are given in the report. The accounts show a profit of £6,972 (against £6,828). The directors recommend a dividend of 5 per cent. (against 7½ per cent.), and £1,600 (against £1,800) has been reserved for income-tax, leaving £36,688 to be carried forward, subject to directors' and auditors' fees (against £33,675). Meeting, June 17.

BRUSEH RUBBER ESTATES

The accounts of the Brusch Rubber Estates show a profit for the year to March 31 of £5,927 (against £5,319 for 1928-29), to which is added £5,984 brought forward. The dividend is to be reduced from 7½ per cent. to 5 per cent., and £681 (against £2,000) is provided for taxation and other contingencies, leaving £11,230 (against £5,984) to be carried forward. The crop harvested was 500,100lb. (against 454,012lb.), and it is stated that cost of production again shows a satisfactory reduction on previous years' figures. Prices realised per lb. are not shown separately in the report. Meeting, June 20.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE

The report of the Canton Insurance Office for 1929 states that after payment of an interim dividend of $18 per share the 1928 account shows a surplus of $746,019 (against $906,868), of which $270,000 is absorbed by the payment of a final dividend of $27 per share, and the balance of $476,019 is added to underwriting suspense account to close the year 1928. For 1927 a total dividend of $40 was paid. The amount standing at the credit of the 1929 account is $1,912,581 (compared with $1,837,849), out of which an interim dividend of $18 per share is to be paid, leaving $1,736,581 to be carried forward. The meeting was held in Hong-kong on May 16.

BANK OF MONTREAL

The preliminary figures of the Bank of Montreal were dealt with in *The Times* of May 29. The balance-sheet as at April 30 shows that the capital stock has increased from $34,548,760 in 1929 to $36,000,000 in 1930 and the "Rest" has advanced to $38,000,000 from $35,548,760. Deposits stand at $678,406,950, against $735,417,865. Notes and coin at $99,174,580, compare with $114,581,891; while cheques and deposits with, and balances due from, other banks total $56,302,123, against $58,154,322. Short loans figure at $95,480,472, compared with $179,334,149, and other loans amount to $417,998,829, against $393,142,689. The total of the balance-sheet amounts to $822,599,648, compared with $915,705,633.

CHANGES IN THE BOARD

The Bank of Montreal announces that Mr. Edward Chadbourne Stanley, K.C., has been elected a director of the bank, and that Mr. Charles Frederick Sise has been appointed a vice-president.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN POWER COMPANY

The American and Foreign Power Company, a U.S. public utility holding company which controls concerns serving 12,000,000 customers in 12 different countries, reports for 1929 net earnings available for interest of $24,756,305 (£4,951,261), as compared with $12,091,207 (£2,418,241) in 1928, an increase of over 89 per cent. Net earnings available for common stock amounted to $8,510,915 (£1,302,003), against $1,528,009 (£305,602) for 1928, an increase of 456 per cent. The net amounts available for common stock were equivalent to 84 per share on the 1,622,357 common shares outstanding at the end of 1929, compared with $1.22 per share on the 1,248,930 shares outstanding at December 31, 1928. The surplus of the American and Foreign Power group is shown in the consolidated balance-sheet at $31,925,995 (£6,384,579), an increase of approximately $10,000,000 (£2,000,000) over the figure at the close of the previous year. Assets increased during 1929 by over $200,000,000 (40,000,000) to $756,031,877 (£151,206,375). The most important of the numerous acquisitions made by the company during the past year was the electric light and power property of the International Settlement at Shanghai, for which $50,625,000 (£10,125,000) was bid. The company also extended its operations to India, where a half-interest was acquired in the Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies, Limited, of Bombay. In March, 1930, loan capital to the extent of $50,000,000 (£10,000,000), representing the only funded debt of the company, was raised through the issue of 100-year 5 per cent. debentures by Dillon Read and Co., of New York.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, June 10.—The following are the closing quotations on the Bourse:—

3% Perpetual Rentes, 87.55 (previous closing 87.65); 5% Rentes, 1915-16, 101.80 (101.95); 4% Rentes, 1917, 101.40 (101.40); 4% Rentes, 1918, 101.15 (101.12); 5% Rentes, 1920, 133.95 (133.95); 6% Rentes, 1920, 100.80 (101.95); 6% Rentes, 1927, 105.90 (105.85); 5% Credit National, 1919, 622 (622); 5% Credit National, 1920, 571 (565); 6% Credit National, 1921, 549 (546); 6% Credit National, 1922 (1st), 531.50 (531.50); 6% Credit National, 1923 (1st), 559 (556); 6% Credit National, 1924, 559 (558); 4% Egyptian Unified, 373 (372.10); 3½% Italian Rentes, 92.20 (91.30); 5% Brazilian, 1914, 376 (374); 5% Russian, 1906, 5.90 (6.10); 4½% Russian, 1909, 2.50 (2.80); 4% Turkish Unified, 32.20 (55.25); Banque de France, 22,000 (22,485); Banque de Paris, 2,780 (2,860); Banque Nationale, 1,814 (1,875); Comptoir National d'Escompte, 1,905 (1,915); Credit Foncier Egyptien, 3,540 (3,645); Credit Lyonnais, 3,052 (3,110); Banque d'Orient, 357 (345); Banque Ottomane, 970 (1,020); Suez Canal Shares, 17,710 (17,930); Suez Canal Bons, 620 (655); Rio Tintos, 4,515 (4,590); Thanais, 1,160 (1,160); De Beers Deferred, 955 (985); Chartered, 217 (220); Brakpan, 357 (363); Crown Lines, 424 (423); East Rand, 63 (64); Geduld, 428 (427); General Mining, 87 (89); Consolidated Goldfields, 220 (224); Johannesburg Consolidated, 240 (240); Randfontein Estate, 40 (38); Rand Mines, 369 (373); Tanganyika, 286 (287); Transvaal Consolidated, 155 (160); Union Corporation, 418 (419); Mozambique, 60 (65); West Rand Mines Consolidated, 40 (41); Caoutchoucs, 152 (159); Eastern International, 103 (112); Gula Kalumpong, 146 (149); Kuala Lumpur, 179 (182); Malacca, 182 (187); Mexican Eagle, 150 (155); Royal Dutch, 2,400 (2,400); Shell Transport, 586 (—); Siamese Plathe, 1,830 (1,870); Oceana Consolidated, 13.50 (14.00). Exchange on New York, 25.49 (25.49¼); Exchange on London, official average, 123.86 (123.90); Cheques, closing market rate, 123.85 (123.90). Private discount rate, 2⅞ per cent. (2⅝ per cent.); short money, 2 per cent. (2 per cent.).—*Reuter.*

AMSTERDAM, June 10.—Closing quotations:—6% Dutch, 1922, 103⅞ (previous, 103¼); 5% Dutch, 102¹⁵⁄₁₆ (102¹⁵⁄₁₆); 2½% Dutch, 65 (64¹³⁄₁₆); 3% Dutch, 79⅛ (78⅝); 4% Brazilian, 1889, 51⅝ (—); Peruvian, 8% (8⅛); Peruvian 4% Cum. Pref., 45¾ (47¼); Erie, 43¼ (43¾); New York Ontario, 15¾ (—); United States Steel, 163⅛ (168¾); Southern Pacific, 119¼ (120); Union Pacific, 219½ (—); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 393 (397); Anaconda, 111 (114½); Deli Batavia Rubber, 80 (80⅜); Deli Batavia Tobacco, 330 (—); Deli Mij., — (353); Amsterdam Rubber, 151¼ (123); Margarine Unie, 265½ (271¼); Philips Lamps, 364 (374¼). Exchange on Berlin, 59.34½ (59.33½); London, 12.08½ (12.08¼); New York, 2.48¼ (2.48¹¹⁄₁₆); Paris, 9.75¾ (9.75¼).

BERLIN, June 10.—Deutsche Erdoel, 96.50 (previous closing, 98.75); Dynamit Nobel, — (88.25); Kali Industrie Kassel, 200 (202); Salzdetfurth A.G., 406.25 (412.50); Scheideanstalt Koholyt, 228.75 (230); Rhein. Westfael Elekt., 177.50 (179.25).

Reuter's quotations:—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 10.37 (10.50); Mexican Consols, 17.87 (18.50); Reichsbank, 288.50 (293); Berliner Handels 171.50 (172.25); Commerz und Privat Bank, 149.50 (150.50); Darmstadter and National Bank, 226.50 (228); Deutsche Bank and Disconto, 140 (140.50); Dresdner Bank, 141 (141.50); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 136 (137.25); Harpener, 125 (126.50); Allgemeine Elekt., 161 (165); Farbenindustrie, 170.75 (170.75); Farbenindustrie 5% Debs., 111 (111.62½); Hamburg-Amerika, 109 (112.25); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 109.25 (112.75); A.K.U., 97 (99.50); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 92.60 (94.25); Svenska Tandsticks, 318 (323); Polyphon, 265.25 (269.75); Siemens and Halske, 241 (246.10); Schuckert, 175.75 (180). Exchange on London, 20.35¼ (20.36½); on Paris, 16.44½ (16.44); on Amsterdam, 168.52 (168.52); on New York, 4.19²⁵⁄₃₂ (4.19¼). Short term loans (30-55 days), 3⅝% (3¾%); long term (55-90 days), 3⅝% (3¾%); call money, 3½%-5½% (3¼%-5½%).

FRANKFURT, June 10.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Bank, 140 (previous, 140½); Darmstädter Bank, 226½ (228½); Frankfurter Hypotheken Bank, 149¼ (149¼); Metallbank and Metallurgische, 117½ (118¼); Farbenindustrie, 170¾ (174¼); Harpener Bergbau, 124½ (124½); Mannesmann, 101 (105¼); Rheinische Stahlwerke, — (119); Phönix Bergbau, — (96); Gelsenkirchner Bergwerk, 136 (136½); Allgemeine Elektrizitäts, 161 (166¼); Lahmeyer Elektrizitätswerke, 168 (168½); Siemens and Halski, — (247½); Schuckert, — (180½); Deutsche Gold und Silber, 150¼ (151); Phillipp Holzmann, 99½ (101½); Zelstoff Waldhof, 164 (168¾); Norddeutscher Lloyd, 109¼ (112¾); Hamburg Amerika, 109½ (112¾); Süddeutsche Zucker, — (158¾); German Liquidation Loan, 58⅝ (58⅞); German Railroad 7% Preferred, 95½ (95¾); German Protectorate Loan, 8¾ (8¾); Anatolian Railway Loan, 14⅜ (14⅜); Mexican Silver 5% Loan, 8¼ (8¼).

VIENNA, June 10.—Closing quotations:—Gar. Oest. Vosslkerbundanl (Austrian issue), 108.25 (previous day, 108.40); Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn (formerly Sudbahn), 13.65 (13.74); Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn (formerly Sudbahn) Pref., 92.90 (93.25); Oest. Nationalbank 321 (323); Wiener Bank-verein, 18.25 (18.25); Oest. Credit Anstalt, 47.60 (47.60); Niederoest Kohompte, 161 (161.25); Donau-Dampfschiffahrt, 27.25 (27); A.E.G. Union Elek., 23.55 (—); Oest. Brown-Boveri, 174 (172); Oest. Siemens Schuckert, 215 (—); Oest. Salgo Tarjaner Steinkohlen, 48.50 (49.80); Ungar. Alig. Kohlen, 715 (725); Oest. Alpien-Montan, 25.40 (26); Berg und Hüttenwerks Ges., 28.25 (Guillaume, 58.25 (58.25); Berndofer Metallwarenfabrik, Arthur Krupp, — (6); Galiz Karpathen Petroleum, — (4.39). Exchange on Amsterdam, 285.05 (285.16); London, 34.44½ (34.45¼); New York, 690 (691); Paris, 27.81½ (27.79).—*Reuter.*

MILAN, June 10.—Closing quotations:—Exchange on London, 92.77½ (previous, 92.77½); Consolidato 5%, 85.25 (85.50); Banca d'Italia, 1,990 (1,990); Banca Commerciale, 1,419 (1,422); Banco di Roma, 111 (111); Credito Italiano, 814 (816); Cosulich Navigazione, 88½ (88½); Meridionali, 1,284 (1,285); Navigazione Generale, 503½ (504); Cantoni Coats, 620 (650); Soie Chatillon, 251 (251½); Snia Viscosa, 59½ (61); Ilva, 200 (201); Montecatini, 254½ (257); Flat, 354 (363½); Adriatica, 242 (242½); Edison, 730 (741); Unione Esercizi Elettrici, 108¾ (109½); Terni, 371 (372); Consorzio Mobiliare Finanziario, 821 (824); Adamello, 276 (278).

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

RUBBER EASIER

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), June 10.—WHEAT.—Demand for cargoes was quiet, but in sympathy with better week-end advices from North and South America quotations were steady. Business was done over the holiday in choice white Karachi, 7,200 tons, per Derbyshire, sailing June 13, at 30s. For Pacific, June to Aug., 28s. 9d. was required. Australian, on passage and shipping-shipped, was quoted at 41s. 6d.; and choice white Karachi, June-July, at 30s. 6d. Roasta, 62½lb., early June, was offered at 38s. 9d.; and Barli, 52½lb., June, at 38s. 3d. Parcels ruled firm at 6d. per qr. advance for Manitoba, while other descriptions marked but slight change. West Australian, per Themistocles, afloat, sold at 41s.; and choice white Karachi, per Ben Lomond, shipping-shipped, at 30s. 3d. To Liverpool, Rosafé, 62½lb., per Lassell, expected to load June 11, made 38s. 3d.; and choice white Karachi, early to July, to Manchester, per Circassia, 38s. 9d. Hull paid 37s. 6d. for Baruso, 62½lb., just shipped.

The wheat futures market closed steady at 2d. to 4d. over last levels.

Per 480lb.	Open'g values	1.15 values	3.15 Call	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	MANITOBA GRADE				
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	40 1	39 9	39 9	39 9	39 7
November ..	40 4	40 7	40 7	40 3	39 3
	LONDON GRADE				
July	37 3	37 2	37 2	37 0	36 10
September ..	37 7	37 6	37 6	37 4	36 11

MAIZE opened quiet and unchanged, but with no buying support the close was rather easier. La Plata, on passage, was offered at 25s.; Shipping-shipped and May-June at 25s. 3d., and June-July at 25s. For Dan-Gal-Fox, June and July, 25s. 6d. was asked and 25s. 9d. for Aug. Parcels closed quiet and 3d. under the best of the day. La Plata, May-June, sold at 24s. 6d. to 24s. 3d., and to Liverpool at 24s. 7½d. to 24s. 4½d.

BARLEY continued quiet. No 3 Canada Western, June and July, 21s. 6d.; Algerian-Tunisian, July-Aug., 17s. 9d. to 18s., and Danubian, June and July, 16s. 3d.

OATS were again easier for La Plata, June and July, offered at 12s. 6d., and Aug. at 12s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL, June 10.—WHEAT.—Shipment parcels were in moderate demand at 3d. to 6d. per quarter advance. No. 1 N. Manitoba, June, was offered at 42s. 6d.; No. 2, 41s. 7½d.; No. 3, 41s. 1½d.; No. 4 Manitoba, June, 40s.; No. 2 mixed durum, June, 35s. 1½d.; No. 2 hard winter, Gulf, June, 39s.; No. 2 red winter, early June, 38s. 3d.; Baruso, 62½lb., June, 38s.; Australian, afloat, 41s. 3d.; choice white Karachi, afloat, 39s. 6d.; June, 39s.; white western Pacific, June-July, 39s.; and Chilean Northern ports, June-July, 37s. 3d. Business covered, choice white Karachi, early July, at 39s., and Rosafe, 62½lb., loading, at 38s. 3d. Spot parcels were steady to the turn dearer owing to the good demand for La Plata ports. Later supplies were reduced 6,000 tons. Cargo wheat futures opened ¼d. per central higher and continued to rule steady on smaller world's shipments than expected, a fair reduction in local stocks, a good spot demand, and reports of a moderate c.i.f. business to other U.K. ports. Lower opening Winnipeg advices caused a setback but the market recovered owing to local and outside buying and closed steady ½d. to ⅝d. higher on the day. Sales were 150 loads.

GRADED WHEAT FUTURES

Per 100lb.	Business done Open'g values	Highest	Lowest	Official Settm't prices	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	8 1½	8 1½	8 0¼	8 0	8 1	8 0½
October ..	8 1½	8 1½	8 1¼	8 1	8 1½	8 0⅞
December ..	8 2	8 2	8 1¼	8 1½	8 2	8 1
March	8 3	8 3	8 2	8 2½	8 3½	8 2⅝
May .. .

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket ..	June 24	July 8	July 22
Pay-day ..	June 26	July 10	July 24

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929		Name of Security	Closing Prices		Rise or Fall
56⅝	52	Consols, 2½% ..	54⅛	55	–⅜
88 11/16	81⅝	Do., 4% ..	87⅞	88⅛	–⅛
103¼	99 11/16	War Loan, 5% ..	102 5/16	102 7/16	+⅛
101⅞	99½	Do., 4% ..	101	101¼ ..	
91¼	82½	Pdg. Loan, 4% ..	89⅛	89⅜ ..	–⅛
95⅜	92	Victory, 4% ..	94⅛	94⅜	+⅛
95⅜	90	Do., 5% Bds. ..	94¼	94⅜	+⅛
80¼	72 15/16	Conversion, 3½% ..	77½	77⅝ ..	–⅛
100	93	Do., 4½% ..	98⅜	98⅝ ..	–⅛
—	—	Do., 5% ..	103⅝	103⅞	+⅛
101⅜	97¾	Treas. 5% '33-47	102¼	102⅜	–⅛
100	96½	Do., 4½% '30-32	100⅝	100⅝ ..	
98 13/32	94⅞	Do., 4½% '32-34	101¼	101⅜ ..	
97⅛	93⅞	Do., 4% '31-33	100	100¼ ..	
60¼	55	Irish Land, 2¾%	58	59 ..	
66	60¼	Do., 3%	64	64 ..	–¼
6 5/16	60	Local Loans, 3%	64	64¼ ..	–⅛
84¾	80	T'vaal 3% '23-53	81	83 ..	
266	239	Bank of England	250	253 ..	
82⅞	77¼	Egyptian, 5% ..	81	83 ..	
71¾	60	India, 5½% ..	60½	61½ ..	+⅛
51⅞	50¾	Do., 5% ..	51⅛	52½	+½
51½	44	Do., 2½% ..	42	44 ..	
101⅞	98	Do., 5½% ..	101¼	101¾ ..	
92¼	80¼	Do., 4½% 50-55	82½	83½ ..	
109	103 16	Sudan, 5½% ..	107	108	+¼
66⅜	63	Ldn. Cty. 3% ..	63	64 ..	
76¼	70	Do., 3½% ..	74⅝	75⅝ ..	
104⅜	99¼	Do., 5% 40-60	101	102 ..	
104¼	100	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	105	106 ..	
63⅜	59	Met. Water, "B" ..	66	67 ..	
67	58¾	Do., "A" ..	64½	65½ ..	
85⅜	81	Met. Cons., 3% ..	86	87 ..	
73½	67½	Do., 2½% ..	71	72 ..	
64	58	Pt. of Lond., 3%			
		"A" ..	60	61 ..	
83¼	76¼	Do., 4% "B" ..	80½	81½ ..	
100¾	93	Do., 4½% ..	95	96 ..	

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½	98	Aust., 5% '31-47	98½	99¼ ..	
99¼	90½	Do., 5% '45-75	96¼	86¾	–½
91⅜	86¼	Can., 4% '40-60	90½	91 ..	
97⅜	93⅛	Do., 3½% '30-60	94⅜	85¼ ..	
95¼	91 16/32	Cape, 4% '16-30	95	95½ ..	
82⅝	78¼	Do., 3½% '29-49	82	82½	+¼
81½	78¼	Do., 3% '33-47	83	83½ ..	
113¾	108½	J.C.St., 5% '45-75	109½	110 ..	
104¼	99	Kenya, 5% '48-52	102¼	102¾	+¼
85⅜	81⅜	Nat. India, 5% ..	84	86 ..	
76⅞	72½	Do., 3½% '29-41	75¾	76¼ ..	
88	83⅛	N.S.W., 3½% '55	84	84½ ..	
77	69¼	Do., 3½% '30-50	66¼	66¾ ..	
94¾	90½	Do., 4% '33-58	91¾	92¼ ..	
99⅝	88¼	Do., 4% '45-65	86¾	87¼ ..	
102	92	Do., 5½% '47-57	88¼	88¾ ..	
104	98¾	N.Zeal., 5% '46	100½	101*	+¼
97⅞	91⅞	Do., 4½% '45	95¾	96¼ ..	
89⅛	82⅜	Do., 4% '43-63	85½	86 ..	
88⅝	84⅞	Do., 3½% '40	86⅜	89 ..	
80¾	75	Do., 3% '45	79½	80¾ ..	
104⅛	98½	Nig., 5% '47-57	102⅜	103 ..	
100	89	Qld., 5% '40-60	85¼	85¾ ..	–¼
84	73¾	Do., 4% '40-50	72¾	73¼ ..	–⅛
104¼	98⅞	S. Af., 5% '45-75	99	99⅛ ..	
91⅜	84⅛	Do., 4% '43-63	85¾	86⅛ ..	
99⅝	89	S.A't.St., 5% '45-75	85¼	85¾	–¼
102¾	97⅞	S. Rd., 5% '34-49	101¼	101⅝ ..	
85⅞	79½	Tas'a., 3½% '40	79	79½ ..	
99⅛	89	Vict., 5% '45-75	85¼	85¾ ..	–¼
79¼	70	Do., 3½% '29-49	63	63½ ..	
99¾	91	W. Aus., 5% '45-75	87¼	87⅝ ..	–⅛
90⅛	86	Do., 3½% '20-35	86	86½ ..	–⅛
81⅝	72	Do., 4% '42-62	70½	71 ..	–½

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

Making up prices June 2	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise of Fall
87⅛	Arg., 4% Resclasion ..	87½	88½ ..	+½
83½	Do., 4% 1900 ..	82½	83½ ..	
94	Do., Port Cap., 5%	93½	94½ ..	
102	Austrian, 6% ..	101	102 ..	
110	Belgian, 7% ..	111	111 ..	
94⅛	Berlin (City of), 6% ..	94½	95½	+¼
52⅝	Brazil, 4% 1889 ..	52	53 ..	
65½	Do., 4% Rescision ..	63.	64 ..	
65¼	Do., 5% 1913 ..	64½	65½ ..	
76⅝	Do., 5% Fdg. 1914	76½	77½ ..	
86¾	Do., 6% 1927 ..	87⅜	87⅝ ..	
59⅛	Buenos Aires, 3½% ..	59¼	60¼ ..	
85	Bulgaria, 7% ..	83	85	+1
96½	Chile, 6% 1926 ..	96½	97⅜	+½
91	Do., 5% 1911 ..	90	92 ..	
108	Do. 7½% 1922 ..	107	109 ..	
97⅛	Chinese, 5% 1896 ..	97	98 ..	
82½	Do., 4½% 1898 ..	80	81	–1
46	Do., 5% 1912 ..	39	42 ..	–2½
64¼	Do., 5% 1913 ..	61½	62½	–1
60	Do., Shanghai-N., 5%	57	60 ..	
25	Do., Tientsin-P., 5%	21	25 ..	
30	Do., Hukuang, 5% ..	28	31 ..	
110	Czechoslovakia, 8% ..	109½	110½ ..	
76½	Egyptian Unified ..	74½	76½ ..	
20½	French, 5%	20⅜	20⅞ ..	
20¼	Do., 4%	20⅛	20½ ..	
105	Mldl. 6%	104½	105⅛ ..	
105	Nord, 6%	104½	105½ ..	
105¾	Orleans, 6%	105½	106½ ..	
106	P.L.M., 6%	105½	106½ ..	
110	Seine (Dept. of), 7% ..	109¾	110⅜	+¼
106¾	German, 7%	106¼	107¼ ..	
63	Greek Monopoly, 4% ..	62	65 ..	
79½	Do., 5% 1914 ..	78	81 ..	
101¼	Do. 7% Refugee ..	101	102 ..	
92¼	Do., 6% Stabilization	92¾	93¼	–¼
102¾	Hungarian, 7½% ..	102¼	103¼ ..	
18½	Italian, 3½%	18	19 ..	
93	Japanese, 5%	93	94 ..	
102	Do., Cdit. Convert "B"	101¼	102⅞ ..	
75⅜	Japan, 4½% 1899 ..	77	78 ..	
90	Do., 5% 1907 ..	89½	90⅜	+¼
101⅞	Do. 6% 1924 ..	101	102	+¼
93	Tokyo (City of), 5½%	92½	93½ ..	
18	Mexican, 5%	17	19 ..	
80	Peru, 6% 1928	78	81	+1
88	Polish, 7%	87⅛	88¾	+⅛
47	Portugal, 3% 1st Ser.	47	48	+¼
47	Roumanian, 4% Cons.	46	47	–¼
27⅛	Russian, 4% 1889 ..	1	3 ..	
2¼	Do., 5% 1906	1	3 ..	
103	Siamese, 6% 1924 ..	103	104 ..	
12	Turkish, 4% Unified ..	10⅛	11⅛ ..	
67½	Uruguay, 5½%	67	68 ..	
—	—	—	—	
7¼	Peruvian Corp. ..	7¼	8¼ ..	
46	Do., 1st Mortgage ..	45½	46½	+½
104½	German Potash, 7% ..	104¼	105¾	
91	San Paulo Coffee, 7½%	90½	91½ ..	

BRITISH RAILWAYS

83¼		Great Western ..	82½	83¼	–¼
—		Do., 4% Deb. ..	81¼	82¾ ..	
—		Do., 5% Gtd. ..	99¼	99¾ ..	
—		Do., 5% Pref. ..	95¼	96¼ ..	
48¾		L. Mid. and Scottish	47½	48¼	–¼
—		Do., 4% Deb. ..	78¾	79¾ ..	
—		Do., 4% Gtd. ..	75½	76½ ..	
—		Do., 4% Pref. ..	68	69 ..	–¼
8⅞		L. and N. East., Def.	8¼	8⅝	–⅛
26¾		Do., Pref. ..	25	25¾ ..	–⅛
—		Do., 3% Deb. ..	56⅝	57¾ ..	–¼
—		Do., 4% 1st Gtd. ..	71½	72½ ..	–½
—		Do., 4% 1st Pref. ..	63	64 ..	–½
—		Do., 4% 2nd Pref. ..	49¼	50¼ ..	–¼
66		Metropolitan	65	66 ..	
77		Met. Dist.	76	77 ..	
30		Southern, Defd. ..	29½	29⅝ ..	–¼
71		Do., Pref.	70¼	71¼ ..	–¼
—		Do., 4% Deb. ..	79	80 ..	
—		Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98	99 ..	
—		Do., 5% Pref. ..	90¾	91¼ ..	–⅛
23/3		Underground, £1 ..	22 7/16	23 1/16	–1⅛d.
110		Do., Income ..	108	109½	

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS

85		Antofagasta, Cons. ..	83	84 ..	
—		Argentine Gt. West	76½	78½ ..	
—		Argentine N. Eastern ..	28¼	29¼	+¼
88		B.A. Gt. Southern ..	86¾	87⅝ ..	–¾
79		B.A. and Pacific ..	78½	79½ ..	
68½		B.A. Western	66¾	67⅝ ..	–1¼
211		Canadian Pacific ..	202	204* ..	–5½
71		Central Argentine ..	68¾	69⅝ ..	–¾
81		Central Uruguay ..	78	80 ..	
13½		Cordoba Central ..	13½	15½ ..	
17		Do., 2nd Pref. ..	17½	19½	+½
32		Costa Rica	31½	32½ ..	
80½		Entre Rios	77½	79 ..	–½
—		Int. Cent. America ..	25½	27½	–1½
51½		Leopoldina	48½	49½*	
7½		Mexican 1st Pref. ..	6½	7½ ..	–½
4⅜		Nitrate (Bearer) ..	4⅜	4⅝ ..	
187		San Paulo	182	186 ..	
13½		United of Havana ..	8	12 ..	

BANKS AND DISCOUNT COMPANIES

Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall	Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
Ag. of Egypt ..	7 15/16	–1/16	Lloyds, A. ..	63/0	..
Alexanders ..	5 3/16	..	Martins	7¾	+⅛
Anglo-S. Am.	6½	–1/16	Merc. Ind. C.	12¾	..
Bk. of Aust.	11¾	..	Midland ..	21 75/9	+3d.
B. Ld. & S.A.	8⅞	..	Do. £12 (£2 10s. pd.)	9⅛	+1/16
Bk. of Mtl. ..	63	..	National	2⅜	..
Bk. of N.S.W.	36	..	Nat. Dist., B	9 15/16	..
Bk. of N.Z.	58/6	..	Nat. Egypt ..	30½	..
Barclays, A ..	8	..	Nat. India ..	44	..
Do., B. ..	56/0	..	Nat. Prov., £4	13 15/16	..
Do., D.C.O.	27/6	+3d.	Ryl. of Can.	61⅞	–⅛
B. Overseas	5 7/16*	..	Std., S.A. ..	15¼	..
Can. Com. ..	52	–⅛	Ulster	79/0	..
Char. India ..	17	–¼	Un. of Aust. ..	10⅜	..
District	31 16	..	Un. Discount ..	13 16	–1/16
Eng. S. & A. ..	5 15/16	..	W. Chester ..	79/0	..
Hambros	8 13/16*	..	Do., £1 ..	50/9	..
Hongkong	107	–1½	Wms. Dens. A	39/6	..

INSURANCE

Alliance, New	19*	..	Nthn. Assur.	15⅛	..
Atlas Assur.	12⅜	..	Phœnix, f.p.	14*	..
Britannic ..	14¾	–⅛	Prudential ..	22 7/8*	..
Com. Un. ..	22⅞	–⅛	Do., "B" ..	36/9	..
Eagle Star ..	11½	..	Royal	7⅝*	..
Empr'rs Liab.	71/6	–5d.	R. Exchange ..	8¾	..
Gen. Accdt. ..	14 16	–1/16	Scottish, "A" ..	15¾	+⅛
Guardian	10⅝*	..	Sea	72/0	..
Ldn. and L. ..	27½*	..	Sun Insur. ..	37¼*	..
Ldn. Assur. ..	9¼	..	Sun Life	53	..
N. Brit. & M.	32¾	..	Yrsh'e (50/-)	6⅛	..

TEXTILE AND CHEMICAL

Amal. Cotton	7½d	..	Engl. Cotton	12⅝	..
Bleachers ..	18/6	–5d	FineSpinners	22/0*	..
Borax, Def. ..	10/6	..	Hoyls, J. ..	4/0	..
Brad. Dyers	24/0	..	Imp. Chem.	23/9	–5d
Brit. Celanese	12/6	–1/3	Do., Defd.	7/6	..
Do., 2nd Pf.	9/4½	–7½d	Jute Ind., Pf.	2/3	..
B. Cot. Dyers	4 7½*	..	Linen Thread	11 5/8	..
Brit. Enka ..	4/6	–3d	Lister	13/3	..
Calico Print.	9/3	..	Patons & B.	18/6	–3d
Can. Celanese	2¼	..	Ryland	16/9	..
Cr'w'se Amer.	4½	..	Salt Union ..	18 3/32	–1/16
Costs	60/3	..	Salts (S'k're)	2/6	..
Cook, Son ..	8/9	..	Sanitas	11/9	–9d
Courtaulds ..	2 3/32	–1/32	Wardle & Dav.	1 5/16	..

ELECTRICAL POWER AND EQUIPMENT

Ass. Elec. In.	25/0	–1/6	Hydro Elec.	44	–2¼
Atlas	26/10½	–3d	Johnson & Ph.	57/0	..
Barrow Tn.	32	–5/8	Metro. Elec.	40/3	–3d
B'mouth & Pl.	56/9	..	Mex. Lt. Com.	8¾	–1
Brac. Tract.	45½	–4¼	Do., 1st Pf.	77½	..
Brit. Insuld.	74/0	..	Mid. Counties	27/3	..
Brush Elec.	119	..	N'w'ic Elec.	22/6	..
Callender's ..	72/0	..	Perak River	10/9	..
City of Lond.	34/0	..	Siemens ..	23/0*	..
County Lond.	46/6	–3d	Telegr. Const.	19	..
English Elec.	3/3	..	Vic. Falls ..	3 1/8	..
Gen. Elec. ..	48/0	–1/3	Whitehall, Pf.	24/9	..
Henley's Tel.	6	–1/16	Yorkshire ..	31/9	–3d

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & E. Trad.	13/0	..	Imperial Tob.	47 32	..
Am. Dent. Dl.	4/3	..	Imp. Tob. Can	39/6*	–9d
Apollinaris	8/0	..	Int. Nickel ..	29	–2⅛
Asd. Cement	24 7½	–1¼d	Kreuger & T.	23¾	–1⅛
Bovril, Def.	39/9	–3d	Lautaro, Pf.	5 7/16	–1/16
Brit. Alum.	40 7½	–1/3	Do. Delaware	5⅛	–⅛
Brit. Am. Tb.	5 3/32	–1/32	Lever, 7% Pf.	23/3	..
Brit. & S. Pac.	17/0	+1/0	Liverpool Nt.	9/0	–3d
Brit. Match	24/9	–1½d	London Brick	39/6*	..
Brit. Oil Cake	50/3	..	Manbré G. Dl.	16/3	+6d
Brit. Port. Cm	2 5/16	..	Marconi Mar.	1 15/16	..
Brit. Ropes	3/0	..	Do., Can. ..	1⅛	–1/16
Cab & W. "B"	18	–⅛	Mather & P.	2⅛	..
Do., 7½% "A"	38	–2	Naira, M. & G.	2⅛	..
Do., 5½% Pf.	89	–⅛	New Tam'g	18/6	..
Carreras "A"	7¾*	–¼	P. & O., Def.	43/6	–6d
Col. Graph. ..	4 13/32	–1/32	Phillips (G.)	1 1/16	..
Crittall	23/6	..	Pinchin J'son	43/9	–3d
Cr. & Rt. 1 Fd.	15/6	..	Prim. Hldgs.	28/0*	..
Cunard St'm	20/6	–3d	Royal Mail ..	15½	–2
Dunlop Rbr.	11/9	–1½d	Sm. & Arg. Mt.	5/0	–7½d
E. Ready G. B.	17 4½*	–3d	Sth. Met. Gas	105	..
Finlay, Jas.	79/0	–1/0	Spillers ..	19/3	..
Furness, W.	32/6	..	Swed. Match. B	35½	–⅜
Gas Lt. & C.	19/0	..	Tarapaca Nit.	8/0	..
Gaumont Br.	16/6	+4½d	Turner & Nl.	31 32*	..
Globe Tel. ..	19	..	Utd. Dairies	31/0	–1½d
Gramophone	47 32	–1/32	Un. Molasses	3 16	–⅛
Harrisons & C.	6/4	..	Unilever ..	22⅜	–3/32
Imp. Smelt.	17/3	–3d	Wallpaper D.	43/6*	..

COAL, IRON AND STEEL

Amal. A'th'te	4/9	..	Howard & B.	3⅜	..
Armstrong ..	0/6	..	Laubert ..	33/6	–6d
Babcock & W.	56/3	+6d	Pease & Pins	2/3	..
Baldwins ..	2 4½	..	Platt Bros. ..	4/3	..
Bengal	8/3	..	Powell, Duff	7/0	..
B.S.A.	9/6	–3d	Richds., West	5 11½	..
Bolsover	15/0	..	Ruston & H.	5/6	–9d
Brown (John)	3/0	..	S. Speakman	12/6	..
Cammell Ld.	1/3	..	Staveley ..	19/3	..
Consett	6/3	..	Stew. & L. Def.	24/0	..
Cory (Wm.)	61/0	..	S. Durham ..	20/0	..
Dorman Long	4 7½	..	Swan, Hunter	19/9	–6d
Ebbw Vale ..	0/10½	..	Tata, Deb. ..	99	..
Guest, Keen	33 1½	..	Thomas, R.	2/6	..
Hadfields ..	7/0	–3d	Vickers ..	6 10½	..
Harld. & W. P.	9 1½	..	Weardale, Dl.	17/3	..
Hopkinson. ..	32/6	..	Yk. Am. A & D	7/6	–6d

MOTOR AND AIRCRAFT

Austin (5/-)	26/6	–1/6	National Bus	27/6	+3d
Dennis Bros	40/0	–2/0	Rolls-Royce	44/9	–3d
Ford	67/0	–4/3	Rover	8/9	..
Guy Motors	15/6	..	Singer	30/3	..
Humber	17/3	..	S.T.D., Prf.	8/9	..
Imp. Airways	25/0	–6d	Smith, S., Dr	4 1½	..
Leyland	70/0	–9d	Thornycroft	65/0	–6d
Lucas, J. ..	75/0	..	Till. & Brit.	43/9	..
Morris, 7½ Pf	21 7½	+1½d	Till. Stevens	11/6	..
Napier, D. ..	11/9	..	Tilling, T. ..	4¾	–1/16

BREWERIES

Allsopp ..	27/0	–6d	Ind. Coope ..	65/0	–6d
Bass, Ratcl.	67/0	..	Meux's	38/6	–3d
Benskin's ..	58/3	–3d	Mitch's & B.	57/0	..
C. of Lon., Def	12/3	–3d	S. African ..	60/6	..
Courage	64/3	–3d	Taylor, Wlkr.	35/3	–6d
Distillers ..	67/9	–6d	Threlfalls ..	56/0	..
Guinness ..	105/0	..	Walker, F. & C.	16/6	..
Hoare	68/0	..	Watney, Del.	60/6	–9d

STORE, CATERING, AND HOTEL

Aerated B. ..	18/0	–3d	Lewis, Pld.	47/6	..
Army & N. ..	39/6	..	Lipton	4/6	..
Barker	62/6	–6d	Lyons, "A" ..	4½	..
Boots Pure D.	53¼	..	Do., Pref. ..	31/0	–6d
Carlton	34/0	+6d	Map. & Webb	11/0	..
Debenhams	8/3	..	Maypole, Def.	5/6	..
Fredk. Hotels	11/6	..	Savoy Hotel	33/0	..
Gordon Ht's	13/0	+6d	Selfridge, Pf.	26/6	..
Hickey's ..	63/6	+6d	Stuart Bros.	1⅞	..
Harrods (B.A)	17/0	..	Spiers & P 10/0	17/6	–3d
Home & C. 4/0	17/3	–1½d	Waring & G.	25/3	..
Internat. Tea	25/0	..	Whiteley ..	52/6	..

FINANCIAL, LAND, &c.

Arg. Ld. Inv.	39/0	..	Daigety ..	10	..
Arg. Sthn. Ld.	20/0	..	Forestal ..	14/6*	..
Aust. Est. M.	52	..	Goldsbr., Mt.	28/3	+9d
Aust. Merc. f.p.	6½	..	Hudson's B.	3½	–9/16
Brit. N. Born	7/0	..	Kassala Cot.	7/6	..
Cty. Ld. Real	18/6*	..	N.Z.L. & M.	99	..
Cordova ..	2/0	..	Sudan Plants	2 19 32	–3 32

RUBBER

Allied Sum.	11 7/16	–3d	L. Asiatic ..	3 7/16	–1¼d.
An.-Dutch ..	26/9	–3d	Lumut	33/0	–1/0
An.-Java ..	2 1½	..	Malacca ..	1 1/16	..
An.-Malay ..	12/6	..	Malaysian ..	20/6	+3d
Bah. Ilas ..	20/0	..	Mendaris ..	13 1/4*	..
Bajoe Kidoel	1 1/16	..	Merlimau ..	2/0	..
Batu Tiga ..	1 1/8	..	Pataling ..	3 32	..
Bertam Cons	3/6	..	Perak	2 4½	..
Bukit Mert'm	2 4½	..	Rembau Jeki	21/3	..
Castlefield ..	5/3	..	Rubber Tst.	29/6	–6d
Cons. Malay	3/6	..	Sarawak ..	3 4½	..
Duff Devt. ..	1/4	..	Selangor Un.	2/0	..
E. Asiatic ..	1 7½	..	Sennah	1¼	..
Grand Cent.	¾	..	Sialang	1 5/16	..
Gula Kalump	20/0	..	Straits Rbr.	2 32	..
Highlands ..	1 3/32	..	Sum. Para ..	2 7½	..
Java Invest.	1 1/16	..	Tandjong ..	1⅝	..
Java United	1¼	..	Tanjong Mal.	1 1/16	..
Jugra & Carey	12/3	..	Telogoredjo	1 1/16	–1 32
Kapar Para	22/6	..	U. Serdang ..	2 7½	–1¼d
Kuala Lump.	1 1/32	..	U. Sua Pt'g	2 3/8*	..
Labu	27/6	–1/3	U. Sumatra ..	1 3/16	..
Lanadron ..	10/0	..	U. Temiang ..	1/9	..
Linggi	1	..	Vallambrosa	10/0	..

TEA

Amal. Est. ..	18½	–⅛	East'n Prod.	3 13/16	..
An.-Ceylon ..	1/2	–1/16	Empire	1⅞	..
Assam Co. ..	11 32	–1½d	Galaha	44/0	–6d
Assam Front.	20/0	..	Imperial Tea	31/0*	–3d
Bogaw'tawa	3⅜	..	Jhanzie	2⅛	..
Brahmap'tra	2⅜	+⅛	Jokai	2⅞	..
Brit. Indian	2½	..	Jorehaut	1⅝	–1/16
Budla Beta ..	3¼	..	Lanka Plant.	40/0	..
Carolina ..	58/0	..	Lebong	4*	+1 32
Ceylon Plant.	5	..	Lungla	12/0	..
Chargola ..	10/7½	..	Makum	1 11/16	..
Chubwa	3 15/32	..	Nedeem	1 25/32	..
Cons. T. & L.	20¾	–1/32	New Dimbula	5⅞	–1/16
Darjeeling ..	2 29/32	..	Nuwara Eliya	5 9/16	–1/16
Dart'g Cons.	3 11/16*	..	Pabilatan ..	2⅜	..
Deundi	14/6*	..	Scot. Tea & L.	2 13/16	..
Dooars	2 13/32	+1/32	Singlo	2¼	..
Doom Dooma	3⅞	–1/16	Travancore ..	2½	..
East'n Assam	3½	..	Upper Assam	1⅞	..

OIL

A.-Ecuador	16/3	–6d	Lobitos	2 1/16	–1/32
A.-Egypt., B	2¼*	..	Mex. Eagle ..	12/3	–3d
A.-Persian ..	4¼	–⅛	Do., 7% Pf.	8/3	..
Apex Trin. ..	1 32	–1/32	Phœnix, £1 sh	11 7/32	..
Attock	1 32	..	R. Dutch ..	32½	–¼
Brit. Borneo	10/3	..	Shell	4¾	..
Brit. Burmah	5/3	..	Spies (2/-) ..	0/6	..
Brit. Contl. Pf	7/3	..	Steaua Rom.	8 1/64	..
Burmah	4⅜	–⅛	Trinidad C.	3/6	..
Canad. Eagle	12/3	–3d	Trinidad L.	2/9	..
Creole	1 32	–1/32	U. Brit. Trin.	6 4½	..
Kern River	4 10½	..	Ural Caspian	0/6	..
			V.O.C., Ord.	2 15/16	..

SOUTH AFRICAN MINES

Af. & Europ'n	15/6	..	Modder Deep	11¼	–1/32
Anglo-Amer.	11 4*	..	Modder East	15⅜	–6d
An.-French ..	2 32	..	Mozambique	9/0	–6d
Brakpan	2 11/16	..	Natal N. Col.	3⅜	..
C. Mining. Br.	16*	..	New Jagers. ..	1 15/16	..
City Deep ..	5/9	..	New Modder.	4 1/16	–1/16
Cons. Dids.	10/3	–6d	New State A.	1 15/16	..
Cons. G. Fids.	1 25/32	–1/32	Nourse	8/9	..
Cons. M.R. ..	14/6	..	Randf'tn E.	6/6	+3d
Cons. M. Sel.	14/0	–3d	Rand Mines ..	3	..
Crown	3⅜	..	Rand Selec. ..	10/9	–4½d
Daggafontein	17 32	+1/32	Rob. Deep B	8/6	–1½d
De Beers, D.	7¾	–¼	S.A. Gold Fst.	1¼	–1/32
Durban Deep	10/3	..	S.A. Town ..	8/3	..
East Geduld	1 31/32	..	S.W. Africa	17/0	..
East. Rand	10/3	..	Springs ..	3 9/16	..
Geduld	3½	+1/32	Sub Nigel ..	2 5/16	+1/16
Gen. Mining	2 3/32	..	T. Cons. Inds.	1 5/16	..
Govt. Areas ..	1¼	..	Union Corp.	2 13/32	–1/32
J'b'g C'ns Inv.	39/0	–3d	V. Ryn Deep	1 19/32	..
Knights	9/3	..	Vereen'g Est.	1 15/16	..
Langlaagte ..	23/0	..	Village Deep	2/9	..
Meyer & C. ..	2 1/32	..	W. Rd. Cons.	6/6	..
Modder, B

Brandrams Corp., 14/6 -/6
Cawdors, 4/-
Do., New 3/- 2/6 -/6 -/6
Do., 6% Pfg. Pref. 23/6 -/9 -/6 -/3 4/-
Eagle Oil Transport, 6/-
G. Racing Assn., -/-
Hudson Bay, New, 68/9 7/6
Imperial Securities, 9/16†† 3¼ 1¼ 1¼ ⅛ 3 7/8 3 ⅛ 7/8
Imperial Tobacco, 100/- 99½ 99½ 99½

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY (EXTENSIONS) FIVE per CENT. LOAN 1887-9.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the terms of this Loan, the undermentioned NUMBERS of BONDS amounting to £104,000 have this day been DRAWN by lot for payment on the 1st July, 1930, when interest thereon will cease :—

BONDS of £100.

13	23	25	110	142	217	221
248	262	291	294	343	348	418
419	484	515	518	568	580	584
668	707	764	772	774	791	819
855	870	993	1039	1054	1099	1128
1138	1156	1186	1194	1222	1250	1343
1385	1457	1465	1546	1557	1578	1597
1634	1648	1686	1719	1760	1769	1778
1795	1878	1904	1934	1949	1985	1988
2022	2062	2157	2162	2180	2229	2241
2272	2479	2527	2533	2542	2588	2614
2622	2654	2765	2808	2816	2826	2846
2865	2880	3006	3056	3110	3152	3160
3172	3174	3192	3304	3305	3404	3423
3443	3548	3551	3571	3592	3705	3724
3755	3812	3843	3861	3906	3912	3930
3938	3963	4025	4033	4144	4243	4285
4287	4302	4315	4387	4406	4567	4643
4676	4825	4831	4847	4849	4953	4962
4982	4983	5044	5051	5126	5147	5213
5216	5265	5295	5335	5360	5378	5384
5547	5582	5592	5700	5815	5866	5875
5929	5935	5957	5975	5982	6002	6124
6146	6191	6217	6309	6311	6315	6334
6393	6422	6435	6453	6533	6556	6567
6603	6621	6699	6820	6850	6913	6977
7055	7064	7152	7168	7186	7191	7214
7219	7243	7259	7316	7325	7330	7391
7423	7426	7447	7549	7572	7630	7651
7670	7674	7743	7774	7861	7869	7991
7994	8080	8122	8181	8189	8264	8286
8325	8358	8395	8452	8475	8541	8596
8611	8617	8676	8727	8809	8821	8828
8835	8839	8886	8987	9019	9058	9068
9099	9127	9136	9143	9192	9201	9411
9424	9475	9540	9552	9606	9620	9628
9668	9680	9730	9753	9785	9815	9934
10022	10028	10040	10072	10125	10139	10146
10234	10247	10302	10540	10543	10663	10683
10741	10755	10781	10801	10916	10952	10981
10982	10990	11015	11248	11260	11294	11324
11327	11380	11484	11514	11642	11762	11893
11932	11941	11976	12146	12163	12186	12283
12325	12336	12342	12460	12471	12547	12561
12569	12596	12601	12617	12646	12668	12795
12820	12847	12864	12870	12948	12983	12997
13002	13048	13058	13060	13146	13151	13156
13164	13167	13199	13242	13287	13351	13359
13368	13389	13418	13428	13444	13473	13499
13576	13603	13619	13684	13685	13701	13712
13745	13790	13809	13810	13918	13967	14008
14048	14148	14159	14160	14204	14216	14263
14289	14303	14329	14354	14401	14424	14459
14477	14556	14572	14602	14701	14712	14774
14799	14891	14971	14994	14996	15014	15022
15051	15119	15241	15280	15282	15286	15303
15324	15484	15506	15511	15520	15535	15568
15588	15637	15648	15675	15753	15765	15805
15835	15874	15881	15895	15904	15979	16133
16149	16221	16233	16273	16293	16317	16413
16459	16488	16525	16661	16690	16711	16739
16756	16792	16849	16897	17022	17040	17121
17143	17200	17270	17279	17287	17325	17370
17474	17481	17500	17515	17533	17539	17540
17541	17564	17594	17621	17646	17697	17757
17758	17786	17805	17880	17896	17924	17931
18006	18054	18087	18195	18315	18317	18318
18375	18386	18388	18399	18407	18415	18484
18608	18620	18786	18819	18906	18924	18945
18950	18969	19019	19033	19059	19064	19078
19088	19133	19158	19200	19226	19258	19260
19266	19320	19414	19427	19472	19486	19494
19499	19694	19702	19782	19806	19815	19890
19895	19904	19937	19978	20013	20035	20196
20220	20228	20237	20314	20341	20423	20442
20492	20493	20517	20564	20603	20759	20793
20868	20942	21019	21024	21063	21077	21121
21282	21330	21332	21339	21464	21479	21485
21495	21499	21606	21676	21687	21716	21757
21863	21868	21887	21890	21917	21953	21971
22009	22012	22017	22053	22078	22080	22106
22130	22148	22198	22207	22212	22274	22285
22347	22367	22445	22470	22514	22593	22677
22706	22716	22741	22772	22788	22835	22859
22878	22903	22904	22922	22936	22961	22969
22988	23038	23050	23080	23132	23153	23248
23262	23422	23425	23440	23444	23518	23718
23736	23766	23811	23937	23954	24007	24080
24082	24117	24167	24200	24262	24335	24340
24343	24522	24548	24678	24734	24780	24804
24849	24868	24891	24918	25030	25044	25170
25188	25283	25361	25406	25464	25465	25506
25571	25621	25675	25716	25717	25722	25751
25839	25864	25868	25877	25905	25913	25929
26004	26042	26049	26151	26156	26201	26216
26241	26300	26367	26441	26450	26454	26466
26469	26477	26504	26517	26545	26641	26689
26726	26775	26776	26811	26819	26847	26917
27069	27086	27098	27134	27139	27158	27166
27220	27243	27447	27580	27589	27742	27771
27798	27845	27847	27864	27904	27962	27964
27983	28009	28041	28050	28062	28099	28180
28181	28307	28329	28353	28412	28414	28438
28453	28484	28504	28505	28513	28545	28565
28628	28669	28689	28692	28705	28812	28819
28827	28870	28897	28901	28915	28941	28946
28955	28979	28980	29053	29071	29074	29088
29096	29203	29221	29227	29269	29303	29408
29601	29645	29673	29713	29734	29738	29751
29756	29766	29771	29781	29789	29790	29841
29846	29890	29928	29936	29995	30008	30019
30024	30042	30128	30242	30283	30319	30441
30503	30560	30578	30628	30637	30640	30737
30741	30743	30761	30773	30789	30822	30836
30931	30949	30975	30993	31009	31086	31089
31114	31209	31238	31271	31330	31349	31379
31386	31415	31453	31465	31557	31574	31584
31589	31697	31707	31744	31761	31807	31817
31840	31846	31886	31889	31894	31914	31965
32029	32033	32047	32049	32120	32146	32167
32179	32232	32269	32305	32375	32414	32430
32433	32434	32488	32498	32503	32530	32559
32567	32675	32697	32748	32782	32821	32895
32981	32985	33007	33015	33023	33029	33033
33043	33131	33197	33224	33233	33285	33337
33372	33393	33409	33417	33430	33467	33493
33511	33750	33794	33817	33824	33838	33864
33927	33945	33983	33991	34008	34053	34076
34111	34154	34325	34350	34435	34473	34509
34574	34580	34611	34627	34635	34670	34734
34737	34747	34777	34788	34791	34809	34981
35018	35050	35055	35084	35128	35132	35321
35448	35472	35564	35626	35654	35696	35700
35763	35824	35850	35927	35962	35964	35985
36013	36017	36082	36126	36328	36336	36371
36454	36545	36553	36559	36580	36683	36694
36714	36778	36816	36911	36942	36967	36970
37073	37099	37037	37041	37074	37082	37132
37190	37216	37264	37265	37268	37340	37453
37463	37481	37485	37498	37519	37544	37583
37584	37638	37640	37686	37778	37792	37826
37901	37946	37989	38012	38040	38051	38069
38083	38212	38219	38241	38249	38251	38470
38481	38487	38606	38729	38816	38945	38966
38968	38976	39052	39076	39084	39134	39155
39157	39159	39179	39187	39222	39251	39270
39318	39429	39430	39439	39442	39465	39470
39512	39534	39535	39549	39574	39579	39603
39628	39647	39649	39650			

Total :—

1,040 Bonds of £100 each.. .. .. £104,000

No. 8, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. 4th June, 1930.
For Baring Brothers and Co., Limited.
A. F. BARING, Managing Director.

Present :—Dr. R. Blanco Lafone, Argentine Embassy; John Venn (of the firm of H. de Pinna and John Venn, Notaries), 38, Gresham House, E.C.2.

ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT FOUR-and-a-HALF per CENT. CONVERSION LOAN, 1888-9.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the terms of the above Loan, the undermentioned NUMBERS of BONDS, amounting to £120,080, have this day been DRAWN by lot for payment on the 1st October, 1930, when interest thereon will cease :—

BONDS of £1,000.

52508	52517	52537	52581	52709	52720	52733
52763	52790	52946	52995	53035	53049	53055
53126	53189	53232	53256			

BONDS of £500.

49610	49657	49752	49766	49768	49769	49794
49820	49827	49857	49924	50039	50071	50078
50113	50129	50199	50247	50279	50361	50434
50447	50457	50505	50544	50550	50599	50622
50687	50690	50763	50771	50786	50792	50801
50915	50919	50924	51033	51071	51109	51121
51147	51182	51231	51259	51271	51351	51372
51398	51407	51411	51607	51684	51784	51803
51869	51989	52016	52017	52057	52082	52162
52209	52228	52262	52311	52395		

BONDS of £100.

24535	24565	24661	24982	24987	25043	25079
25303	25318	25357	25429	25442	25525	25535
25542	25561	25577	25609	25684	25759	25761
25770	25775	25800	25813	25882	25899	26041
26122	26204	26262	26267	26281	26325	26328
26533	26554	26575	26628	26710	26764	26808
26838	26856	26930	26971	27066	27145	27215
27360	27363	27372	27383	27398	27410	27421
27454	27487	27502	27523	27564	27693	27777
27791	27824	27851	27859	27869	27900	27977
28055	28092	28132	28177	28184	28197	28206
28236	28238	28242	28278	28356	28399	28503
28506	28548	28549	28879	28970	28971	28990
29001	29097	29180	29199	29204	29259	29268
29337	29379	29432	29477	29494	29517	29541
29662	29719	29777	29884	29938	30006	30029
30063	30064	30111	30133	30137	30218	30247
30252	30265	30286	30289	30309	30330	30377
30390	30415	30503	30509	30531	30533	30541
30602	30677	30715	30750	30828	30833	30891
30944	30964	30992	31032	31118	31133	31166
31180	31250	31371	31436	31452	31469	31493
31564	31655	31695	31698	31704	31713	31726
31771	31790	31843	31896	31929	31942	31950
31965	31966	31976	31978	32020	32024	32035
32117	32119	32170	32216	32221	32339	32348
32385	32425	32430	32434	32448	32449	32455
32464	32470	32477	32480	32501	32505	32667
32683	32789	32811	32819	32869	32922	32988
33080	33279	33297	33299	33300	33331	33349
33351	33355	33408	33414	33550	33598	33639
33678	33707	33744	33784	33988	33994	34052
34078	34096	34172	34324	34345	34350	34380
34463	34472	34528	34531	34540	34542	34619
34623	34628	34658	34676	34707	34718	34733
34735	34756	34838	34849	34876	34906	34931
34970	34980	35005	35112	35133	35191	35230
35296	35346	35349	35364	35441	35446	35470
35497	35507	35545	35572	35581	35601	35692
35725	35747	35777	35838	35921	35956	35972
36028	36040	36042	36044	36119	36137	36159
36224	36295	36367	36488	36520	36607	36657
36695	36711	36739	36852	36855	36879	36884
36937	37013	37046	37053	37114	37146	37259
37349	37370	37377	37513	37557	37562	37662
37667	37709	37705	37755	37856	37885	37905
37942	38111	38219	38314	38389	38460	38496
38549	38553	38555	38586	38604	38607	38608
38625	38674	38729	38730	38748	38758	38778
38811	38838	38887	38891	38901	38922	38947
39056	39085	39101	39125	39169	39270	39395
39494	39674	39804	39912	39974	40026	40053
40109	40137	40143	40194	40250	40265	40291
40306	40376	40380	40559	40581	40597	40765
41042	41063	41069	41111	41157	41182	41254
41263	41373	41447	41453	41483	41514	41548
41559	41603	41611	41698	41724	41747	41822
41854	41882	41988	42020	42122	42126	42142
42181	42212	42214	42248	42251	42476	42591
42639	42697	42793	42797	42798	42816	42996
43005	43006	43101	43131	43144	43168	43173
43174	43225	43282	43298	43299	43322	43334
43366	43447	43461	43599	43602	43612	43650
43680	43693	43698	43733	43753	43818	43845
43874	43941	44024	44032	44048	44130	44173
44183	44284	44319	44352	44403	44417	44441
44466	44529	44606	44635	44638	44718	44746
44775	44794	44922	45020	45208	45268	45271
45276	45390	45522	45575	45669	45673	45726
45744	45756	45758	45783	45856	45894	45938
45939	46104	46188	46214	46228	46313	46358
46418	46435	46459	46470	46542	46588	46727
46793	46804	46870	46912	46936	46966	46988
46993	47027	47102	47145	47208	47230	47234
47281	47288	47299	47317	47344	47348	47354
47402	47413	47471	47485	47524	47552	47676
47678	47712	47713	47728	47742	47747	47749
47768	47773	47845	47882	47921	47946	48020
48278	48333	48367	48417	48451	48461	48486
48541	48605	48664	48711	48738	48753	48780
48799	48887	48902	48911	48924	49126	49352
49353						

BONDS of £20.

10	87	92	134	213	237	239
345	387	453	474	510	513	558
565	574	576	633	725	782	818
826	848	871	913	933	1016	1048
1083	1098	1117	1123	1137	1152	1153

Total :—

18	Bonds of £1000 each	..	£18,000
68	" 500 "	..	34,000
568	" 100 "	..	56,800
564	" 20 "	..	11,280
			£120,080

No.8, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. 4th June, 1930.
For Baring Brothers and Co., Limited.
F. BARING, Director.

Present :—Dr. R. Blanco Lafone, Argentine Embassy; John Venn (of the firm of H. de Pinna, and John Venn, Notaries), 38, Gresham House, E.C.2.

CHILIAN GOVERNMENT FOUR-and-a-HALF per CENT. LOAN of 1887.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the Contract for this Loan, the following BONDS have this day been DRAWN by Lot, in the presence of Señor Don Hypolito Serruys-Gana, Financial Delegate to the Chilean Government in London, and of Messrs. N. M. Rothschild and Sons, attended by Mr. Percy Ebenezer Mattocks (of the firm of John Venn and Sons), Notary Public, viz. :—

15 BONDS Nos. :—

21105	21134	21203	21209	21255	21314	21316
21379	21405	21483	21496	21502	21548	21627
21700						

For £1,000 Sterling each = £15,000.

22 BONDS Nos. :—

21737	21756	21757	21758	21796	21800	21810
21820	21839	21856	21857	21929	21972	22007
22030	22072	22088	22121	22124	22140	22169
22185						

For £500 Sterling each = £11,000.

211 BONDS Nos. :—

22247	22254	22263	22280	22282	22303	22322
22356	22360	22405	22424	22425	22467	22485
22497	22509	22515	22520	22560	22599	22612
22616	22618	22621	22624	22637	22641	22644
22648	22651	22656	22662	22672	22690	22705
22706	22713	22716	22729	22759	22764	22767
22774	22791	22812	22815	22861	22864	22889
22890	22894	22896	22912	22921	22953	22961
22971	22991	23022	23058	23067	23069	23071
23102	23112	23126	23127	23128	23131	23135
23152	23162	23163	23172	23182	23192	23205
23210	23219	23254	23256	23259	23296	23316
23327	23328	23337	23368	23372	23415	23424
23431	23434	23469	23471	23483	23485	23489
23490	23517	23518	23523	23525	23535	23540
23582	23598	23603	23614	23625	23627	23635
23638	23639	23662	23664	23699	23715	23718
23720	23725	23735	23802	23807	23837	23838
23852	23860	23892	23907	23910	23923	23925
23987	24002	24025	24063	24075	24102	24118
24119	24124	24136	24138	24141	24147	24191
24204	24209	24210	24223	24322	24331	24341
24405	24413	24422	24423	24431	24467	24478
24491	24492	24498	24500	24570	24617	24656
24659	24681	24683	24704	24705	24710	24715
24753	24756	24758	24759	24769	24785	24828
24834	24856	24866	24886	24925	24968	24970
24986	24987	25003	25045	25048	25088	25091
25094	25096	25104	25112	25126	25134	25135
25140	25142	25191	25193	25206	25215	25300
25301						

For £100 Sterling each = £21,100

248 Bonds amounting together to the sum of £47,100

These Bonds will be paid off at par on the 1st July, next, from which date all interest thereon will cease.

The above Bonds, when presented for payment, must bear all the Coupons subsequent to the 1st July, 1930, otherwise the amount of the missing Coupons will be deducted from the principal to be repaid.

Bonds may be presented on any business day (Saturdays excepted) between the hours of 11 and 2. The usual interval of three clear days will be required for examination.

N. M. ROTHSCHILD and SONS,
New Court, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C.4. 6th June, 1930.
Witness : P. E. Mattocks, Notary Public.

CHILEAN GOVERNMENT 7½ PER CENT. LOAN of 1922.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the Contract for this Loan, the following BONDS have this day been DRAWN by Lot, in the presence of Señor Don Hypolito Serruys-Gana, Financial Delegate to the Chilean Government in London, and of Messrs. N. M. Rothschild and Sons, attended by Mr. Percy Ebenezer Mattocks (of the firm of John Venn and Sons), Notary Public, viz. :—

3 BONDS Nos. :—

133	340	484

For £1,000 Sterling each, £3,000.

6 BONDS Nos. :—

528	710	839	1239	1385	1450

For £500 Sterling each, £3,000.

44 BONDS Nos. :—

1630	1776	1801	1910	2129	2363	2469	2482
2889	3074	3154	3294	3424	3461	3468	3544
3718	3822	3880	4028	4073	4116	4165	4378
4520	4572	4699	4753	5040	5375	5929	5930
6073	6199	6413	6442	6496	6936	6939	6974
7019	7487	7563	7703				

For £100 Sterling each, £4,400.

53 Bonds amounting together to the sum of £10,400.

These Bonds will be paid off at par on the 1st July next, from which date all interest thereon will cease.

The above Bonds, when presented for payment, must bear all the Coupons subsequent to the 1st July, 1930, otherwise the amount of the missing Coupons will be deducted from the principal to be repaid.

Bonds may be presented on any business day (Saturdays excepted) between the hours of 11 and 2. The usual interval of three clear days will be required for examination.

N. M. ROTHSCHILD and SONS.
New Court, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C.4. 6th June, 1930.
Witness : P. E. Mattocks, Notary Public.

DRAWING OF BONDS (continued)

INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING CAR COMPANY SIX PER CENT. STERLING BONDS. (1922 Issue.)

Notice is hereby given that BONDS of the above Issue, particulars and numbers of which are given below, were this day DRAWN in the presence of Henry Alfred Woodbridge, Notary Public, at the Offices of Erlangers Ltd., 4, Moorgate, E.C.2, in this City, for redemption at par on the 1st day of July next, when interest thereon will cease.

BONDS of £100.

37	46	59	73	315	435	639	672
715	727	802	819	849	951	986	1036
1061	1101	1155	1196	1210	1212	1250	1367
1412	1499	1558	1663	1694	1729	1867	2056
2163	2237	2262	2279	2306	2380	2407	2412
2466	2482	2538	2555	2563	2727	2735	2740
2792	3001	3151	3157	3212	3246	3464	3508
3524	3592	3684	3701	3705	3722	3830	3859
3940							

BONDS of £500.

4050	4150	4167

65 Bonds of £100 each .. £6,500
3 Bonds of £500 each .. £1,500
68 Bonds £8,000

The above Bonds, with Coupon No. 17 and subsequent Coupons attached, are payable in London by Erlangers Ltd., 4, Moorgate, E.C.2, where they must be left three clear days for examination.

London, 5th June, 1930.

PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT 3 per CENT. EXTERNAL DEBT.

Notice is hereby given that 1,220 BONDS of £19 18s. each of the 3 per Cent. Loan, 1902, 3rd Series, amounting to £24,378, together with an equal number of Special Non-Interest Bearing Bonds of £6 12s. 8d. each of identical numbers amounting to £8,092 13s. 4d., were DRAWN at Lisbon on 15th May, 1930, for payment on 1st July, 1930.

Drawn Bonds which have been stamped by the Portuguese Financial Delegate may be presented for payment at the Office of Baring Brothers and Co., Limited, 8, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, where a list of numbers of the above Bonds and listing terms may be obtained.

BONDS CANCELLED

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

STATE OF SAN PAULO SEVEN per CENT. (WATERWORKS) LOAN, 1926.

Notice is hereby given that in carrying out the operation of the Sinking Fund for the period ending September 1st, 1930, BONDS amounting to £17,400 have been PURCHASED, withdrawn from circulation, and CANCELLED.

J. HENRY SCHRODER and Co.
145, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. 10th June, 1930.

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

BOLIVIAN and GENERAL TIN TRUST, Limited. Notice is hereby given that the FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Bolivian and General Tin Trust, Limited, will be held on Thursday, 19th June, 1930, at 12 o'clock noon, at 21, Moorgate, London, E.C.2, to receive the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1930 ; to elect Directors and Auditors ; and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

Holders of bearer warrants desiring to attend and vote at the meeting must lodge their warrants at the Company's Office on or before Tuesday, the 17th instant.

By order of the Board,
H. C. H. GRAVES, Secretary.
21, Moorgate, E.C.2. 10th June, 1930.

COMPANHIA de DIAMANTES de ANGOLA. Limited Liability Company.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Companhia de Diamantes de Angola will be held at the Head Office of the Company, 12-29, Rua dos Fanqueiros, Lisbon, on the 25th June, 1930, at 4 o'clock p.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Accounts for the financial year 1929, to proceed to the election of Members of the Managing Bodies and to transact the other business of an Ordinary General Meeting.

The Holders of Bearer Shares who desire to take part in the meeting will have to deposit their shares ; in Lisbon, at the Company's Head Office, Rua dos Fanqueiros 12-2nd floor, or at the Banco Nacional Ultramarino, or at the Banco Burnay ; in London, at the Company's Office, 40, Rue Royale, or at the Société Générale de Belgique ; in Paris, at the Banque de l'Union Parisienne ; in London, at the Anglo-Portuguese Colonial Bank, Limited, or at the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger ; and in New York, at the Guaranty Trust Company.

The shares must be deposited in time to allow notice of the deposit to be given to the Company's Head Office by its Brussels Office and the above-mentioned banks, by mail, so as to reach Lisbon on or before the 21st June, it being understood that the Shares so lodged will remain deposited until the representation at the General Meeting, until the day following that on which the said meeting takes place.

The President of the General Meeting,
BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO
Lisbon, 31st May, 1930. (s.) J. ULRICH, Governor.

OTAVI MINES and RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held in the Conference Room of the Deutsche Bank und Disconto Gesellschaft, Mauerstrasse 35/39 I, Berlin, on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, 1930, at 11 o'clock a.m. for the following purposes :—

(1) To receive the Annual Report, with Balance-Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, for the financial year ended 31st March, 1930 ; to approve the same, and to decide as to the application of the net profit ;
(2) To give discharge to the Board of Administration and the Management Committee ;
(3) To elect Members of the Board.

Holders of Bearer Warrants desirous to attend the Meeting must deposit their Warrants (or Certificates of Deposit therefor issued by any Securities Clearing Bank at a German Stock Exchange town) not later than 28th June, 1930, at one of the following places :—

IN LONDON.

The Otavi Mines and Railway Company, 1, London Wall Buildings, E.C.2.
(Listing forms for deposit of Warrants in London may be had on application there.)

IN BERLIN.

(1) The Otavi Minen und Eisenbahn Gesellschaft, Unter den Linden 33/1.
(2) The Deutsche Bank und Disconto Gesellschaft.
(3) The Bankhaus S. Bleichröder.

IN HAMBURG.

The Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg, Filiale der Deutschen Bank und Disconto Gesellschaft.

IN FRANKFORT o/M.

The Deutsche Bank und Disconto Gesellschaft, Filiale Frankfurt a/M.

Warrants may also be deposited with a German Notary in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes.

Warrants held in custody by any Banking firm with the assent on behalf of any of the above-mentioned deposit places will also be deemed validly deposited provided they remain in such custody until after the General Meeting.

Attention is again called to the fact that Certificates of Deposit issued by the Reichsbank will no longer confer any right to vote, having regard to the altered provisions of the Reichsbank governing conditions of deposit.

OTAVI MINES and RAILWAY COMPANY.
C. LAUNSPACH, London Secretary.
London, 11th June, 1930.

PREUSSISCHE ELEKTRIZITÄTS-AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT.
(Prussian Electric Company.)

Notice is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the 6% 25-year Sterling Bonds of the Company secured by a Trust Deed (hereinafter called "the

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

£1,450 FREEHOLD.

EAST SUSSEX, NEAR RYE (easy reach of the sea).

DELIGHTFUL COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE.

Choice position. Facing South. Wide views. Two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, tiled kitchen, and offices. Electric light, good water and drainage; telephone; garage; heated greenhouse; tool shed. Really charming GROUNDS, including lawn, flower beds, with crazy paths, good box trees, kitchen garden, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT ½ ACRE.

Full details from HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PETERSHAM.

Favourite district, about 12 miles from Hyde Park Corner. Close to Richmond Park, Ham Common, River, and Golf.

WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE containing three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, 2 bath rooms, good domestic offices. *Co.'s water and gas. Garage for two-three cars.* Attractive and well-laid-out gardens extending to

ABOUT ¾ ACRE.

LOW PRICE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE. Adjoining old-fashioned small House could be purchased if desired.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

KENT.

On high ground above Rochester. Within easy reach of London and the Coast. Six bed rooms, three reception, bath room; all modern conveniences.

IN GOOD REPAIR.

Large garden with tennis court. Close to golf.

PRICE £1,900 FREEHOLD.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

£2,000. WEST SUSSEX.

ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with South aspect, beautifully situate and commanding lovely views of South Downs. Three reception, lounge hall, four bed rooms, bath room, offices. Electric light. Telephone. Radiators. Garage. TASTEFULLY DISPOSED GARDEN, with lawns, pergolas, crazy paths, kitchen garden, &c. in all about 1¼ ACRE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OXON (ABOVE HENLEY).

On fringe of Chilterns in lovely setting, practically adjoining beautiful Common.

EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING HOUSE facing South, and convenient for Henley and Reading.

Hall and cloak room, three reception, five bed rooms, bath room, and offices. *Company's water. Modern drainage. Two garages. Stabling.*

TWO ACRES

of very pretty grounds, affording absolute seclusion.

£2,750 FREEHOLD FOR QUICK SALE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NORTHWOOD, MIDDLESEX.

Excellent Golf: 20 minutes of Town.

COMPACT ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

in good position, with hall, lounge, two reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; room for garage.

PRETTY WELL-STOCKED GARDEN.

PRICE 2,950 GUINEAS.

Sole Agents, Messrs. STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE, Northwood; and

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SOUTH HAMPSHIRE.

Close to little seaside resort, excellent golf links and village.

To be SOLD FREEHOLD, with from three to 10 acres, CHARMING OLD-WORLD PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE. Easily run. All modern conveniences. Sun Trap. Dry soil.

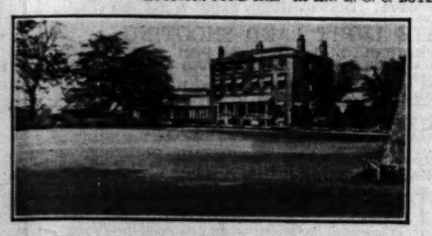
Spacious lounge, 35ft. by 22ft., dining room, 18ft. by 12ft. 6in., eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, excellent offices. Garage. Attractive gardens. PRICE £4,500 with THREE ACRES

Agents:—

HEWITT & Co., NEW MILTON.

SOUTH HANTS. "CROFTON HOUSE," TITCHFIELD.

AUCTION, JUNE 25th. Re Mrs. R. G. C. BOYD, DECD.



Charming Residential Property; five reception, 18 bed, three bath; garage; park; fishing, meadows; two lodges, &c.

60 ACRES.

Vacant Possession.

AUCTION OF FURNITURE JUNE 26 and 27.

Solicitors, Messrs. Cameron Kennm and Co., Gresham House, 24, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2.

KING & KING, F.A.I., 46, Commercial-road, Portsmouth.

SUBURBAN HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

DIXON & CO.,

ADJOINING STATION, 2, WOODCOTE-ROAD, WALLINGTON. Tele., Wallington 3071.

WALLINGTON, high position.—Pre-War HOUSE: all modern improvements; four beds, bath, two reception, kitchen with ideal boiler, scullery; garage; well-stocked garden. £1,200.

WALLINGTON.—Artistic MODERN detached FREEHOLD HOUSE in select neighbourhood; four beds, bath, two reception, kitchenette; garden 42ft. by 160ft., garage space. £1,300.

WALLINGTON.—Just in the market. Absolute bargain.—Artistic MODERN FREEHOLD Detached RESIDENCE; four beds, bath, two reception, kitchen and scullery; detached garage; delightful garden. £1,425.

Particulars of these and other properties may be obtained of DIXON and Co., as above.

GOLDERS GREEN, HAMPSTEAD, and PINNER. ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD HOUSES with three and four bed rooms, bath (hot and cold), two charming reception rooms, attractive gardens, brick-built garages, and all conveniences; will be offered for SALE by AUCTION with VACANT POSSESSION to-morrow (Thursday) at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, E.C., at 2.30 p.m.—Auctioneers, Messrs. W. BURNELL TUBBS and SON, 66, Aldersgate-street, E.C. Tel., National 3012.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR BARGAIN HUNTERS.—GOLDERS GREEN, 50, SINCLAIR-GROVE, a few yards from Brent Tube Station.—Splendid compact modern RESIDENCE, with four bed rooms, half-tiled bath room, two reception rooms, large sunny lounge hall, large kitchen, &c.; good garden; possibilities for garage. Lease of 93 years. Ground-rent £15 per annum. Price £1,850 or near offer. Inspection by the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4 (unless sold previously), on Thursday, June 19th, 1930, by LESLIE RAYMOND, F.S.I., F.A.I., Estate Offices, Golders Green, N.W.11. Speedwell 1601 (3 lines).

WALLINGTON, SURREY.

DOUBLE-FRONTED HOUSE, FREEHOLD, suitable for Bank or Insurance Director's residence, district, built for builder's own use; decorations good; garage; four bed rooms, lounge, dining, breakfast room; £1,595 or near.—68, Osmond-gardens, Wallington.

DISTINCTIVE COTTAGE, WALTON-ON-THAMES; well-built, pre-War; nice secluded garden; two reception, three bed, bath; electric, gas; garage; 20 minutes river or village; high ground. FREEHOLD £1,250.—Write "Owner," 1, Victoria-mansions, Hanwell, W.7.

EALING.—Very desirable, beautifully decorated RESIDENCE. Detached, two floors; five bed rooms, two reception; splendid garden, lawn, flowers, vegetables; lease 70 years. Ground rate. Sale, £1,300.—Royen, 96, Argyle-road, West Ealing.

EALING.—Delightful detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, in wonderful position, close to golf links, short walk from Tube, District, and G.W. Stations; billiard room, lounge, two other reception rooms, parlour (if desired), eight bed rooms (fitted lavatory basins), two bath rooms, excellent domestic offices; constant hot water, central heating; large garage; walled-in garden. PRICE FREEHOLD, £3,650.—Apply

DOUGLAS KERSHAW & CO., 153, Upper Richmond-road, Putney, S.W.

TO be LET, high, open position Ealing, distinctive detached HOUSE; £210 per annum; 10 bed, two bath, three reception; central heating; garage space; large matured garden.—Write Box C.668, Willing, 86, Strand, W.C.2.

BETWEEN RICHMOND AND KINGSTON.

UTMOST value in riverside properties.—Professional gentleman's house, lately occupied, with central heating, billiards, &c., garages, rooms over, 2½ ACRES beautiful sylvan grounds, tennis, boat house, lake and tea pavilion, will take about £4,000.

GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

ABSOLUTE BARGAIN.—EXECUTOR'S SALE. WIMBLEDON.—Attractive detached double-fronted FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; eight to nine bed rooms, three reception rooms, bath room, complete offices; good garden. Only £1,650. Immediate inspecting advised.—Sole Agents, HAWES and Co., facing Wimbledon Station. 'Phone 1090.

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

HOUSE to be LET FURNISHED July, August, September, on two floors only; electric light and every convenience; moderate rent. Phone, Streatham 0124.—127, Babington-road, Streatham.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

30 MINUTES CITY.

ESSEX.—Attractive Old-fashioned GABLED COUNTRY HOUSE, 10 minutes main line; three reception, four bed, bath (hot and cold), main water, gas; stabling, barn, buildings; well-timbered old-world gardens, lawns, pasture, &c. FREEHOLD £1,750.

COUNTRY HOUSE BARGAIN.

ESSEX, between Chelmsford and Colchester (one hour London), 250ft. up, in secluded rural position.—Well-built RESIDENCE; six principal bed, three maids' rooms, two bath rooms, three reception, billiard room, lounge hall (41ft. by 21ft.), gas, &c. Garage, stabling, entrance lodge. Well-timbered parklike grounds, NINE ACRES. FREEHOLD £2,000.

ON BANKS OF RIVER WAVENEY.

SUFFOLK-NORFOLK BORDERS, one mile station.—GEORGIAN COUNTRY RESIDENCE. Hall, three reception, six bed, bath (hot and cold), attic, electric light, central heating; two garages, stabling, bungalow; charming old-world gardens, orchard, meadows, NINE ACRES. Low price for quick sale.—COBBE and WINCER, Chelmsford (or at Ipswich).

BERKS, TWYFORD (Near).—For SALE, small TWO ACRES. GEORGIAN RESIDENCE; lounge hall, two reception, four large bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), electric light, Co.'s water, central heating; stabling.

£2,300.

BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading. (3481.)

BERKS, BETWEEN READING and HENLEY, 500 feet up.—For SALE, fascinating TUDOR RESIDENCE; oak beams, open fireplaces; six bed rooms (fitted lavatory basins), two bath rooms (hot and cold), two reception; garage, stable; electric light, Co.'s water. Further land can be required.

£2,200. ONE ACRE. RECOMMENDED.

BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading. (3532.)

JUST IN THE MARKET.

A Most fascinating small Property over 500ft. up on the lovely Surrey Highlands, quite rural and secluded yet only 17 miles out.—An extremely artistic labour-saving RESIDENCE, beautifully built by an eminent architect, quite a little luxury house, well fitted and in good repair; two reception, sun lounge, six bed (fitted basins), tiled bath room, polished oak parquet floors; company's electric light, gas and water, main drainage; garage; charming gardens surrounded by trees, with tennis and other lawns, rockery, and kitchen garden, ONE ACRE. Asking price £5,500 FREEHOLD or near offer.—Particulars and photographs from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

A BINGDON, BERKS, in village near.—A genuine TUDOR COTTAGE RESIDENCE with many interesting features and a really beautiful garden; three reception, five bed and dressing, bath; electric light; garage. PRICE £1,500. POSSESSION.—Apply ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Abingdon.

A ANTIQUE, Detached, six-roomed COTTAGE; kitchen, scullery; garage, &c.; bath (hot and cold). FREEHOLD, £630 (offer).—Hudson, Charsfield, near Woodbridge, Suffolk.

A Very small MANOR HOUSE (five bed rooms), full of oak; secluded, beautiful and healthy; London 26 miles; shooting.—Box 80, Smith's Library, Kensington.

SUSSEX, ON A PRIVATE ESTATE.

A Well-appointed MODERN RESIDENCE of attractive design, occupying a choice situation in a favourite locality within 50 minutes of London, on high ground, commanding distant views; three reception, six bed, bath; stabling, garage; pretty gardens and grounds, large paddock, and small wood affording delightful shady walks, 5½ ACRES. Low price for quick sale.—Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

BARGAIN in OXON.—Must be Sold.—Old stone RESIDENCE of great charm; three large reception, large hall, 10 bed, bath, &c.; 10 acres beautiful grounds and parkland; central heat; garage and stabling.—Photos and particulars of BROOKS and SON, Estate Agents, Oxford.

BERKS, SUTTON COURTENAY.—"WILDEN," a delightful old HOUSE, with gardener's cottage and very beautiful grounds of two acres; three reception, nine bed, two bath, &c.; all modern conveniences. Exors. SALE to wind up estate. Price only £2,250.—Illustrated particulars of ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Abingdon, Berks.

BERKS.—In OUTSKIRTS of WOKINGHAM.—For Urgent SALE, a good roomy £2,500. OR OFFER. HOUSE. Large hall, three large reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two box rooms, company's water. (Gardens of MUST SELL. ½ ACRE. Garage.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

Between STOKE POGES and BEACONSFIELD, 250 feet up on GRAVEL SOIL, 20 miles from London, and near to Golf Courses.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY WITH POSSESSION.

CHARMING RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.

Adjoining a Common with beautiful views. The house contains five reception rooms, 15 bed rooms and four bath rooms; electric light and water; garage; two cottages; stabling.

Beautiful and well-timbered grounds, with tennis and croquet lawns, rose garden, walled kitchen garden, meadows and paddock, in all

21 ACRES.

Low price for quick sale.

Further details of the Agents, Messrs. BUCKLAND and SONS, 75, High-street, Slough (Tele., Slough 23); also Windsor, Reading, and London. (Folio 2797.)

A WEST HERTS BARGAIN.

CHARMING old-fashioned HOUSE in perfect order, two floors, Abbots Langley village; five bed, three reception, bath room, &c.; garage; all mains; tennis; delightful garden one acre. No reasonable offer refused.—Sole Agents, BROAD and PATEY, Watford.

ADDLESTONE, SURREY.

CHARMING FREEHOLD HOUSE for SALE; six beds, bath room, three reception rooms; good domestic offices; garden about ONE ACRE; two garages.—Apply MATTHEWS and GOODMAN, 35, Bucklersbury, E.C.4.

CHILTERN HILLS, 550ft. up; near HUNTERCOMBE GOLF COURSE, convenient for Henley and Reading.—SALE or LET "LOWER HILLMANS," CHECKENDON, small country residential property, with three reception rooms, six bed rooms, three bath rooms, &c.; electric light; two cottages, garage; 4½ ACRES of grass and garden.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

OUTSKIRTS SMALL NORFOLK TOWN.

COMFORTABLE well-built convenient-sized RESIDENCE; lounge hall, two reception, conservatory; five bed rooms (two with balconies), bath room, and w.c.; gas; main drainage; nice garden. FREEHOLD £600. OPEN OFFER. Would suit invalid.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

SECLUDED AND IDEAL SITUATION.

Overlooking Golf Course. 25 mins. Waterloo.

DETACHED HOUSE, two floors, all modern conveniences. Central heating. Parquet floors. Four or five bed, one or two bath, three reception; garage; tennis lawn. Fair price asked. FREEHOLD.—GALE, POWER and Co., 35, Sackville-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

DORSET, Blackmoor Vale District (Sturminster Newton).—Pre-War RESIDENCE, containing three reception, six bed rooms, bath room, usual offices; garage, small stable, and garden; two acres; convenient position. PRICE £1,250.—HERBERT BROS. The Square, Bournemouth.

"HEATHER LODGE," ASHTEAD.—Army Officer under orders for service is selling delightful modern floor pre-War RESIDENCE, in country lane, near station; four beds, bath, three reception; garage; lawns, crazy paved garden. Only asking £2,000.—ARNEY and HALSTED, Leatherhead Station 442.

HERTS; Whaddon Chase country.—Exceptionally fine maintained SPORTING ESTATE of 200 ACRES for SALE at very low price; HOUSE (nine beds, two baths) with fine views; ample buildings for pedigree herd or stud; tithe free.—WOODCOCK and SON, 20, Cundult-street, W.1.

AN UNEXAMPLED BARGAIN.

50 ACRES. FREEHOLD £4,850.

IDEAL COUNTRY HOUSE, delightfully situated a few miles south of Reigate, within 40 minutes of Town; two reception, six bed (fitted basins), main electric light, gas, and water; stabling, model farmery, two excellent cottages; exquisitely pretty gardens, tennis lawn, rock and water garden. Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

KENT COAST, two miles fashionable seaside resort, quiet and convenient position. Charming old RESIDENCE, with a wealth of oak beams, panelling, &c.; four bed and dressing, bath, four reception; co.'s water, gas, electric light; main drainage; prettily timbered gardens and grounds 1½ ACRE. FREEHOLD £3,000. POSSESSION.—GEERING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent.

KENT (17 miles London, close to pretty village, yet quite secluded).—A gentleman's most attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE; five or six bed, two bath, billiard room, two reception, conservatory, double garage, central heating; delightful matured grounds with tennis court. FREEHOLD. £3,150.—Photo, HENRY PARKER and Co., 153, Cheapside, E.C.2.

KENT (near Ashford).—Charming rural situation, overlooking Common.—Interesting XVIth CENTURY FARMHOUSE, carefully restored and improved; hall, three reception, five bed, bath room, attic space for additional bed rooms; usual offices; good water supply, hot water service; fine old oast, suitable conversion into cottages; two garages, gardens and orchard. FREEHOLD, £1,750, or £2,000 with barn full of old oak.—ALFRED J. BURROWS, F.S.I., F.F.A.I., Ashford, Kent.

LADY will SELL her HOUSE in NORTH OXFORD; four bed rooms, two sitting, bath, indoor sanitation; small garden; side entrance; £1,400.—Dibb, 139, Woodstock-road, Oxford.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR INSERTION IN

The Times

may be sent by post or handed in at THE TIMES

Head Office: 162, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4; 72, Regent-street, W.1; 42, Elmgrove-street, W.; 95, Bathurst-street, Glasgow, C.2; 2, Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris;

or will be received by any of the following

COUNTRY AGENTS

BARMOUTH. Barmouth and County Advertiser.

BATH. Messrs. Cater, Stoffell and Fortt, Ltd., 1, High-street.

BEXHILL. Bexhill Observer.

BLACKPOOL. Blackpool Gazette and Herald, Templegate.

BOGNOR. Bognor Observer, Lennox-street.

BOURNEMOUTH. Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son, The Square (The Times Bureau).

BRIDLINGTON. Bridlington Free Press, Prospect-street.

BRIGHTON. Messrs. Murdoch and Murdoch, Ltd., 164, Western-road (The Times Bureau).

BRISTOL. Messrs. Blackford and Co., Ltd., 29, Queen-square.

CHICHESTER. Chichester Observer, Little Young.

DEAL. The East Kent Advertiser, Oak-street.

DOVER. Dover Express and East Kent News, 185, Snargate-street.

EASTBOURNE. Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son, 104, Terminus-road (The Times Bureau).

FALMOUTH. Cornish Echo, 13A, Church-street.

FOLKESTONE. Folkestone Herald, Parfitt, Payn.

HASTINGS. Hastings and St. Leonards Observer, 14, Claremont.

HYTHE. Strasburger Chronicle, Northfield-road.

LITTLEHAMPTON. Littlehampton Gazette, 22, Beach-road.

MERSTHAM. Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son, Hornby House, Tilhebarn-st.

MINEHEAD. Messrs. Cox and Nightingale, 15, North John-street.

RAMSGATE. Charles Birchall, Ltd., 17, James-street.

SANDGATE. Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son, Blackfriars-street.

TEIGNMOUTH. Mercury Library, 98, High-st.

TORQUAY. Teignmouth Gazette, Station-rd.

WALLASEY. Torquay Directory and South Devon Journal.

WHITBY. Steart's Station Service, Wallasey, and Wallasey Village.

And at all Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son's Branches and Bookstalls.

Whitby Gazette, Bridge-street.

All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the actual advertiser, but not necessarily for publication.

MORTIMER. DAILY REACH LONDON.

HIGH, DRY, SUNNY, ON BERKS AND HANTS BORDERS.

FOR SALE, DELIGHTFUL HOUSE ON TWO FLOORS, WITH NINE BED ROOMS, BATH ROOM, LOUNGE HALL, THREE RECEPTION ROOMS; OAK FLOORS AND IN THOROUGH REPAIR.

LIGHTING, GOOD WATER, AND DRAINAGE.

BEAUTIFUL OLD SECLUDED WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS, WOOD, TWO OR THREE TENNIS LAWNS.

COTTAGE, STABLING FOR HUNTERS, TWO GARAGES.

ABOUT FOUR ACRES.

Recommended by SIMMONS and SONS, Land Agents, Basingstoke, and Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

NEAR SEA AND BROADS.

EAST NORFOLK.—Beautifully-appointed and well-planned GEORGIAN RESIDENCE in favourite district; spacious lounge, four lofty reception, magnificent saloon or library 31ft. by 20ft., compact domestic offices, eight or more bed rooms, two bath rooms; central heating; company's water and electric light; modern drainage; first-class decorative condition; good outbuildings; delightful well-timbered walled grounds of over five Acres; three cottages. FREEHOLD £4,500. Possession when required. Strongly recommended.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

EASTBOURNE HOUSE AGENTS.

ROSS and DENNIS. 'Phone 1597.

EASTBOURNE.

HOUSES for SALE and to be LET. Apply OAKDENE, 24, Cornfield-road. Established 1879. Telephone 1234.

HOLIDAY OR PERMANENT HOME.

Near sea, in lovely unspoilt rural setting.

EAST SUFFOLK.—Charming old-fashioned COUNTRY RESIDENCE; three reception, study, six bed, bath (hot and cold); Ideal boiler; electric light; garage, stabling; hard tennis court; spinney, stream; FOUR ACRES. LOW RATES. FREEHOLD £1,475. A delightful property.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

ENGLISH LAKES, ULLSWATER.—For SALE by private treaty, compact Estate, known as "Bowerbank," comprising superior RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, three reception; also three cottages, good farm, about 90 Acres; fishing rights.—Apply Miss Thompson, Bowerbank, Penrith, Cumberland.

WESTCLIFF-ON-SEA.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.—Detached labour-saving RESIDENCE, "EBOR," The Drive, Westcliff-on-Sea; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, lounge hall, bath room, &c.; garage; sea views. For SALE by AUCTION on June 20th, by Mr. SIDNEY R. DAVIS, 33, Hamlet Court-road, Westcliff.

TEWKESBURY.

Fine position commanding views to Cotswolds.

About a mile from Tewkesbury Station

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, a compact Residential Property, with GEORGIAN HOUSE approached by drive and comprising hall, three receptions, lounge, billiards room, 10 family bed rooms, dressing room, three bath rooms, and usual offices.

Beautiful old oak panelling and chimney pieces; parquet floors; partial central heating; company's electric light and water; telephone.

Garage for six cars, stabling and rooms, entrance lodge, three cottages

Lovely old Pleasure Grounds with lawns, walled kitchen garden and parkland, in all about

48½ ACRES.

Recommended from inspection by Sole Agents; HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

FOR SALE, well-built LABOUR-SAVING HOUSE on private seaside resort; every modern convenience, gas, electric light, main water and drainage; two reception, four bed rooms, usual offices.—All particulars from New City Estate Office, near Bognor.

FOR SALE.—Apple Garth, Conway, North Wales.—FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; splendid condition; all modern conveniences; 11 rooms; gardens; near sea, mountains, station, post, golf links.—Apply McClelland, Conway.

FOLKESTONE HOUSE AGENTS,

Messrs. TEMPLE, BARTON LTD., 69, Sandgate-road, Folkestone. 'Phone: 65 and 1017.

QUITE NEAR NORTH NORFOLK COAST.

GENTLEMAN'S old-fashioned COUNTRY RESIDENCE; oak-beamed lounge, two other reception, five bed, two dressing, bath (hot and cold); lighting; 'phone; garage; greenhouse; old-world garden. FREEHOLD £1,175.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

HEYTHROP HUNT.

ON THE FOOTHILLS of the COTSWOLDS.

GENUINE OLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE of the Adams' period, beautifully fitted in keeping with its character; 300ft. up, South aspect, charming rural views; square hall, three other large sitting rooms, nine bed rooms, three bath rooms, servants' hall (hot and cold water in all bed rooms); electric light and central heating; garage for four cars, stablins for three (more could be made); hard and grass tennis courts; tithe barn; about 22 ACRES of grassland; cottage.—Inspected and recommended by JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R.9538.)

HINDHEAD.

GLORIOUS SITUATION, ADJOINING FAMOUS BEAUTY SPOT; fine views, near Golf.—Well-built RESIDENCE; seven-eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, two bath rooms, offices, co.'s electric light, gas and water; modern drains; garage; charming garden; ONE ACRE; tennis court. Low Price for quick sale. Immediate inspection advised.—Apply Sole Agents, BRIDGER and SONS, Hindhead and Haslemere.

HANTS & WILTS BORDERS. FOR SALE AT £7 PER ACRE,

EXCELLENT FREEHOLD SPORTING ESTATE of about

1,100 ACRES,

including some 120 acres of woodlands, plantations and belts providing good natural covert, whilst the partridge ground is also

There are THREE FARMS with CAPITAL FARMHOUSES, buildings, and eight cottages let off and producing £637 per annum.

Sporting in hand.

A GENUINE BARGAIN.

Sole Agents: HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

KENT, pretty rural situation, near important market town, easy reach coast.—Gentleman's charming and well-built RESIDENCE; four bed, bath, two reception, &c.; splendid condition; electric light; co.'s water; modern drainage; gardens, grounds, and meadows about 10 ACRES. FREEHOLD £2,100. POSSESSION.—GEERING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent.

EMINENTLY SUITABLE FOR TEA HOUSE AND GARDENS.

LONDON-HASTINGS ROAD.—Characteristic old HOUSE, with pretty gardens, two acres; tennis; picturesque buildings 700ft. main road frontage; six beds, bath (hot and cold), three tea rooms (875 sq. ft. floor space), drawing room and offices, cloak room; electric light, &c. FREEHOLD £3,500.—NEVE and SON, Auctioneers, Tonbridge.

NEAR BOGNOR REGIS.—17TH-CENTURY MANOR HOUSE, situate about two miles from Bognor Regis, occupying a secluded and sheltered position, and containing four large attic rooms, five bed rooms, fine Jacobean staircase, hall, two reception rooms, cloak room, and excellent domestic offices. The garden includes paddock, fine lawns, gardens, and orchard, in all about 11½ ACRES. Price for the whole, including cottage, £4,500, or House and 5½ Acres £3,500. Further land up to the extent of 242 Acres can be purchased.—For further particulars apply H. P. NYE and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 52, Chapel-road, Worthing, and 185, North-street, Brighton.

NORTH-EAST ESSEX.

On high ground, South aspect, lovely views. About 10 miles from Colchester.

For Sale, FREEHOLD, a choice Residential Property, comprising charming old-fashioned RESIDENCE and beautifully timbered parklands of about

59 ACRES.

Approached by a drive; lodges for gardener and chauffeur; three other cottages, stabling, garage, useful outbuildings, small farmery. Accommodation: Hall, three reception, billiard room, 12 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices.

Electric light. Central heating. Company's water. Modern drainage.

Beautifully matured pleasure grounds, two tennis lawns, productive kitchen garden (walled).

Five minutes from station, village church, &c.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OXFORD and ABINGDON (between).—A stone-built COUNTRY HOUSE with 54 ACRES; three reception, seven bed, two bath; electric light, &c.; farmery and cottage. Trustees' sale with possession. PRICE £3,250.—ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Land Agents, Abingdon.

PYTCHLEY COUNTRY.—A well-known HUNTING BOX, with 12 bed and dressing rooms, and first-class Stabling for 14 horses, for absolute SALE by Private Treaty or by Auction on June 19th.—Particulars from JACKSON STOPS, Bridge-street, Northampton (Tele. 610).

ST. ALBANS, WATFORD, BUSHEY, PINNER, NORTHWOOD.—Estate Agents, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE. Offices at all centres.

ST. ALBANS, RADLETT, HARPENDEN and DISTRICT. | MANDLEY & SPARROW, St. Albans. Tele. 1004 (3 lines). Radlett. Tele. 141.

GENUINE TUDOR GEM.

Quiet, sunny spot amidst lovely timbered surroundings, in good sporting district.

SUFFOLK (just outside residential village).—Charming small XVIth-CENTURY COUNTRY RESIDENCE with great wealth beautiful oak beams, doors, panelling, and open fireplaces; two oak staircases; delightful reception, model kitchen, four-six bed, bath room; electric light, radiators, modern drainage; delightful walled garden, ¾ Acre, with stream; double garage; excellent workshop; very exceptional complete FREEHOLD SACRIFICE AT £2,100. Highly recommended.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

SURREY HILLS.—Attractive pre-War HOUSE in excellent repair, only few minutes from station and shops; four bed, bath, two reception (one 20ft. by 12ft.); well laid-out garden; garage; £1,600 FREEHOLD; or near offer. Owner bought larger house.—ALLISON and TARVER, opposite Royal Oak, Purley.

SUSSEX; beautiful ASHDOWN FOREST District. 600ft. up; glorious views; within half a mile from village and convenient for golf.—An attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE; three reception, seven bed and dressing, two baths, good offices, all main services; garage; matured grounds and paddock. PRICE £3,000, offer considered.—Recommended by CHARLES J. PARRIS, Chartered Surveyors, Crowborough.

SUSSEX.

Between UCKFIELD and HEATHFIELD. *Over 300ft. up. Views to Crowborough Beacon and Ashdown Forest.*

Old-world RESIDENCE (dating from 1734), with oak timberings and brick floors; approached by drive and containing: Lounge hall, three reception rooms, offices, eight beds, bath room.

Quaint Oast House. Fine Barn with Garage. Beautifully matured gardens, kitchen garden, paddock, &c., in all over 4½ ACRES.

TO BE SOLD.

Inspected and recommended.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

AT AN EXCEEDINGLY LOW RESERVE.

TAPLOW, BUCKS.—Favourite residential district, close to station; mile river, high ground, gravel soil, large lofty rooms.—FREEHOLD pre-War HOUSE, containing four bed, bath, two reception; stabling; one acre of old-world gardens; cottage adjoining with six rooms. For SALE by AUCTION on 24th June.—Particulars from SNELL and Co., 47, Maida-vale, W.9, or CHARLES BARKER, Queen-street, Maidenhead.

SURREY & SUSSEX BORDERS.

Near Three Bridges and Crawley.

COUNTRY HOUSE FOR CITY MAN.

To be SOLD, a most charming Little COUNTRY PROPERTY of about

16 ACRES,

with excellent House in first-class order with three reception rooms, including large lounge, six bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, good offices and every convenience. Electric light. Company's water.

Garage and chauffeur's quarters. Stabling and farm buildings.

VERY CHOICE GROUNDS.

HUNTING WITH THREE PACKS.

GOLF (18 HOLES) TWO MILES.

Inspected and strongly recommended.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—Delightfully situated on a sunny South slope in a quiet and secluded position and yet within three minutes' walk of the Central Station, shops, clubs, &c. A well-appointed double-fronted detached HOUSE, containing six bed rooms, bath room, and three reception rooms, non-basement kitchen with excellent offices, full-sized billiard room below; good, well-stocked garden with lawn and flower beds; could be turned into tennis court. For immediate SALE with POSSESSION by order of the Executors.—BRACKETT and SONS, 27 and 29, High-street, Tunbridge Wells, and 34, Craven-street, W.C.2. (33258.)

TUNBRIDGE WELLS HOUSES.

BRACKETT and SONS, THE LOCAL AGENTS.

TUDOR COTTAGE on the Chilterns (London 30 miles); two-three bed rooms, bath, two sitting rooms, kitchen; garage. FREEHOLD £650. —RICHARDS and Co., Estate Agents, Marlow.

TUDOR MANOR HOUSE, KENT, 26 miles out; 10 rooms, full of oak; 10 acres; £500 cash, £2,000 mortgage.—Rutters, 32B, Queen Anne's-gate, S.W.

£420 FREEHOLD. — Thatched, half-timbered COTTAGE, near WALLINGFORD; garden; outdoor sanitation; six rooms; suit ladies.—Harding, Rosecroft, Beaconsfield.

"WINCHESTER HOUSE."

21, ST. JAMES'S SQUARE.

THIS WELL-KNOWN MANSION OCCUPIES ONE OF THE

MOST IMPORTANT POSITIONS IN THE WEST END

only a few paces from Pall Mall and it has a

SITE AREA OF NEARLY 11,000FT.

There are some 47 apartments in the house, besides bath rooms and domestic offices, giving a

FLOOR SPACE OF OVER 21,000FT.

THE UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD

will be SOLD by AUCTION by Messrs.

JOHN D. WOOD & CO.

at the Mart, E.C., on Thursday, June 12th, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously disposed of privately). Auction Offices, 6, Mount-street, W.1.

GUILDFORD, EWHURST & DORKING.

GENTLEMAN'S FARMHOUSE RESIDENCE

400ft above sea.

Magnificent Views.

Gloriously rural country.

In splendid order and fit for immediate occupation, with two good reception rooms, six excellent bed rooms, bath room, and convenient offices.

ABOUT 100 ACRES

of undulating land, model buildings, farmhouse, cottages, &c.

OWEN WALLIS, F.A.I.

WALLIS and WALLIS, 31, HIGH-STREET, GUILDFORD. 'Phone, Guildford 1307.

HAVERING-ATTE-BOWER.

In rural Essex, about 2¼ miles from Romford Station.

HAVERING GRANGE.

A modernised, old-fashioned residential property standing well back from the public road and amply screened, containing lounge hall, three reception rooms, eight principal bed rooms, three maids' rooms, three bath rooms. Stabling for five. Garage for four cars.

Two Cottages.

Delightful gardens and two paddocks, containing in all about 13 ACRES.

KEMSLEYS will SELL the above by AUCTION, in London, on Tuesday, 24th June (unless disposed of privately in the meantime).

Solicitors:—Messrs. Sidney Smith, Son and Leefe, 42, High-road, Kilburn, N.W.6.

Auctioneers' Offices:—164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, and Romford, Essex.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

WALTON-on-THAMES (Surrey), in a favourite district only 17 miles London with good train service.—A compact little MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE in well laid-out gardens. Large hall, two reception, six bed, bath room, kitchens and offices, electric light, gas; telephone; co.'s water, main drainage; garage. VACANT POSSESSION. In good condition. Reduced price of £1,700 or near offer for quick sale as owner going abroad.—All particulars of Owner's Sole Agents, Messrs. WARING and Co., Walton-on-Thames ('phone 151), and Weybridge ('phone 891).

WEYBRIDGE, SURREY.

Near to several well-known Golf Courses.

For Sale, a choice FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by a carriage drive and containing: Halls, two reception, eight bed rooms, dressing and bath rooms, offices. Company's electric light, gas, and water.

Excellent garage. Well-timbered gardens with full-sized tennis lawn, in all nearly ½ an Acre.

*Inspected and rec

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

ORDER OF SALE TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), JUNE 12th.

AT HARRODS ESTATE SALE ROOMS, S.W.1, at 2.30 p.m.

1. "WARWICKS," WHITE RODINGS.—Genuine XVTH CENTURY FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; every modern comfort; oak beams and floors; 3½ ACRES.

2. "WOOTTON WOOD," WOOTTON, near NEW MILTON, HANTS.—FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE, with grounds of 1½ ACRES. (In conjunction with Messrs. HEWITT and Co., Lymington, Hants.)

3. "CROSSWOOD," PLESHEY.—Genuine half-timbered XVITH CENTURY FREEHOLD COTTAGE; garage; grounds of about an ACRE.

4. "SOUTHERN FARM HOUSE," CHIPSTEAD.—SOLD PRIOR to AUCTION in conjunction with Messrs. ALEXANDER KING and GOULD.

WOKING, SURREY.

32 minutes non-stop to Waterloo and with unique Golfing facilities.

UNIQUELY APPOINTED COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE complete with every essential of modern comfort and convenience, and having parquet floors to all principal reception, bed rooms and landings. Five bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms and sun room, offices, &c. Garage for two cars. Parquet floors, basins in bed rooms, constant hot water; telephone; central heating and all main services.

ATTRACTIVE GARDEN WITH HARD TENNIS COURT,

woodland banks and kitchen garden,

ONE ACRE.

Sole Agents: HARRODS, Ltd., Surrey Estate Office, W. Byfleet.

ONE OF THE LESSER COUNTRY HOUSES OF "COUNTRY LIFE."

"REED HOUSE," OLD AVENUE,

WEST BYFLEET, SURREY.

Delightful position, adjoining extensive woods, five minutes West Byfleet and New Zealand Golf Courses, others within easy reach, also Tennis Clubs; one mile station; 40 minutes Waterloo.

PICTURESQUE THATCHED ROOF FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, perfect order, two floors, exposed oak beams, oak doors and oak floors. Entrance hall, cloak room, three reception, loggia, six bed rooms, tiled bath room, modern domestic offices; electric light, heating, hot-water supply, telephone, Co.'s water, main drainage; garage (two cars).

BEAUTIFUL AND FULLY STOCKED GARDENS, tennis lawn, Dutch paved garden, dwarf yew hedges, grass walks, pergola, fine kitchen garden, paddock and meadowland,

IN ALL ABOUT THREE ACRES.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction later.

Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge, Surrey, and HARRODS, Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey, also 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

SURREY HILLS.

½ OF AN HOUR BY ELECTRIC TRAIN.

SOUNDLY CONSTRUCTED PRE-WAR HOUSE, conveniently arranged, and containing lounge, three reception, billiard room, cloak room (hot and cold), nine bed and dressing rooms, three well-fitted bath rooms, and good offices. Gas, complete central heating, co.'s water, electric light; telephone; main drainage available. Garage. Gardener's room. Conservatory.

BEAUTIFULLY TIMBERED GROUNDS,

with HARD TENNIS COURT, lawns, rockery, walled garden, herbaceous borders, kitchen garden, &c., in all about

THREE AND A HALF ACRES.

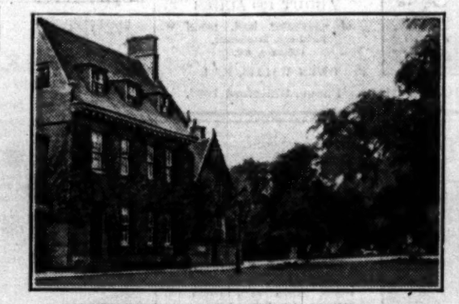
FREEHOLD £4,500.

Inspected and recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

EXECUTORS' SALE TO CLOSE ESTATE.

AN OXFORDSHIRE BARGAIN.

A MELLOWED SANDSTONE TUDOR RESIDENCE



FORMING AN EXCELLENT RESIDENCE OR HUNTING BOX.

Lounge hall, three reception, 10 bed rooms, bath room, complete offices, with servants' hall.

Excellent water, gas, electric light, modern drainage; stabling, garage, outbuildings.

MATURED GARDENS AND GROUNDS,

tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c., in all about

TWO AND A HALF ACRES.

PRICE ONLY £3,000.

Further particulars of Messrs. Brooks and Son, 14-15, Magdalen-street, Oxford, and

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NEWBURY (1¼ MILE).

MAGNIFICENT SITUATION ENJOYING WONDERFUL VIEWS.

One hour from Paddington.

DELIGHTFUL CREEPER-CLAD RESIDENCE.

Principal aspects South and West.

Large hall, three reception, study, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, and ample offices.

Telephone. Co.'s water and electric light. Central heating. Septic tank drainage.

Excellent cottage. Double garage.

ABOUT 9 ACRES

of well-timbered grounds, including two useful paddocks.

Inspected and very strongly recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, in conjunction with Messrs. DREWEATT, WATSON and BARTON, Newbury.

HAYWARDS HEATH & BRIGHTON.

Commanding glorious views in all directions and embracing the South Downs.

COMPACT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing hall, three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, excellent offices. *Central heating. Telephone. Gas. Co.'s water. Electric light shortly available.*

Good garage and outbuildings.

CHARMINGLY ARRANGED GROUNDS, croquet lawn, herbaceous borders, well-stocked kitchen garden, paddock,

IN ALL ABOUT ONE ACRE.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, £3,250.

Inspected and recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"GONVENA," WADEBRIDGE, NORTH CORNWALL.

Five miles from the Cornish Coast, commanding glorious views, standing on a hill amidst delightful surroundings. A well-appointed FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with entrance hall, three to four reception, cloak room, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete domestic offices.

Garage, stabling, farmery, cottage.

Well-timbered pleasure grounds, two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, 35 ACRES of rich pasture, in all about

41 ACRES.

Excellent hunting, shooting, and fishing.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction in June.

Auctioneers:—Messrs. BUTTON and MUTTON, St. Tudy, Cornwall, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

COTSWOLD HILLS.

Best residential part of Inland Spa of Cheltenham.

CHOICE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.

Hall, four reception rooms, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, excellent offices, including servants' hall.

Central heating. Lavatory basins in principal bed rooms. Independent hot water.

Ample stabling and garage accommodation.

BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, lawns, herbaceous borders, well-stocked kitchen garden, in all

ABOUT TWO ACRES.

Low Price for quick sale.

Further details of the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"LAYER COTTAGE," STOKE-BY-CLARE, SUFFOLK.

Outskirts of quaint village; five minutes from station; 2½ miles from Clare.

Charming Old-world FREEHOLD COTTAGE, restored and modernized; wealth of old oak beams; electric light, hot water supply, radiators, co.'s water; three fine reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, modernized offices; garage; stabling, outhouses.

MATURED OLD-WORLD GARDEN

of about one acre; thatched roofed five-roomed cottage, stabling, and about one acre can be had in addition.

For SALE Privately, if unsold, Auction in June.—Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NORTHANTS, NR. TOWCESTER

HALF-A-MILE FROM THE GRAFTON KENNELS.

400ft. above sea level, commanding grand views.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL-APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, in perfect condition, subject of great expenditure, every modern comfort.

Fine lounge hall, galleried staircase, three reception, loggia, modern domestic offices, nine bed and dressing rooms, well-fitted bath-dressing room, two bath rooms.

Electric light, 'phone, independent hot water system.

Garage, stabling (six), cottage. Delightful grounds of about TWO-AND-A-HALF ACRES.

PRICE £4,750 FOR QUICK SALE.

Sole Agents: HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

EWART, WELLS & CO.

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

Telephone: Gros. 1458 (Private Branch Exchange).

EASTBOURNE.

NEAR BEACHY HEAD.

MAGNIFICENT POSITION.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOUSE,

suitable for conversion into high-class Flats or for a School, Institution or Private Family Residence.

IN PERFECT ORDER THROUGHOUT.

Carriage drive, entrance and staircase halls, four fine reception rooms, 13 bed, two bath rooms, splendid ground-floor offices, servants' hall, oak doors and floors; panelling; company's electric light, gas and water; main drainage; central heating; telephone; conservatory; charming and perfectly secluded gardens; space for garage.

VERY LOW PRICE

FOR FREEHOLD.

Illustrated particulars of EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Gros. 1458.)

SURREY. GLORIOUS POSITION.

ADJOINING OPEN COMMONS. 600 FEET UP. FACING SOUTH.

FIRST-RATE GOLF.

DELIGHTFULLY PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE,

approached by a carriage drive and containing 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, servants' sitting room; company's lighting available, gas, company's water, main drainage, central heating; cottage; garage for two large cars.

Beautifully timbered gardens, inexpensive to maintain, tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c.

NEARLY FOUR ACRES. FREEHOLD £3,750.

Splendid opportunity. Early application advised by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W. (Gros. 1458.)

BERKSHIRE.

VIEWS FOR NEARLY 30 MILES.

IN ONE OF THE MOST FAVOURITE POSITIONS IN THIS DELIGHTFUL UNSPOILT COUNTRY.

This fascinating OLD-WORLD HOUSE, in excellent order, with finely proportioned rooms, approached by a drive, and containing:—Spacious hall, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, bath room, good offices; electric light, central heating, co.'s gas and water; garage for three cars, hunter stabling; old-world gardens with terraces, two tennis courts, woodlands, &c.

400FT. UP. ON SAND AND GRAVEL.

6 ACRES. FREEHOLD. £4,250.

(Further land and two cottages can be had.)

Inspected and recommended by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

DEVON AND SOMERSET BORDERS.

WONDERFUL WEST COUNTRY BARGAIN.

400 FEET UP. FACING SOUTH.

HUNTING. FISHING. SHOOTING.

EXQUISITE XVIth CENTURY HOUSE, WITH MODERN CONVENIENCES. Nine bed and dressing rooms, bath room, three reception rooms. Co.'s electric light and gas. Main drainage. Constant hot water. Large garage. Stabling. Cottage. Lovely old-world gardens with tennis lawn, walled kitchen garden. Numerous fruit trees, paddock, grassland, in all about

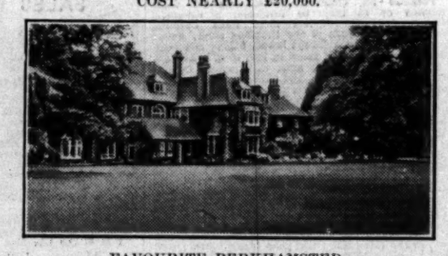
13 ACRES. £3,500.

INCOME FROM LAND AND SALE OF FRUIT £80 PER ANNUM.

Inspected and recommended by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Grosvenor 1458.)

TO-DAY'S PRICE £6,500.

COST NEARLY £20,000.



FAVOURITE BERKHAMSTED.

45 minutes of Town, near good golf course, and with exceptional educational advantages. This charming old RESIDENCE, possessing considerable character, approached by a short drive; containing two halls, four reception rooms, 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, capital offices, oak staircase and secondary ditto; company's electric light, gas, and water; central heating; main drainage, independent hot water; stabling, garage for four or five cars; cottage, farmery; beautiful gardens and small park, the whole extending to about

33 ACRES FREEHOLD.

LIBERAL MORTGAGE, IF REQUIRED.

Strongly recommended by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, W.1. Grosvenor 1458.

BETWEEN HENLEY & READING.

UNSPOILT SITUATION WITH GLORIOUS VIEWS.

UNDER AN HOUR OF TOWN.

Beautifully fitted HOUSE of pre-War construction, away from all main roads, and affording limited accommodation, the apartments being finely proportioned; vestibule, lounge or drawing room, the walls panelled in natural oak, parquet floor, dining room, morning room, sun parlour, excellent offices, cloak room, six bed rooms, the principal with lavatory basins (hot and cold) and built-in furniture, two bath rooms, box room; electric light, central heating, telephone, independent hot water; co.'s water; excellent stabling and garage, two good cottages, fine range of kennels; most fascinating gardens with en tout cas court, two grass courts, kitchen garden, &c.

ABOUT 14 ACRES. FREEHOLD.

OFFERED AT A TEMPTING PRICE.

Fullest particulars of the Sole Agents, EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, W.1.

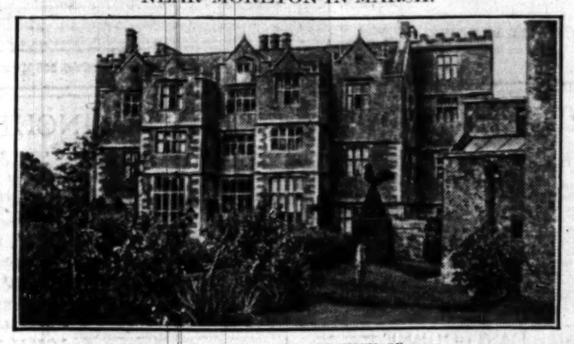
6, MOUNT-STREET, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, LONDON, W.1.

JOHN D. WOOD & CO.

TELEPHONE, GROSVENOR 3273 (5 lines).

CHASTLETON HOUSE.

NEAR MORETON-IN-MARSH.



THIS CELEBRATED SPECIMEN OF

ORIGINAL JACOBEAN ARCHITECTURE

occupying the unusual position for an antique House of 600ft. ABOVE SEA.

One of the most perfect specimens of the genuine architecture of the period, it is unspoiled by the hand of the vandal and retains all the delightful characteristics of its time. The House stands in an

ESTATE OF 1,200 ACRES

and contains 12 bed rooms, three bath rooms, large panelled grand hall with oak recess, the famous Long Gallery 72ft. long, five reception rooms and offices. Central heating. Constant hot water. Telephone. Loam soil. Stabling, garage; three cottages.

BEAUTIFUL GARDENS WITH TOPIARY WORK.

GOOD HUNTING, WITH HEYTHROP HUNT AND TWO OTHER PACKS.

TO BE LET FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

INCLUDING A GOOD AMOUNT OF ANTIQUE FURNITURE.

RENT £1,000 PER ANNUM.

TENANT PAYING RATES.

Inspected and highly recommended by the Sole Agents: JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1.

By Direction of Lieut.-Commander Glen Kidston, R.N. (retired).

NYN PARK,

NORTHAW, HERTS.

Two miles from Cuffley, three from Potters Bar, and only 15 from London.

VERY ATTRACTIVE SPORTING AND RESIDENTIAL ESTATE.

In a beautifully rural part of Hertfordshire away from main roads and motor traffic.

The House, approached by three Lodge carriage drives, contains lounge hall, billiard room, four reception rooms, complete offices, 23 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; richly timbered gardens and grounds, and beautiful lake.

NINE HOLE GOLF COURSE.

MANOR FARM and THORNTON FARM.

Smallholdings, and some 25 Cottages. Valuable woodlands. Long road frontages affording unique building sites, occupying magnificent positions, with services already laid and yet not affecting the seclusion of the mansion. The gift of the Living. The whole Estate extends to about

621 ACRES,

which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION, as a whole or in lots, at the London Auction Mart, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Tuesday, July 22nd, at 2.30 p.m. (unless sold privately meanwhile), by JOHN D. WOOD and Co. and HARLAND and SON.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Mackenzie, Roberton, and Co., 176, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2; and Messrs. Wm. Sturges and Co., Caxton House, Westminster, S.W.1.

Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. HARLAND and SON, 69, High-street, Barnet, Herts; and JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

CIRENCESTER.

POLO (SEVERAL GROUNDS) AND HUNTING, V.W.H. and BEAUFORT.

2½ MILES FROM KEMBLE JUNCTION STATION.

THE CAPITAL RESIDENTIAL ESTATE known as

TREWSBURY,

COATES, CIRENCESTER.

The comfortable stone Residence has spacious accommodation, stands 400ft. above sea, commands delightful views, and contains 27 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, chapel, five reception rooms, gun room, offices, &c.; hunting stabling for 13 horses, garage, &c.

Ample water. Central heating. Telephone.

CHARMING WOODED GROUNDS.

Good Home Farm, House and Buildings (let), Cottages, Woodlands, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT 306 ACRES,

which JOHN D. WOOD and Co. will offer for SALE by AUCTION (unless previously Sold privately), at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Tuesday, June 24th, 1930, at 2.30 p.m.

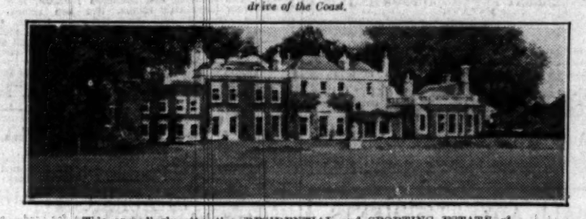
Solicitors: Messrs. Sharpe, Pritchard and Co., 12, New-court, Carey-street, W.C.2.

Auctioneers: Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

Land Agent: C. A. Fellowes, Esq., Ranger's Lodge, Charlbury, Oxon.

MID-HAMPSHIRE

Between Winchester and Petersfield, about 60 miles from London, in beautiful country, and within an easy drive of the Coast.



This exceedingly attractive RESIDENTIAL and SPORTING ESTATE of

ABOUT 620 ACRES,

together with a well-planned RESIDENCE of GEORGIAN CHARACTER, occupying a picked position, 400 feet above sea level, facing south and west, and containing about 20 bed and dressing rooms, seven bath rooms, five reception rooms, electric light; central heating; telephone; modern sanitation and excellent water supply. The pleasure grounds have been well maintained. They are beautifully timbered with fine specimen trees; tennis and croquet lawns, large walled kitchen garden; modern garage and stabling accommodation; chauffeur's flat; excellent farm buildings.

AGENT'S HOUSE AND ABOUT 14 COTTAGES.

ADDITIONAL SHOOTING MAY BE RENTED.

TO BE SOLD FREEHOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

Full particulars on application to the Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1, who have inspected and can strongly recommend the Estate. (6053.)

PRELIMINARY ADVERTISEMENT.

ORPINGTON.

One mile Petts Wood Station, with its splendid electric service to Town; 12 miles from London.

FREEHOLD. WITH POSSESSION.

A CAPITAL BUILDING ESTATE

of about

116 ACRES,

RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT,

known as

"POVEREST FARM,"

ORPINGTON,

lying principally on a South slope, overlooking the Recreation Ground and having over half a mile of existing road frontages, with services available nearby.

The Property includes a Brick and Tile Farmhouse with Buildings and Two Cottages, also 37 Acres of beautifully Timbered Woodlands.

To be SOLD by AUCTION (unless previously sold privately) by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., in July next, at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Rashleigh, Turner, Mann, and Rosher, 63, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.

Land Agent:—Mr. Wm. Hodsoll, Farningham, Kent.

Auctioneer's Offices: 6, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, London, W.1.

TO BANKERS,

MERCHANTS AND OTHER GENTLEMEN OF MEANS.

With an area of land of about

1,000 ACRES

to ensure privacy or more extended to offer fine shooting facilities.

Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co. can offer for private negotiation certainly one of and perhaps the most beautiful HISTORIC HOME in a high, healthy, and undulated district, exactly

70 MINUTES NORTH

from London by express service leaving Outer London and Suburbia far behind and depositing within a very short distance of the Lodge, which guards

GLORIOUS AVENUED DRIVES

of a grand old Park with the Mansion, a lovely old mellowed brick pile of period quality, standing at the crest of a commanding eminence ensconced in

OLD-WORLD GARDENS

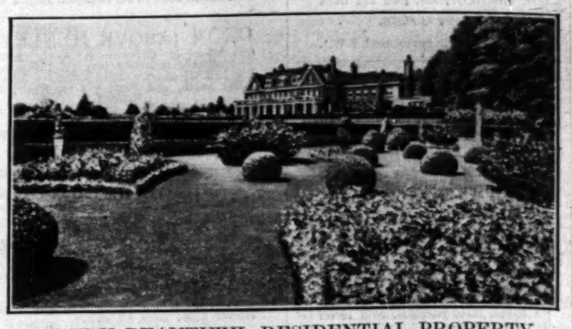
of the greatest loveliness.

Full particulars, plan and views of this interesting proposition at a comparatively moderate price, will be available.

Apply to Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1. (81968.)

FINEST SITE ON THE CHILTERNS.

550 feet up. Glorious views. Absolute country and seclusion. Only 35 minutes from Town.



A VERY BEAUTIFUL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

of outstanding merit, including this

FINE MODERN HOUSE,

facing due South and approached from a modern lodge by a long drive.

Contains large oak-panelled hall, four spacious reception rooms, loggia, eight best bed rooms, five bath rooms, and nine secondary and servants' bed rooms, white-tiled domestic offices.

Company's electric light and water. Central heating throughout. Oak floors in 12 rooms.

MODERN STABLING, GARAGE, FOUR FINE COTTAGES.

REMARKABLY DELIGHTFUL GARDENS AND GROUNDS

of diverse character and beautiful sheltering beechwoods, &c., in all

ABOUT 54 ACRES.

RECOMMENDED WITH CONFIDENCE AS A VERY CHOICE PLACE IN EVERY WAY.

Agents:—Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1, at whose offices photos may be seen. (40873.)

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

BY DIRECTION OF DOUGLAS J. COLEMAN, ESQ., J.P.

The UNIQUE RESIDENTIAL, SPORTING and AGRICULTURAL ESTATE well known as

"EAST BARSHAM MANOR,"

WALSINGHAM, NORFOLK,

of about

1,000 ACRES,

including

THE REMARKABLY BEAUTIFUL MANOR HOUSE OF THE EARLY TUDOR PERIOD,

one of the finest remaining examples of this ornate and favoured style of architecture in brick, with the

ORIGINAL GATEHOUSE.

Lounge hall, dining room, drawing room, morning room, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, ample offices. Electric light. Good water supply. Modern drainage. OLD-WORLD GROUNDS sloping to the River Stiffkey. THREE CAPITAL FARMS in good state of cultivation. Private railway siding. Woodlands.

FIRST-RATE LIGHT LAND SHOOTING.

THE WHOLE PRODUCING ABOUT £1,800 PER ANNUM.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION (unless previously sold) in July by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., from whom illustrated particulars may be obtained.

Solicitors:—Messrs. H. Bevir and Son, Wootton Bassett, Swindon, Wilts.

Auctioneers' Offices:—6, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, London, W.1.

SUSSEX HIGHLANDS.

Enjoying one of the most beautiful views in the county.

ATTRACTIVE STONE-BUILT HOUSE,

containing four reception rooms, 12 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; company's water, electric light; central heating, independent hot water; modern drainage. Heated garages, chauffeur's flat; stabling for six. Very attractive old gardens, tennis courts, rose gardens, woodland with ornamental water, walled kitchen garden, extensive new peach house and vinery; farmhouse, cottages, model farm buildings.

120 Acres of valuable woodland providing good coverts, 108 Acres of grassland and 45 Acres arable, forming an exceptionally well-maintained property of

290 ACRES.

FOR SALE AT A VERY REASONABLE PRICE, INCLUDING THE VALUABLE TIMBER.

Details JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1, who have inspected. (5610.)

15 MILES FROM HYDE PARK CORNER.

ON SANDY SOIL ADJACENT TO COMMONS.

This sumptuously appointed HOUSE with very beautiful gardens and grounds of 13 ACRES including

LARGE TROUT LAKE.

Long drive with lodge. Inner hall. Three fine reception rooms. Ballroom and Sun room; 14 bed rooms, seven modern bath rooms; white tiled offices.

Electric light. Central heating. Constant hot water.

Lodge. Two cottages. Garage. Stabling.

MAGNIFICENTLY TIMBERED GARDENS.

Hard Court, flower and vegetable gardens and paddock, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT 13 ACRES.

FOR SALE AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

Highly recommended by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1. (21271.)

CULMHEAD,

TAUNTON.

900ft. up on the Blagdon Hills.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL AND SPORTING PROPERTY.

The house enjoys a beautiful situation, sheltered on a southern slope with lovely views, and contains:—

Billiard and three reception rooms, 16 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; central heating, acetylene gas, good drainage. Excellent water supply.

WELL TIMBERED GROUNDS AND GARDENS WITH A WEALTH OF RHODODENDRONS.

Garage and Stabling.

SHOOTING.

SEVEN POOLS STOCKED WITH TROUT.

Small farm, six cottages, and valuable building land.

In all about

480 ACRES.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION, as a whole or in lots, if not sold privately, at Taunton, on the 17th July.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Mellor and Co., Wigmore-street, W.1.

Auctioneers:—Messrs. W. R. J. GREENSLADE and Co., Hammet-street, Taunton; JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

TO CLOSE ESTATE.

SOUTH PARK,

REIGATE.

Due South of the Town, which is about 3¼ miles, and the Station about one mile.

THE VERY VALUABLE and beautifully situated high-lying

BUILDING LAND

(being the remaining portions of the Woodhatch House Estate).

RIPE FOR IMMEDIATE DEVELOPMENT.

With gas, water and electricity mains, and Council's sewers laid, adjoining the property, with a total frontage of about 2,590 feet.

LOT.	FRONTAGE	AREA A.	R.	P.
1	FEET. 183	0	0	16
2	734	1	1	18
3	252	0	1	5
4	1,421	3	2	16
	2,590	5	1	15

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION as a whole or in Lots (unless sold privately meanwhile) by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., at the "White Hart" Hotel, Reigate, on Thursday, June 19th, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon precisely.

Solicitors:—Messrs. May, May and Deacon, 49, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.

Surveyor and Architect:—E. Penfold, Esq., F.R.I.B.A., Reigate, Surrey.

Auctioneers:—JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1. Telephone: Grosvenor 3273.

TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 1440 (THREE LINES).

WILSON & CO.

F. D. WILSON, F.S.I.
A. J. SOUTHERN, F.A.I.
G. H. NEWBERY, F.S.I., F.A.I.

HANTS, NEAR WINCHESTER, PETERSFIELD.

LOVELY SITUATION, FACING DUE SOUTH, FINE VIEWS EXTENDING TO THE SEA.

A PERIOD HOUSE OF GEORGIAN CHARACTER,

SET IN LOVELY OLD GARDENS AND SMALL PARK.

In splendid order and most charmingly appointed with electric light, central heating; 14 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, lounge, and three very fine reception rooms opening to terrace; stabling, garage, farmery, six cottages.

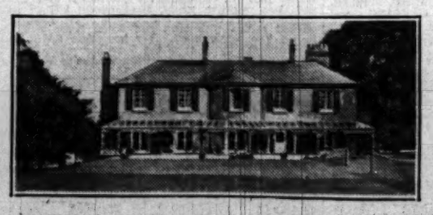
40 ACRES.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY NOW OR BY AUCTION IN JULY.

Auctioneers and Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

BETWEEN READING AND NEWBURY.

300ft. above sea level. Gravel soil. South aspect.



In splendid order throughout.

Beautifully appointed, with choice fireplaces and parquet floors.

Central heating; main water supply; new drainage.

Hall with charming staircase, four reception rooms, very complete domestic offices, ten bed rooms, two bath rooms.

Garage for five cars, three or four loose boxes, entrance lodge and cottage.

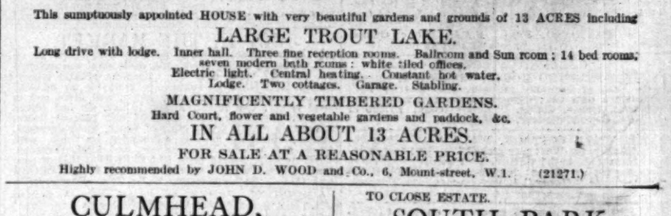
Grandly timbered old gardens, paddocks, &c.

FOR SALE WITH 6 or 12 ACRES.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

WEST SUSSEX.

EASY REACH OF HORSHAM AND GUILDFORD.



IN THE MIDST OF PERFECT UNSPOILT COUNTRY.

BEAUTIFUL MANOR HOUSE WITH ORIGINAL OAK PANELLING AND BEAMS.

An exceptionally charming house, with lovely exterior of mellowed brickwork with stone-slab roof. IN FIRST-CLASS ORDER. Eleven bed rooms two bath rooms, lounge, four reception rooms; electric light; central heating; garage, stabling. Several cottages. Lovely old gardens with original fishponds. Home Farm. Well-timbered woods.

300 ACRES.

A low price will be accepted. Would be divided.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

CHILTERN HILLS. SURROUNDED BY COMMONS.

OVER 400 FEET UP. NEAR HENLEY AND READING.

CHARMING OLD HOUSE OF CHARACTER.

A perfect suntrap that should appeal to those seeking a unique, easily-worked medium-sized residence.

Hall, loggia, three reception rooms, with oak beams, ten bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.

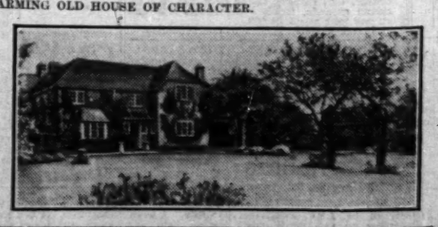
Electric light. Company's water, Telephone, &c. Two garages. Cottage.

BEAUTIFUL GARDENS, EN-TOUT-CAS tennis court, prolific orchard, paddock, in all about

SIX ACRES.

FREEHOLD for SALE at a reasonable price.

Agents:—WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.



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